

Permissions for company-managed projects

Project permissions are managed in two ways:

1. Jira administrators manage project permissions for *company-managed projects* through *permission schemes*. This page discusses the individual permission grants available to company-managed permission schemes.
2. Project administrators manage project permissions for *team-managed projects* through custom roles. [Read more about custom roles in team-managed projects.](#)

Here's a list of the permissions you can grant to define permissions in your company-managed software, service project, or business projects through permissions schemes. [Learn more about permission schemes.](#)

i You can't edit project permissions or roles on the Free plan for Jira Software or Jira Work Management, and you can't configure issue-level security on any Free plan (including Jira Service Management). Find out more about how project permissions work in Free plans. To take advantage of Jira's powerful project permission management features, [upgrade your plan.](#)

Project permissions

The following permissions define access to functionality within your company-managed projects and the issues those projects contain. They don't define access or permissions to your Jira site, generally. Only site admins can grant people access to your Jira site. [Learn more about giving people access to your Atlassian products.](#)

Administer Projects

This permission allows people access to your project's settings.

They can:

- move projects to trash,
- edit project role membership
- edit project components,
- edit project versions,
- edit some [project details](#) – project name, URL, project lead, and project description

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Typically, system administrators need this permission to help you configure projects. For that reason, they don't need product access and won't take a seat in your site's plan.

Browse Projects

This permission allows people to view the project in the **Projects** directory, and view individual issues in the project and while searching Jira (except issues that have been restricted via [issue-level security](#)).

i Many other permissions are dependent on this permission. For example, the **Add comments** and **Transition issues** permissions are only effective for users who have the **Browse Projects** permission.

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

⚠ The **Browse Project** permission may make project details visible to all users in directories and while searching Jira

There's a known issue when granting a **User custom field value**, **Reporter**, **Current assignee**, or **Group custom field value** the **Browse Project** permission. In these cases, a project becomes visible to any logged in user on your Jira site.

The issue is caused by an intentional design in Jira's backlog that couples the **Browse Project** and **View issue** permissions. We're currently working to decouple these permissions.

[View our progress.](#)

View aggregated data

This permission will enable **insights** on the board, backlog, and **Deployments** view. Over time, this permission may allow users to view other aggregated data sources, surfaced by JQL results or search. Learn more about insights in [the documentation](#).

Manage permissions

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classic projects.

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

 This permission shows the total issues in a project and their estimations

When you enable the **View aggregated data** permission, a project's combined totals of issue types and estimations will become visible to any user who's granted the permission.

Disabling the **View aggregated data** permission will prevent users from viewing any aggregated data backed by this permission. Currently, this includes **insights** on your board, backlog, and **Deployments** view, and some reports. In the future, this may include JQL and search results.

Manage sprints

This permission allows people to create, start, and complete sprints in your project. This includes adjusting the sprint duration and goal.

This permission depends on product access to Jira Software.

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Sprints are a concept from agile methodology, specifically a way of working called Scrum. Typically, sprints are managed by team leaders or designated Scrum masters. [Learn more about sprints, Scrum, and how to practice agile methods in Jira Software](#).

Depending on the complexity of your board's filter query, you may need further consideration when configuring the **Manage sprints** permission for users. For example, if a board contains sprints from multiple projects (including service projects), users need the **Manage sprints** permission in every project to successfully complete sprints. For more information on the impact of complex filters, and ways to simplify your filter query, see [Using Manage Sprints permission for advanced cases](#).

There are some sprint actions (for example, adding issues to sprints, removing issues from sprints) that require the **Schedule issues** and **Edit issues** permissions to be successful.

[Learn more about planning sprints in Jira Software.](#)

View development tools

Permission to view the development panel, which provides you with just enough information to evaluate the status of an issue's build data in a connected development tool, at a glance. [Learn more about the development panel](#).

This permission depends on product access to Jira Software.

[Learn more about giving people access to your Atlassian products.](#)

View (read-only) workflow

This permission provides the **View workflow** link when viewing an issue.

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Issue permissions

The following permissions are only useful to people who are able to view the project. To make these permissions meaningful, first grant users, groups, or roles the **Browse Projects** permission in your permission scheme.

 Some project-level permissions, such as **View aggregated data**, have the ability to override issue-level permissions. Learn more about the **View aggregated data** permission.

Assign issues

This permission allows people to change the value of the **Assignee** field on any of your project's issues. It doesn't allow people to be assigned issues (see the **Assignable user** permission).

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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This permission allows team members to hand over tasks at different stages of the work.

Assignable user

This permission allows people to be assigned issues, meaning their username can be used to complete the **Assignee** field on any of your project's issues. It doesn't allow people to assign issues to other users in your site (see the **Assign issues** permission).

