Terms, topics, or concepts you should be familiar with:

p-value experimental vs observational studies confounding variables reproducibility crisis $\mu \qquad \qquad \text{common faults in plots}$

ordinal variable biological vs technical replicates

R skills you should have

Create matrices and vectors

Subset a vector, dataframe, or matrix to select only specific elements

Read a csv file to import data

Make a publication qulity plot of 1, 2, or 3 variables that have a mix of continuous and discrete values

Perform the statistical tests mentioned below

Tests you should be able to run

Binomial Permutation
Chi-square Correlation test
T-test (single sample, two sample, paired) General linear model

Anova and posthoc test

Example Problems

You administer a vaccine candidate for covid-19 and a placebo each to 1000 individuals. You find that after 2 months
there have been covid-19 cases in 32 placebo group and 6 vaccine group participants.
Does this vaccine work?
What test did you use?
What p-value was associated with this test?
You measure height of students at the MSC and the gym. Are the heights you measured significantly different
MSC: 126, 164, 148, 120, 178, 183
Gym: 151, 109, 151, 174, 118, 136
What test did you use for this question?
What p-value was associated with this test?
What do you infer from your test?

You grow plants with three different potting soils and measure height at 21 days. Describe the results of your study.

Soil1: 23, 12, 45, 23, 21, 45, 21 Soil2: 35, 45, 21, 34, 67, 23, 16 Soil3: 16, 21, 18, 33, 16, 21, 19

Stickleback fish occur in deep water and shallow water populations. These populations rarely interbreed. It has been hypothesized that these fish have genetic adaptations to their habitat. To test this, you grow fish from both strains in both deep and shallow water. Does the data below support the hypothesis that these fish are adapted to their natural habitat? The values in the table are fitnesses for fish in your experiment

	Deep water habitat	Shallow water habitat
Deep water fish	.97, .78, .99, .87, .91, .89	.61, .87,.88, .78, .80, .37
Shallow water fish	.56, .95,.73, .81, .89, .64	.77, .95,.93, .95, .89, .94

You measure reproductive success of fish in your study you use fat body measure as a correlate of health and record sex and number of offspring that survive to adulthood for each fish in the study. Interpret the results of your analysis of this data.

Fat body	0.65	0.25	0.65	0.41	0.62	0 42	0.64	O 51	0.40	0.64	0.25	0 60	n 0	0.22	0.62	0.49	n 20	0.71	0.61	0.26
measure	0.05	0.55	0.03	0.41	0.02	1.1	5.	.51	0.43	0.04	0.23	0.00	0.8	0.23	0.03	0.40	0.20	0.71	0.01	0.30
Sex	f	m	f	f	m	f	f	f	m	m	m	m	m	f	m	m	f	m	f	f
Total reproduction	10	16	9	8	0	9	9	9	8	3	17	14	17	8	9	18	8	7	7	8