



UNIVERSITÀ
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1240



Collectionless Artificial Intelligence: Peer-to-Peer Network of Agents for Decentralized Learning Over Time



Collectionless AI
<https://collectionless.ai>

WIVACE (Siena), September 3, 2025

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1. Research in Learning Over Time



Foundational aspects of learning over time

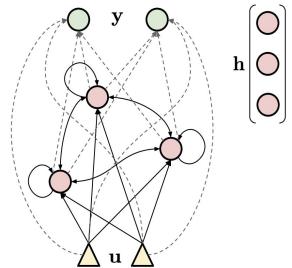
Some context: our research @ UNISI



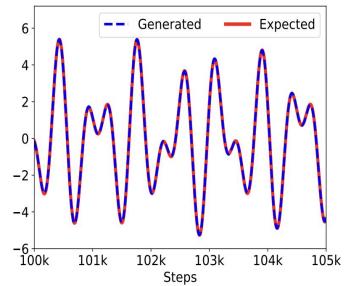
Study, propose, evaluate new technologies that are designed to **learn over time**

- **A. Learning strategies**
 - Learn in a "local" manner, without requiring the whole "past": define valid learning dynamics "over time"
 - Our proposal: Hamiltonian Learning (HL)
- **B. Neural architectures**
 - Be plastic enough to learn on-the-fly, still being able to generalize over long time horizons
 - Our proposal: Perpetual Generation, New Neuron Models
- **C. Out-of-network Knowledge**
 - Exploit information not stored in the weights of the network
 - Our proposal: Integrating Neural Networks and Logic Knowledge (over time)

<https://collectionless.ai>



$$\dot{\mathbf{h}}_t = f^{\mathbf{h}}(\mathbf{u}_t, \mathbf{h}_t, \theta_t^{\mathbf{h}})$$
$$\mathbf{y}_t = f^{\mathbf{y}}(\mathbf{u}_t, \mathbf{h}_t, \theta_t^{\mathbf{y}})$$

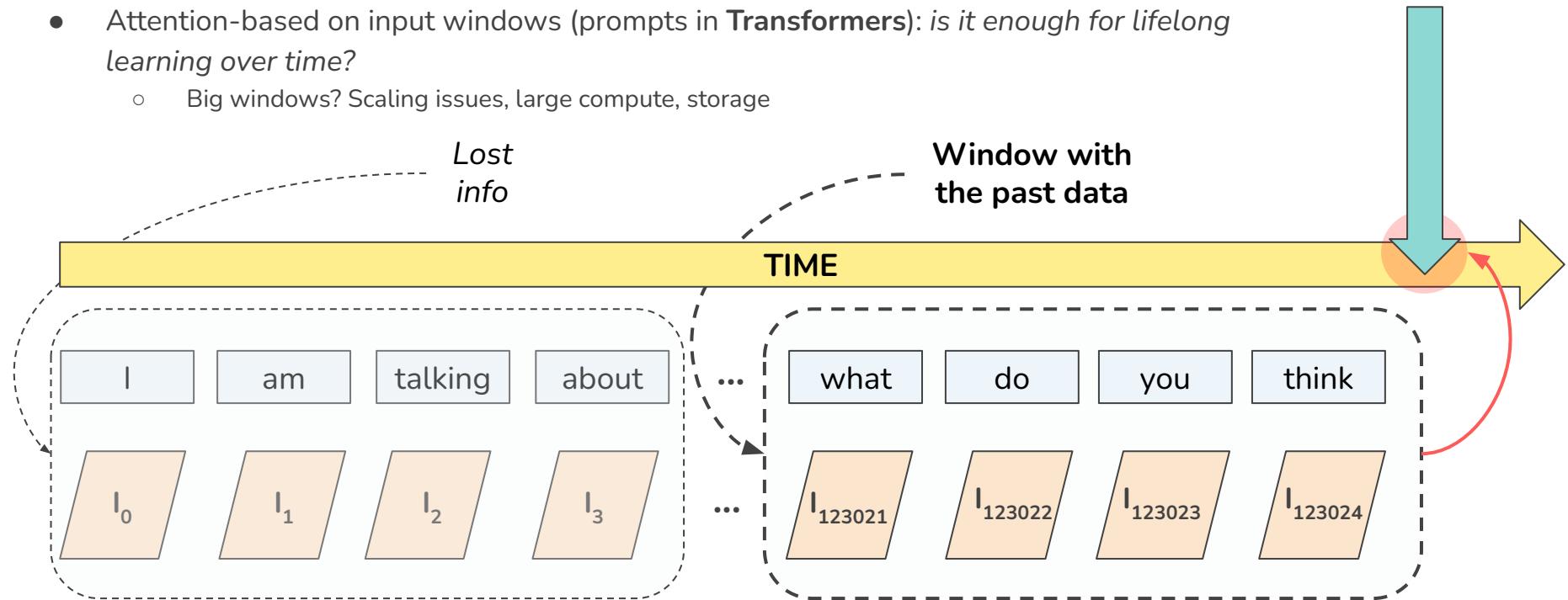




Window-based Models

Take a decision,
generate
something, ...

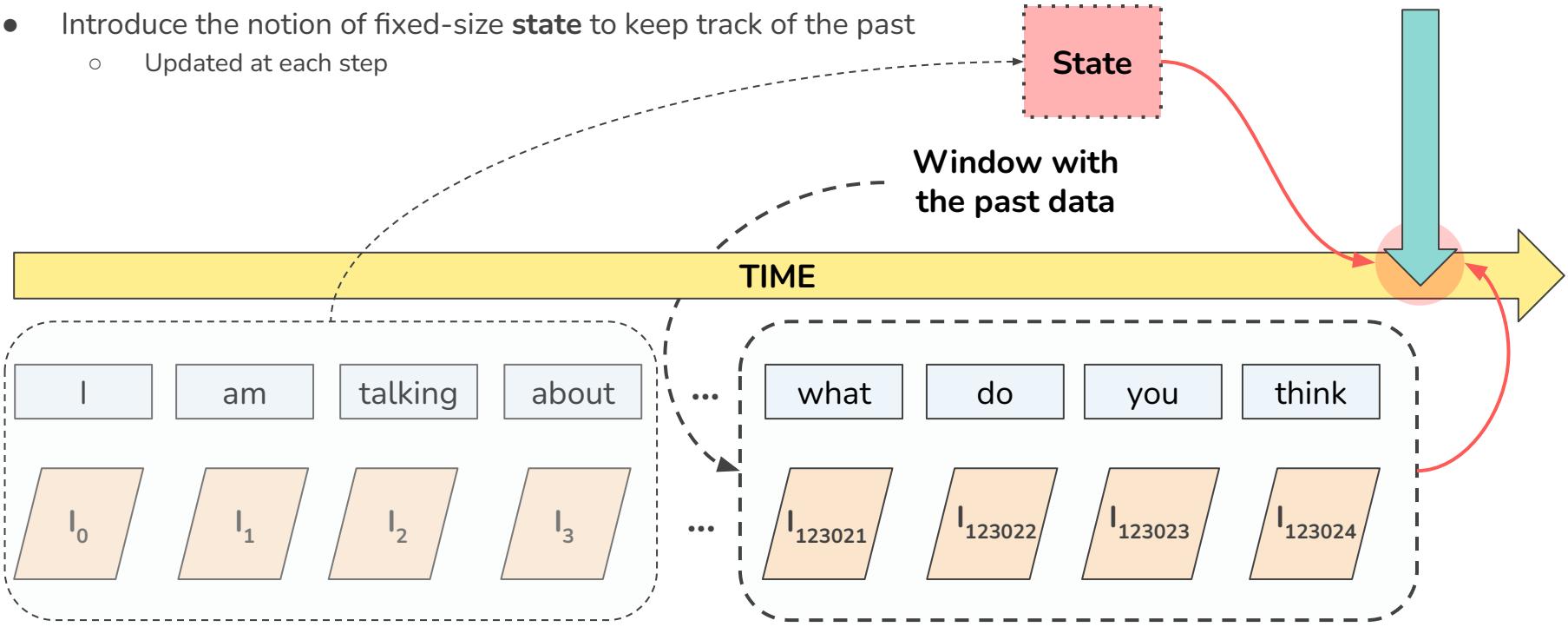
- Attention-based on input windows (prompts in **Transformers**): *is it enough for lifelong learning over time?*
 - Big windows? Scaling issues, large compute, storage





State

- Introduce the notion of fixed-size **state** to keep track of the past
 - Updated at each step

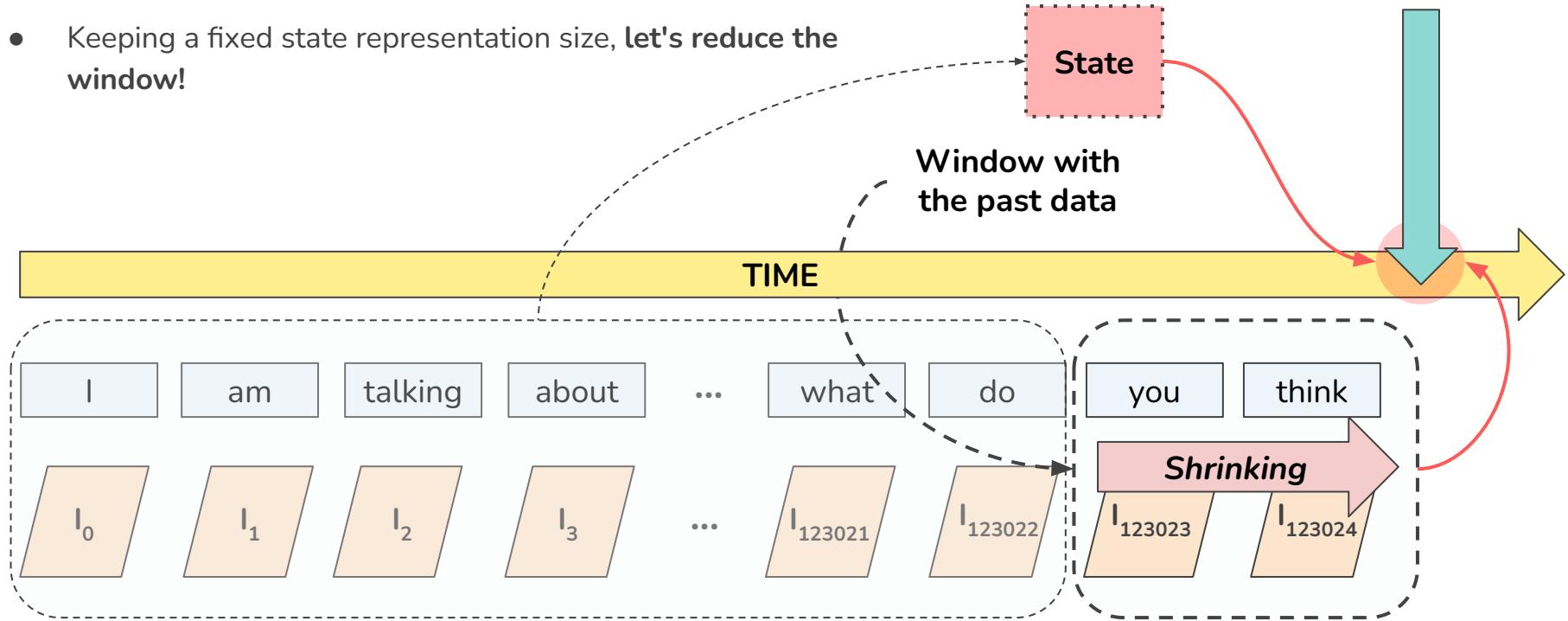




More "Powerful" State

Take a decision,
generate
something, ...

- Keeping a fixed state representation size, let's reduce the window!

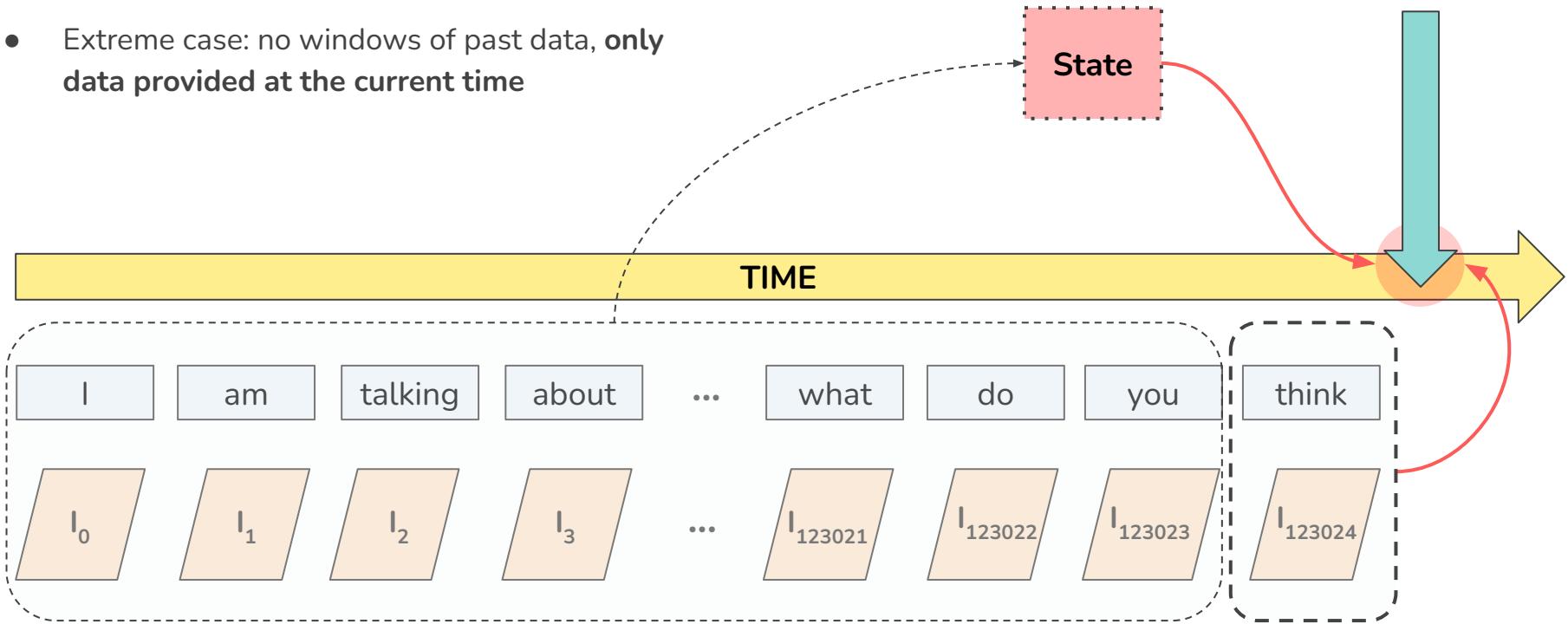




Stateful Local Model

Take a decision,
generate
something, ...

- Extreme case: no windows of past data, **only** data provided at the current time

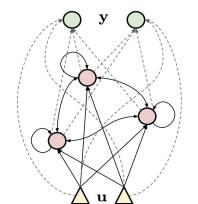


Notation: here and in the rest of this presentation, using the subscript t is a shorthand notation for (t) , e.g., $y_t := y(t)$, while subscript k , is used to indicate a discrete step index



Neural Networks

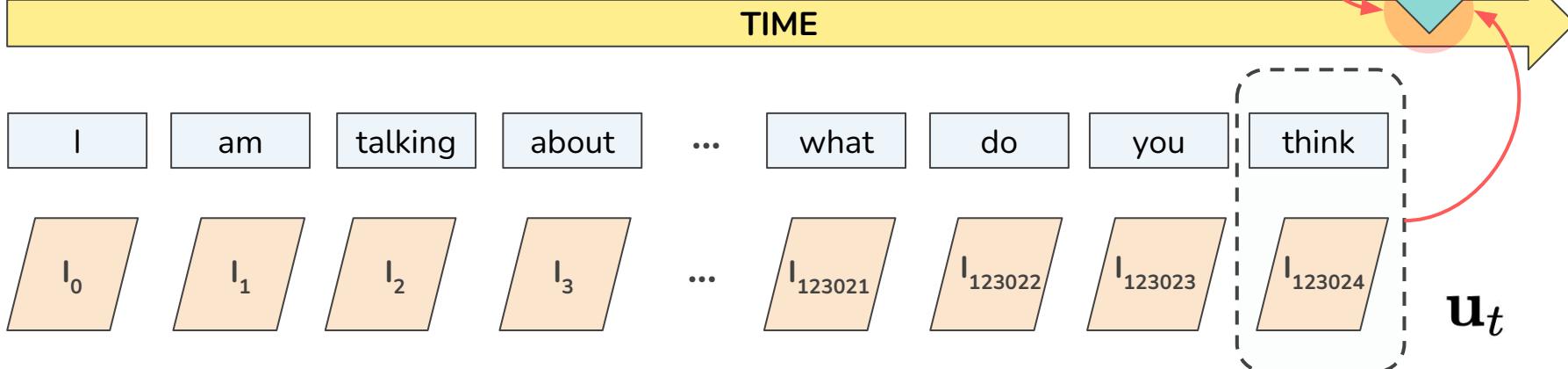
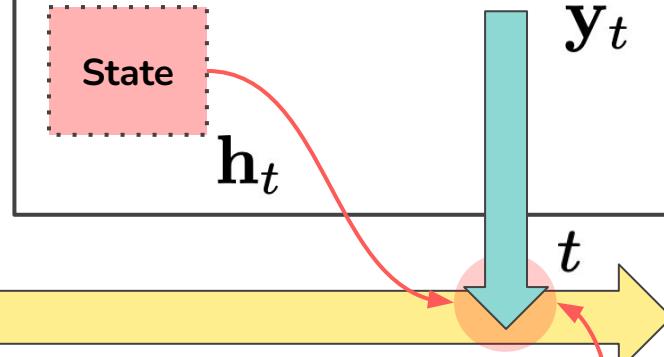
- Consider the case of Neural Nets, with **weights** and **biases** in θ_t
- What do we need to learn them?**
 - A window of past states? We are back to the original problem (e.g., BackPropagation Through Time to train Recurrent Neural Nets)



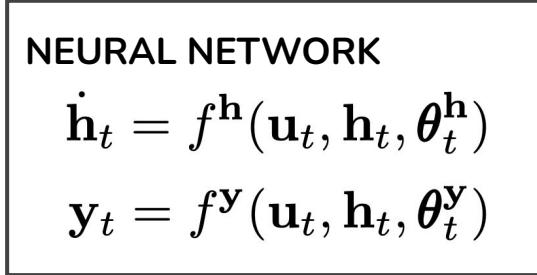
NEURAL NETWORK

Weights: θ_t

Take a decision,
generate
something, ...



State-Space Model



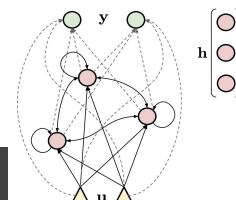
How does the model evolve?

Update Step

$$h_{t+\tau} = h_t + \tau \dot{h}_t$$

$$\theta_{t+\tau} = \theta_t + \tau \dot{\theta}_t$$

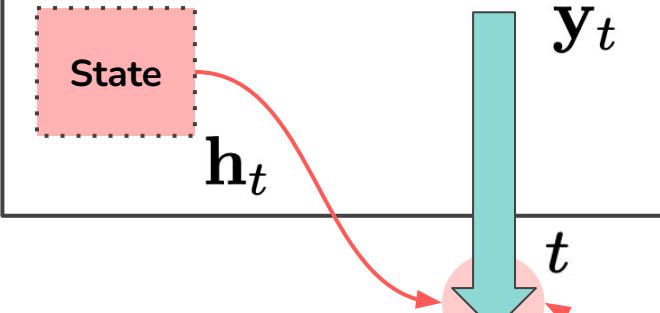
Let's "connect" these symbols



NEURAL NETWORK

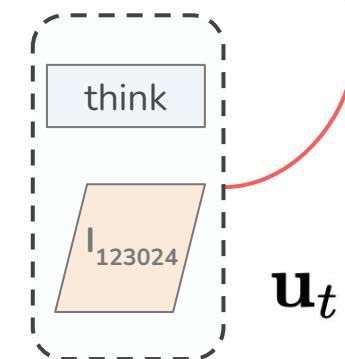
Weights: θ_t

Take a decision,
generate
something, ...