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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This permission gives people the ability work on issues. When someone is assigned an issue, we notify them to view the issue. This permission is essential for core team members on any project.

Close issues

This permission allows people to set the **Resolution** field to a closed state on an issue based on the conditions of your issue's workflow.

This permission requires the **Transition issues** and **Resolve issues** to be useful.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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In Jira:

- An issue is open if its resolution field isn't set.
- An issue is closed if its resolution field has a value, for example "Fixed" or "Can't reproduce".

There are two ways to close an issue using a condition in your workflow:

1. Set the resolution field automatically via a *post function*. [Learn more about advanced workflow configuration.](#)
2. Prompt the user to choose a resolution via a screen. [Learn more about transition screens.](#)

This permission is used mainly for software or service teams who use quality assurance engineers to test whether fixes work as intended. You can set your permissions to allow developers to transition an issue to a done status but keep it open. Then, only allow your tester to close the issue when they've verified the fix.

Create issues

This permission allows people to create issues in your project, including subtasks if you've enabled subtasks on your site. [Learn more about subtasks.](#)

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Note that the **Create attachments** permission is required in order to create attachments.

Open organizations can benefit from allowing anyone to create issues in your project. For example, they may find and report bugs when using your team's products. Some teams may restrict this permission to the core members of a team to keep their backlog tidy. Organizations with strict compliance or security needs may allow only Scrum masters or other leaders to create issues for their team.

Delete issues

This permission allows people to delete any issue in your project, including its associated field data, comments, and work log entries, even if the user does not have the **Delete comments** or **Delete attachments** permissions.

However, the **Delete issues** permission doesn't include the ability to delete individual comments or attachments.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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This permission is typically reserved for team leaders or project management roles. We don't recommend deleting issues as a practice. Changing an issue's status to a done-category status is a much better way of clearing up unneeded issues. Changing an issue's status notifies the issue's reporter, assignee, and watchers of the action your team has taken on the task.

Edit issues

This permission allows people to alter the summary and description, and change the value of fields that aren't restricted by another permission (like the **Assign issues**, **Modify reporters**, or **Schedule issues** permissions). This permission also allows people to convert issues to subtasks or vice versa. [Learn more about issues and subtasks.](#)

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Open organizations encourage teams to keep each other's work up to date by adjusting fields when viewing tasks throughout the course of their work. The ability to clarify descriptions and update fields is especially handy for team members who may review tasks during shared rituals like standup meetings, planning meetings, board grooming sessions, or project kick-off meetings. Organizations with strict compliance or traceability requirements may reserve this permission for team leaders or project managers.

Link issues

This permission allows people to link issues in your project to one another, or to issues in other projects on your site. To view the link properly, they need the same permission in the target project or service desk. This permission is only

To view the **link** property, they need the same permission in the target project or service desk. This permission is only relevant if you've enable issue linking. [Learn more about issue linking](#).

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Modify reporter

This permission allows people to change the value of the default **Reporter** field on any of your project's issues. The **Reporter** field is automatically set to the issue's creator at the time the issue is made. This allows someone to create issues on behalf of someone else.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Move issues

This permission allows people to move an issue to another project or service project on your Jira site, or to change the issue to a different issue type (making the issue follow a different workflow).

This permission requires the **Create issues** permission in the target project or service desk to be useful.

Resolve issues

This permission allows people to set or clear a value on the **Resolution** field. It also give people the ability to set the **Fix version** field for issues. It doesn't include the ability to close an issue (see the **Close issues** permission).

This permission requires the **Transition issues** permission to be useful.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Schedule issues

This permission allows people to set or modify the value of the **Due date** field on your project's issues. On a company-managed Scrum or Kanban board, this permission also allows people to reorder issues ("rank") on the board and backlog.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Set issue security

This permission allows people to set the security level of specific issues in the project, changing who can view and interact with a specific issue. This is typically reserved for project managers, administrators, or other team leaders in the project. [Learn more about issue security](#).

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Transition issues

This permission allows people to view an issue's underlying workflow in the project and update the status of any of your project's issues. They can move any issue through the workflow, triggering any workflow post functions that may be associated with the transition along the way. [Learn more about workflows](#).

It doesn't allow people to set the **Resolution** field or close issues in your project (see the **Resolve issues** and **Close issues** permissions).

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Voters and watchers permissions

The following permissions are only useful to people who are able to view the project. To make these permissions meaningful, first grant users, groups or roles the **Browse Projects** permission in your permission scheme.

Manage watcher list

This permission allows people to add or remove people from an issue's watch list.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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View voters and watchers

This permission allows people to see who's watching any issue in your project.

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Comments permissions

The following permissions are only useful to people who are able to view the project. To make these permissions meaningful, first grant users, groups or roles the **Browse Projects** permission in your permission scheme.

