# Package 'ssh.utils'

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Title Local and remote system commands with output and error capture.
OS_type unix
Version 1.0
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<b>Description</b> This package provides utility functions for system command execution, both locally and remotely using ssh/scp. The command output is captured and provided to the caller. This functionality is intended to streamline calling shell commands from R, retrieving and using their output, while instrumenting the calls with appropriate error handling.
<pre>URL http://github.com/collectivemedia/ssh.utils</pre>
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.0.3),stringr,fork
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LazyData true
R topics documented:  cp.remote
mem.usage       3         mkdir.remote       3
ps.grep.remote
run.remote
ssh.utils
Index 7

2 file.exists.remote

## Description

A wrapper around the scp shell command that handles local/remote files and allows copying between remote hosts via the local machine.

## Usage

```
cp.remote(remote.src, path.src, remote.dest, path.dest, verbose = FALSE,
    via.local = FALSE, local.temp.dir = tempdir())
```

#### **Arguments**

remote.src	Remote machine for the source file in the format $user@machine$ or an empty string for local.	
path.src	Path of the source file.	
remote.dest	Remote machine for the destination file in the format $user@machine\ or\ an$ empty string for local.	
path.dest	Path for the source file; can be a directory.	
verbose	Prints elapsed time if TRUE	
via.local	Copies the file via the local machine. Useful when two remote machines can't talk to each other directly.	
local.temp.dir		

When copying via local machine, the directory to use as scratch space.

```
file.exists.remote Checks if a local or remote file exists.
```

## Description

A wrapper around a bash script. Works with local files too if remote="".

## Usage

```
file.exists.remote(file, remote = "")
```

## **Arguments**

file File path.

Remote machine specification for ssh, in format such as user@server that does not require interactive password entry. For local execution, pass an empty string "" (default).

## Value

TRUE or FALSE indicating whether the file exists.

mem.usage 3

mem.usage	Measure the resident memor	y usage of a process.
	intensitie into residenti intenteri	, would by a process.

#### **Description**

Returns the memory usage in KB of a process with the specified process id. By default, returns the memory usage of the current R process. This can be used to measure and log the memory usage of the R process during script execution.

## Usage

```
mem.usage(pid = getpid())
```

## Arguments

pid

Process ID (default is the current process id).

#### Value

The resident memory usage in KB.

mkdir.remote Creates a remote directory with the specified group ownership and permissions.

#### **Description**

If the directory already exists, attempts to set the group ownership to the user.group. The allowed group permissions are one of c ("g+rwx", "g+rx", "go-w", "go-rwx"), or "-". The value "-" means "don't change permissions".

## Usage

```
mkdir.remote(path, user.group = NULL, remote = "",
    permissions = c("g+rwx", "g+rx", "go-w", "go-rwx", "-"))
```

## Arguments

path	Directory path. If using remote, this should be a full path or a path relative to the user's home directory.
user.group	The user group. If NULL, the default group is used.
remote	Remote machine specification for ssh, in format such as user@server that does not require interactive password entry. For local execution, pass an empty string "" (default).
permissions	The group permissions on the directory. Default is 'rwx'.

4 run.remote

ps.grep.remote

Checks for processes running on a local or remote machine.

#### **Description**

One of the use cases for this function is to ensure that an R process is already running and not start another one accidentally.

#### Usage

```
ps.grep.remote(grep.string, remote, stop.if.any = FALSE,
    stop.if.none = FALSE, count.self = FALSE, ps.options = "aux")
```

#### **Arguments**

grep.string	String(s) to check for in $ps.$ If a vector, runs a chain of piped grep commands for each string.
remote	Remote machine specification for ssh, in format such as user@server that does not require interactive password entry. For local execution, pass an empty string "" (default).
stop.if.any	Stop if any of grep.string is running
stop.if.none	Stop if none of grep.string is running
count.self	When ${\tt FALSE},$ excludes the calling process name from the count, if it gets matched.
ps.options	Gives the ability to run different options to ps.

#### See Also

run.remote

run.remote

Functions to run commands remotely via ssh and capture output.