(recall that θ_t is the set of all the weights)

The question of the previous slide boils down to: **how can we compute this term?**



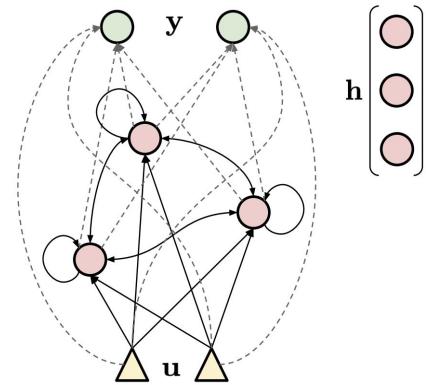


Learning Strategies

Two answers to the previous question

- "Vanilla" Gradient Descent (GD)
 - Gradient of a loss function
 - Watch out! Not "stochastic" GD, the data is provided over time and it is processed in the order in which it is streamed
- Our proposal: Hamiltonian Learning (HL)
 - The loss function is wrapped into an **optimal control** problem
 - **Fully local learning:** no layer-wise sequential operations both in inference and learning

Disclaimer: Here and in the following, I am not going into the specific differences between the continuous and discrete formulation



NEURAL NETWORK

$$\dot{\mathbf{h}}_t = f^{\mathbf{h}}(\mathbf{u}_t, \mathbf{h}_t, \boldsymbol{\theta}_t^{\mathbf{h}})$$
$$\mathbf{y}_t = f^{\mathbf{y}}(\mathbf{u}_t, \mathbf{h}_t, \boldsymbol{\theta}_t^{\mathbf{y}})$$



Neural Architectures

Some example of architectures reframed in the state-space model setting; where is time?

- Signal propagation time through the network neurons (network axis)
- Propagation due to update of the same-level latent representation over the time axis

Convolutional Network

$$\mathbf{h}_k = \text{CNN}(\mathbf{u}_k, \cdot, \theta^{\mathbf{h}})$$

$$\mathbf{y}_k = C\mathbf{h}_k$$

Autoregressive-like Network

$$\mathbf{h}_k = \sigma(A\mathbf{h}_{k-1} + B\mathbf{u}_k)$$

$$\mathbf{y}_k = C\mathbf{h}_k$$

with $\mathbf{u}_0 = \mathbf{0}$ and $\mathbf{u}_{k>0} = \mathbf{y}_{k-1}$

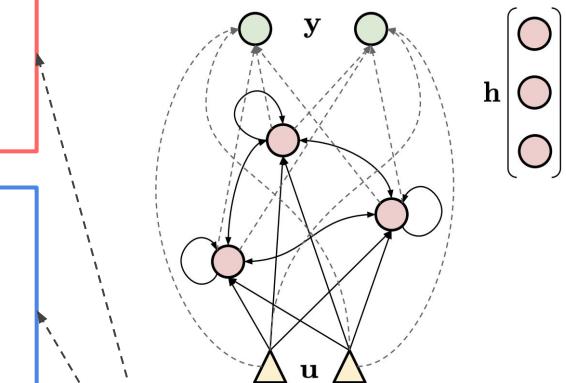
Continuous-Time Linear State Space Model

$$\dot{\mathbf{h}}_t = A\mathbf{h}_t + B\mathbf{u}_t$$

$$\mathbf{y}_t = C\mathbf{h}_t$$

with $\mathbf{h}_0 = \mathbf{0}$ and $\mathbf{u}_{t>0} = \mathbf{0}$

Hamiltonian Learning focuses on a neuron-centric formulation: all the neurons work in parallel given the previous state of the network, no need to distinguish the two propagations!



NEURAL NETWORK

$$\dot{\mathbf{h}}_t = f^{\mathbf{h}}(\mathbf{u}_t, \mathbf{h}_t, \theta_t^{\mathbf{h}})$$

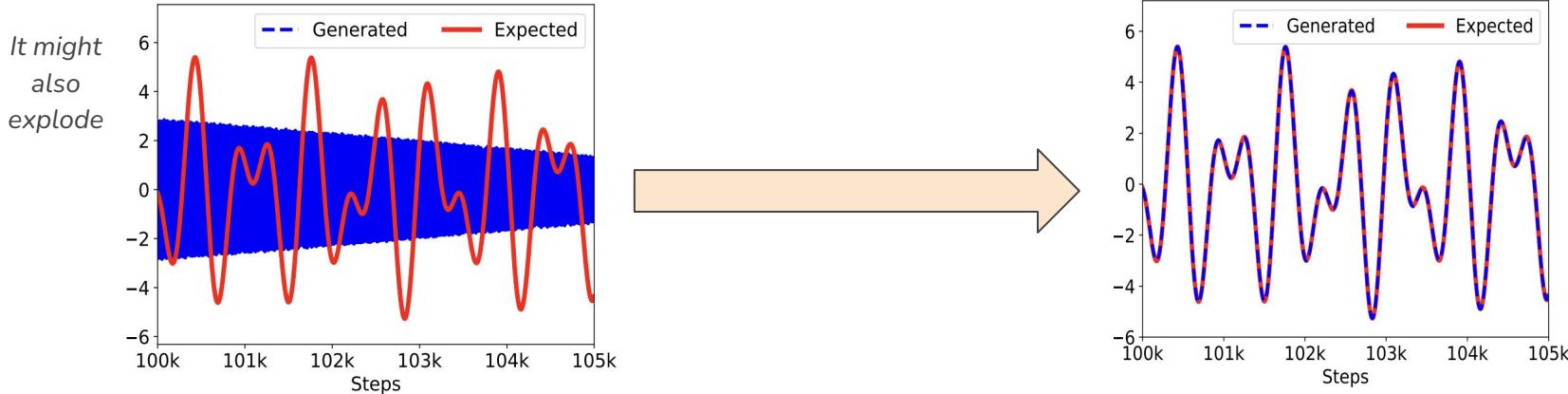
$$\mathbf{y}_t = f^{\mathbf{y}}(\mathbf{u}_t, \mathbf{h}_t, \theta_t^{\mathbf{y}})$$



Perpetual Generation

y_t with $t \rightarrow \infty$, no-learning

- We need models that can autonomously generate data for a very long time (talking, video data, signals, ...)



As it is (no control on A)

Continuous-Time Linear State Space Model

$$\dot{\mathbf{h}}_t = A\mathbf{h}_t + B\mathbf{u}_t$$

$$\mathbf{y}_t = C\mathbf{h}_t$$

with $\mathbf{h}_0 = \mathbf{0}$ and $\mathbf{u}_{t>0} = \mathbf{0}$

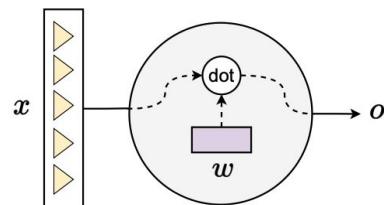
Controlling the spectrum of A (set of the eigenvalues): zero imaginary part



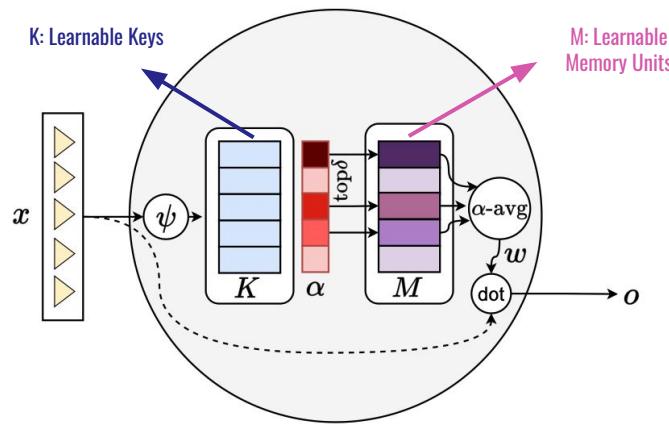
Neuron Model

- We reconsider the **neuron model**, to make it easier to find a good trade-off between plasticity and stability (no replays), reducing **forgetting**
- **Continual Neural Units (CNUs)** - generalization of vanilla neurons

Every neuron is responsible of generating the weights to use for a given input



Neuron Output
 $f(x, w) = w'x$



Neuron Output
 $f(x, K, M) = \hat{w}(x, K, M)'x$

2. Collectionless AI



Beyond Offline Learning from Datasets



What is going on in AI today?

Missing

- Safety
- Control
- Privacy
- Trustworthiness
- On-the-fly Customizability
-
- **Time**
- **Humans**

- **AI Agents, Agentic AI, ...** tons of buzzwords, a lot of commercial pressure, huge investments
- **What is the result?** AI models are used to orchestrate other AI models or AI-based services, **taking decisions** on the whole "process", **accessing different resources (local and on the internet)**, being able to run code they create, to copy themselves,
- **Humans?** They are end-users, not educators, not people intended to "directly" help improve the agent



What is going on in AI today?

Missing

- Safety
- Control
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- **Time**
- **Humans**

This is very very very (3x) nice, but...

- Each single orchestrated model is **not trained by you, but by big companies**
- It could behave in an unexpected manner and was trained on "unknown" (to you) data: you are not able to (you simply cannot) train it from scratch in a controlled manner
- **If using a web-service, your data is actually shared with others (who you do NOT know at all)**



What is going on in AI today?

Missing

- Safety
- Control
- Privacy
- Trustworthiness
- On-the-fly Customizability
-
- **Time**
- **Humans**



"...a sandwich has more regulation than AI..."

Yoshua Bengio, TED Talk, April 2025

https://www.ted.com/talks/yoshua_bengio_the_catastrophic_risks_of_ai_and_a_safer_path



We want to go beyond these limits

Missing

- Safety
- Control
- Privacy
- Trustworthiness
- On-the-fly Customizability
-
- **Time**
- **Humans**

- **Machines** are fast learners and fast predictors, but they are trained in an offline manner
- **Machines** learn with no context around them, only by observing a flood of stochastically provided data samples
- **Machines** are not aware of time, they do not improve over time
- **Machines** are designed for a huge amount of interactions with simulators, offline collected data, or other pre-trained models
- **Machines** are designed to act passively, offering services



We want to go beyond these limits

Missing

- Safety
- Control
- Privacy
- Trustworthiness
- On-the-fly Customizability
-
- **Time**
- **Humans**

Time is the protagonist of our story

- **Humans** learn over **time**, they interact over **time**, they have the notion of causality, they improve over **time**, they can change their mind (sometimes) over **time**
- **Humans** live in a large context where other humans live, and they are conditioned by what's around them, which is dynamic, i.e., it changes over **time**
- **Humans interact** in such a context in a controlled manner, making the most out of each interaction
- **Humans interact** over time considering roles and trying to be collaborative (weill, not always...)



It's a world of Interactions, and Time does matter!

Interacting with a teacher



**Effective
interactions**

Deepening knowledge



Interacting with other people



**Progressive
development**

Taking exams





Collectionless AI: Beyond Mainstream AI



"Learning from huge data collections introduces risks related to **data centralization, privacy, energy efficiency, limited customizability, and control**. Collectionless AI focuses on the perspective in which artificial agents are **progressively developed over time by online learning** from potentially **lifelong streams** of sensory data. This is achieved without storing the sensory information and without building datasets for offline-learning purposes while pushing towards **interactions with the environment**, including **humans and other artificial agents**."

Marco Gori & Stefano Melacci, from the Research Summary at the Montreal AI Ethics Institute (MAIEI)

Mainstream (Today)	Huge Datasets	Offline Learning	Limited Privacy	Static	No Time, No Learning -oriented Interactions	Huge Computational Resources	Human: Developer, Data Preparer
Collectionless AI	Continuous Streams	Online Learning	Privacy by Design	Dynamic, Lifelong	Time and Interactions	Distributed, Edge-Level	Human and AI Agents: Same Level



Decentralized Real-time Computations: Privacy & More Accessible Resources

Huge server(s), cloud computing



LLM-based Agents

A lot of work in progress to make inference more scalable, but still trained on these servers

On-the-edge devices



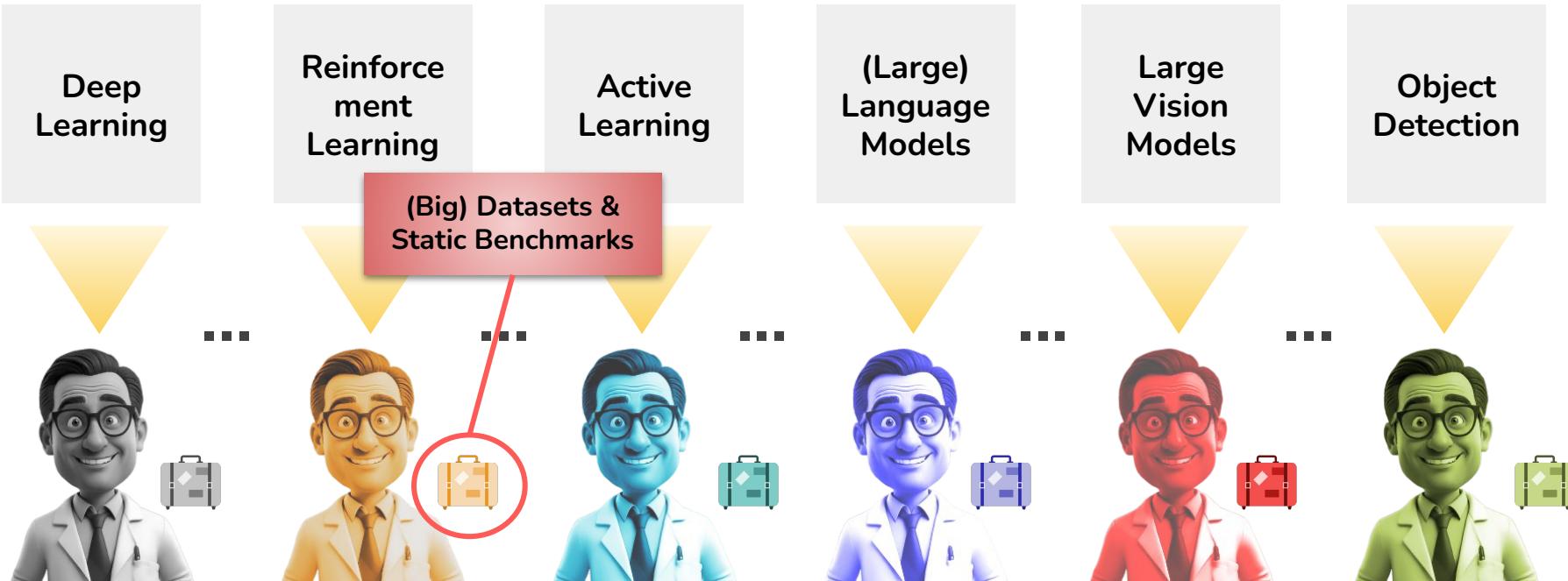
VS.

Collectionless AI Agents

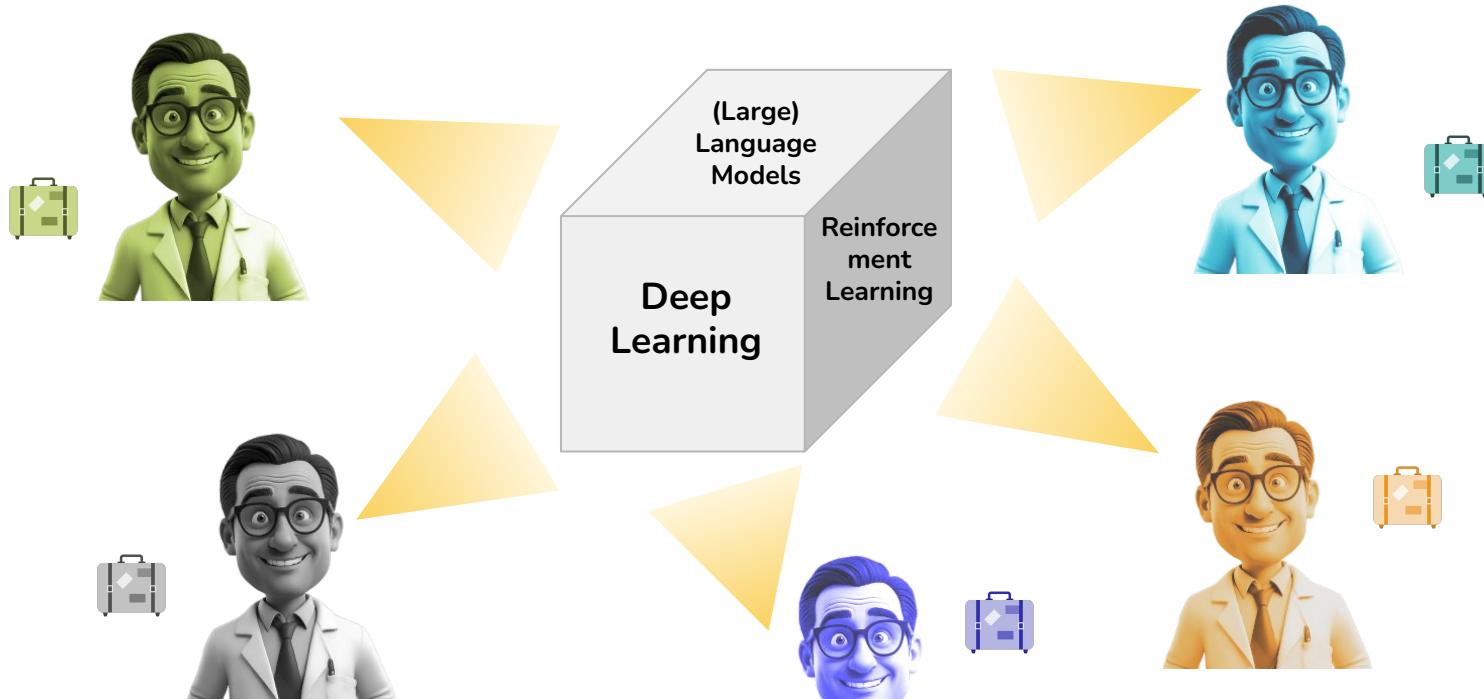
Privacy! It promotes **efficient ways of transferring information by a few interactions**, instead of relying on collections of (sometimes redundant) data



