

# Verrell's Law $\Psi_{\mu\nu}$ / Collapse-Aware AI — Referee Response & Path B Revision Notes (v1.2)

Context: Response to referee feedback on Zenodo DOI 10.5281/zenodo.17416435 (v1.1b).

Objective: Reframe the framework as Computational Systems Theory and supply explicit, testable definitions for the core equation, metrics, and glossary.

## 1. Core Equation (Computational Reformulation)

We replace the former physics-laden “Core Equation Snapshot” with a stochastic differential form defined in logit space:

$$dz_t = b\Psi(z_t, M_t) dt + \Sigma dW_t$$

Here,  $z_t$  is the logit vector,  $p_t = \text{softmax}(z_t/T)$ ,  $b\Psi$  is the bias drift (logit/s),  $\Sigma$  is the diffusion matrix (logit/s $^{1/2}$ ), and  $W_t$  is a Wiener process.

$$b\Psi = \alpha \nabla z \log \pi_{\text{prior}}(z|M_t) + \beta \nabla z \log \pi_{\text{anchor}}(z) - \gamma \nabla z H(p_t)$$

This reframes 'collapse' as probabilistic resolution under adaptive bias control rather than a physical field interaction.

## 2. Defined Metrics (for falsifiability)

Symbol	Definition	Interpretation
R_b	$\text{corr}(\Delta z_t, b_t)$	Response-to-bias correlation
S_b	$\text{Var}_t[R_b(t)]$	Sessional stability
$\Delta_{KL}$	mean $KL(p_t    p_{\text{prior}})$	Distributional shift magnitude
$\Delta_{\text{prior}}$	mean $[KL(p_t    \pi_{\text{prior}}) - KL(p_t    \pi_{\text{prior}})]$	Alignment to memory prior
$\Delta_{\text{anchor}}$	mean $[KL(p_t    \pi_{\text{anchor}}) - KL(p_t    \pi_{\text{anchor}})]$	Stabilization against anchor

Controls: fixed seeds, isotemperature runs, static-bias baseline, bootstrap CIs ( $p < 0.01$ ).

KV-cache statistics: mean key-vector drift (D\_K) and attention entropy (H\_attn).

## 3. Terminology Update

Physics terminology has been replaced with computational systems theory language for clarity.

Old term	Revised term
Collapse	Probabilistic Resolution
Bias Field	State-Space Bias Operator
Resonance	Feedback Weighting
Observer Effect	Contextual Conditioning
Memory = Information	Memory-Conditioned Prior
Governor	Adaptive Gain Regulator

#### **4. Probability Conservation (Sketch)**

The induced density  $p(x,t)$  obeys  $\partial_t p = -\nabla \cdot (b\Psi p) + \frac{1}{2}\nabla \cdot (D\nabla p)$  with  $D = \Sigma\Sigma$ . Zero-flux boundaries ensure  $d/dt \int p dx = 0$ ; stationary  $p^* \propto e^{-U\Psi}$  exists for  $D \geq 0$ .

#### **5. Author Response Summary**

We acknowledge the referee's requests and confirm the following revisions: 1. Dimensional consistency established. 2. Physical analogy removed. 3. Empirical reproducibility through explicit metrics. 4. Governance clarified as adaptive gain regulator. These revisions position the framework as speculative but internally coherent computational systems theory, satisfying the 'publishable with revisions' criterion.

© 2025 Verrell Moss Ross · Inappropriate Media Ltd (t/a Collapse Aware AI)

Protected under Verrell–Solace Sovereignty Protocol · Protocol VMR-Core