

## Test 2

● Graded

Student

Colin Cano

Total Points

88.75 / 100 pts

Question 1

P1

10 / 10 pts

✓ + 10 pts All Correct

+ 2 pts Correct gcd (5823,354) = 3

+ 2 pts Correctly states that the numbers are not relatively prime for gcd(5823,354)

+ 6 pts Correct Euclidean Algorithm

+ 5 pts Correct Algorithm but not in the form of table, check comments

+ 3 pts Partially correct Euclidean Algorithm

+ 1 pt Wrong but tried

+ 0 pts All wrong or empty

Question 2

P2

10 / 10 pts

✓ + 10 pts Correct

+ 3 pts a)

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 6$$

+ 1 pt a) partially correct recursion formula

+ 2 pts a)

$$a_1 = -8$$

+ 5 pts b)

$$a_n = 6n - 14$$

or

$$a_n = -8 + 6(n - 1)$$

+ 4 pts b) minor mistake in the explicit formula

+ 1 pt b) tried

+ 0 pts incomplete | incorrect

+ 1 pt see the specific comment

### Question 3

P3

9.5 / 15 pts

+ 15 pts Correct

✓ + 2 pts BC: Correct base case  $n=1$

+ 1 pt BC: One side is correct, other is missing or wrong

✓ + 2 pts IA: Correct assumption/hypothesis

+ 1 pt IA: Partial induction assumption

✓ + 2 pts IS set up: Correct set up of what needs to be proved

+ 1 pt IS set up: Partially correct

+ 3 pts IS: Correct use of IA: clearly stated use of IA has exact IA form on the left to replace with IA)

✓ + 1.5 pts IS: Partially correct use of IA

+ 6 pts IS: Correct mathematical manipulations

+ 5 pts IS: Most of the math is right

+ 4 pts IS: Some of the math is right

✓ + 2 pts IS: Started common denominator correctly

+ 2 pts IS: Correctly opened right side ( )

+ 0 pts Empty or totally wrong

#### Question 4

P4

12 / 12 pts

✓ + 12 pts Correct a:  $\mathcal{O}(x^4)$  b:  $\mathcal{O}(x^7)$  c:  $\mathcal{O}(3^x)$

+ 4 pts correct answer for a)  
 $\mathcal{O}(x^4)$

+ 3.5 pts for part a answered  $x^4$  instead of  $\mathcal{O}(x^4)$

+ 2 pts For part a incorrectly included coefficients. Ex  $\mathcal{O}(375x^4)$  instead of  $\mathcal{O}(x^4)$

+ 1.5 pts Answer included  $x^4$  but incorrectly used coefficients and had notational errors.

+ 0.5 pts Correct notation, incorrect answer

+ 4 pts correct answer for b)  
 $\mathcal{O}(x^7)$

+ 3.5 pts for part b answered  $x^7$  instead of  $\mathcal{O}(x^7)$

+ 2 pts For part b incorrectly included coefficients.

+ 1.5 pts Answer included  $x^7$  but incorrectly used coefficients and had notational errors.

+ 0.5 pts Correct notation, incorrect answer

+ 4 pts correct answer for c)  
 $\mathcal{O}(3^x)$

+ 3.5 pts for part c answered  $3^x$  instead of  $\mathcal{O}(3^x)$  or other small notation error.

+ 1.5 pts Answer included  $3^x$  but incorrectly used coefficients and had notational errors.

+ 0.5 pts Correct notation, incorrect answer

+ 0 pts All incorrect.

Question 5

P5

8 / 10 pts

✓ + 5 pts (a) Correct number of ways  $\binom{1}{1} \cdot \binom{13}{3} \cdot \binom{38}{2}$  with explanation

+ 4 pts Correct  $\binom{1}{1} \cdot \binom{13}{3} \cdot \binom{38}{2}$  terms and explanations but added unnecessary terms.

+ 4 pts (a) Had correct answer but no explanations.

+ 4.5 pts (a) Correct terms but used addition instead of multiplication.

+ 4 pts (a) Correct terms but used permutations instead of combinations.

+ 3.5 pts (a) Had correct  $\left[ \binom{1}{1} \cdot \binom{13}{3} \right]$  OR  $\left[ \binom{13}{3} \cdot \binom{38}{2} \right]$  terms with explanations

+ 2 pts (a) Had correct  $\binom{13}{3} \cdot \binom{38}{2}$  terms missing explanation.