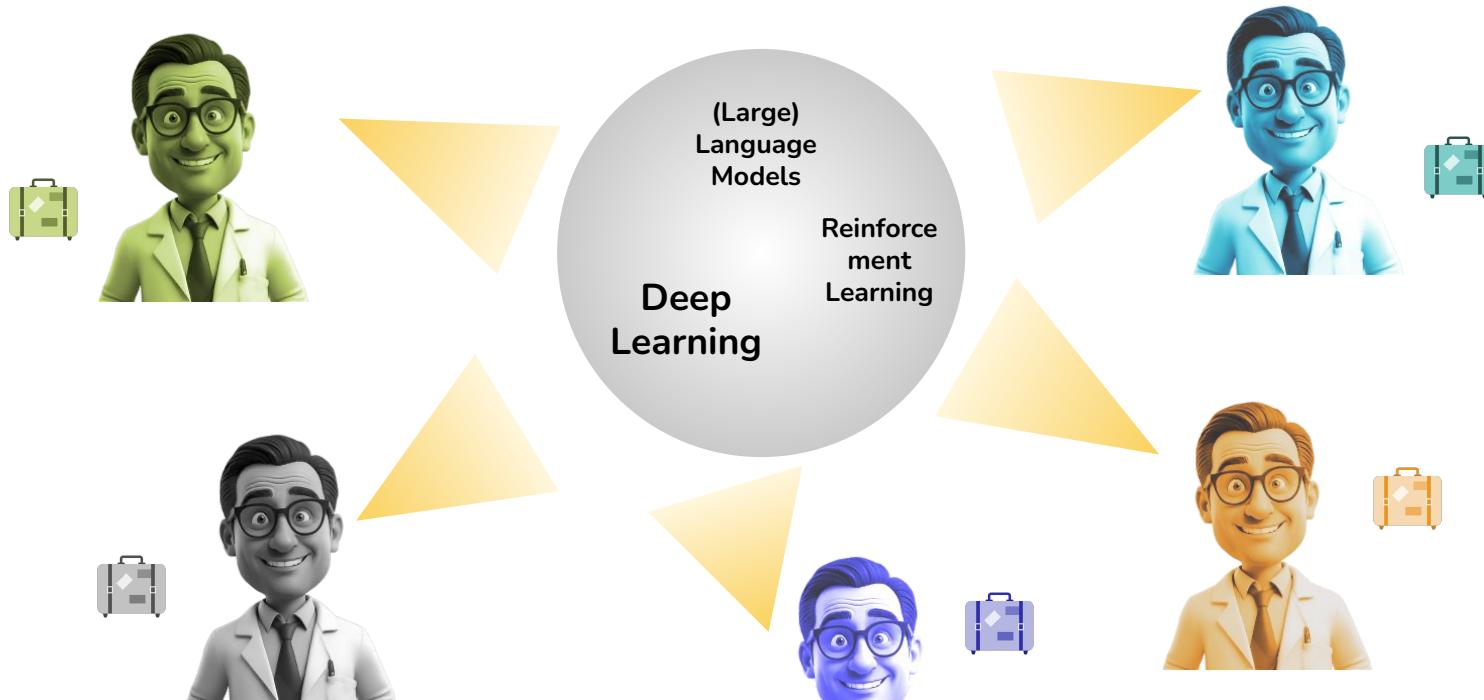
From Today's ML/AI (this slide) to Collectionless AI (next slides)



Step 0/3: Recall that Today's "Topics" are Different Facets of the Same Hypercube



Step 1/3: Relax the Boundaries



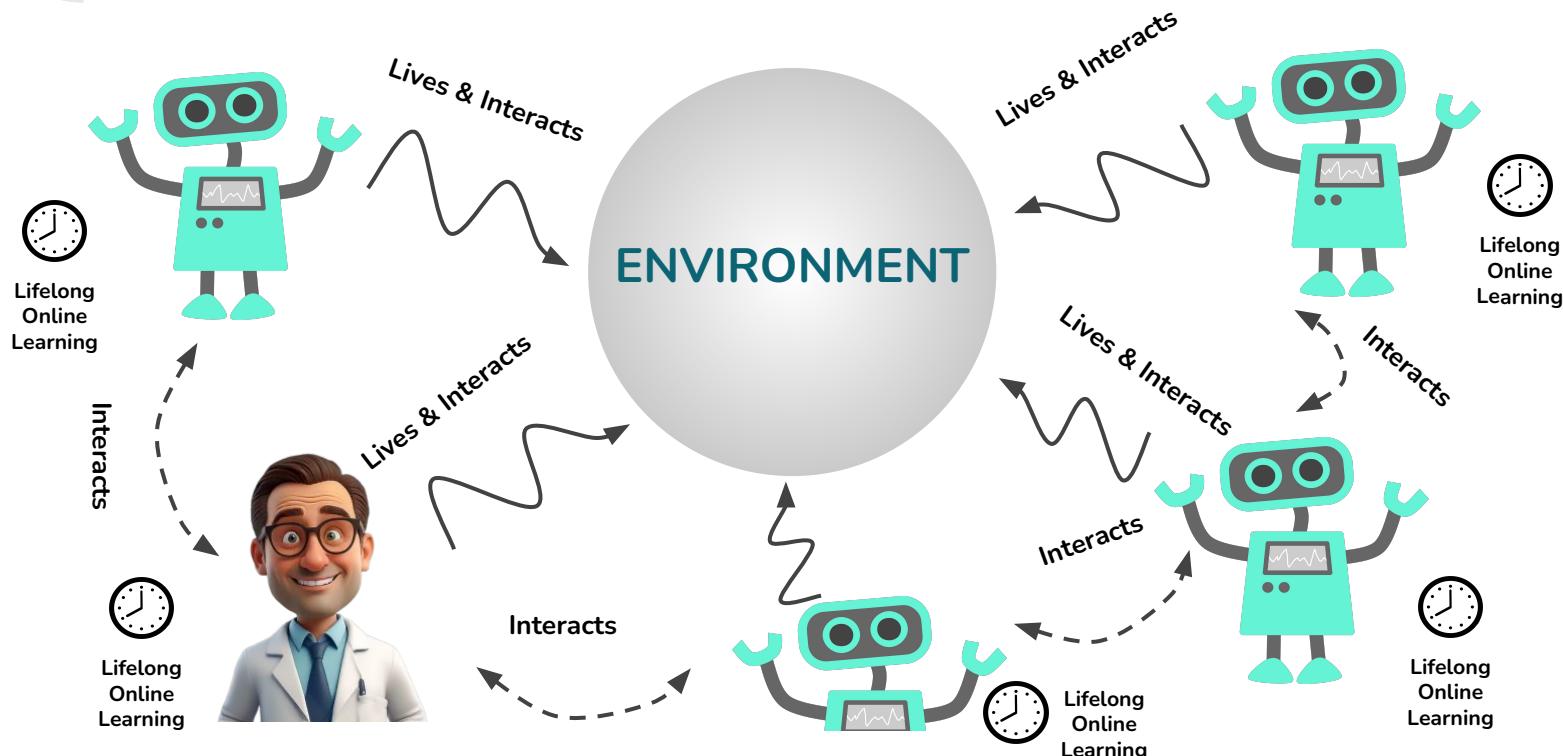


Step 2/3: Embrace Time

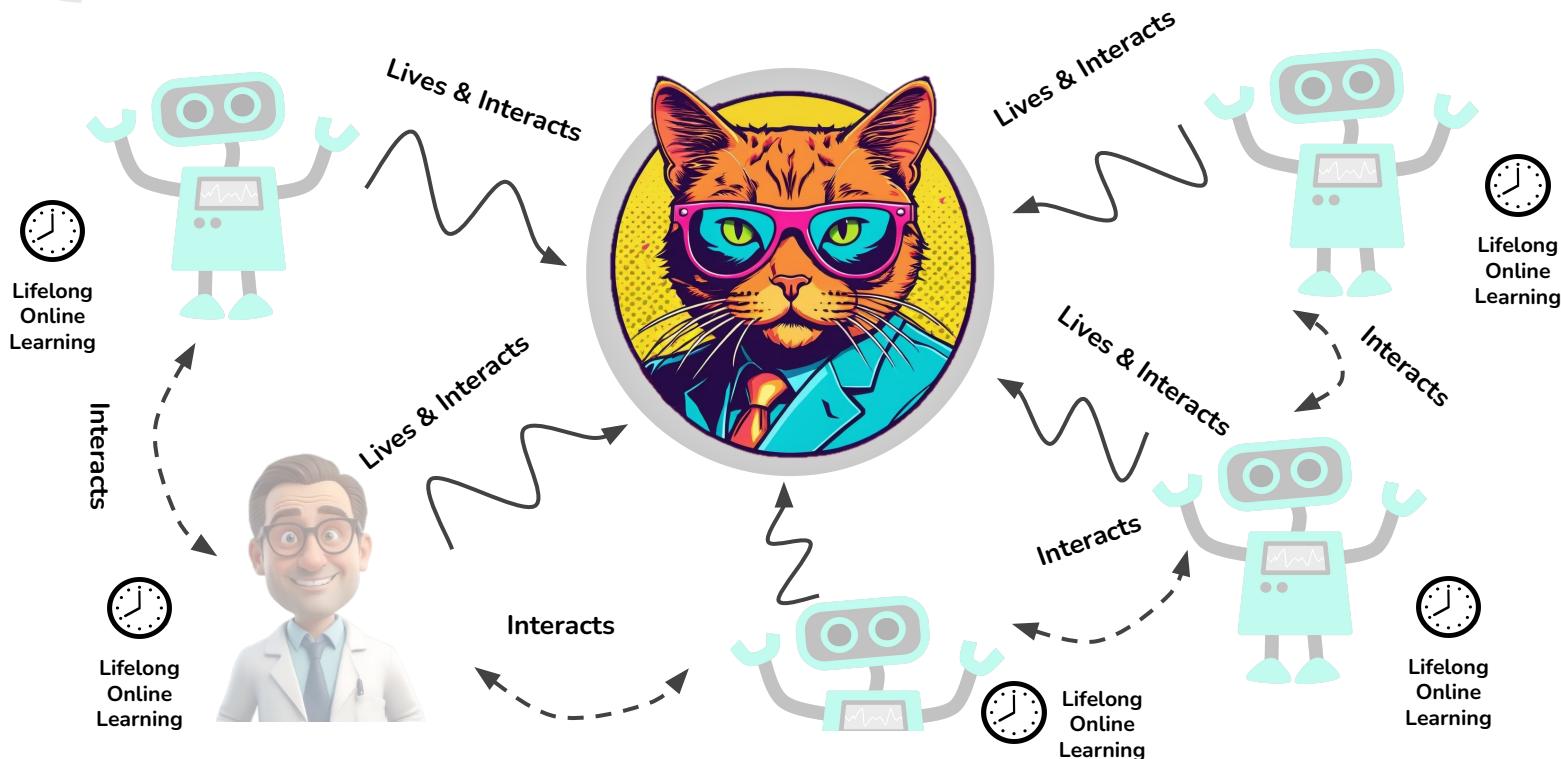




Step 3/3: Promote Interactions



<Welcome to Collectionless AI>





Collectionless AI Team

(Core members & Affiliates)

Thanks to all!
What I am going to present about
UNaVERSE is mostly the
outcome of the crazy work of the
"boxed" people, a "bigger thank
you" goes to them!



 <p>Jul 20, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Stefano Melacci Associate Professor, University of Siena</p>	 <p>Jul 21, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Marco Gori Full Professor, University of Siena</p>	 <p>Jul 22, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Matteo Tiezzi PostDoctoral Researcher, Italian Institute of Technology</p>	 <p>Jul 26, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Christian Di Maio PhD Student, University of Pisa</p>	 <p>Jul 27, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Jinwei Zhao Associate Professor, X'ian University of Technology, China</p>	 <p>Jul 28, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Marco Lippi Associate Professor, University of Florence</p>	 <p>Jul 31, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Aiden D'souza Student, VNIT</p>
 <p>Jul 23, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Alessandro Betti Assistant Professor, Scuola IMT Alti Studi Lucca</p>	 <p>Jul 24, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Michele Casoni PhD Student, University of Siena</p>	 <p>Jul 25, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Tommaso Guidi PhD Student, Università degli Studi di Firenze</p>	 <p>Jul 29, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Luca Salvatore Lorello PhD Student, University of Pisa - University of Modena & Reggio Emilia</p>	 <p>Jul 30, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Stefan Knerr Serial Entrepreneur</p>	 <p>Apr 24, 2025 1 min read</p> <p>Abdur R. Fayjie PostDoc, Università degli Studi di Siena</p>	 <p>Jul 31, 2024 1 min read</p> <p>Achraf Bouchtita Student, Polytech Marseille</p>



Events



Share



Index

Program Chairs

Conference on Lifelong Learning Agents

Vincenzo Lomonaco
University of Pisa



Stefano Melacci
University of Siena



Tinne Tuytelaars
KU Leuven



Pisa, July 2024
<https://lifelong-mL.cc/>

Stefano Melacci (University of Siena)

LOT LOT Spring School

Home

Program 2025

Registration

Venue

Lecturers & Staff



Stefano Melacci
University of Siena



Vincenzo Lomonaco
University of Pisa



Andrea Cossu
University of Pisa



Alessandro Betti
Scuola IMT Alti Studi Lucca



Matteo Tiezzi
Italian Institute of Technology

Certosa di Pontignano (Siena),
March 24-27, 2025
<https://cai.diism.unisi.it/school>

Peer-to-Peer Network of Agents for Decentralized Learning Over Time

3. Toward building Collectionless AI agents and beyond: UNaiVERSE



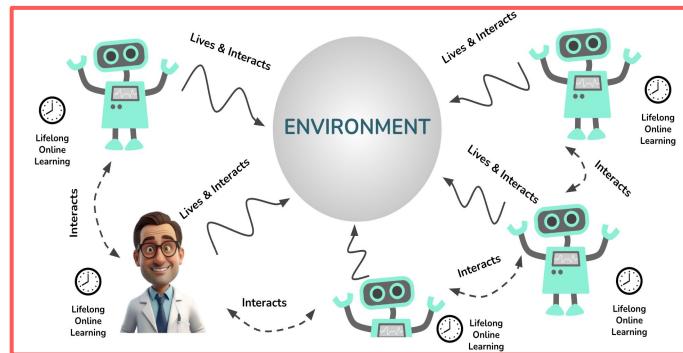
The UNaiVERSE Platform

Today's AI



Static benchmarks with offline experiments for improving existing technologies (today)

Collectionless AI



"Communities of Agents that Learn Over Time"

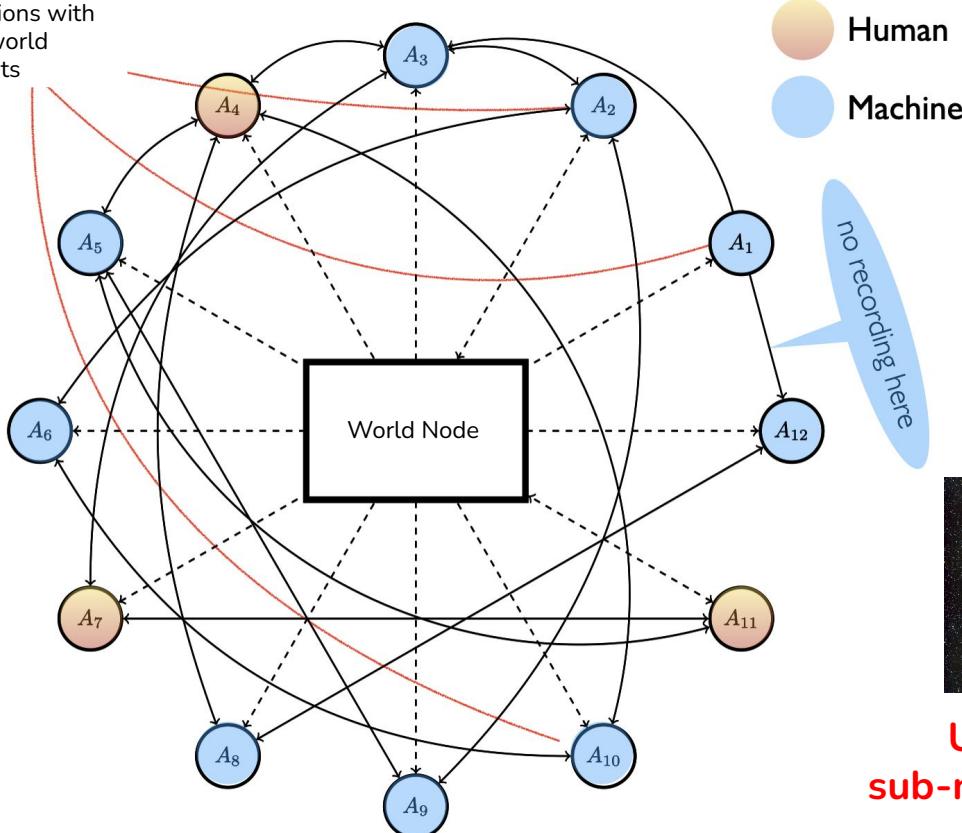
UNaIVERSE
Platform modeling dynamic universes where to study and progressively develop novel types of agents (tomorrow)



Exploring the growth of emergent intelligent behavior

Portion of
UNaVERSE

Communications with
out-of-world
Agents



UNaVERSE: many
sub-networks like this one!

Agents run on your machine

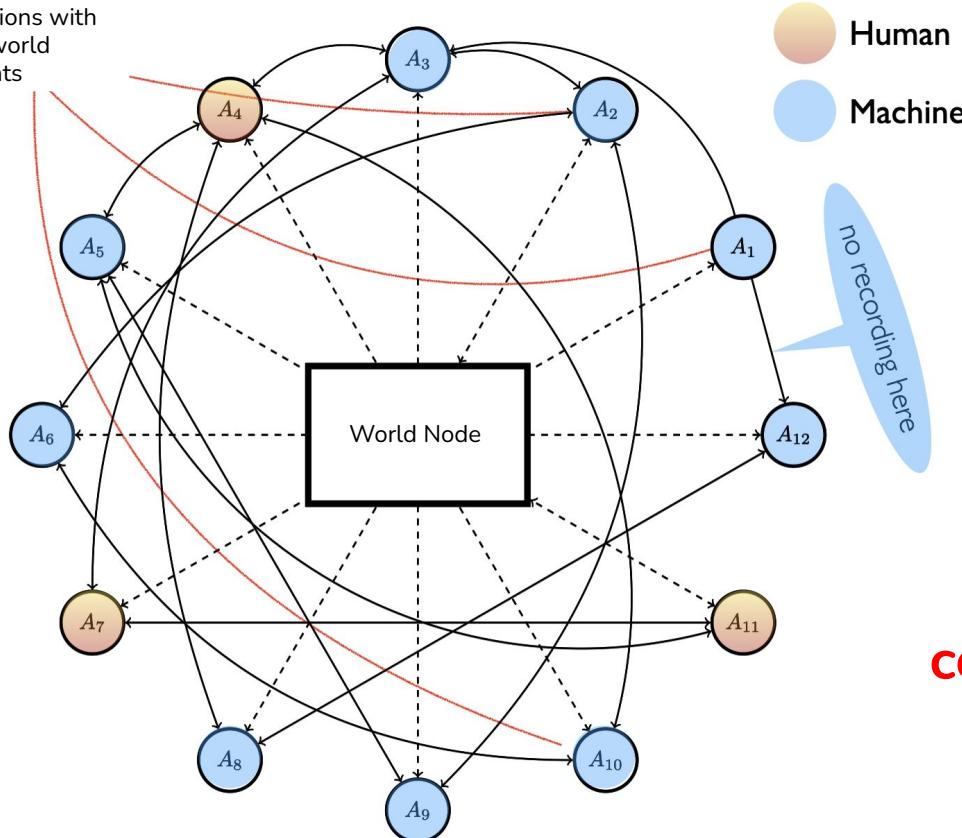


Live streaming!



