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Wereldmuseum Amsterdam

Abstract

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Description

The current Wereldmuseum Amsterdam evolved from the <u>Colonial Museum</u>, founded in Haarlem in 1871. The Colonial Museum, located in Paviljoen Welgelegen, was initially mainly a products museum, where a variety of colonial goods and artefacts were displayed. The museum served as a resource for colonial entrepreneurs, providing them with knowledge about things such as minerals and natural resources. Important donors of objects included government officials such as <u>Christiaan Snouck Hurgronje</u> and the former governor of Suriname <u>Johann George Otto Stuart von Schmidt auf Altenstadt</u>, the Government of the Dutch East Indies, 's Lands Plantentuin in Bogor and various trading companies and businesses.

Due to lack of space in Haarlem it was decided in 1913 to transfer the collection to the Vereeniging Koloniaal Insituut, which was in the process of being set up and would open its own museum on Mauritskade in Amsterdam in 1926, in the building where Wereldmuseum Amsterdam is still located today. The collection of the Artis Ethnographic Museum was also incorporated into the Colonial Institute's museum. In 1926, the collection consisted of around 30,000 objects, 10,000 of which were from the Artis collection. The Colonial Institute was divided into three departments: Tropical Products, Tropical Hygiene and Ethnography, with separate exhibition space dedicated to each. The Tropical Products Museum was disbanded in the 1960s and several of its objects were subsequently transferred to what was then the Agricultural University of Wageningen (now Wageningen University & Research) and the Naturalis Biodiversity Center).

After the Second World War it was decided to change the name of the Colonial Institute to the Indisch Instituut (East Indies Institute) with an Indisch Museum focused entirely on relations between the Netherlands and its colonies in the East and West. For this reason it was decided in 1947 to transfer the museum's African collection to the then Rijksmuseum voor Volkenkunde in Leiden. When the transfer of sovereignty took place in 1949 after the Indonesian war of independence, the Indisch Museum faced a quandary. The decision was taken to broaden its focus to the entire 'tropical realm'. From 1950 the East Indies Institute was known as the Royal Tropical Institute (KIT) and its museum as the Tropenmuseum. Because of this change in perspective, the focus in the second half of the 20th century was on collecting objects from the various tropical regions. Many objects also came to Amsterdam from West New Guinea, which remained a Dutch colony until 1962.

In 2014 the Tropenmuseum, Museum Volkenkunde in Leiden, the Afrika Museum in Berg en Dal and later the Wereldmuseum in Rotterdam merged to form the National Museum of World Cultures. As of 2023 the museums continue under the joint name of Wereldmuseum.

Provenance research

The collection of the Wereldmuseum Amsterdam can be found within the Wereldmuseum collection using the attribute TM', with 'TM-H' standing for the former collection of the Colonial Museum in Haarlem and 'TM-A' for the collection of the Artis Ethnographic Museum. The archives of the Wereldmuseum Amsterdam up to 1995 are available at the National Archives in The Hague via the archive access 2.20.69 (The archives of the Royal Tropical Institute). This includes the archives of the Koloniaal Museum in Haarlem and the Artis Ethnographic Museum. The archive description in the National Archives contains detailed information on the history of the establishment of the Wereldmuseum Amsterdam and the structure of the archive. The archive up to 1950 was digitalised by the Royal Tropical Institute and is available through the Wereldmuseum's collection database. Archives after 1995 are still physically held at the Wereldmuseum Amsterdam. For more information on the museum archives up to 1995 please refer to the research aid on the Royal Tropical Institute. The Amsterdam City Archive also contains archive material relating to the current Wereldmuseum Amsterdam within the archives of the Royal Zoological Society Natura Artis Magistra, with the archives under inventory numbers 1876 to 1919 being particularly relevant. For more information on the Artis Ethnographic Museum please refer to the relevant research aid.

