# Apex Instruction Set Architecture Simulator (apex-sim)

# Phase 2 Documentation

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# Contents

1	Des	$_{ m lign}$			
	1.1	Driver Program			
	1.2	Classes			
		1.2.1 Issue Queue			
		1.2.2 Reorder Buffer			
		1.2.3 Data			
		1.2.4 Registers			
		1.2.5 CPU and Stages			
<b>2</b>	Implementation				
	2.1	Reverse-Ordered Execution			
		2.1.1 Committing			
		2.1.2 Advancing			
		2.1.3 Working			
		2.1.4 Forwarding			
	2.2	Register Renaming and Allocation			
		2.2.1 Allocation			
		2.2.2 Renaming			
	2.3	Dispatch			
		2.3.1 Stalling for Multiple Control Flow Instructions			
	2.4	Issue			
	2.5	Commit			
	2.6	Statistics			
3	Wo	rk Log			
${f A}$	Apr	pendix: Screen Captures			

List	of	Fig	gur	es
		•		

1	APEX pipeline and class data flows	2
${f List}$	of Tables	
1	APEX Forwarding Scenarios	4
2	APEX Instruction Source and Destination Sets	4
3	Chronological Work Log	6

# 1 Design

apex-sim is a simulator for the *Architecture Pipeline EXample* (APEX) Instruction Set Architecture (ISA). apex-sim consists of the following components:

- main.cpp contains the driver program. The driver program provides file input for instructions, user interface operations, maintaining persistent simulator state and statistics monitoring. This component is discussed in section 1.1.
- apex.cpp contains helper functions for main.cpp. These include wrapper functions that delegate interface actions down to individual classes.
- Several source files provide the objects modeling components of the pipeline. These components are discussed in section 1.2. Briefly, they are
  - code.cpp models the simulator's read-only instructions file.
  - cpu.cpp (plus its associated helper functions in simulate.cpp) models the stages
    in the pipeline and interact with the Instruction Queue (IQ) and Reorder Buffer
    (ROB). It is responsible for overall execution of a single cycle through its helper
    function simulate.
  - data.cpp models the simulator's read-write main memory.
  - iq.cpp models the simulator's IQ.
  - registers.cpp models the simulator's unified register file.
  - stage.cpp models a single stage in the pipeline. It also doubles as an inflight instruction or entry in the IQ or ROB. This allows advancement of an inflight instruction to be greatly simplified.
- simulate.cpp provides the functions that allow the CPU to simulate working on each of its stages, inter-stage communication through advancement, stalls for basic inter-stage interlocks, out-of-order execution and reordering, and forwarding. These implementation details are described in section 2.

Figure 1 shows class interactions and data flow between each of the stages and support classes. Finally, we discuss our team's work log in section 3.

# 1.1 Driver Program

The apex-sim entry point file is main.cpp. Besides maintaining simulator state variables for the current cycle, program counter and instructions filename, this program shepherds execution through the lifecycle of the program and provides a user interface for interacting with the simulator. The functionality of the driver program is as follows:

- 1. Verify sanity of command line inputs (lines 23-32).
- 2. Instantiate class instances for the simulator (lines 34-40).
- 3. Perform the initialization of each pipeline stage (line 43).

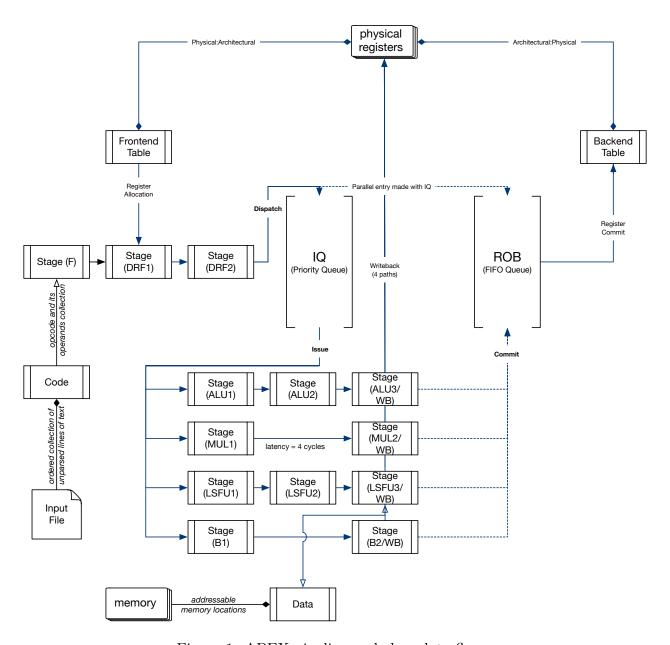


Figure 1: APEX pipeline and class data flows.