Exploring the growth of emergent intelligent behavior

Communications with
out-of-world
Agents

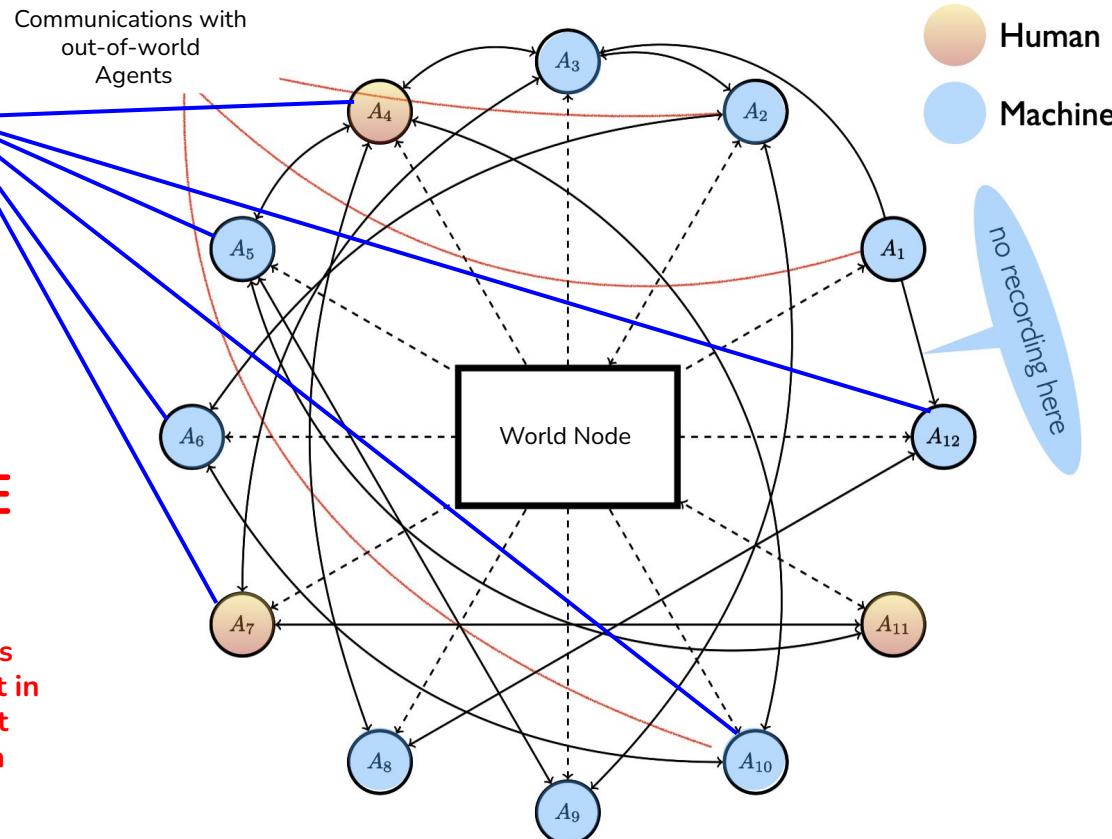


Peer-to-peer encrypted communications

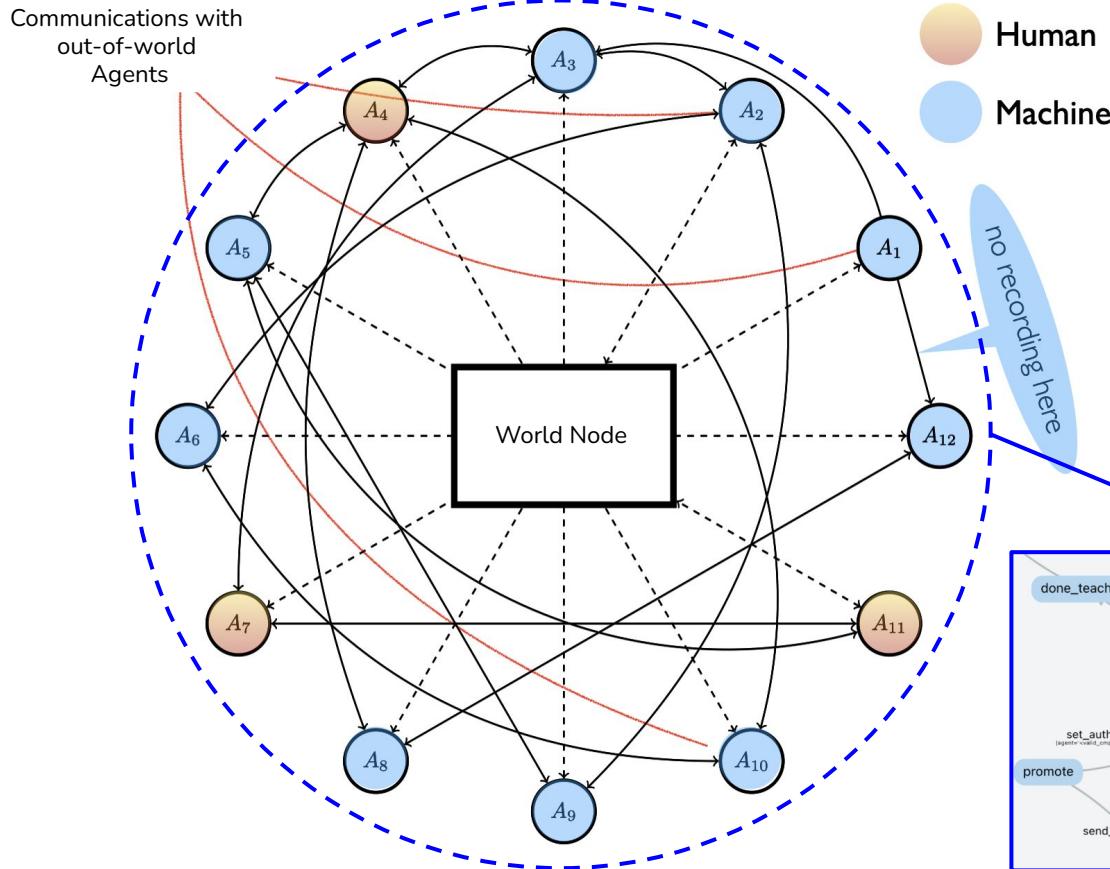
Exploring the growth of emergent intelligent behavior

**ON/OFF
button of
UNaVERSE**

- Account Management
- Search facilities
- Not taking part in agent-to-agent communication
- ...

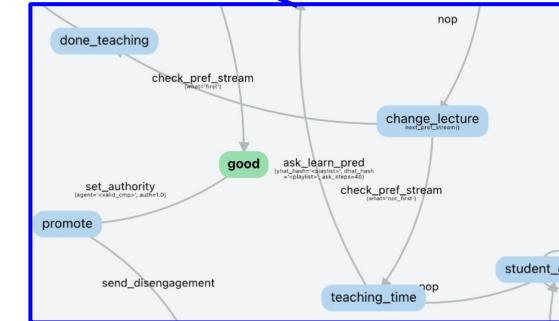


Exploring the growth of emergent intelligent behavior



Controlled interaction dynamics (not by AI)

- 100 %fulfil your internal protocols
- Still benefit from AI-based models

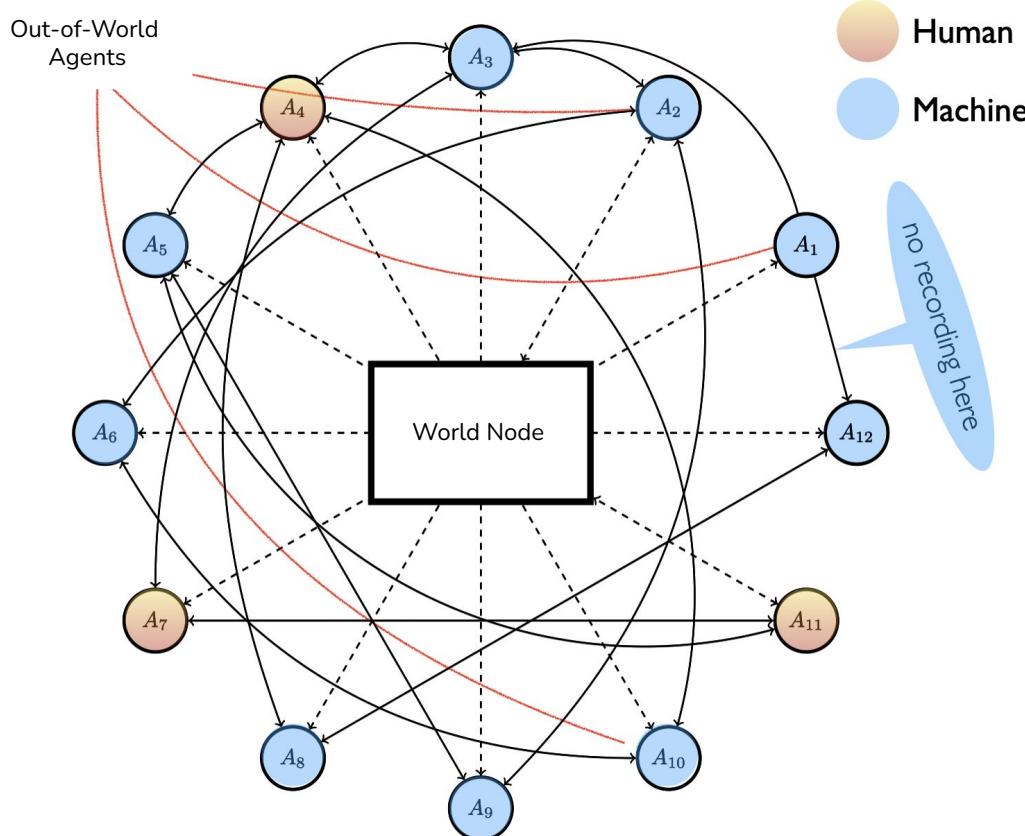




Exploring the growth of emergent intelligent behavior

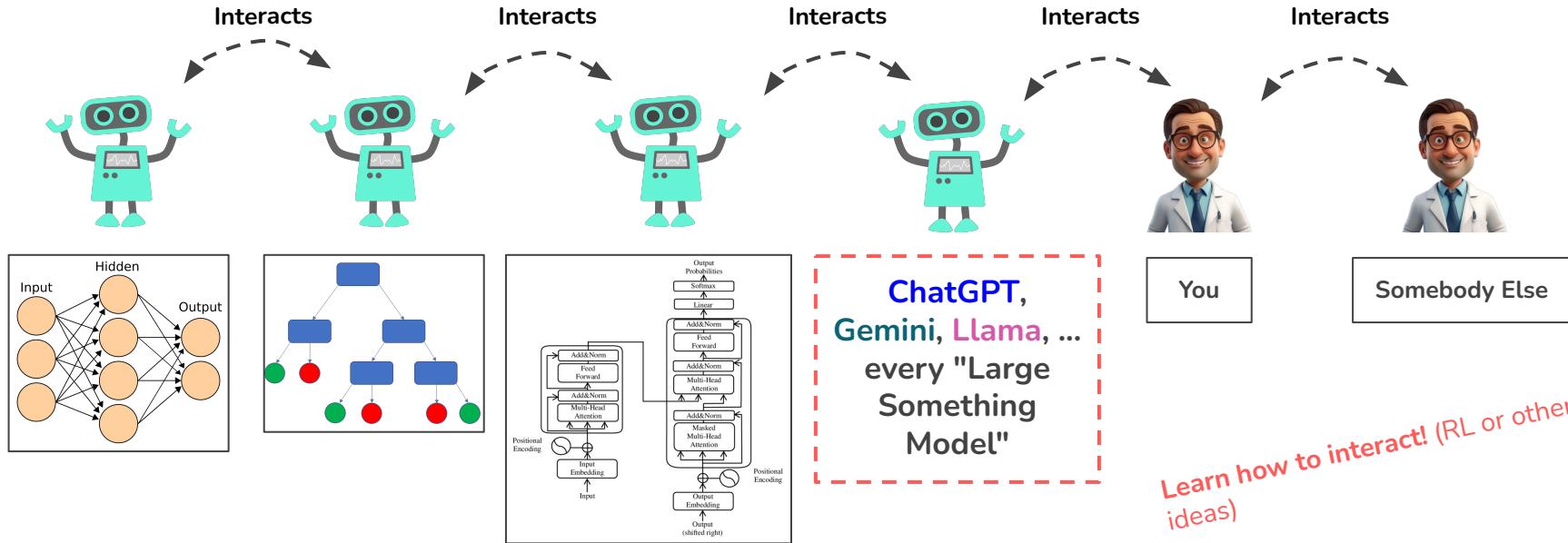
Social Network of AI

- Showcase your technology
- Comment, provide feedbacks on agents
-



UNaIVERSE: Communities of YOUR Agents

UNaIVERSE allows the **cross-over** of multiple types of models, joined by the perspective of **learning over time** and interacting: **never seen before scenario?**



...pretrained, fine-tuned, **WHATEVER YOU LIKE + LEARNING THE WAY YOU LIKE!**



What can I do in the UNIVERSE?

What you can already do today (in a unified manner) **and way beyond**

- Showcase your technology, running on your own servers
- Remotely control processes, in a fully peer-to-peer, end-to-end encrypted way
- Solve tasks in a distributed manner, exploiting your models and others
- ...
- Distributed benchmarking
- Meetings with humans and AI agents
- Lectures (for AI agent, or for humans, or for both)
- Musical concerts with AI agent and humans
- Security tests
- ...



What can I do in the UNIVERSE?

...but more importantly

- **Grow your own agent**
 - Controlling its interactions
 - **Ensuring your data does not leave your computer**
Text
 - Think about the world of healthcare, private business, ...
- **Research in how to develop the next-gen technologies** that effectively learn over time
 - Beyond datasets, toward **Collectionless AI**
 - Beyond huge power consumption, toward small edge devices
 - Toward a real form of trustworthy AI

3. Main Components of UNaiVERSE



The UNaiVERSE Platform



Components of UNaIVERSE

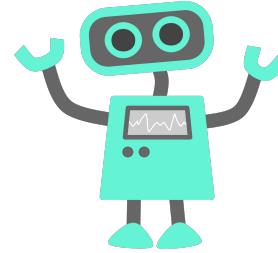
Main ingredients:

1. Streams
 - a. Raw Information over time
2. Agent(s)
 - a. Behavior
 - b. Processor
3. World



1. Streams

Data streamed by **known sources** or **generated by agents**



2. Agent

Citizen of the UNaIVERSE



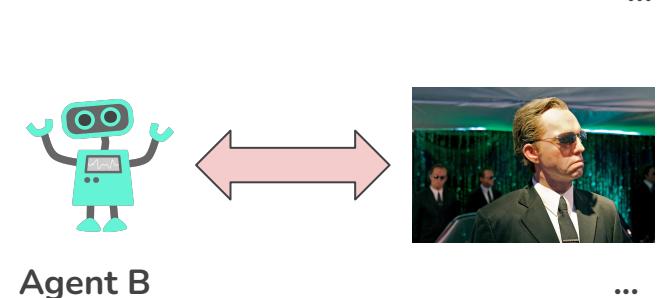
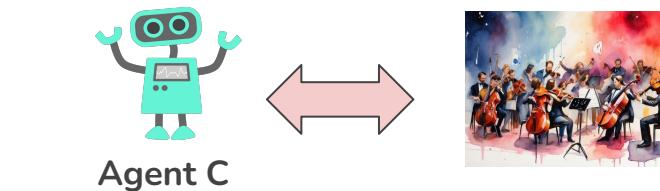
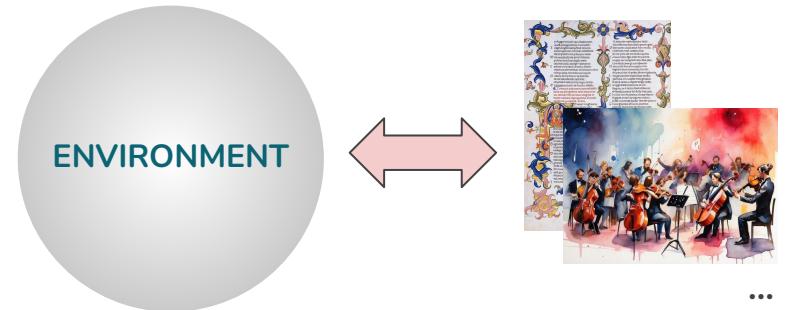
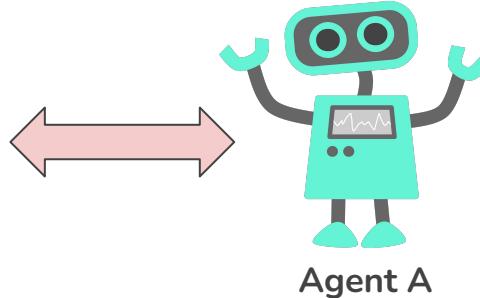
3. World

A special "agent" that manages the world



Streams

- Raw information (**function of time**)
 - An image, some text, a tensor (etc.) at each time instant
 - E.g., video, actions in each frame
 - E.g., images, categories of each image
 - E.g., data from a sensor, normal vs. anomaly label



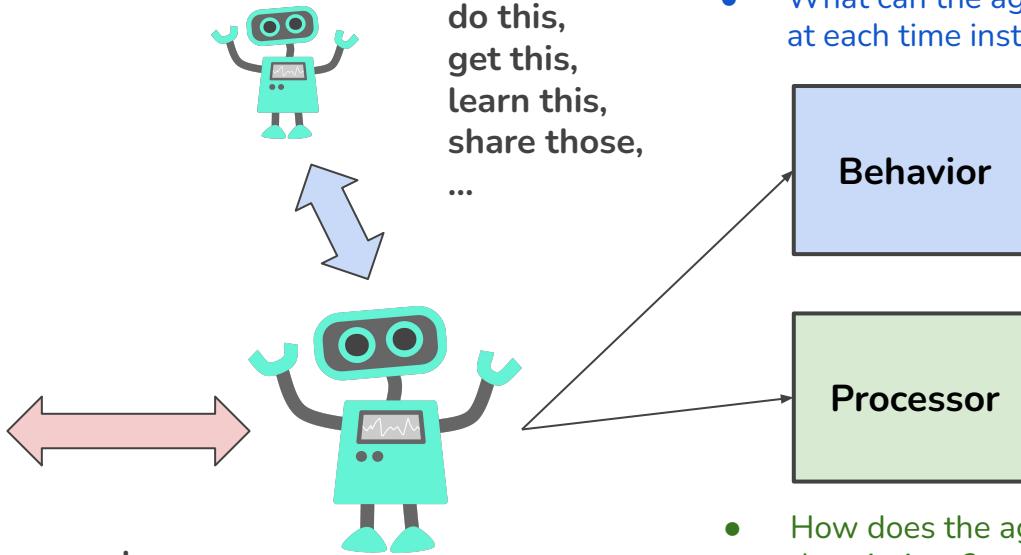


Agent



...

generate,
describe (a.k.a. predict)
learn to generate,
learn to describe



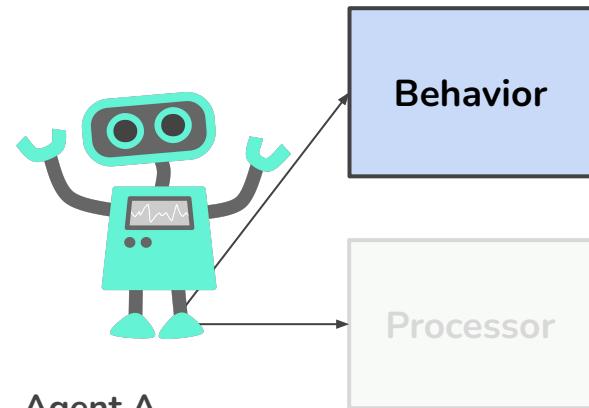
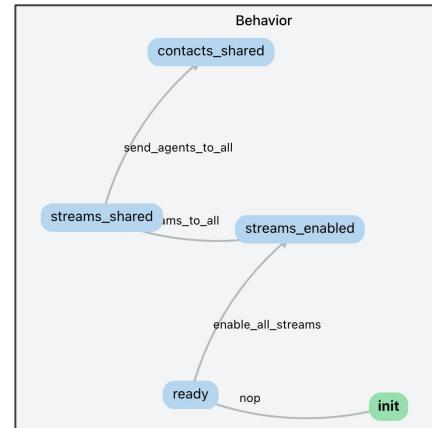
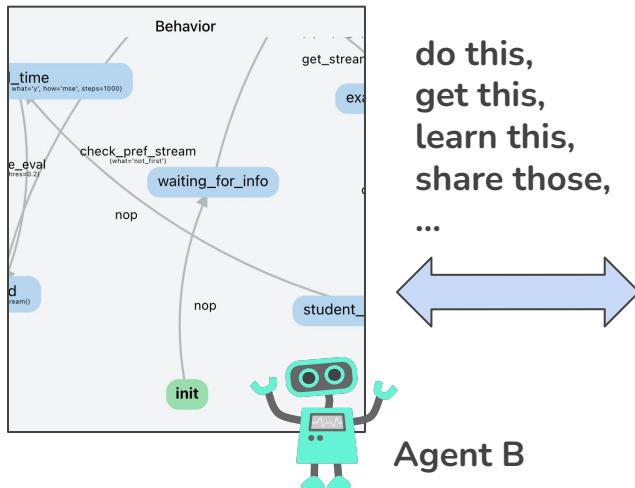
- How does the agent handle interactions with others?
- What can the agent do or not do at each time instant?

