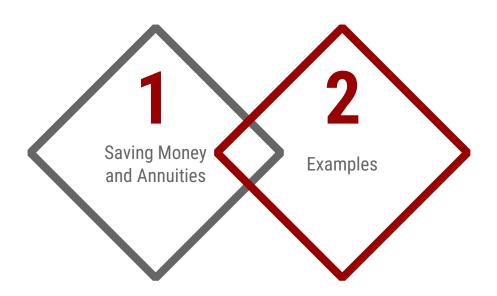
6.2 Saving and Investing





Goals for the Day



1

Saving Money and Annuities



What is future value (FV or A)?

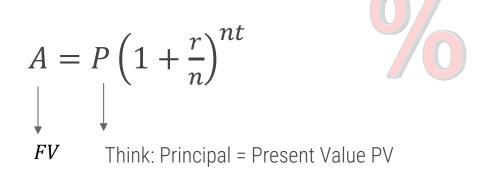


Amount of money at some future time

Know:

Initial investment (P)

Want to know: How much will I have later (FV, A)





What is present value?



Amount of principal needed now in order to reach a future value amount

$$PV = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}}$$

Know:

How much will I have later (A)

Want to know: Initial investment (PV)





Present Value



Example

Lyric wants to have \$20,000 in 10 years. If she can get an 8% APR compounded semiannually, how much money does she need to invest right now to reach her goal?

$$PV = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}} = \frac{20,000}{\left(1 + \frac{0.08}{2}\right)^{2*10}} \approx $9,127.74$$



What is an annuity?



- Making <u>regular, repeated payments</u> into an account (or taken out of an account) over time
- Annuities earn compound interest











Finding Future Value of an Annuity



$$FV = PMT \frac{\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} - 1 \right]}{\left(\frac{r}{n} \right)}$$

Know:

Regular payment amount (PMT)

Want to know:

How much will I have later (FV)











Example

Regina deposits \$200 every month into a savings account earning 5% APR.

How much money will be in her account after 15 years?

$$FV = PMT \frac{\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} - 1 \right]}{\left(\frac{r}{n} \right)} = 200 * \frac{\left[\left(1 + \frac{0.05}{12} \right)^{12*15} - 1 \right]}{\left(\frac{0.05}{12} \right)} \approx \$53,457.79$$



Annuities – Finding Future Value



Example

Continuing the previous example.

How much money will *Regina contribute* to her account over 15 years?

Total Deposited =
$$PMT * \# of payments$$

$$= 200 * 12 * 15 = \$36,000$$



Finding Payments from an Annuity



$$PMT = FV \frac{\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)}{\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} - 1\right]}$$

Know:

How much I will have later (FV)

Want to know:

Regular payment amount (PMT)





Annuities – Finding Payments



Example

Anna wants to have \$50,000 in 20 years. How much does she need to deposit each month into a savings account earning 7% APR?

$$PMT = FV \frac{\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)}{\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} - 1\right]} = 50,000 * \frac{\left(\frac{0.07}{12}\right)}{\left[\left(1 + \frac{0.07}{12}\right)^{12*20} - 1\right]} \approx $95.98$$

Examples



Calculate the amount of money Audrey needs to invest right now (in one lump sum) in order to have \$100,000 after 18 years with an APR of 7% compounded monthly. Round your answer to the nearest cent, if necessary.

\$28,469.43



Drake starts an IRA (Individual Retirement Account) at the age of 22 to save for retirement. He deposits \$400 each month. The IRA has an average annual interest rate of 7% compounded monthly. How much money will he have saved when he retires at the age of 65? Round your answer to the nearest cent, if necessary.

\$1,310,451.88



Jacob deposits \$203.77 each month into an annuity account for his child's college fund in order to accumulate a future value of \$60,000 in 18 years. How much of the \$60,000 will Jacob deposit into the account in total, and how much will be interest he has earned? Round your answers to the nearest cent, if necessary.

Total invested = \$44,014.32 Interest earned = \$15,985.68



Devon deposits a fixed amount monthly into an annuity account for his child's college fund. He wishes to accumulate \$65,000 in 17 years. Assuming an APR of 3.6% compounded monthly, how much of the \$65,000 will Devon deposit into the account in total, and how much will be interest he has earned? Round your answers to the nearest cent, if necessary.

PMT = \$231.47 (rounded to nearest cent)
Total invested = \$47,219.88
Interest earned = \$17,780.12