- 4. Prepare and begin the simulator user interface's operations (lines 48-54).
- 5. Parse user interface inputs and delegate actions to interface helper functions (lines 57-127).

main.cpp also provides helper functions which delegate work down to class instances in apex.cpp. These functions are:

- help() displays the user interface keyboard shortcuts. It's invoked at startup, on request from the user, and whenever the user provides an input which is not recognized.
- initialize() resets the simulator state, and invokes the class instances' own *classname*.initialize functions which reset the instances' internal state.
- display() displays the simulator internal state variables as well as delegated calls to each class' *classname*.display() function.
- stats() displays simulator execution statistics.
- simulate() is the most important of the helper functions. It is responsible for controlling simulation of the CPU.simulate() function for a given number of cycles, and allowing the CPU class to communicate that it has encountered an error, reached EOF of a code file without a HALT instruction, or has processed a HALT instruction through the pipeline.
- quit() gracefully halts the simulator and triggers a final call to display().

#### 1.2 Classes

apex-sim models each major component of the APEX system as a standalone class. Unless mentioned below, these classes did not change appreciably from release v1.0 and are not discussed further in this report. Please see the release v1.0 documentation for discussion of these unchanged classes.

- 1.2.1 Issue Queue
- 1.2.2 Reorder Buffer
- 1.2.3 Data
- 1.2.4 Registers
- 1.2.5 CPU and Stages

# 2 Implementation

In this section, we will discuss key aspects of our simulator's execution: the stage-wise reverse-ordered execution, register renaming, dispatch, issue, commit, register value forwarding.

Table 1: APEX Forwarding Scenarios			
Source Stage	Destination Stage	Description	
-	-	-	

Table 2: APEX Instruction Source and Destination Sets

Instruction	Destination Set Operand Indices	Source Set Operand Indices
Arithmetic	0	1,2
MOVC	0	_
LOAD	0	1
STORE	1	0
BAL, JUMP	_	0
BZ, BNZ	_	_
HALT, NOP	_	_

#### 2.1 Reverse-Ordered Execution

- 2.1.1 Committing
- 2.1.2 Advancing
- 2.1.3 Working
- 2.1.4 Forwarding

# 2.2 Register Renaming and Allocation

#### 2.2.1 Allocation

- 2.2.2 Renaming
- 2.3 Dispatch
- 2.3.1 Stalling for Multiple Control Flow Instructions
- 2.4 Issue

#### 2.5 Commit

Add table of forwarding scenarios.

Add discussion of forwarding from writeback stages.

Add discussion of allocating in ascending

#### 2.6 Statistics

# 3 Work Log

We open-sourced apex-sim under the MIT license, and developed it using a GitHub repository. <sup>1</sup> This repository contains this documentation, all source code, reference materials on the APEX ISA semantics, and other related materials. Additionally, it contains an indepth look at our work progress over the course of this project at a much finer grain than this report contains. As of writing this report, commits were made with a total of lines of code. Naturally, such a volume of code and the required levels of collaboration would have been nearly impossible without the use of some sort of repository. We encourage the curious reader to see these statistics in depth using the **Pulse** and **Graphs** tabs available on the repository.

Table 3 is a broad, chronological overview of work performed by each member.

Add discussion of statistics mechanism in apex.cpp, used in simulate.cpp

Add number of commits

Add number of lines of code

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The repository is available at https://github.com/colematt/apex-sim

Table 3:	Chronological	Work Lo	g
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Date	Matthew's Task	Brian's Task
Dec 5, 2016	Moved source files into their own direc-	Began modifying Registers class to sup-
,	tory, updated Makefile.	port URF operations. Created Front-
	37 1	end, Back-end table, Free-list. Proto-
		typed API functions to class.
Dec 6, 2016	Updated UI for new commands spec-	Further work on Registers class, up-
	ified in Phase 2. Added stats mecha-	dated function to create new instances
	nisms. Updated display methods.	of registers. Began work on ROB class.
Dec 7, 2016	Allowed templating Stages to IQ and	Completed ROB and IQ class archi-
	ROB deques. Continued work on final	tectures. Added commit and head-
	report.	compare utility functions to ROB and
		IQ for programmer convenience.
Dec 8, 2016	Visibility and inter-class communica-	Initial compilation and end-to-end test-
	tions pathways. Added halting logic.	ing. Added issue utility function to IQ
		for programmer convenience.
Dec $9, 2016$	Continued work on documentation.	Continued work on documentation.
Dec 10, 2016	Continued work on documentation.	Completed issue, committing and
	Fixed blocking for advance functions.	writeback design. Extensive end-to-
	Began work phase code for all FUs.	end troubleshooting.
Dec 11, 2016	Finalized Work phase, Advancing	Continued troubleshooting on all
	phase and Forwarding phase in	classes.
	simulate() function. Squashed 3	
	issues.	
Dec 12, 2016	Completed final report, troubleshoot-	Substantial troubleshooting and
	ing, screen captures and submission	Checkpointed Release v.2.0!
	package.	

# A Appendix: Screen Captures

Add screen captures.