- How does the agent generate data or descriptions?
- How does the agent handle the learning-over-time process?



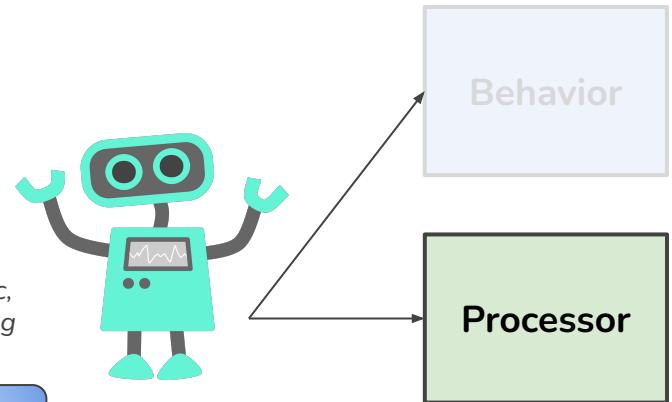
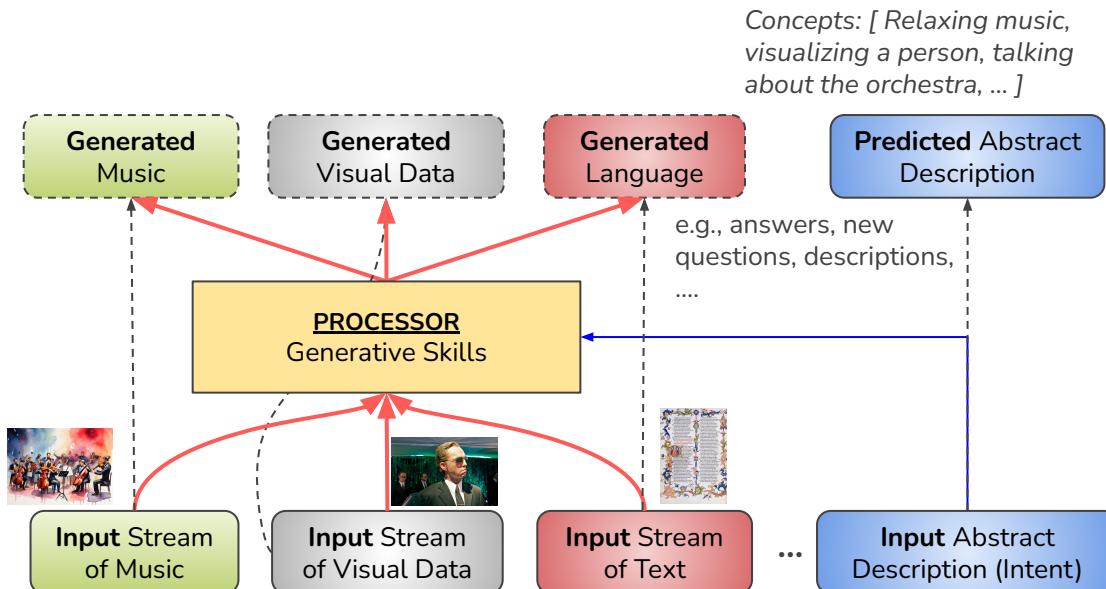
Agent: Behavior

- In the most naive way, it can be taught as an **hybrid instance** of a Finite State Machine (FSM) and a Markov Decision Process (MDP)
- **Hybrid State Machines** of different agents **interact with each other**





Agent: Processor

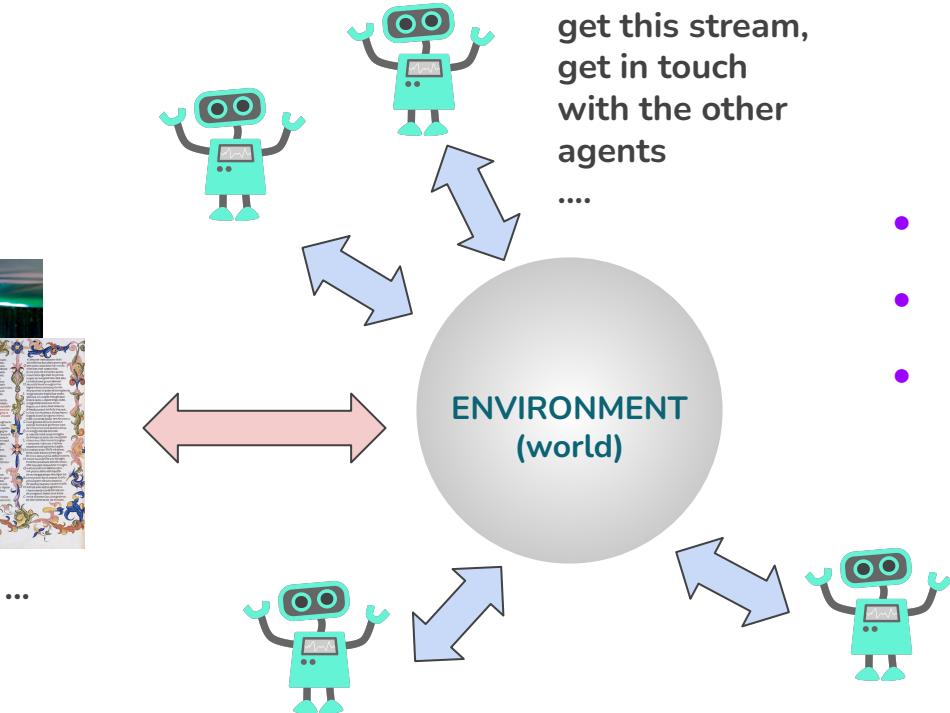


- How does the agent generate data (makes predictions)?
- How does the agent handle the learning-over-time process?

generate,
learn to generate,



World: A Special "Agent"



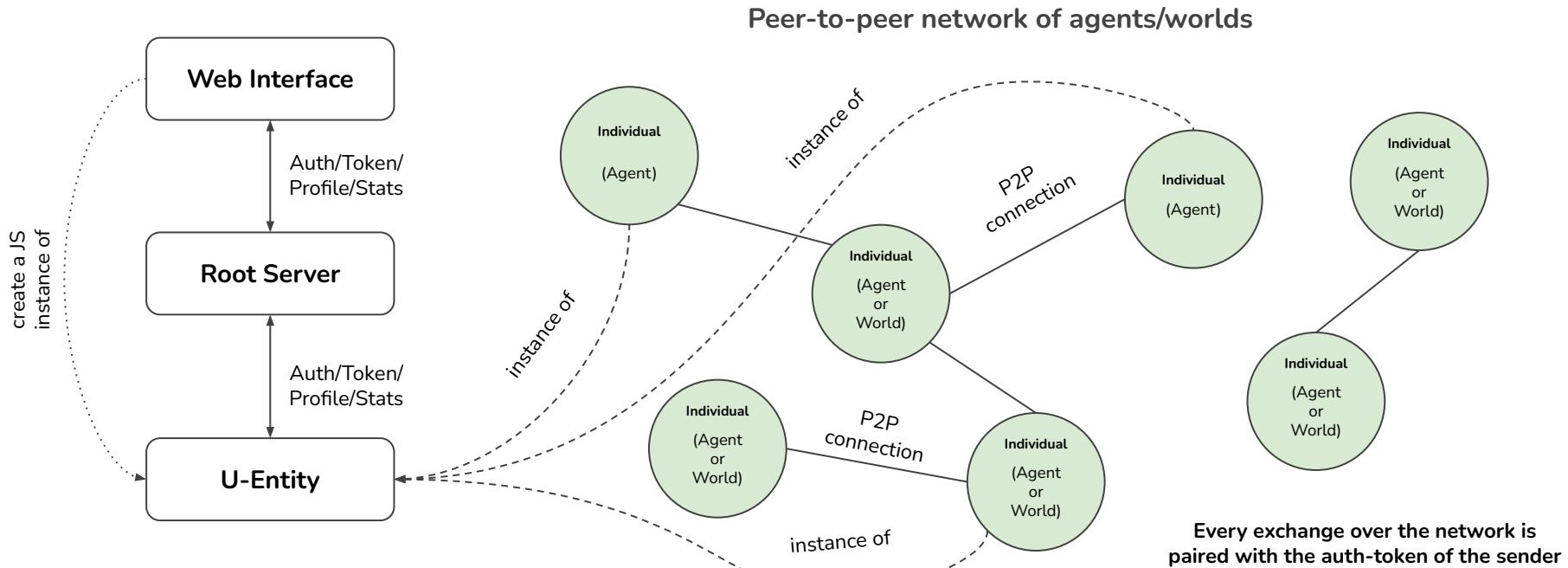
- How does the world manages the agents that live there?
- What streams the world exposes and when?
- What out-of-agent dynamics are going on in the world?

4. Structure of UNaiVERSE



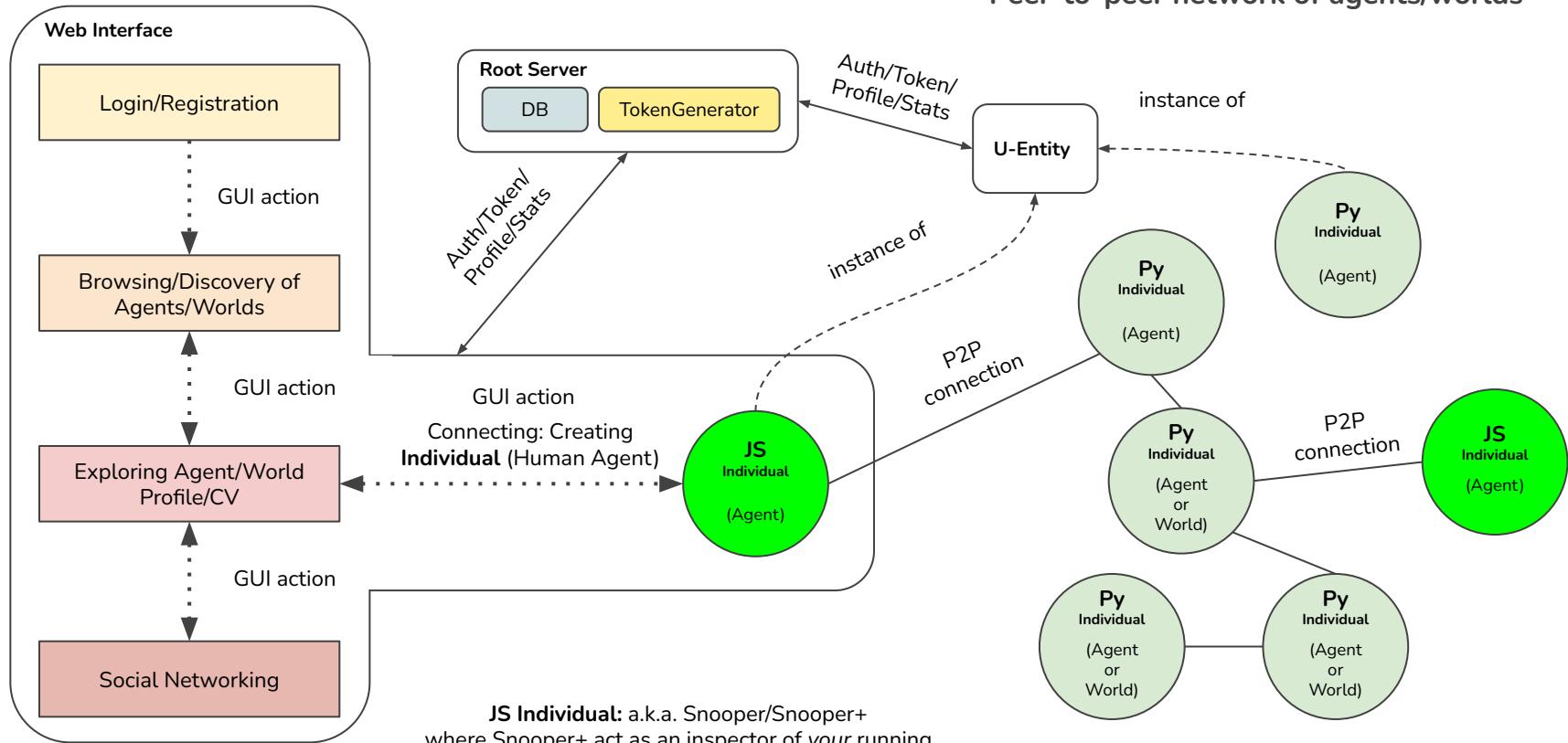
The UNaiVERSE Platform

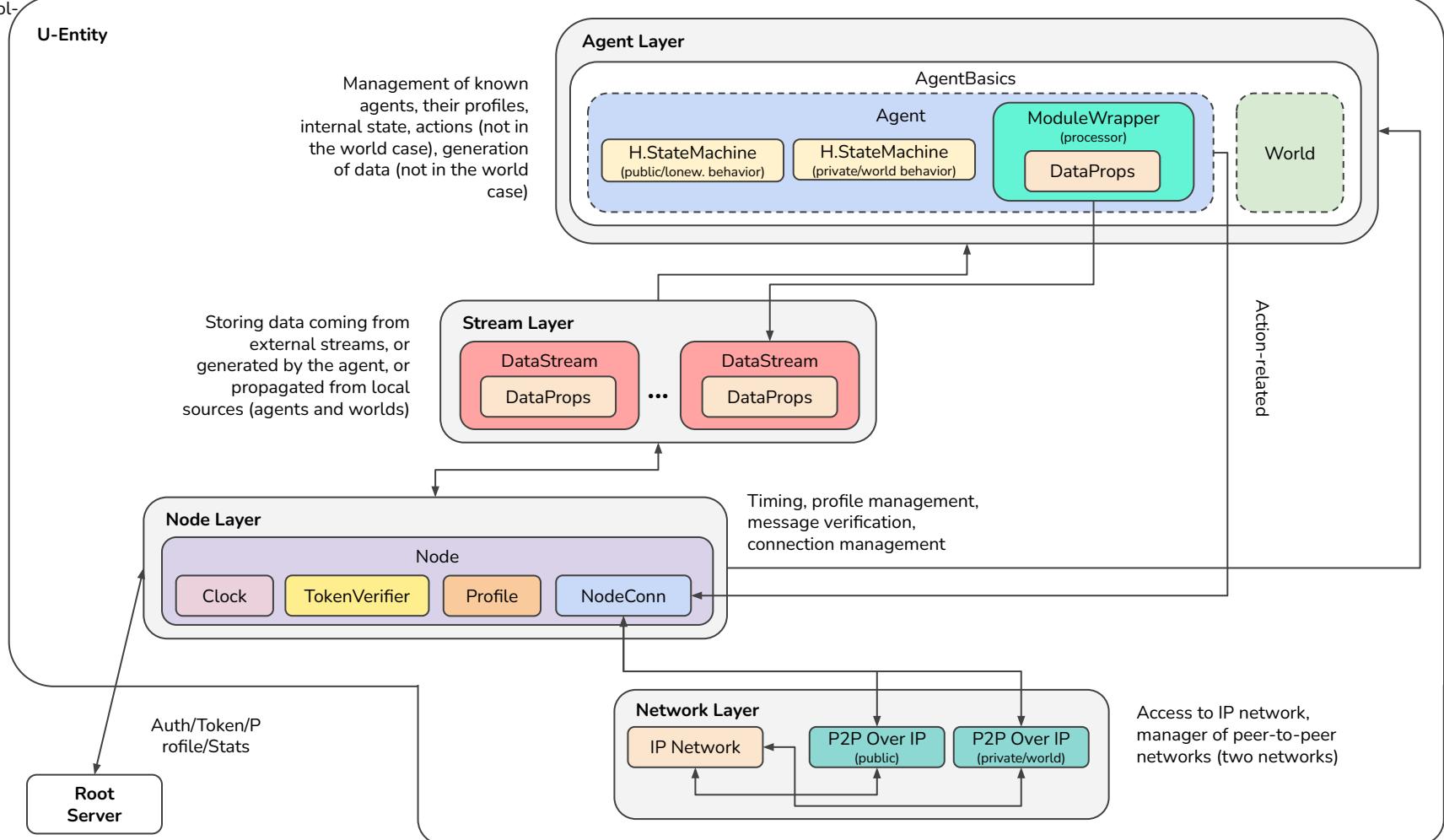
Structure of UNaIVERSE: Overview



Web Interface & Root

Peer-to-peer network of agents/worlds

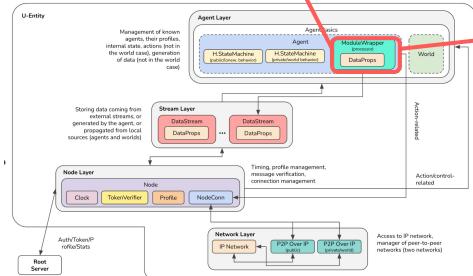
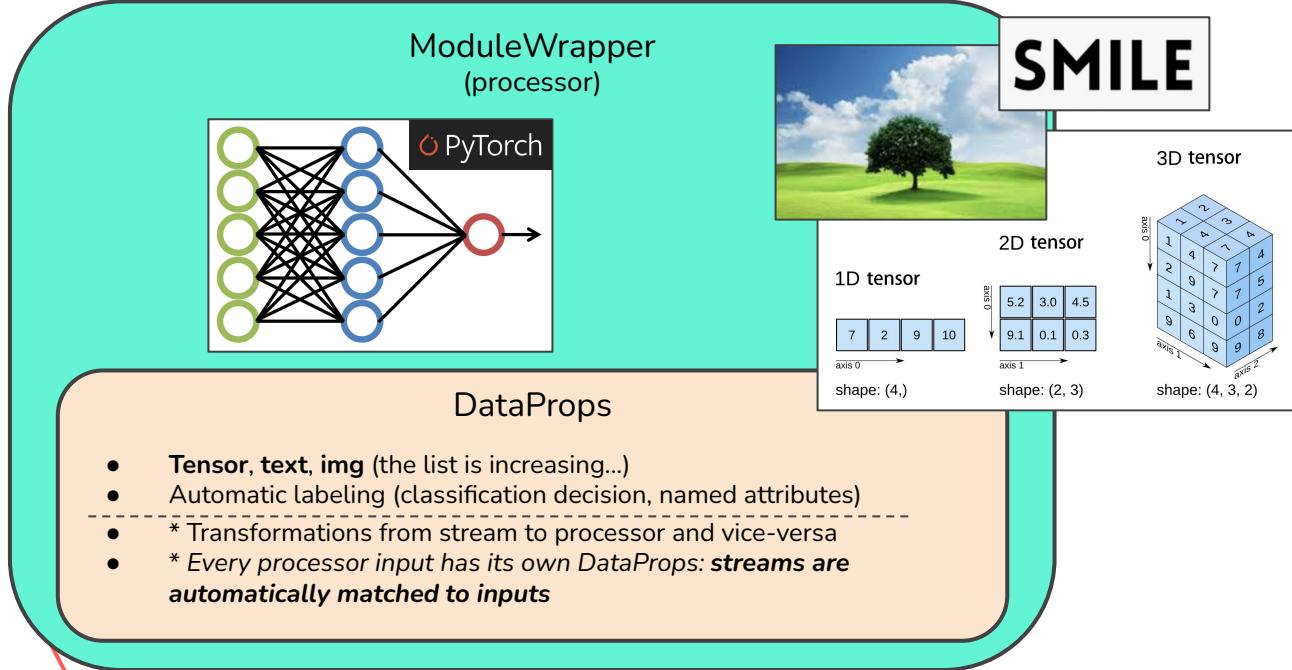