Add comments

This permission allows people to comment on any issue in your software and business projects, or add internal notes to requests in your service projects.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Note that this does not include the ability to edit or delete comments.

Delete all comments

This permission allows people to remove any comment added by anyone on any of your software or business projects' issues, or delete any internal notes (and customer comments!) added to any request in a service project. It's a bit of a super power.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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For traceability and historical investigations, we recommend preserving all issue comments. They can help you trace how a project went, or how an interaction could be improved in the future. For that reason, you may reserve this permission for team leaders, human resource managers, or other management roles.

Delete own comments

This permission allows people to remove any comments they've added to any issue in your project, or any internal comment they've added to requests in a service project.

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Typically, anyone who can comment on an issue (by having the **Add comments** permission) should be able to remove their own comments. This practice can help clarify work if people leave erroneous or inaccurate comments. Organizations with strict compliance or traceability requirements may consider restricting this permission to preserve an accurate historical record throughout an issue's lifecycle.

Edit all comments

This permission allows people to alter the content of any comment or internal note added by anyone on any of your project's issues.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

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Open organizations encourage teams to edit each other's comments to correct minor problems like spelling errors or broken links, and generally keep the communication stream clean. Organizations with strict compliance or traceability requirements may reserve this permission for team leaders or project managers.

Edit own comments

This permission allows people to alter the content of any comments they've added to issues in software or business projects, or any internal comment they've added to requests in a service project.

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Typically, anyone who can comment on an issue (by having the **Add comments** permission) should be able to adjust their own comments and correct minor problems like spelling errors or broken links. Organizations with strict compliance or traceability requirements may consider restricting this permission to keep an accurate historical record throughout the course of an issue's lifecycle.

Attachments permissions

The following permissions are only useful to people who are able to view the project. To make these permissions meaningful, first grant users, groups or roles the **Browse Projects** permission in your permission scheme.

Create attachments

This permission allows people to attach files to any issue in your project. This permission is relevant if attachments are enabled. [Learn more about attachments](#).

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Typically, any team member or collaborator may need this permission to help describe their work. [Learn more about attaching files and screenshots to issues](#).

Delete all attachments

This permission allows people to remove any attachments added by anyone on any of your project's issues.

This permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

[Learn more about giving people access to your Atlassian products](#).

While some teams may reserve this permission for management roles, open organizations can benefit from granting this power to autonomous team members. For example, if the issue requires images from a designer to help describe the work, it might be beneficial for team members to keep attachments up to date, even if they aren't the owner of the original attachment.

Delete own attachments

This permission allows people to remove any file or image they attached to any issue in your project.

This permission doesn't depend on specific product access to be useful. You may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

Typically, anyone who can attach files to an issue (by having the **Add attachments** permission) should be able to remove their own attachments. This practice can help clarify work where many versions of a file or image are uploaded throughout the course of working on the issue. Organizations with strict compliance or traceability requirements may consider restricting this permission to preserve an accurate historical record throughout an issue's lifecycle.

Time tracking permissions

The following permissions are only useful to people who are able to view the project. To make these permissions meaningful, first grant users, groups or roles the **Browse Projects** permission in your permission scheme.

The following permissions are only useful if you've enabled time tracking on your Jira site. [Learn more about time tracking](#).

This following permission may depend on product access to be useful:

- In software projects, people must have product access to Jira Software to use this permission.
- In service projects, people must have product access to Jira Service Management to use this permission.
- In business projects, you may grant this permission to anyone logged in to your Jira site.

[Learn more about giving people access to your Atlassian products](#).

Work on issues

This permission allows people to interact with the time tracking field on any of your project's issues.

This permission allows people to create a work log entry, where they can indicate the time spent and time remaining to complete the task, including a brief description of the work they did along the way.

Delete all worklogs

This permission allows people to remove any work log entry added by anyone on any of your project's issues.

Typically, removing other people's work log entries is a permission reserved for team leaders or other management roles.

Delete own worklogs

This permission allows people to remove the time they logged, the time they estimated as remaining, and the description of any work log entry they added to any of your project's issues.

Typically, people who actively work and log time in your project need to delete their own work logs in case of data entry errors.

Edit all worklogs

This permission allows people to alter the time logged, time remaining, and description of any work log entry added by anyone on any of your project's issues.

Typically, adjusting other people's work log entries is a permission reserved for team leaders or other management roles.

Edit own worklogs

This permission allows people to alter the time they logged, the time they estimated as remaining, and the description of any work log entry they added to any of your project's issues.

Typically, people who actively work and log time in your project will need to adjust their own work logs in case of data entry errors or changes to the work's scope or requirements.

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