

Chromosome numbers of thirty-one species of Indian Lepidoptera

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Abstract

Chromosome numbers are reported for 31 Indian species. Results for *Psara stultalis* ($2n = 60$, $n = 30$), *Malacosoma indica* (50, 25) and *Pygaera fulgurita* (62, 31) differ from data reported by earlier workers. Eighteen species are new to cytology.

Introduction and methods

Although the Lepidoptera constitutes one of the largest orders of insects, the chromosome numbers of only a little of 1700 species are known (Kaur, 1984). However from India only about 100 species have been cytologically investigated so far.

In the present note the chromosome numbers of 31 Indian species are brought on record. The observations are based on slides prepared using larval testis and air-drying Giemsa technique. The larvae were taken from cultures of the species maintained in the laboratory and their identity was established from the parents (moths and butterflies).

Review of chromosome numbers

In Table 1 the chromosome numbers are given for 31 species from various Indian localities. Most of the material has been collected from Northern India.

The 31 species studied are referable to 8 superfamilies and 16 families; 18 species are new to lepidopteran karyology. In 10 species the chromosome numbers were found to be in confirmation to the already known ones. However, in 3 species i.e. *Psara stultalis*, *Malacosoma indica* and *Pygaera fulgurita* Rishi (1973) observed diploid and haploid chromosome numbers 60(30), 50(25) and 62(31) respectively, which is at variance with our findings.

In the cases of *Psara stultalis* and *Pygaera fulgurita* the difference in number may be due to variation in species or error in counting, but in *Malacosoma indica*, where the difference in number is substantial it appears that the identity of the species studied by Rishi is incorrect. This is also confirmed by the locality of the material worked by her i.e. Port Blair, Andamans. *Malacosoma indica* does not occur in the Andamans.

In 26 species elongated karyotypable chromosomes were obtained. The diploid and haploid chromosome numbers in 20 species were 62 and 31 respectively, which is the ancestral or primitive number of the order.

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Table 1. Chromosome numbers of 31 species of Indian Lepidoptera.

Super family Family	Species	Chromosome number 2n (n)			Food plant/host	Time and locality
		Reported for the first time	Confirming earlier reports	At variance with earlier reports		
Tineoidea	<i>Cryptothelia</i>	62 (31)			<i>Duranta repens</i>	Sept., New Forest,
Psychidae	<i>crameri</i> westw.				leaves	Dehra Dun
Yponomeutoidea	<i>Atteva fabri-</i>		62 (31)		<i>Ailanthus</i>	Aug., Dholkhand Range,
Yponomeutidae	<i>ciella</i> Swed.				<i>excelsa</i> leaves	Siwalik Forest Division
	<i>Yponomeuta</i>		62 (31)		<i>Prunus padus</i>	May, Buraskhanda, Dhanolti
	<i>evonymella</i>				leaves	Yamuna Forest Division,
	Linn.					Tehri Garhwal
Gelechioidea	<i>Tonica nivifer-</i>		60 (30)		<i>Bombyx ceiba</i>	Aug., Dholkhand Range,
Oecophoridae	<i>ana</i> Walk.				shoots	Siwalik Forest Division
Pyraloidea	<i>Antigastra ca-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Sesamum indicum</i>	Aug., New Forest, Dehra
Pyalidae	<i>talaunalis</i>				leaves, fruits	Dun
	Dup.					
	<i>Lamoria adap-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Shorea robusta</i>	Aug., New Forest, Dehra
	<i>tella</i> Walk				seeds	Dun
	<i>Leucinodes or-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Solanum melon-</i>	Sept./Oct., Dehra Dun
	<i>bonalis</i> Guen.				<i>gena</i> fruits	
	<i>Nephopteryx eu-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Mimusops elengi</i>	Aug., Buddha Garden, Delhi
	<i>graphella</i>				leaves	
	Rago.					
	<i>Nephopteryx</i>	62 (31)			<i>Cassia fistula</i>	Sept., New Forest, Dehra
	<i>rhodobasalis</i>				leaves	Dun
	Hamp.					
	<i>Palpita laticos-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Holorrhina anti-</i>	Nov., Mohand Range, Siwa-
	<i>talalis</i> Guen.				<i>dysentrica</i>	lik Forest Division
					leaves	
	<i>Palpita vertum-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Tabernaemontana</i>	Sept., New Forest, Dehra
	<i>nalalis</i> Guen.				<i>coronaria</i>	Dun
					leaves	
	<i>Psara stultalis</i>			62 (31)	<i>Achyranthes as-</i>	Sept., New Forest, Dehra
	Walk.				<i>pera</i> leaves	Dun
	<i>Tyspanodes li-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Bombyx ceiba</i>	Sept., New Forest, Dehra
	<i>nealis</i> Moore				leaves	Dun
	<i>Hypsipyla ro-</i>	60 (30)			<i>Toona ciliata</i>	April, Chakrata Road,
	<i>busta</i> Moore				fruit/flowers	Dehra Dun
	<i>Galleria mello-</i>		60 (30)		Bees Wax	Aug., Dehra Dun
	<i>nella</i> Linn.					
Papilionoidea	<i>Vanessa cash-</i>	62 (31)			<i>Girardinia hete-</i>	May, Mussoorie
Nymphalidae	<i>mirensis aesis</i>				<i>rophylla</i> leaves	
	Fruh.					
Lycaenidae	<i>Virachola iso-</i>	38 (19)			<i>Punica granatum</i>	July, New Forest, Dehra
	<i>crates</i> Fabr.				fruit	Dun
Pieridae	<i>Delias belladona</i>	50 (25)			<i>Santalum album</i>	Feb., New Forest, Dehra
	<i>belladona</i>				leaves	Dun
	Fabr.					
	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>		30 (15)		<i>Brassica oleracea</i>	May, New Forest, Dehra
	Linn.				var. <i>botrytis</i>	Dun
					leaves	