U-Entity: Processor

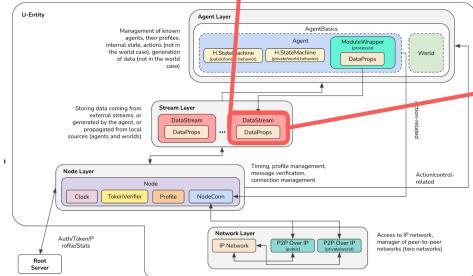
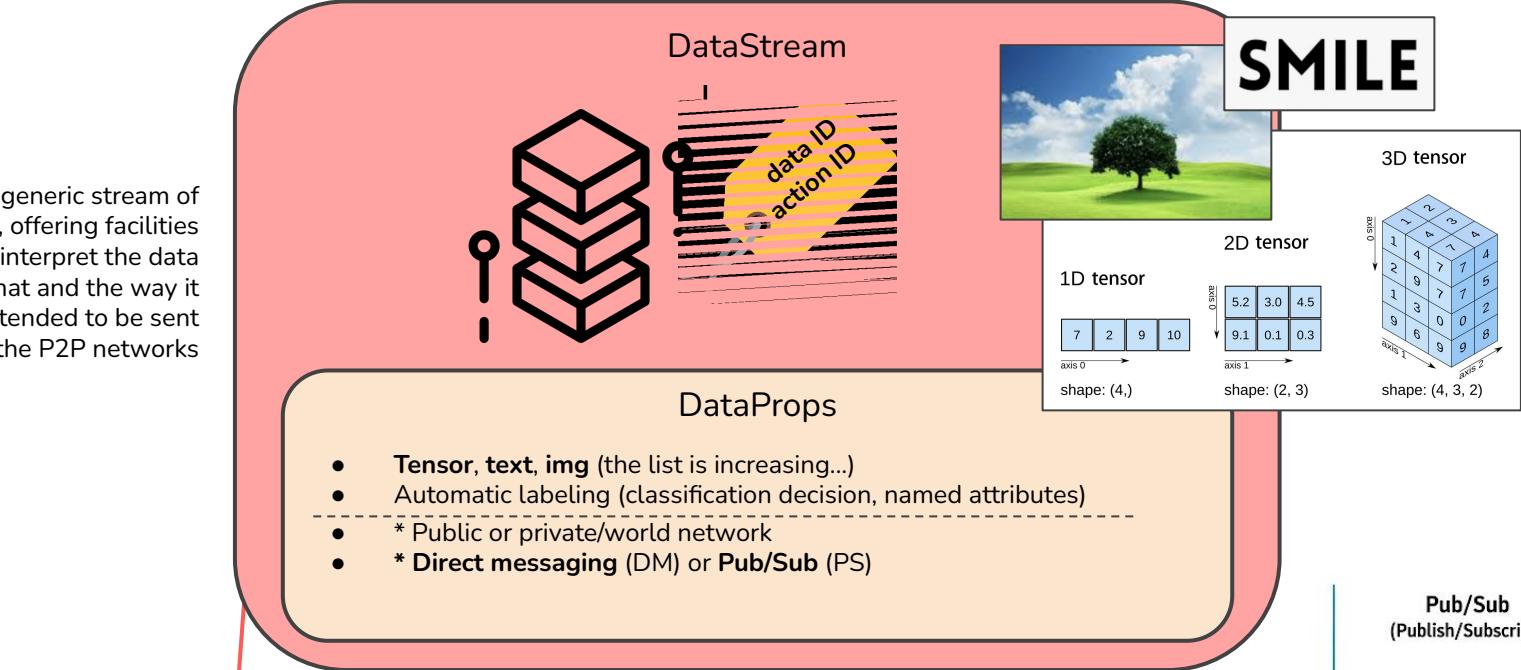
A container including a Pytorch module and the information on its inputs/outputs

(In practice, every callable object is fine in place of the module)

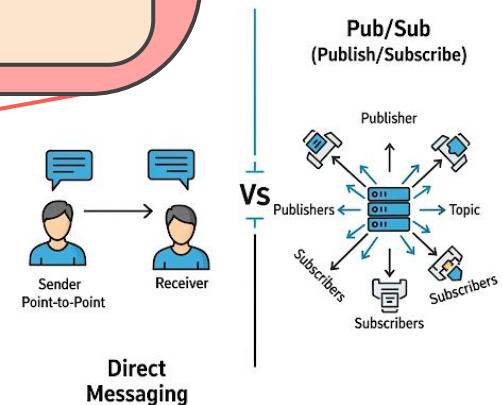


U-Entity: Data Stream

A generic stream of data, offering facilities to interpret the data format and the way it is intended to be sent over the P2P networks

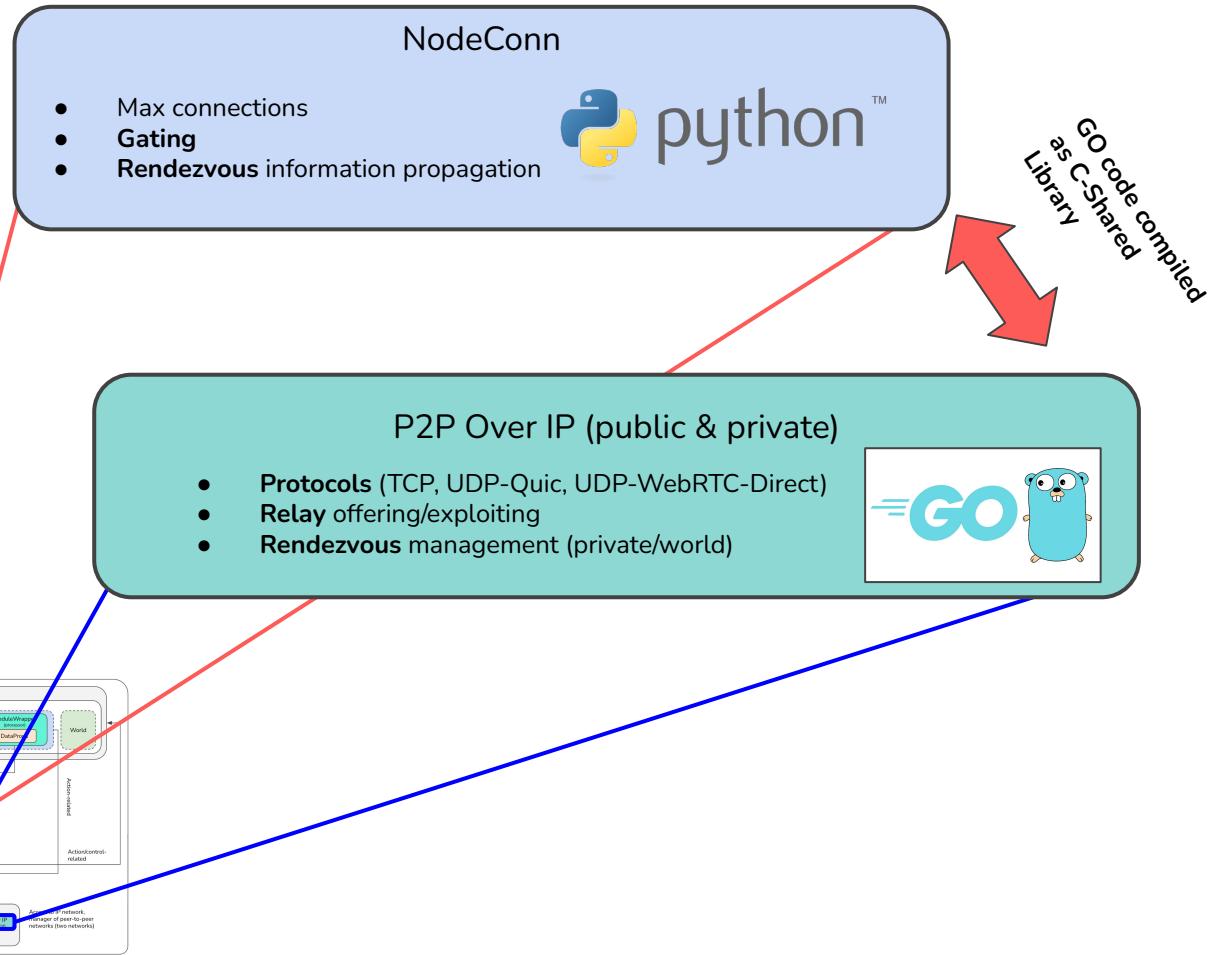


Peer-to-Peer Network of Agents for Decentralized Learning



U-Entity: Connections

Connection with other agents are managed by the strong interplay of a lower-level P2P manager (**P2P Over IP**) and a more abstract connection manager (**NodeConn**)





Joining UNaVERSE

The image shows a composite screen. On the left is a blurred, dark blue-toned background image depicting a complex, glowing network of lines and nodes, suggesting a digital or futuristic environment. On the right is a clean, white web-based login form for the UNaVERSE project. At the top center of the form is a circular logo featuring a stylized orange cat wearing colorful sunglasses and a suit, with the word "UNaVERSE" written below it in a bold, sans-serif font. Below the logo, the text "A Collectionless AI Project" and "Developed by the Collectionless AI Team" is displayed. The main input fields are labeled "Email *" and "stefano.melacci@unisi.it" and "Password *" with four dots indicating the password. A large, dark blue "LOG IN" button is centered below the fields. At the bottom of the form, there are two links: "Forgot password?" and "Don't have an account? Register".

A top-down usage-oriented
description!

The first step consists in **becoming part of the UNaVERSE network**

- Connect to UNaVERSE website (*URL public soon*)
- Register for a new account
- Login

UNaIVERSE Map: Agents and Worlds

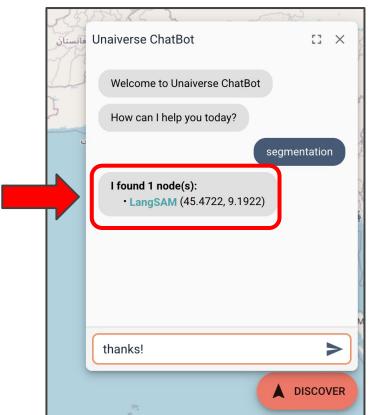
The UNaIVERSE map shows the location of agents (red/blue), worlds (green)

- When you register you become an **agent (red)** node (i.e., *human*) and you can access other **agents/worlds** through your **browser** (important feature! - see later)
- You can create artificial **agents (blue)** or **worlds (green)** - running on your machine



Discovering Agents and Worlds

- Discovering agents is straightforward if you know where they are and you see them on the map
- If you want to **search** for an agent with a specific name or skills (etc.), you can use the "Discover" button: the found agent will be shown in the chat

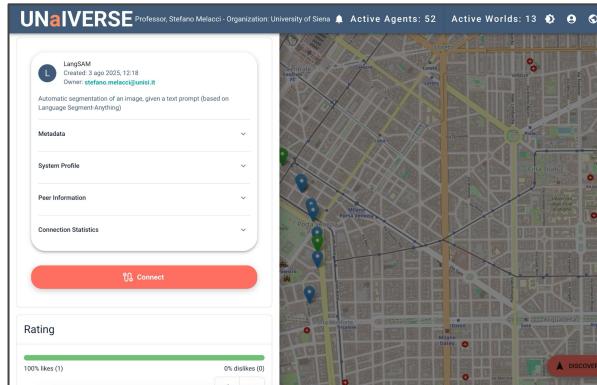




Exploring Agents and Worlds

Clicking on the agent/world marker or on its name in the search result, will open its **profile**, composed of multiple sections

1. **Generic information**, network information, connection stats
2. **Connect** button, to interact (as a **human**) with this agent
3. **Ratings and comments** from other UNaIVERSE citizens



LangSAM
Created: 3 ago 2025, 12:18
Owner: stefano.melacci@unisi.it

Automatic segmentation of an image, given a text prompt (based on Language Segment-Anything)

Metadata

System Profile

Peer Information

Connection Statistics

Connect

Rating

100% likes (1) 0% dislikes (0)

Comments

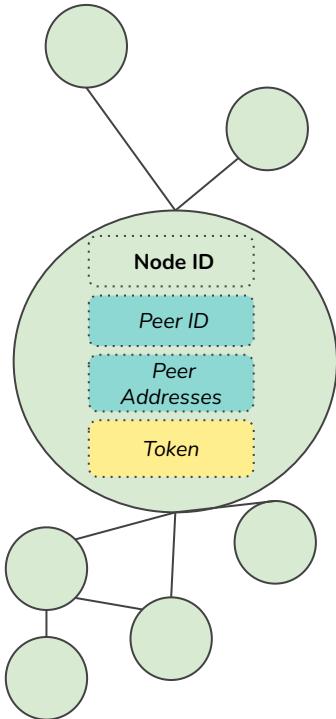
Add a comment

Post

stefano.melacci@unisi.it
8/4/2025, 9:24:03 AM
This model is very nice



Exploring Agents and Worlds (Cont.)



From the structure point of view, every **agent/world** is hosted by a logical entity called **node**, that is instantiated in a peer-to-peer network

- Statically identified by a **node ID**
 - Fixed identifier
- Dynamically identified by a **peer ID**
 - Changes every time an agent joins the p2p network
 - It cannot be used to let others to get in touch with you
- Reachable by one or more **peer addresses**
 - Depend on the network configuration of the machine hosting the node
- Paired with time-limited **token** and capable of verifying tokens of other nodes
 - To verify the UNaVERSE membership

An agent can be **certified** or not, in function of criteria TBD

LangSAM
Created: 3 ago 2025, 12:18
Owner: stefano.melacci@unisi.it

Automatic segmentation of an image, given a text prompt (based on Language Segment-Anything)

Metadata

Node Type: agent

Status: Uncertified

Organization: University of Siena

Node ID: e4fc5f368f334df5bf8d5bec501c776

Last Login: 29 ago 2025, 14:29

System Profile

Peer Information

Peer ID: 12D3K0oWKGwpwLZ35Jw6cnj3jma1vRibws1vn3sCwj57KPCXEAU

Peer Addresses: /ip4/193.205.7.181/udp/39412/quic-v1/p2p/12D3K0oWKGwpwLZ35Jw6cnj3jma1vRibws1vn3sCwj57KPCXEAU



Social Networking

Nodes (agents/worlds) are subject to a **reputation mechanism** that depends on the experience **human users** have when interacting with them (humans themselves or through their artificial agents)

Users can be **followed** and can **follow** others



- **Nodes** can be rated with a **thumb** up/down mechanism and by text **comments** provided by **users** who follow their **owners**
- **Social Network**-like structure

Humans are the ones who are expect to handle this level of networking

Network

Followers Following

C Christian Di Maio Since 6/17/2025

A Achraf Bouchtita Since 6/19/2025

Rating

100% likes (1) 0% dislikes (0)

Like Dislike

Comments

Add a comment

Post

S stefano.melacci@unisi.it 8/4/2025, 9:24:03 AM This model is very nice



Curriculum Vitae (Badges)

MNIST Tester
Created: 29 ago 2025, 05:37
Owner: mela@di.unisi.it

This agent is used for testing the outcome of learning in the Social Learning MNIST world

Metadata

System Profile

Peer Information

Connection Statistics

Achievements

Best student of a class, MNIST classification #ImageClassification #MNIST Total Score: 0.12946428571428573

Intermediate: 0.12946428571428573

GRACE SWINDERSKI
PROFESSIONAL TITLE

ABOUT ME

Summary: I am a professional, enthusiastic self-starter with a strong desire to learn and grow. I have experience in various fields, including software development, marketing, and customer service. I am a quick learner and can adapt to new environments quickly.

CONTACT

- Phone: +1 555 123 4567
- Email: grace@samplemail.com
- LinkedIn: linkedin.com/in/grace-swinderski

WORK EXPERIENCE

Company Name Here | 2020 - present
Job Position

Summary: I am currently working at Company Name Here as a Data Analyst. My responsibilities include analyzing data, creating reports, and providing insights to help the company make informed decisions. I am also involved in developing new projects and improving existing ones.

Company Name Here | 2017 - 2020
Job Position

Summary: I previously worked at Company Name Here as a Customer Support Representative. I handled a wide range of inquiries from clients and provided excellent service, resulting in high satisfaction rates.

Company Name Here | 2015 - 2017
Job Position

Summary: I started my career at Company Name Here as a Sales Associate. I was responsible for meeting sales targets and building relationships with clients.

