Category theory I. Initial/final objects, (co)products.

• Motivation and definitions.

Groups. S_n , A_n , $GL(n, \mathbf{F}_p)$, $GL(n, \mathbf{R})$ U_n , free groups, p-groups.

- Definitions, normal subgroups, actions, nilpotent, solvable, simple, extensions, semi-direct product, composition series, presentation, Cayley graphs.
- Isomorphism theorems, Lagrange, Jordan-Hölder, Sylow.

Rings and Modules. Polynomial rings, power series, p-adics.

- Definitions, ideals, integral domains, prime and maximal ideals, Noetherian rings, complexes, homology, exact sequences.
- Isomorphism theorems, snake lemma, Hilbert's basis theorem.

Factorization in rings. Irreducibilty in polynomial rings, Eisenstein's criterion, Gaussian integers.

- Prime and irreducible elements, PID's, UFD's, Euclidean domains.
- Polynomial rings over UFD's are UFD's, Chinese Remainder Theorem.

Linear algebra I. Bases and dimension, torsion, presentations and resolutions, characteristic polynomials, canonical forms.

• Classification of finitely generated modules over PID's, Cayley-Hamilton, Jordan canonical form.

Fields. Rational functions, finite fields, cyclotomic fields, applications of Galois theory (e.g. solvability of polynomials).

- Definitions, simple extensions, finite and algebraic extensions, algebraic closure, splitting field, normal and separable extensions, Galois extensions.
- Existence of algebraic closure, Galois correspondence.

Category theory II. Functors, natural transformation, exact functors, adjoint functors, limits, colimits (and filtered colimits), relation with universal properties.

• Preservation of limits/colimits by adjoint functors.

Linear algebra II. Tensor product, extension of scalars, symmetric and exterior powers, flat modules, projective modules, injective modules, Tor, Ext.

• A free module is projective. A projective module is flat. Existence and homotopy uniqueness of projective and injective resolutions of modules.

Commutative algebra. Localization of rings and modules, integral homomorphism of rings, integral closure, normal domains, spectra of rings and Zariski topology, transcendental field exensions, Krull dimension.

• Nakayama's Lemma, Going-up and Going-down, Noether normalization, Hilbert and Zariski Null-stellensatz, (transcendence degree equals Krull dimension for finitely generated algebras over a field).

Homological algebra. Additive category, abelian category, complexes, homotopy category of complexes, derived category, derived functors and cohomology, spectral sequence.

Noncommutative algebra. Structure of semisimple rings, Jacobson radical, Wedderburn Theorem, division algebras.