+ 2 pts (a) Incorrect answer but correct method with explanations

+ 1 pt Incorrect answer but correct method without explanations

+ 1.5 pts (a) Identified the  $\binom{13}{3}$  term

+ 2 pts (a) valid explanation

+ 1 pt (a) Attempted to provide explanations but they do not quite match with the terms of the answer.

+ 5 pts (b) Correct number of ways  $\binom{48}{6}$  with explanation

+ 4 pts (b) Almost correct but missing explanation

+ 4 pts (b) Correct term but used permutation instead of combination.

✓ + 3 pts (b) Correct  $\binom{48}{6}$  term and explanation but with unnecessary other terms .

+ 2.5 pts (b) Correct  $\binom{48}{6}$  term but with invalid explanation and unnecessary other terms .

+ 2 pts (b) Incorrect answer but correct method

+ 2 pts (b) valid explanation

+ 1 pt (b) Correctly identified that we are selecting from a pool of 48 cards.

+ 1 pt (b) Attempted to provide explanations but they do not quite match with the terms of the answer.

+ 0 pts No answer or completely incorrect

Question 6

P6

5 / 5 pts

✓ + 5 pts Correct answer: 4 and showed all steps

- + 4 pts Correct answer and showed majority of the work
- + 4 pts Showed valid steps for the whole process and reached correct final answer but made small computational error in the process
- + 3.5 pts Showed almost all steps for the whole process and reached correct final answer but made small computational error in the process
- + 3 pts Showed valid steps for the whole process but incorrect final answer (small computational or mod understanding error)
- + 2 pts Correct answer but no work shown
- + 1.5 pts Showed some work and had somewhat valid steps but made multiple errors when evaluating mod functions.
- + 1 pt Made an attempt to solve and showed at least two steps but did not give a final answer.
- + 0 pts All wrong or missing

## Question 7

P7

12.25 / 16 pts

7.1 — a) and b)

2.75 / 4 pts

+ 4 pts Correct

+ 2 pts (a) Not one-to-one with proof.  
f(a) not equal to f(b) hence a not equal to b, correct

+ 1 pt (a) is correct without proof

✓ + 2 pts (b) is correct with proof (no)

+ 1 pt (b) is correct without proof

✓ + 0.75 pts tried but wrong

+ 1.5 pts (a) and (b) both incorrect, but tried

+ 0 pts All wrong or missing

+ 2.75 pts one correct and one wrong

+ 3 pts (d) is correct with proof (yes)

+ 1 pt (d) yes, it is onto.

+ 1 pt (d) has correct setup

+ 1 pt (d) has correct work

+ 3 pts (e) is correct with proof

+ 1 pt (e) Yes, it is invertible

+ 1 pt (e) shows  $g(g^{-1}(y)) = y$

+ 1 pt (e) shows  $g^{-1}(g(x)) = x$

+ 0 pts All wrong or missing

+ 2 pts (f) is correct

+ 1 pt (f) started correct but wrong simplification

+ 2 pts (g) is correct

+ 1 pt (g) started correct but wrong simplification

+ 0 pts All wrong

2

Not 1-1

7.2 c), d), and e)

5.5 / 8 pts

+ 8 pts All Correct

✓ + 3 pts  $g(x)$  is 1-1

+ 1.5 pts c is correct without proof

+ 3 pts  $g(x)$  is Onto

✓ + 1.5 pts d is correct without proof

+ 2 pts Has an invertible function

✓ + 1 pt Wrong inverse function

+ 2 pts Tried but wrong

+ 0 pts Missing/wrong

1 not the correct inverse function

7.3 f) and g)

4 / 4 pts

✓ + 4 pts All Correct

+ 1.5 pts Switched the answers for (f) and (g)

+ 0 pts Missing/Completely wrong

### Question 8

P8

9 / 10 pts

+ 10 pts All correct

✓ + 2 pts (a) Showed correct work in terms of adding binary numbers

+ 2 pts (a) minor mistakes in calculation in final answer

+ 1 pt (a) slightly correct final answer

✓ + 3 pts (a) Correct answer (10000111)

✓ + 2 pts (b) Showed correct work in terms of multiplying binary numbers

✓ + 2 pts (b) minor mistakes in calculation in final answer

+ 1 pt (b) slightly correct final answer

+ 3 pts (b) Correct answer (110000000010)

+ 3 pts Tried but wrong/not enough work shown

+ 0 pts All wrong or no answer

### Question 9

P9

12 / 12 pts

+ 12 pts All correct.