#### **Description**

run.withwarn - Evaluates the expression (e.g. a function call) and returns the result with additional atributes:

- num.warnings number of warnings occured during the evaluation
- last.message the last warning message

Otherwise, run.withwarn is similar to base::supressWarnings run.remote - Runs the command locally or remotely using ssh.

#### Usage

```
run.withwarn(expr)
run.remote(cmd, remote = "", intern = T, stderr.redirect = T,
    verbose = F)
```

run.remote 5

#### **Arguments**

expr	Expression to be evaluated.	
cmd	Command to run. If run locally, quotes should be escaped once. If run remotely, quotes should be escaped twice.	
remote	Remote machine specification for ssh, in format such as user@server that does not require interactive password entry. For local execution, pass an empty string "" (default).	
intern	Useful for debugging purposes: if there's an error in the command, the output of the remote command is lost. Re-running with intern=FALSE causes the output to be printed to the console. Normally, we want to capture output and return it.	
stderr.redirect		
	When TRUE appends 2>&1 to the command. Generally, one should use that to capture STDERR output with intern=TRUE, but this should be set to FALSE if the command manages redirection on its own.	

#### **Details**

verbose

In run.remote the remote commands are enclosed in wrappers that allow to capture output. By default stderr is redirected to stdout. If there's a genuine error, e.g., the remote command does not exist, the output is not captured. In this case, one can see the output by setting intern to FALSE. However, when the command is run but exits with non-zero code, run.remote intercepts the generated warning and saves the output.

When TRUE prints the command.

The remote command will be put inside double quotes twice, so all quotes in cmd must be escaped twice: \\". However, if the command is not remote, i.e., remote is NULL or empty string, quotes should be escaped only once.

If the command itself redirects output, the stderr.redirect flag should be set to FALSE.

#### Value

run.remote returns a list containing the results of the command execution, error codes and messages.

- cmd.error flag indicating if a warning was issued because command exited with non-zero
- cmd.out the result of the command execution. If there was no error, this contains the output as a character array, one value per line, see system. If there was an error (as indicated by cmd.error), this most likely contains the error message from the command itself. The elapsed.time attribute contains the elapsed time for the command in seconds.
- warn.msg the warning message when cmd.error is TRUE.

Warnings are really errors here so the error flag is set if there are warnings.

Additionally, cmd.out has the elapsed.time, num.warnings and, if the number of warnings is greater than zero, last.warning attributes.

6 ssh.utils

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Example of error handling:
res <- run.remote(cmd=command, remote=remote)
if (res$cmd.error)
{
    stop(paste(paste(res$cmd.out, collapse="\n"), res$warn.msg, sep="\n"))
}
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

ssh.utils

Local and remote system commands with output and error capture.

#### **Description**

Package ssh.utils provides utility functions for system command execution, both locally and remotely using ssh/scp. The command output is captured and provided to the caller. This functionality is intended to streamline calling shell commands from R, retrieving and using their output, while instrumenting the calls with appropriate error handling.

## OS\_type

unix

#### Maintainer

Sergei Izrailev

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## **URL**

http://github.com/collectivemedia/ssh.utils

#### **Installation from github**

```
devtools::install_github("collectivemedia/ssh.utils")
```

#### Author(s)

Sergei Izrailev

## See Also

```
run.remote, cp.remote, file.exists.remote, mkdir.remote, ps.grep.remote,
mem.usage
```

## **Index**

```
*Topic bash
    ssh.utils,6
*Topic capture
    ssh.utils, 6
*Topic remote
    {\tt ssh.utils}, {\color{red} 6}
*Topic scp
    ssh.utils, 6
*Topic shell
    ssh.utils, 6
*Topic ssh
   ssh.utils,6
*Topic system
    ssh.utils, 6
cp.remote, 2, 6
file.exists.remote, 2, 6
mem.usage, 3, 6
mkdir.remote, 3, 6
ps.grep.remote, 4, 6
run.remote, 4, 6
run.withwarn(run.remote),4
ssh.utils, 6
ssh.utils-package(ssh.utils),6
system, 5
```