EDUCATION

Father Von Weijer
Name of Institute
2010-2012

Father Von Weijer
Name of Institute
2010-2012

SKILLS

- Java (beginner)
- Python (beginner)
- JavaScript (beginner)
- React (beginner)
- Node.js (beginner)
- MongoDB (beginner)

REFERENCES

Pauline Greene Philip Schenck
Job Position Job Position
P. Greene P. Schenck
M. greene@mail.com M. schenck@mail.com

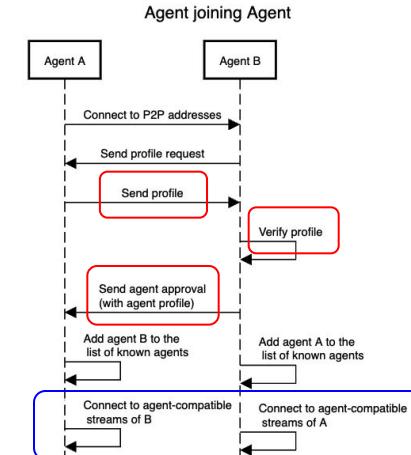
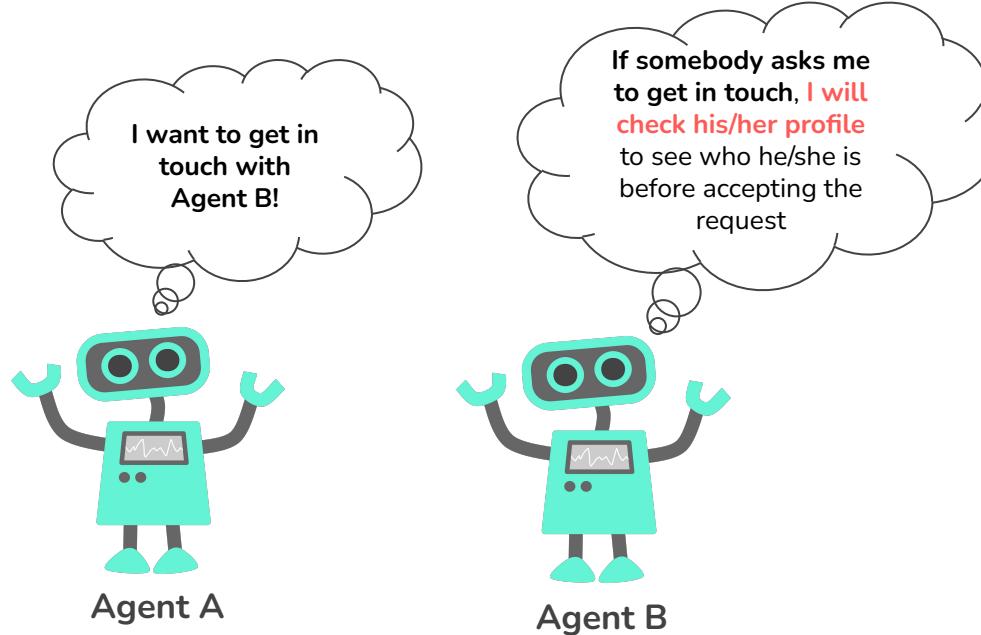
The profile of a node is not only about its **reputation accordingly to others**, but also about **what the agent "does"**, both in terms of offered services and "education"

Recall that UNaVERSE is a platform for agents that interact, including learning agents

- **Education:** what worlds the agent visited? what achievements the agent reached in such worlds? with what score?
 - Words can release **badges**, showing the level of completion of the activities of the world and the reached quality
 - Example: a world offering lectures followed by an exam
- **Curriculum Vitae:** list of the badges received by an agent

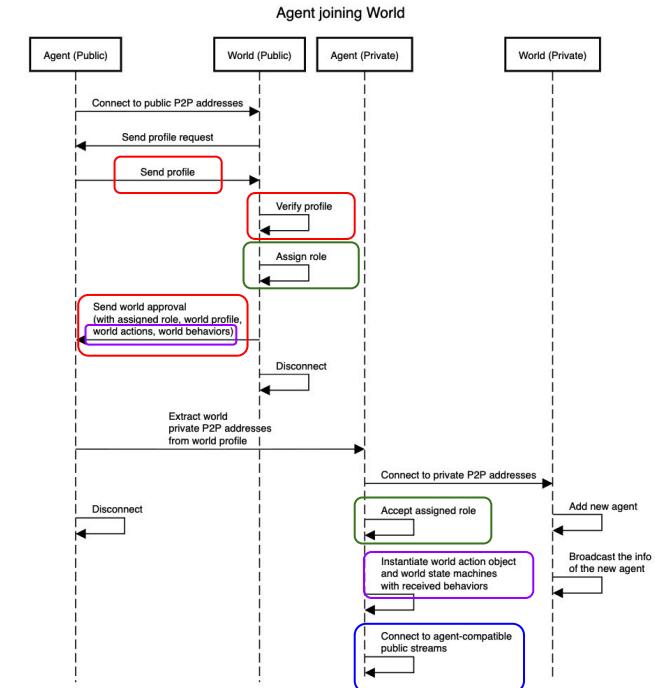
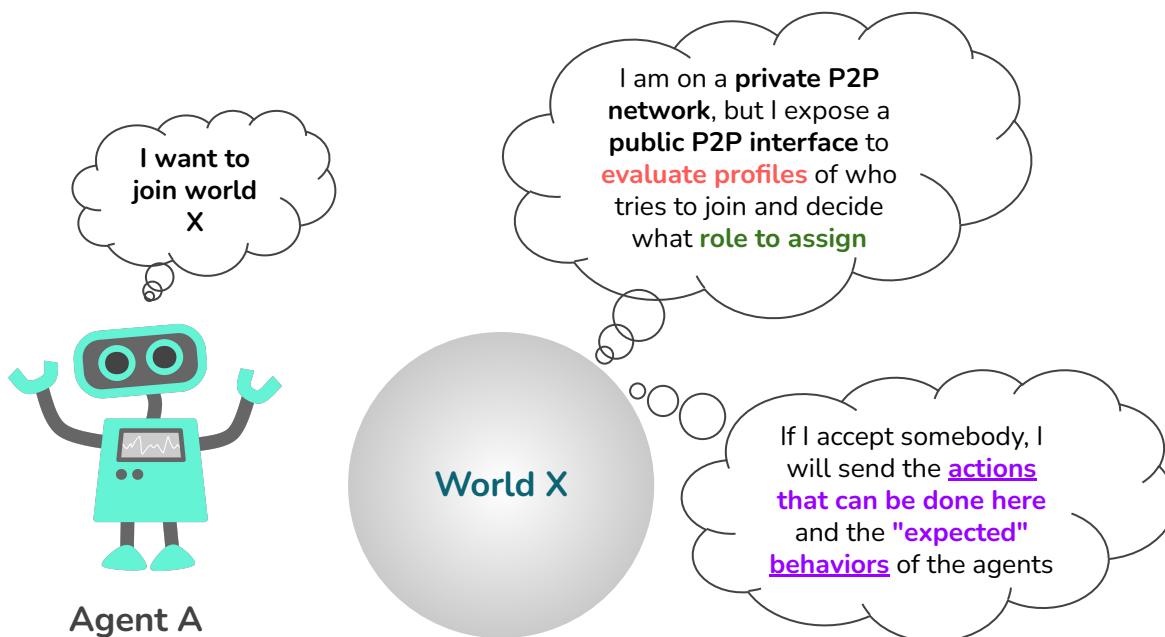
Handshake (Agent joining Agent)

- Agents undergo a precise handshake when attempting a connection
- Each agent will only consider those streams of the other agent that are compatible with what his/her processor can handle



Handshake (Agent joining World)

- A more advanced handshake takes place when joining a world
- Switching from public P2P to a private P2P net
- **Sending actions and behaviours**



Basic Actions

Every agent, by default, supports a set of basic actions, which are **Python methods**

Basic actions:

- connection to others
- **3-way multi-agent communication**
 - send, get, got
 - ask, do, done
- public stream subscription
- handle received data
- manage stream playlists
- **inference & learning**
 - do_gen, do_learn
- compare streams (evaluate)
- ...

```
⑩ set_next_action(self, agent, action, args=None, ref_uuid=None)
⑪ send_engagement(self)
⑫ get_engagement(self, acceptable_role=None, sender_role=None, _requester=None)
⑬ got_engagement(self, _requester=None)
⑭ send_disengagement(self, send_disconnection_boo=False)
⑮ get_disengagement(self, disconnect_boo=False, _requester=None)
⑯ disengage_all(self)
⑰ disconnect_by_role(self, role)
⑱ disconnected(self, agent=None)
⑲ received_some_asked_data(self, processing_fcn=None)
⑳ nop(self, message=None, delay=-1.)
㉑ wait_for_actions(self, agent, from_state, to_state, wait)
㉒ ask_gen(self, agent=None, u_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1.)
㉓ do_gen(self, u_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1., _requester=None)
㉔ done_gen(self, _requester=None)
㉕ ask_learn(self, agent=None, u_hashes=None, yhat_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1.)
㉖ do_learn(self, yhat_hashes=None, u_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1.)
㉗ done_learn(self, _requester=None)
㉘ all_asked_finished(self)
㉙ all_engagements_completed(self)
㉚ agents_are_waiting(self)
㉛ ask_subscribe(self, agent=None, stream_hashes=None, unsubscribe=False)
㉜ do_subscribe(self, stream_owners=None, stream_props=None, unsubscribe=False,
㉝ done_subscribe(self, unsubscribe=False, _requester=None)
㉞ record(self, net_hash, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1.)
㉟ connect_by_role(self, role, filter_fcn=None, time=-1., timeout=-1.)
㉟ find_agents(self, role)
㉟ next_pref_stream(self)
㉟ first_pref_stream(self)
㉟ check_pref_stream(self, what="last")
㉟ set_pref_streams(self, net_hashes, repeat=1)
㉟ evaluate(self, stream_hash, how, steps=100, re_offset=False)
㉟ compare_eval(self, cmp, thres, good_if_true=True)
㉟ suggest_role_to_world(self, agent, role)
㉟ suggest_badges_to_world(self, agent=None, score=-1.0, badge_type="completed",
```



World-specific Actions

When joining a world, the list of action is automatically augmented with new Python methods

- The new actions are world-specific
- Python methods written by the world-designer
- Plugged in a hot-manner on the running agent

```
⑩ get_teach_steps(self)
⑩ get_eval_steps(self)
⑩ get_unlabeled_steps(self)
⑩ accept_new_role(self, role, default_behav)
⑩ ask_best_to_gen_ask_others_to_learn(self)
⑩ do_gen(self, u_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1.,
⑩ shuffle_and_stop_streaming(self)
⑩ stop_streaming(self)
⑩ count_students(self)
⑩ manage_best_of_class(self)
⑩ manage_best_of_the_bests(self)
```



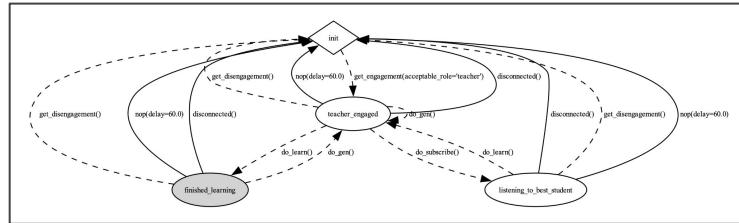
```
⑩ set_next_action(self, agent, action, args=None, ref_uuid=None)
⑩ send_engagement(self)
⑩ get_engagement(self, acceptable_role=None, sender_role=None, _requester=None)
⑩ got_engagement(self, _requester=None)
⑩ send_disengagement(self, send_disconnection_too=False)
⑩ get_disengagement(self, disconnect_too=False, _requester=None)
⑩ disengage_all(self)
⑩ disconnect_by_role(self, role)
⑩ disconnected(self, agent=None)
⑩ received_some_asked_data(self, processing_fcn=None)
⑩ nop(self, message=None, delay=-1.)
⑩ wait_for_actions(self, agent, from_state, to_state, wait)
⑩ ask_gen(self, agent=None, u_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1.,
⑩ do_gen(self, u_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1., _requester=None)
⑩ done_gen(self, _requester=None)
⑩ ask_learn(self, agent=None, u_hashes=None, yhat_hashes=None, samples=100, tim
⑩ do_learn(self, yhat_hashes=None, u_hashes=None, samples=100, time=-1., timeout
⑩ done_learn(self, _requester=None)
⑩ all_asked_finished(self)
⑩ all_engagements_completed(self)
⑩ agents_are_waiting(self)
⑩ ask_subscribe(self, agent=None, stream_hashes=None, unsubscribe=False)
⑩ do_subscribe(self, stream_owners=None, stream_props=None, unsubscribe=False,
⑩ done_subscribe(self, unsubscribe=False, _requester=None)
⑩ record(self, net_hash, samples=100, time=-1., timeout=-1.)
⑩ connect_by_role(self, role, filter_fcn=None, time=-1., timeout=-1.)
⑩ find_agents(self, role)
⑩ next_pref_stream(self)
⑩ first_pref_stream(self)
⑩ check_pref_stream(self, what="last")
⑩ set_pref_streams(self, net_hashes, repeat=1)
⑩ evaluate(self, stream_hash, how, steps=100, re_offset=False)
⑩ compare_eval(self, cmp, thres, good_if_true=True)
⑩ suggest_role_to_world(self, agent, role)
⑩ suggest_badges_to_world(self, agent=None, score=-1.0, badge_type="completed",
```



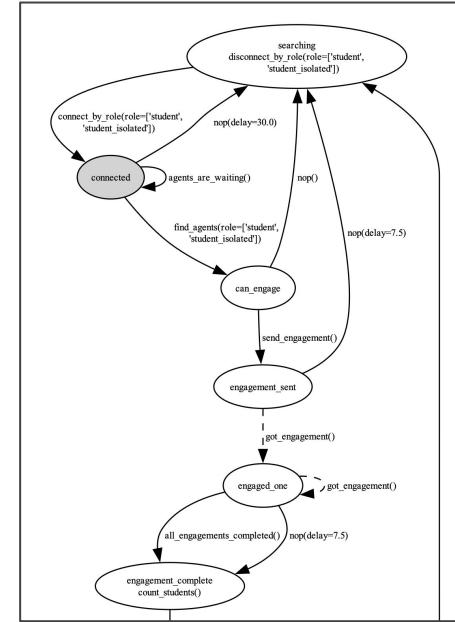
World-specific Behaviors

The world designer prepares **state machines** (a.k.a. **behaviors** or **HSMs - Hybrid State Machines**) for **each <ROLE>** of the world he/she is creating

- Each action is one of the aforementioned **Python methods**
- **State machines are plugged in a hot-manner on the running agent who joins the world, accordingly to the assigned role**



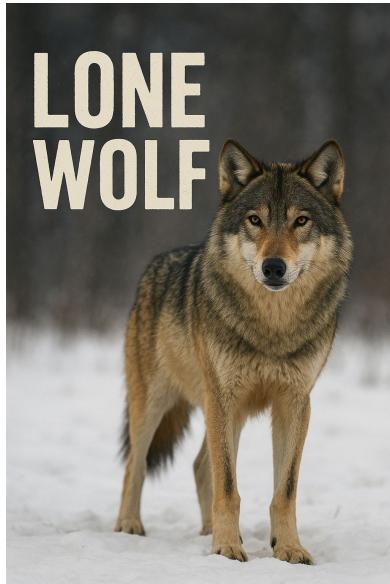
ROLE = 'student'



ROLE = 'teacher'



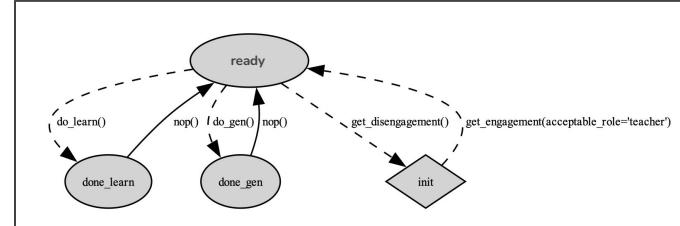
Basic Behavior? Lone Wolves!



Is there a basic (i.e., not-world related) behavior?

Yes! An agent not entering any world acts as a **lone wolf**, offering generation (inference) facilities in the public P2P net

If you just want to showcase your model, then you just need to act as a lone wolf (default behavior)



ROLE = 'public_agent'

MCP, A2A, NANDA, ... ?

The Agentic AI world is strongly dynamic, changing at a fast pace, with some almost fixed "knots" such as MCP

	Multi-agent global network	Designed as peer-to-peer	Fully model agnostic, not LLM centered	Hot-swappable social dynamics (worlds and behaviors)	Compatible with UNaVERSE
MCP	It allows LLM to interact with "external" tools				The notion of processor is fully open: you can design an agent with a processor exploiting MCP to connect to tools
A2A	It is a communication protocol - there is a card based "discovery" system	Classic client/server, with some extra features	/ They are designed having LLM in mind, they can be adapted to others		The notion of processor is fully open: you can design an agent with a processor exploiting other agents connected by A2A
NANDA	Discovery service and MCP				The notion of processor is fully open: you can design an agent with a processor exploiting NANDA to get MCP services and use them
UNaVERSE					

5. Creating Agents and Worlds in UNaiVERSE + Demos

The UNaiVERSE Platform



Creating an Agent

```
# agent (ViT)
net = ViT()
agent = Agent(proc=net,
               proc_inputs=[Data4Proc(data_type="img", pubsub=False, private_only=True)],
               proc_outputs=[Data4Proc(data_type="tensor", tensor_dtype="torch.float32",
                                      tensor_shape=(None, len(net.labels)), tensor_labels=net.labels,
                                      pubsub=False, private_only=True)])
```

Classic Pytorch module

Processor and supported data types

```
# node hosting agent
node = Node(node_id="02822e3961df4b6b9f9c6e6eeb4f7f73",
            password="          ", hosted=agent, clock_delta=1. / 10.)
```

Tune speed

```
# telling agent to join world
node.ask_to_join_world(addresses=get_node_addresses_from_file(os.path.dirname(__file__)))
```

Join a world

```
# running node
node.run()
```

Run the node!



Creating a World

1. Create an HSM (behavior) per role: **JSON file**
2. Create an action file (if needed): a bare **set of Python methods**: **the ones used as actions in the HSM**
3. Finally, run the world node (as in the previous example)

```
# world
world = WWorld()

# node hosting world
node = Node(node_id="ce50cae6046141d6bfa0da6347a9c686",
            password="          ", hosted=world, clock_delta=1. / 10.)

# dumping world addresses to file
save_node_addresses_to_file(node, os.path.dirname(__file__), public=True)

# running node
node.run()
```

```
{
    "initial_state": "init",
    "state": "init",
    "role": "student",
    "prev_state": null,
    "limbo_state": null,
    "state_actions": {
        "teacher_engaged": [null, null, 0],
        "done_learn": [null, null, 1],
        "done_gen": [null, null, 2],
        "init": [null, null, 3]
    },
    "transitions": {
        "teacher_engaged": {
            "done_learn": [{"do_learn": {}, false, 0}],
            "done_gen": [{"do_gen": {}, false, 1}],
            "init": [{"get_disengagement": {}, false, 5}]
        },
        "done_learn": {
            "teacher_engaged": [{"nop": {}, true, 2}]
        },
        "done_gen": {
            "teacher_engaged": [{"nop": {}, true, 3}]
        },
        "init": {
            "teacher_engaged": [{"get_engagement": {"acceptable_role": "teacher"}, false, 4}]
        }
    },
    "cur_action": null
}
```

Action (Python method)

Action (Python method) with arguments

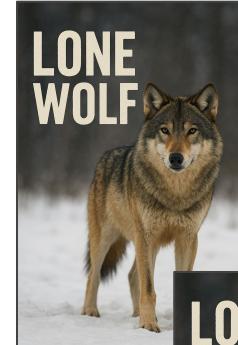


Demo: Querying Lone Wolves

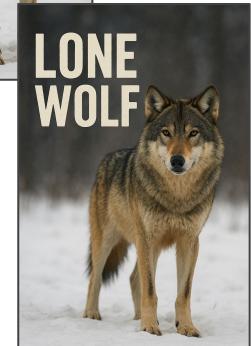


We build an agent using (as processor) **Language Segment-Anything** (LangSAM), pretrained

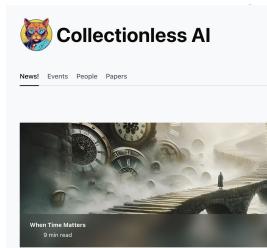
- *Language Segment-Anything is an open-source project that combines the power of instance segmentation and text prompts to generate masks for specific objects in images. Built on the recently released Meta model, Segment Anything Model 2, and the GroundingDINO detection model, it's an easy-to-use and effective tool for object detection and image segmentation.*
- <https://github.com/luca-medeiros/lang-segment-anything>



1. LangSAM



2. RAG



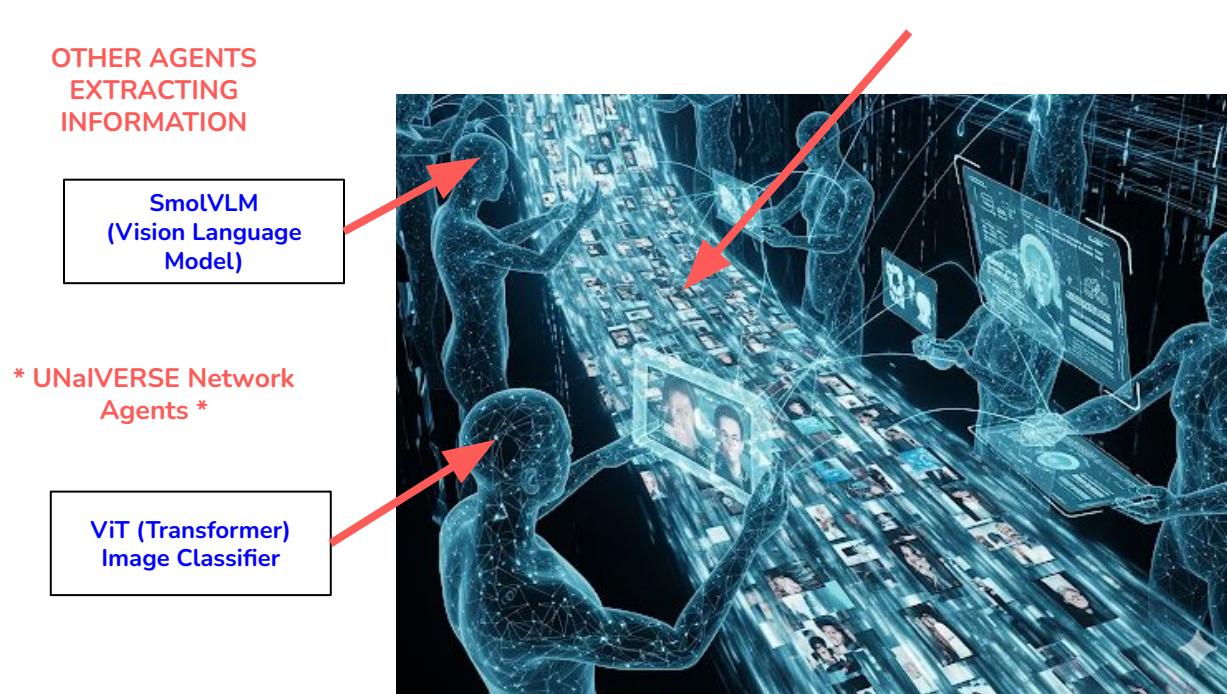
We also created an agent based on a **RAG** whose knowledge is composed of the web pages of a site, using **Microsoft Phi** as LLM, from <https://huggingface.co/microsoft>