Table 1. Continued.

Super family Family	Species	Chromosome number 2n (n)			Food plant/host.	Time and locality
		Reported for the first time	Confirming earlier reports	At variance with earlier reports		
Papilionidae	<i>Papilio machaon asiatica</i> Mene	60 (30)			<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i> leaves	May, New Forest, Dehra Dun
Geometroidea	<i>Ectropis deodarae</i> Prout	62 (31)			<i>Cedrus deodara</i> needles	June, Lolab Valley Kashmir, J. & K.
Geometridae				62 (31)	<i>Populus ciliata</i> leaves	May, Dholkhand Range Siwalik Forest Division
Bombycoidea	<i>Malacosoma indica</i> Walk				<i>Morus alba</i> leaves	April, Dehra Dun
Lasiocampidae			56 (28)			
Bombycidae	<i>Bombyx mori</i> Linn.					
Saturniidae	<i>Antheraea pernyi</i> G.M.		98 (49)		<i>Quercus incana</i> leaves	May, Chamba Tehri Garhwal
Noctuoidea	<i>Pygaera fulgurita</i> Walk.			60 (30)	<i>Populus deltoides</i> leaves	Jan., Range Office, New Forest, Dehra Dun
Notodontidae	<i>Pygaera cupreata</i> Butl.	48 (24)			<i>Populus deltoides</i> leaves	June, Range Office, New Forest, Dehra Dun
Arctiidae	<i>Spilosoma obliqua</i> Walk.		62 (31)		<i>Lantana camara</i> leaves	Dec., Vasant Vihar, Dehra Dun
Noctuidae	<i>Heliothis armigera</i> Hubn.	62 (31)			<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i> leaves/flowers	Aug., Lachhiwala, East Forest Division, Dehra Dun
	<i>Polytela gloriosae</i> Fabr.		62 (31)		<i>Zephyrintes</i> leaves	Aug., Botanical Garden, Dehra Dun
	<i>Plusia orichalcea</i> Fabr.		62 (31)		French beans	Nov., New Forest, Dehra Dun.
Lymantriidae	<i>Lymantria obfuscata</i> Walk.	62 (31)			<i>Salix tetrasperma</i> and <i>Populus nigra</i> leaves	June, Lolab Valley, Kashmir, J. & K.

References

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