✓ + 4 pts Binary is correct. 0011 1101 1010 0111

✓ + 4 pts Octal is correct. 36647

✓ + 4 pts Decimal is correct. 15783

+ 2 pts Method for binary is correct.

+ 2 pts Method for octal is correct.

+ 2 pts Answer for octal is correct but no work shown

+ 2 pts Method for decimal is correct.

+ 2 pts Answer for decimal is correct but no work shown

+ 1 pt Intermediary values for decimal conversion are correct.

+ 1 pt Binary conversion for 3 is correct. 0011

+ 1 pt Binary conversion for D is correct. 1101

+ 1 pt Binary conversion for A is correct. 1010

+ 1 pt Binary conversion for 7 is correct. 0111

+ 0 pts Answer is missing/ incorrect.

### Question 10

EX

1 / 0 pts

+ 6 pts Correct  $B-(A \cap B \cap C)$  or equivalent

+ 3 pts Wrong answer used union instead of intersection.

+ 2 pts Tried and used correct symbols

✓ + 1 pt Tried, but not valid expression

+ 0 pts Wrong or empty



**CS 2210 Discrete Structures****Test 2A**Name: Colin CanoID 01573158

- You have 60 minutes to complete this exam.
- If you enter the room, you must turn in an exam before leaving the room.
- You must show your work and have correct final answer to receive full credit.
- You can use a simple calculator.

**Problem 1:** (10 points) Use Euclidian Algorithm to find  $\gcd(5823, 354)$  and decide whether 5823 and 354 are relatively prime.

$a$	$b$	$q$	$r$
5823	354	16	159
354	159	2	36
159	36	4	15
36	15	2	6
15	6	2	3
6	<u>3</u>	2	0

it is not relatively prime because  $3 \neq 1$

**Problem 2:** (10 points) Let sequence  $\{a_n\}$  be -8, -2, 4, 10, 16, 22, 28, ... with  $n$  starting at 1.

(a) Find recursive formula for  $a_n$ .

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 6 \quad a_1 = -8$$

(b) Find explicit (iterative) formula for  $a_n$ .

$$a_n = 6n - 14$$

$$n = \begin{array}{l|l} 1 & -8 \\ 2 & -2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 10 \end{array}$$

**Problem 3:** (15 points) Prove for all  $n \geq 1$  that

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i(i+3) = \frac{n(n+1)(n+5)}{3}$$

BC:  $n=1$       RHS:  $\frac{1(1+1)(1+5)}{3} = 4$  ✓  
 LHS:  $1(1+3) = 4$

IA: Assume  $n=k$  is true for  $\exists k \in \mathbb{Z}$  s.t.  $\sum_{i=1}^k i(i+3) = \frac{k(k+1)(k+5)}{3}$

IS: Prove  $n=k+1$  for  $\sum_{i=1}^{k+1} i(i+3) = \frac{(k+1)((k+1)+1)((k+1)+5)}{3}$

using IA

$\rightarrow \frac{k(k+1)(k+5)}{3} + (k+1)(k+4) =$

$\rightarrow \frac{k(k+1)(k+5) + 3(k+1)(k+4)}{3}$

$\rightarrow k^2 + k(k+5)$

$k^3 + 6k^2 + 5k +$

but  
 get it

**Problem 4:** (12 points) Find closest big-O bound for:

(a)  $f(x) = (5x)^3(3x + \log_2 x)$   $(125x^3)(3x + \log_2 x)$   
 $375x^4 + \dots \in O(x^4)$

(b)  $f(x) = (8x^4 - 3x)(x + 7x^3)$   
 $8x^5 + 56x^7 - 3x^2 - 21x^4 \in O(x^7)$

(c)  $f(x) = 100x^3 + 8\log_2 x + 3^x$   
 $100x^3 + 8\log_2 x + 3^x \in O(3^x)$

**Problem 5:** (10 points) There are 52 cards in the deck. You must explain your answer to get full points.

(a) How many distinct six-card hands can be formed that include eight of hearts and exactly three cards of diamond suit? Ex: 5♦, 10♦, Q♦, 8♥, K♥, 9♠ meets the requirements.