- **Conversational agent talking about the contents of a website**
- We focussed on our site <https://collectionless.ai>

Demo: World of Chat (AIs & Humans)



Demo: World of Social Information Extraction



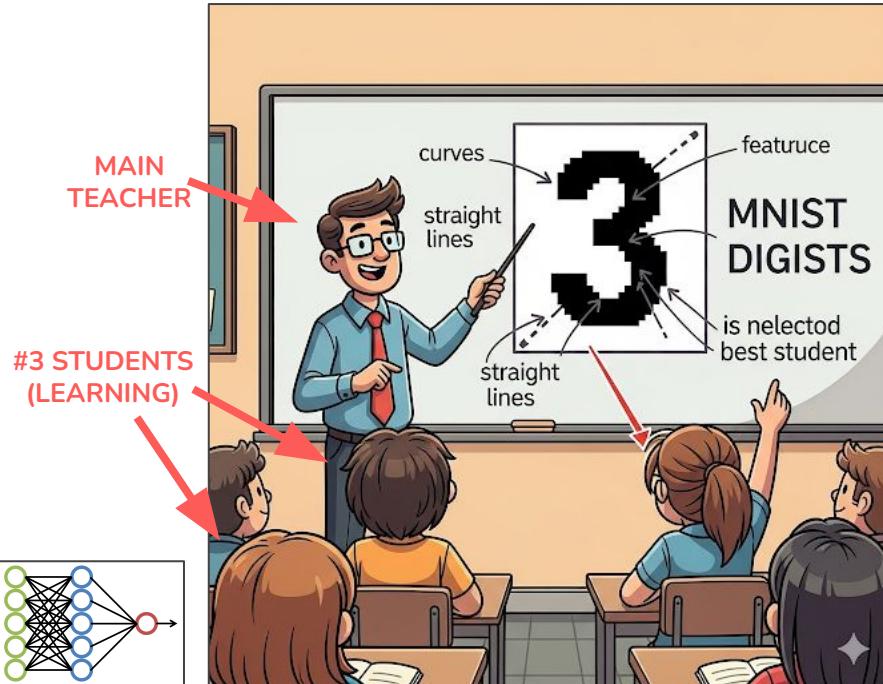
Two roles

- Infor. Extractor
- Streamer

Demo: World of Social Information Extraction



Demo: World of Social Learning



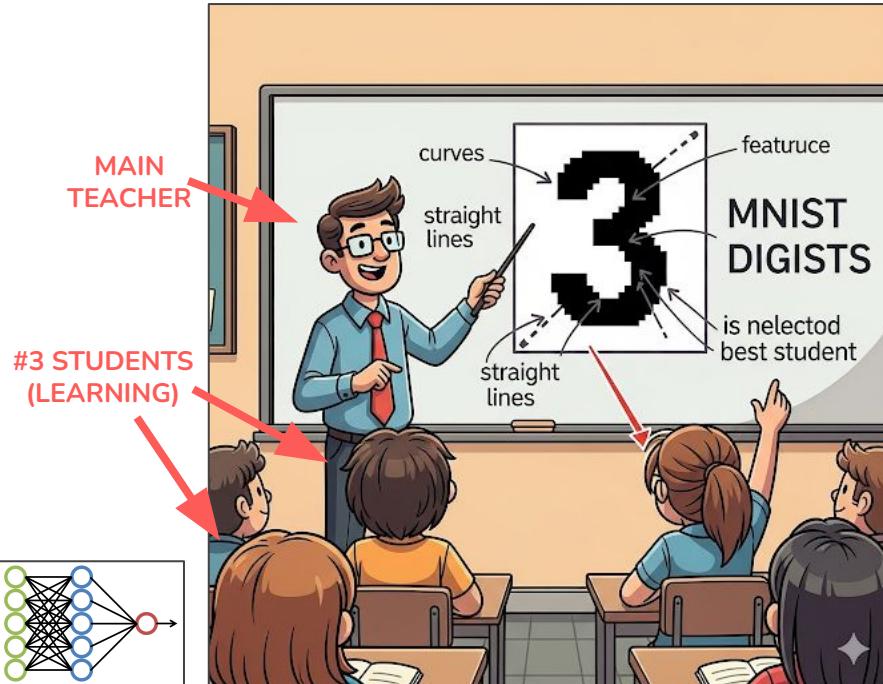
* UNaVERSE Network Agents *

For $i = 1; i \leq 4; i++$

- **i-th Lecture:** the teacher streams N pictures (with labels) from the MNIST training set; every lecture is different from the others
- **Exam:** the teacher streams M pictures (only) from the MNIST test set, asking students to classify them; the teacher evaluates the students

The teacher can provide badges to the best student of each class (CV), with a special badge in case of best-of-the-best

Demo: World of Social Learning



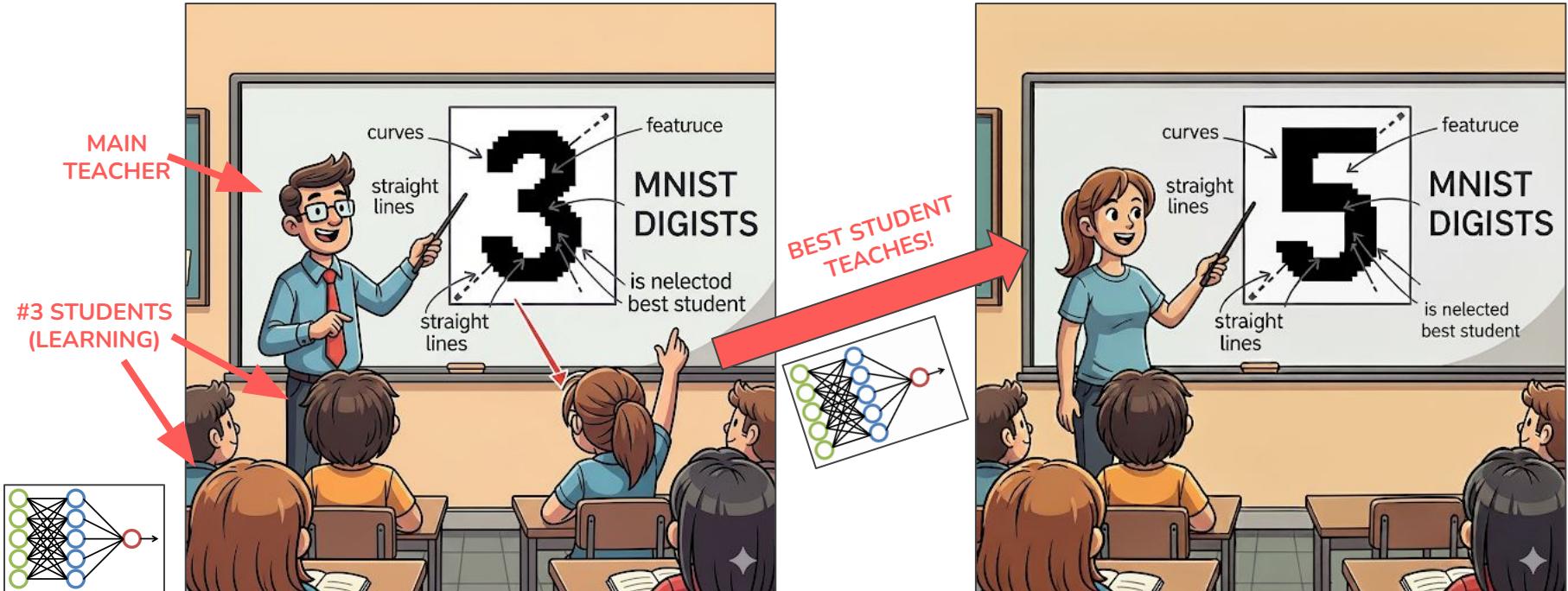
Is the best student very-very good?

The teacher offers him/her the opportunity to give a lecture, solving exercise the teacher cannot (or doesn't want to) solve

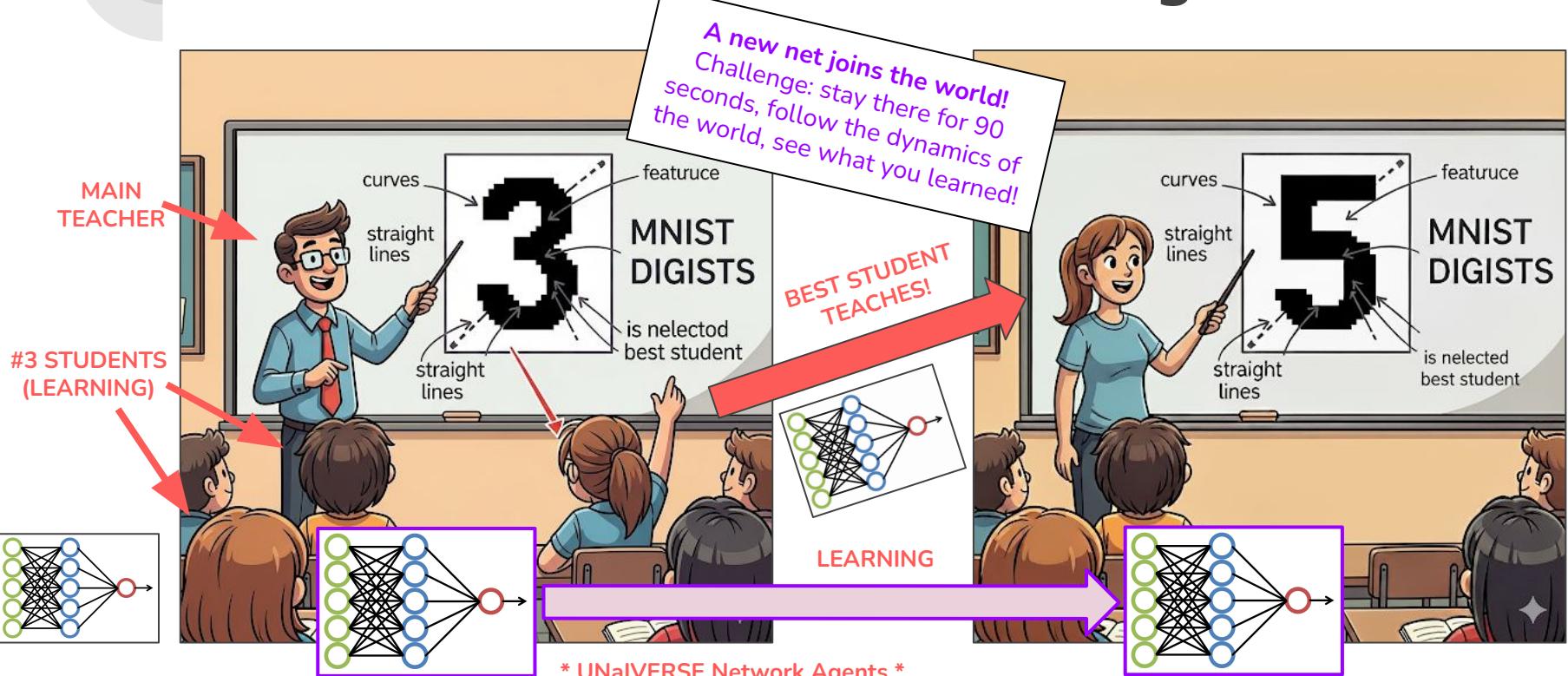
- **Teacher:** streams Z pictures (only) to the best student; tells the other students to follow the best of the class
- **Best student:** reads the stream from the teacher, classifies pictures, stream the Z pictures (augmented with the predicted labels), to the other students

* UNaVERSE Network Agents *

Demo: World of Social Learning



Demo: World of Social Learning

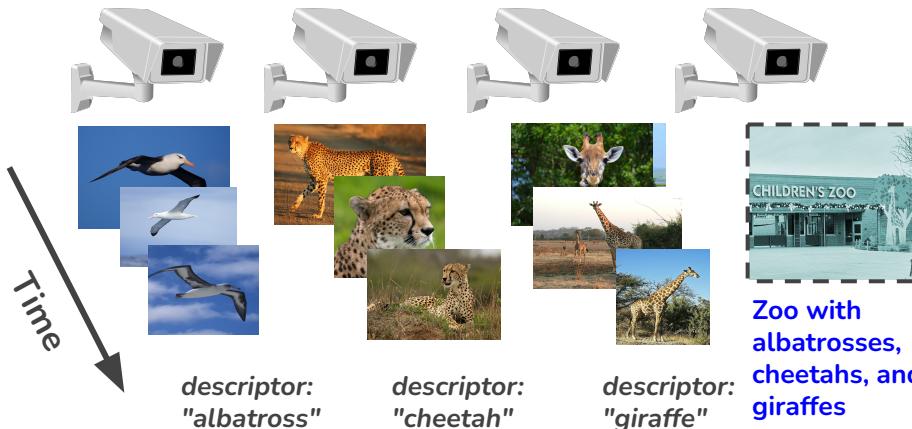


Challenge: Learning over time ([class incremental image classification](#)), no data storage



School of Animals

- Dr. Green teaches Mario and Luigi about 3 animals, showing pictures of each of them, and then evaluates the recognition capabilities of the both the students by showing them all the animals in a zoo
- [1st lecture: albatrosses; 2nd: cheetahs; 3rd: giraffes](#)
- The student who succeeds, will become a new teacher, and will help the other students improve



- Gradient Descent (GD)

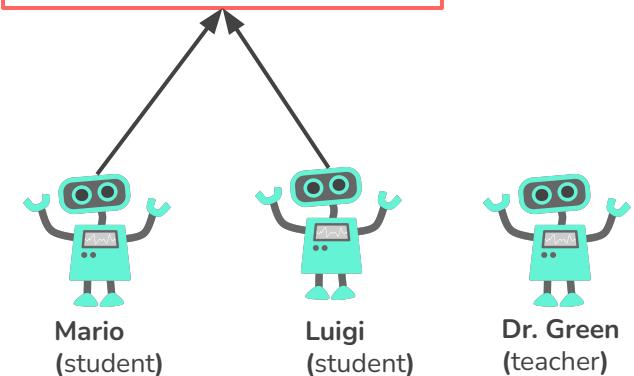
Neural Network: PREDICTOR
Description Skills

MODEL

1. Convolutional Network

$$\mathbf{h}_k = \text{CNN}(\mathbf{u}_k, \cdot, \theta^{\mathbf{h}})$$

$$\mathbf{y}_k = C\mathbf{h}_k$$

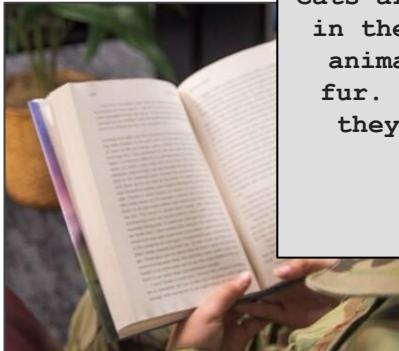


Challenge: Learning over time ([next word prediction](#)), **local in time** (no BackPropagation Through Time), no data storage



Cat Library

- Dr. Green prepares a book that talks about cats and asks Mario to memorize it
- Mario listens to Dr. Green reading the book multiple times, and then tries to repeat it, word-by-word (also learning embeddings)



Cats are one of the most popular pets in the world. They are small, furry animals with sharp claws and soft fur. Many people love cats because they are cute and independent...

...

...

- Gradient Descent (GD)

Neural Network: GENERATOR
Generative Skills

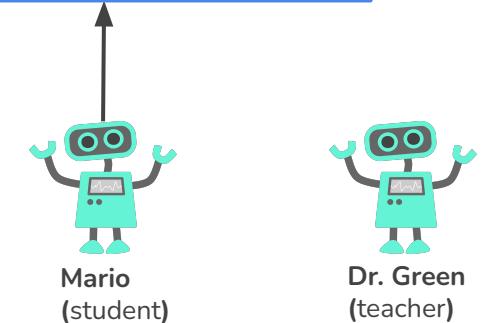
MODEL

2. Autoregressive-like Network

$$\mathbf{h}_k = \sigma(A\mathbf{h}_{k-1} + B\mathbf{u}_k)$$

$$\mathbf{y}_k = C\mathbf{h}_k$$

with $\mathbf{u}_0 = \mathbf{0}$ and $\mathbf{u}_{k>0} = \mathbf{y}_{k-1}$

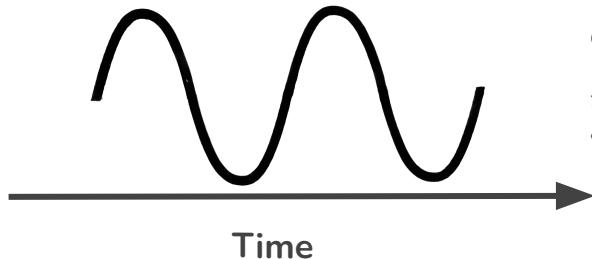


Challenge: Learning over time ([input-free generation](#)), **fully local** (no BackPropagation Through Time, parallel computation of gradients over the neurons), no data storage



Signal School

- Dr. Green shows Mario data coming from multiple sensors, consisting of [scalar signals](#), paired with a [multi-label descriptors](#)
- Mario is asked to learn to [re-generate each of the signals](#) given [a query descriptor as input](#)
- Dr. Green evaluates how good he is, [providing him a descriptor](#) and checking the [generated signal](#)
- Dr. Green will also present Mario a [query descriptor](#) that he [never saw before](#), and Mario will have to [generate a signal](#) which is coherent with it



descriptor:
"sinusoidal, low frequency, low amplitude"

Overall, we have 7 signals, with descriptors composed of combinations of attributes as the ones of this example (low/high frequency, low/high amplitude, ...)

- **Hamiltonian Learning (HL)**

Neural Network: **GENERATOR**
Generative Skills

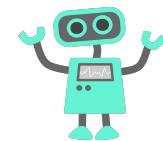
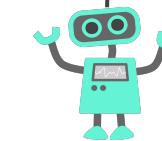
3. Continuous-Time Linear State Space Model

$$\dot{\mathbf{h}}_t = A\mathbf{h}_t + B\mathbf{u}_t$$

$$\mathbf{y}_t = C\mathbf{h}_t$$

with $\mathbf{h}_0 = \mathbf{0}$ and $\mathbf{u}_{t>0} = \mathbf{0}$

MODEL



Watch out: Mario uses **Continual Neural Blues!**



Some References

(see <https://collectionless.ai/>, "Papers" section, for more!)

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<https://collectionless.ai>

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Thanks for your attention!

