

Supervised Classification

Boosting

AdaBoosting

- Weight Assignment: $w_{i,0} = \frac{1}{n}$

$$r_j = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N w^{(i)}_{j \neq y^{(i)}}}{\sum_{i=1}^N w^{(i)}}$$

Predictor Weight: $\alpha_j = \eta \ln\left(\frac{1-r_j}{r_j}\right)$

Hard SVM

- $y(x) = w^T \phi(x) + b = 0$
- Margin: $\frac{1}{\|w\|}$
- Objective: $\min_{w,b} \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2$
- Discriminant Function: $f(x) = w^T \phi(x) + b$
- Support Vectors: $y_i(w^T \phi(x_i) + b) = 1$
- Polynomial Kernel: $K(x, y) = (1 + \langle x, y \rangle)^d$
- Gaussian RBF Kernel: $K(x, y) = \exp\left(-\frac{\|x-y\|^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$

Soft SVM

- Objective: $\min_{w,b,\xi} \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^N \xi_i$
- Constraints: $y_i(w^T \phi(x_i) + b) \geq 1 - \xi_i$
- Slack Variables: $\xi_i \geq 0$
- Lagrangian: $\mathcal{L}(w, b, \xi, \alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^N \xi_i - \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i (y_i(w^T \phi(x_i) + b) - 1 + \xi_i) - \sum_{i=1}^N \beta_i \xi_i$
- KKT Conditions: $\alpha_i \geq 0, \beta_i \geq 0, \alpha_i (y_i(w^T \phi(x_i) + b) - 1 + \xi_i) = 0, \beta_i \xi_i = 0$

Dual Problem: $\max_{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j K(x_i, x_j)$

Predictor: $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i y_i K(x, x_i) + b$ = LLE

Dimensionality Reduction

Curse of Dimensionality

- Volume: $V_d(r) = r^d$
- Ratio: $ratio = \frac{V_{crust}}{V_{S_1}} = \frac{V_{S_1} - V_{crust}}{V_{S_1}}$
- Vol Eqn: $V = \frac{r^D \cdot \pi^{D/2}}{\rho(D/2+1)}$
- ratio = $1 - (1 - \frac{\epsilon}{r})^D$

Feature Selection

- Embedded: L1: $L_1: \|w\|_1 = \sum_{j=0}^M |w_j|$
- Wrappers: Recursive Feature Elimination using Greedy Search
- Feature Extraction: PCA, LDA

PCA:

- Mean: $\mu = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i$
- Covariance: $\Sigma = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \mu)(x_i - \mu)^T$
- Eigendecomposition: $\Sigma = W \Lambda W^T$
- Sorting: $\lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \dots \geq \lambda_M$
- Projection: $z = W^T x$
- Reconstruction: $x = Wz + \mu$

MDS:

- Distance Matrix: $D = \{d_{ij}\}$
- Gram Matrix: $G = -\frac{1}{2} H D H$
- Eigendecomposition: $G = V \Lambda V^T$
- Projection: $Z = V \Lambda^{1/2}$
- Reconstruction: $D = \{d_{ij}\}$

0.1 ISOMAP

- Shortest Path: $d_{ij} = \min_{p_{ij}} \sum_{k=1}^{L_{ij}-1} \|x_{p_{ij}(k)} - x_{p_{ij}(k+1)}\|$
- Time Complexity: $O(N^3)$

t-SNE

- Objective: $KL(P||Q) = \sum_i \sum_j p_{ij} \log \frac{p_{ij}}{q_{ij}}$
- Perplexity: $Perp(P_i) = 2^{H(P_i)}$
- Symmetric SNE: $p_{ij} = \frac{p_{ij} + p_{ji}}{2N}$
- Gradient: $\frac{\partial C}{\partial y_i} = 4 \sum_j (p_{ij} - q_{ij})(y_i - y_j)(1 + \|y_i - y_j\|^2)^{-1}$
- Time Complexity: $O(N^2)$

Clustering

K-Means

- Centroid Assignment: $u^{(i)} = \arg \min_j \|x^{(i)} - \mu_j\|^2$
- Requires Scaling the Data
- Convergence if Assignments do not change

Cluster Validity Metrics

Internal Criteria

- Silhouette Coefficient: $s = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{b_i - a_i}{\max(a_i, b_i)}$

External Criteria

- Rand Index:
 - a is the number of pairs of elements in X that are in the same subset in C and in the same subset in D .
 - b is the number of pairs of elements in X that are in different subset in C and in different subset in D .
 - c is the number of pairs of elements in X that are in the same subset in C and in different subset in D .
 - d is the number of pairs of elements in X that are in different subset in C and in the same subset in D .

