1. QR codes for this document in SageMath Cell





```
2. Here's an example R Script
# probability of success
p < -0.2
# number of trials
n <- 50
# the support vector of the distribution (why is the upper limit n?)
k < -c(1:n)
\# here's an R command to plot values k (from 1 to n) on the horizontal axis
# and to plot the PMF p_{-}X(k) of the random variable X \tilde{} Bin(n,p) on the vertical axis
# (the PMF p_X(x) is just the probability P(X = k) of k exactly successes in n trials)
plot(k,dbinom(k,size=n,prob=p),type="h")
       0.14
       0.12
       0.10
dbinom(k, size = n, prob = p)
       0.08
       90.0
       0.04
       0.02
```

k

30

40

50

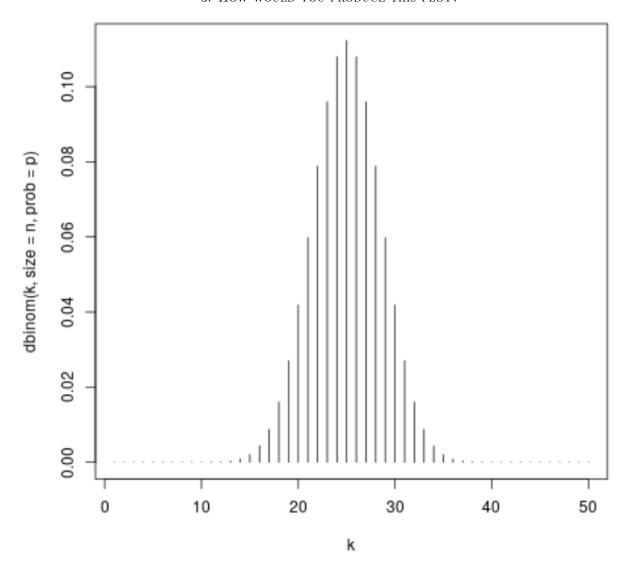
20

0.00

0

10

3. How would you produce this plot?



4. Chewie the Wookie eats a Cookie

How does this code

```
# probability of success
p <- 14/40
# number of trials
n <- 4
# support of distribution
k <- c(1:n)
# plot
plot(k,dbinom(k,size=n,prob=p),type="h")</pre>
```

help to answer the question from last Friday's quiz related to Chewie the Wookie's snacks?

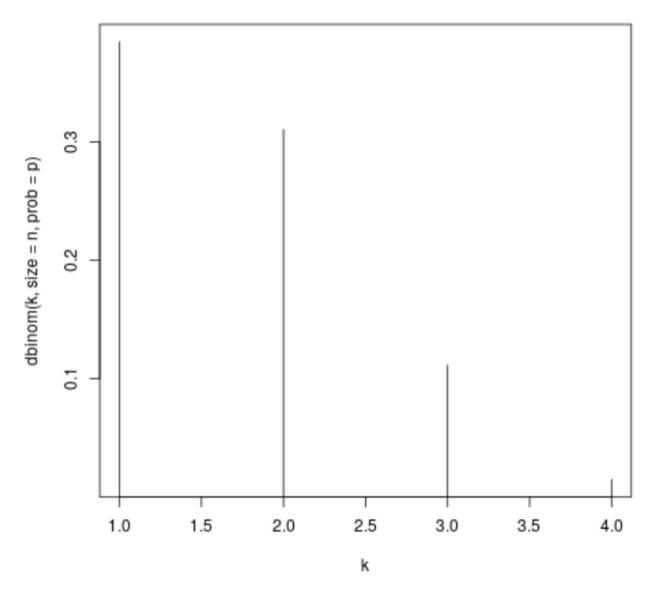
A. Chewie the Wookie has 4 identical boxes of snacks. Each box contains 40 snacks (18 purple snacks, 14 red snacks, and 8 green snacks). Chewie selects one snack at random from each box. What is the probability that exactly 1 of the 4 snacks is a red snack?

If you answered correctly, you might have used a TI-84 calculator to calculate binompdf(4,14/40,1), which returns 0.384475. Let's look at a solution from the perspective of an R programmer.

First off, since you already know what a random variable is, let's be fancy: let r.v. $X \sim \text{Bin}(4,14/40)$ be the number of red snacks that Chewie draws.

1. Why is this an appropriate probability model to answer the quiz question?

Here's the plot of the PMF for the r.v. X. It is just the plot as k increases from 1 to 4 of the probability that the binomially distributed random variable X is equal to k.



- 2. Where is the value 0.384475 represented on the plot of the PMF?
- 3. For what value of k is the PMF of the binomial distribution $p_X(k) = P(X = k)$ equal to 0.384475?
- 4. Where is the value 0.615525 represented on the plot of the PMF?
- 5. Can you write $P(X \neq k)$ as a sum of values on the plot of the PMF?