Spell Corrector Doc

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Bayesian Theorem

Model Theory

Why do we use Bayesian Theorem?

TODO

Bayesian Theorem

- Assume given the "wrong" word w, our goal is to find the "correct" work c, i.e. we want to get $argmax_cP(c|w)$.
- It is equivalent to $argmax_c P(w|c)P(c)/P(w)$, according to the Bayesian Theorem.
- P(w) is the same for every possible c, we can ignore it, thus we have: $argmax_c P(w|c)P(c)$.

Model Theory

- Language Model: The value of P(c) is the probability of the correct word. Usually it can be got from a language model, i.e. it is the frequency of the assuming correct work in a big English text. In my implementation, I use the Complete Works of William Shakespeare as the frequency counter.
- Smoothing in Language Model: Treat novel words as if we had seen them once.
- Error Model: The value of P(w|c) can be got from a error model, i.e., usually it can be solved by edit distance.

Why do we use Bayesian Theorem?

Estimating P(c|w) we have to consider both the probability of c and the probability
of the change from c to w anyway. So it is easier to separate the model into two
models, thus we can handle one model at a time.

TODO

• This is only a simple word spell checker and corrector. Although I implement a

words corrector function which can correct a word sequence, it is based on the word error, not the sentence error. We can use linguistic model to do the sequence corrector.

- 1. When I use correct work, usually it is referred to the assuming correct work. ←
- 2. Detail of Language Model ←
- 3. URL of The Complete Works of William Shakespeare \leftarrow