DBSCAN

- Core Point: $N_{\epsilon}(x) \geq \text{minPts}$
- Border Point: $N_{\epsilon}(x) < \text{minPts}$, but x is in the ϵ -neighborhood of a core point
- Noise Point: Neither core nor border
- Time Complexity: $O(N \log N)$

Heirarchical Clustering

Agglomerative

- Single Linkage: $d(C_i, C_j) = \min_{x \in C_i, y \in C_j} \|x - y\|$
- Complete Linkage: $d(C_i, C_j) = \max_{x \in C_i, y \in C_j} \|x - y\|$
- Average Linkage: $d(C_i, C_j) = \frac{1}{|C_i||C_j|} \sum_{x \in C_i} \sum_{y \in C_j} \|x - y\|$

Distance Metrics

- Euclidean: $\|x - y\|_2 = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^D (x_i - y_i)^2}$
- City-Block: $\|x - y\|_1 = \sum_{i=1}^D |x_i - y_i|$
- Mahalanobis: $\|x - y\|_M = \sqrt{(x - y)^T M (x - y)}$ where M is the covariance matrix
- Cosine: $\cos(x, y) = \frac{x^T y}{\|x\|_2 \|y\|_2}$

Neural Networks

Activation Functions

- Heaviside: $H(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$
- Linear: $f(x) = x$
- Sigmoid: $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$
- Tanh: $f(x) = \frac{\exp(x) - \exp(-x)}{\exp(x) + \exp(-x)}$
- ReLU: $f(x) = \max(0, x)$
- Leaky ReLU: $f(x) = \max(\alpha \cdot x, x)$

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- Softmax: $f(x)_i = \frac{\exp(x_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^K \exp(x_j)}$
- Exponential Linear Unit: $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ \alpha(\exp(x) - 1) & x < 0 \end{cases}$
- Softplus: $f(x) = \log(1 + \exp(x))$

Backpropagation

- Forward Pass: $z^{(l)} = W^{(l)} a^{(l-1)} + b^{(l)}, a^{(l)} = f^{(l)}(z^{(l)})$
- Backward Pass: $\delta^{(l)} = \nabla_a J \odot f^{(L)'}(z^{(L)}), \delta^{(l)} = (W^{(l+1)})^T \delta^{(l+1)} \odot f^{(l)'}(z^{(l)})$
- Weight Update: $\nabla_{W^{(l)}} J = \delta^{(l)} (a^{(l-1)})^T, \nabla_{b^{(l)}} J = \delta^{(l)}$

Optimizers

Gradient Descent

- Batch Gradient Descent: $\theta = \theta - \eta \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta)$
- Stochastic Gradient Descent: $\theta = \theta - \eta \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta; x^{(i)}; y^{(i)})$
- Mini-Batch Gradient Descent: $\theta = \theta - \eta \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta; x^{(i:i+n)}; y^{(i:i+n)})$
- Where $J(\theta)$ is the loss function, and θ are the parameters

Momentum

1. **Update:** $v = \gamma v + \eta \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta)$, $\theta = \theta - v$
2. **Nesterov Momentum:** $v = \gamma v + \eta \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta - \gamma v)$, $\theta = \theta - v$
3. **Adam:** $m = \beta_1 m + (1 - \beta_1) \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta)$,
 $v = \beta_2 v + (1 - \beta_2) (\nabla_{\theta} J(\theta))^2$, $\theta = \theta - \eta \frac{m}{\sqrt{v + \epsilon}}$