2510-001: QUIZ WEEK 11

$\begin{array}{c} \text{COLTON GRAINGER} \\ 2019\text{-}11\text{-}08 \end{array}$

	Read Me Carefully				
•	This quiz is out of 10 points. Please answer each graded question, and return this quiz to me by Friday, November 8th at 8:30am. You do not need to show work. You may not collaborate. Please use your notes, a calculator, and a piece of scratch paper. You may complete any of the additional questions to earn back points on either this quiz or the Week 10 quiz				
	Graded Questions				
(1)	(2 points) It is estimated that 2% of the world's population has green eyes. How many CU students would be needed to estimate the percentage of CU students with green eyes within 0.1% at 95% confidence? [Your answer:				
(2)	(1 point) Is it feasible to obtain a sample of this size from CU students? Your answer:				
(3)	Suppose you are going to be testing a hypothesis percentage of people with green eyes and the null hypothesis is that $p = 0.02$. If your random sample of size $n = 200$ found 6 people with green eyes, is this an appropriate				
	sample to use for a hypothesis test? (a) (1 point) Yes or no?				
	sample to use for a hypothesis test?				
(4)	sample to use for a hypothesis test? (a) (1 point) Yes or no? Your answer: (b) (1 point) Explain. Your answer:				
(4)	sample to use for a hypothesis test? (a) (1 point) Yes or no? Your answer: (b) (1 point) Explain. Your answer: If your random sample of size $n = 300$ found 6 people with green eyes, is this an appropriate sample to use for a hypothesis test? (a) (0 points) Yes or no?				

Your answer:

 $^{^1\}mathrm{Hint}:$ What does the level of significance α mean in hypothesis testing? What is "Type I error"?

Additional Questions

(7) (6 points possible) What are mathematical expressions for the respective margin of errors

$$E = z^* \times SE$$
 or $E = t^* \times SE$

in the third column of the following table?

With a c-level of confidence,	calculator	In this case, the margin of error E is
I want to estimate	function	
A population mean μ with known	ZInterval	
population standard deviation σ		
A population mean μ with un-	TInterval	
known population standard deviation		
A population proportion p	1-PropZInt	
Tripopulation proportion p	1-1 10p2IIIt	
A difference of population means	2-SampZInt	
$\mu_1 - \mu_2$ with unknown population		
standard deviation σ		
A difference of population means	2-SampTInt	
$\mu_1 - \mu_2$ with known population standard deviation σ		
A difference of population propor-	2-PropZInt	
tions $p_1 - p_2$	_ 1 10p2iiii	
	l .	

- (8) (4 points possible) Which is higher? In each part below, there is a value of interest and two scenarios (I and II). For each part, report if the value of interest is larger under scenario I, scenario II, or whether the value is equal under the scenarios.
 - (a) The standard error of \hat{p} when (I) n = 125 or (II) n = 500. I or II?
 - (b) The margin of error of a confidence interval when the confidence level is (I) 90% or (II) 80%. I or II?
 - (c) The p-value for a Z-statistic of 2.5 calculated based on (I) a sample with n = 500, or on (II) a sample with n = 1000.

 I or II?
 - (d) The probability of making a Type 2 Error when the alternative hypothesis is true and the significance level is (I) 0.05 or (II) 0.10.

 | I or II?