ECE 452: Computer Organization and Design Spring 2015

Homework 2: Instruction Set Architectures

Assigned: 3 Feb 2015 **Due:** 12 Feb 2015

Instructions:

- Please submit your assignment solutions via Canvas in a word or pdf file.
- Some questions might not have a clearly correct or wrong answer. In such cases, grading is based on your
 arguments and reasoning for arriving at a solution.

Q1 (25 points) Translate the following MIPS code snippets into C code

a. (10 points) For the MIPS assembly instructions below, what is the corresponding C statement? Assume that the variables f, g, h, i, and j are assigned to registers \$s0, \$s1, \$s2, \$s3, and \$s4, respectively. Assume that the base address of the arrays A and B are in registers \$s6 and \$s7, respectively.

```
sll $t0, $s0, 2  # $t0 = f * 4 add $t0, $s6, $t0  # $t0 = &A[f] sll $t1, $s1, 2  # $t1 = g * 4 add $t1, $s7, $t1  # $t1 = &B[g] lw $s0, 0($t0)  # f = A[f] addi $t2, $t0, 4 lw $t0, 0($t2) add $t0, $t0, $s0 sw $t0, 0($t1)
```

b. (15 points) Translate the following MIPS code to C. Assume that the variables f, g, h, i, and j are assigned to registers \$s0, \$s1, \$s2, \$s3, and \$s4, respectively. Assume that the base address of the arrays A and B are in registers \$s6 and \$s7, respectively.

```
addi $t0, $s6, 4
add $t1, $s6, $0
sw $t1, 0($t0)
lw $t0, 0($t0)
add $s0, $t1, $t0
```

Q2 (15 points) Find the shortest sequence of MIPS instructions that extracts bits 16 down to 11 from register \$t0 and uses the value of this field to replace bits 31 down to 26 in register \$t1 without changing the other 26 bits of register \$t1.

Q3 (20 points) Translate the following C code to MIPS assembly code. Use a minimum number of instructions. Assume that the values of a, b, i, and j are in registers \$s0, \$s1, \$t0, and \$t1, respectively. Also, assume that register \$s2 holds the base address of the array D.

```
for(i=0; i<a; i++)

for(j=0; j<b; j++)

D[4*j] = i + j;
```

Q4 (30 points) Answer the following

- a. (10 points) Provide the type and assembly language instruction for the following binary value: $0000\ 0010\ 0001\ 0000\ 1000\ 0000\ 0010\ 0000_{two}$
- b. (10 points) Provide the type and hexadecimal representation of following instruction: sw \$t1, 32(\$t2)
- c. (10 points) Provide the type, assembly language instruction, and binary representation of instruction described by the following MIPS fields: op=0, rs=3, rt=2, rd=3, shamt=0, funct=34

Q5 (10 points) Assume \$t0 holds the value 0b00101000. What is the value of \$t2 after the following instructions?

```
slt $t2, $0, $t0
bne $t2, $0, ELSE
j DONE
ELSE: addi $t2, $t2, 2
DONE:
```