Related Aids

see also: Sources

see also: <u>The trade in objects from a colonial context</u>

see also: Army and navy personnel in colonised territories

see also: Scientific research in colonised territories

see also: Royal Cabinet of Curiosities

see also: Artis Ethnographic Museum

see also: Wereldmuseum Berg en Dal

see also: Wereldmuseum Leiden

see also: <u>Wereldmuseum Rotterdam</u>

see also: Koninklijk Bataviaasch Genootschap van Wetenschappen en Kunsten

see also: <u>Rijksmuseum Amsterdam</u> see also: <u>Museon-Omniversum</u>

see also: International Colonial and Export Exhibition 1883

see also: Natuurhistorisch en Volkenkundig Museum Oudenbosch

Primary sources

Archive:

NL-HaNA, KIT Koninklijk Instituut voor de Tropen, 2.20.69 https://www.nationaalarchief.nl/onderzoeken/archief/2.20.69

Archive of the Royal Tropical Institute up to and including 1995 deposited at the Dutch National Archives in The Hague. Archives after 1995 are still physically held at the KIT. The archive description contains detailed information on the history of the Wereldmuseum Amsterdam and the structure of the archive.

Archive:

395 Archief van het Koninklijk Zoölogisch Genootschap Natura Artis Magistra https://archief.amsterdam/inventarissen/details/395/

Archive of the royal zoological society Koninklijk Zoölogisch Genootschap Natura Artis Magistra, now Artis Zoo. The archives under inventory numbers 1876 to 1919 are of particular interest in terms of the establishment of the current Wereldmuseum Amsterdam.

Secondary sources

Book:

Duuren, David van. 125 Jaar Verzamelen: Tropenmuseum, Amsterdam. Amsterdam: Koninklijk Museum voor de Tropen, 1990. WorldCat 902015409, ISBN 9068322311

Book from 1990 to mark the eightieth anniversary of the Royal Tropical Institute Association. Describes the then 125-year history of the collection of the Wereldmuseum Amsterdam from the perspective of that time. The book gives a general overview of the history of the establishment of the Wereldmuseum Amsterdam and takes a closer look at various individual objects.

Book:

Jans, Huub. Honderdzestig Meter Mauritskade: Vier Eeuwen Tropenervaring Allegorisch Weerspiegeld in de Huisvesting van Een Wetenschappelijk Instituut. Amsterdam: Koninklijk Instituut voor de Tropen, 1976. WorldCat 63449631

Booklet from 1976 that mainly focuses on the building housing today's Wereldmuseum Amsterdam and the KIT. Attention is given to the development of the building, but the booklet also contains descriptions of various facade stones that are characteristic of European views on the colonial project in the 20th century.

Boek:

Jans, Huub, van den Brink, Hans and Koninklijk Instituut voor de Tropen. Tropen in Amsterdam: 70 Jaar Koninklijk Instituut Voor de Tropen. Amsterdam: Terra, 1981.

WorldCat 899009074, ISBN 9062550770

Book from 1981 describing the history of the Royal Tropical Institute up to 1950. The book contains many photos and also provides detailed descriptions of external and internal characteristics of the current Wereldmuseum Amsterdam. It also looks at the structure of the KIT organisation during the first decades of its existence.

Boek:

Woudsma, J. (Jacobus) and Galesloot, Hansje. Een markant gebouw in Amsterdam-Oost: het Koninklijk Instituut voor de Tropen. Amsterdam: Koninklijk Instituut voor de Tropen, 1990.

WorldCat 905775747, ISBN 906832229X

Like Jans' book, this 1990 book focuses mainly on the external characteristics of the current Wereldmuseum Amsterdam. The book contains detailed information on the facades, galleries, materials used and the colonial symbolism of the decorations around the building.

Relevant Data

Identifiers:

http://www.wikidata.org/entity/Q1131589, Name variations:

Tropenmuseum, Koloniaal Museum, Indisch museum, Nationaal Museum van Wereldculturen , Tags: Activity:

Ethnographic museum, Collecting, Type of objects:

Ethnographic objects, Geographical:

Africa, Asia, North America, Oceania, South America, Period of activity: Year of start: 1926, Year of end:

, Collections: General remarks: content: In 2014, the collections of the then Museum Volkenkunde in Leiden, the Afrika Museum in Berg en Dal and the Tropenmuseum in Amsterdam were merged. The collection of the former Tropenmuseum can be identified via the inventory number with the attribute 'TK'. , content-type: text/markdown, Within the Data Hub: https://app.colonialcollections.nl/en/objects?query = TM&publishers = Wereldmuseum