$1 \cdot \binom{13}{3} \cdot \binom{38}{2}$   
 8♥  
 ♦ remaining cards

(b) How many different six-card hands don't contain any 10s?

$\binom{52}{6} - \binom{48}{6}$   
 Every card to choose from  
 Cards without 10s

**Problem 6:** (5 points) Find value of  $(-134 \bmod 23 + 165 \bmod 23)^2 \bmod 5$ . Show every step.

$-134/23 = -6R4$   
 $165/23 = 7R4$   
 $8^2 = 64$   
 $64/19 = 12R4$   
 $= (4 + 165 \bmod 23)^2 \bmod 5$   
 $= (4 + 4)^2 \bmod 5$   
 $= 64 \bmod 5 = 4$

**Problem 7:** (16 points) Consider functions  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 7$  and  $g(x) = 5x - 6$ .

(a) Is  $f(x)$  one-to-one? Prove your answer!

$$f(x) = -2x^2 + 7$$

$$f(y) = -2y^2 + 7$$

$$f(x) = f(y)$$

$$-2x^2 + 7 = -2y^2 + 7$$

$$-2x^2 = -2y^2$$

$$x^2 = y^2$$

$$x = y$$

yes one to one

R

(b) Is  $f(x)$  onto? Prove your answer.

$$y = -2x^2 + 7$$

$$y - 7 = -2x^2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{y-7}{-2}} = x$$

not onto because of square root

(c) Is  $g(x)$  one-to-one? Prove your answer.

$$g(x) = 5x - 6$$

$$g(y) = 5y - 6$$

$$g(x) = g(y)$$

$$5x - 6 = 5y - 6$$

$$5x = 5y$$

$$x = y \checkmark$$

yes one to one

(d) Is  $g(x)$  onto? Prove your answer.

$$y = 5x - 6$$

$$y + 6 = 5x$$

$$\frac{y+6}{5} = x \checkmark \text{ yes onto}$$

(e) Is  $g(x)$  invertible. If yes, then find inverse function.

yes it is invertible

$$g^{-1}(x) = 5\left(\frac{x+6}{5}\right) - 6$$

$$= x + 6 - 6$$

$$= x$$

(f) Find  $f \circ g$ .

$$f \circ g = -2(5x - 6)^2 + 7$$

(g) Find  $g \circ f$ .

$$g \circ f = 5(-2x^2 + 7) - 6$$

**Problem 8:** (10 points) Let  $a = 1101010$  and  $b = 11101$ . Find sum of  $a$  and  $b$  and product of  $a$  and  $b$  without converting to decimal numbers.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1101010 \\
 + 11101 \\
 \hline
 10000111
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1101010 \\
 \times 11101 \\
 \hline
 1101010 \\
 00000000 \\
 110101000 \\
 1101010000 \\
 11010100000 \\
 \hline
 100000000010
 \end{array}$$

1 10 11 100

$$\begin{array}{r}
 18/2 = 8 \\
 4 \\
 2 \\
 1
 \end{array}$$

106  
29 1101010

1101010

(3079)<sub>10</sub>

**Problem 9:** (12 points) Convert 3DA7 to binary, octal, decimal.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (3DA7)_{16} \\
 \swarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \searrow \\
 0011 \quad 1101 \quad 1010 \quad 0111
 \end{array}$$

1 10 11 100 101 110  
111 1000 1001 1000 1011 1100  
1101

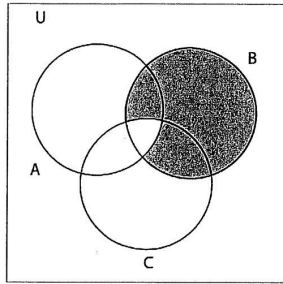
0 011 110 110 100 111  
3 6 6 4 7

Binary: (0011110110100111)<sub>2</sub>

Decimal:  $2^{13} + 2^{12} + 2^{11} + 2^{10} + 2^8 + 2^7 + 2^5 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 1 = (19783)_{10}$

Octal: (36647)<sub>8</sub>

**Extra Credit:** (6 points) Give an expression equivalent to:



$$U = B \cap (A + C)$$

