- 1. Писмени задатак из математике је радило 20 ученика.
 - а) На колико начина радови могу бити оцењени? (Оцене које професор може дати су 1, 2, 3, 4 и 5.)
- (b) Ако знамо да је сваку од могућих оцена добио бар по један ученик, одредити на колико начина је професор могао оценити радове.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 50 + 2 - 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 54 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3) & x_{i} = 1 \\ y_{i} = x_{i} - 1 > 0 & i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y_{i} + y_{i} + y_{i} + y_{i} + y_{i} + y_{i} = 20 - 5 = 15 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (15 + 5 - 1) = \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. За природни број
$$n$$
 израчунати $\binom{n}{0} + 2\binom{n}{1} + 3\binom{n}{2} + \dots + (n+1)\binom{n}{n}$.

$$\sum_{N=1}^{N} |k| \binom{N}{N} + \sum_{N=0}^{N} \binom{N}{N} = N \cdot 2^{N-1} + 2^{N} = (N+2) 2^{N-1}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{N} \mathbb{Q} \left[\frac{n}{k} \right] = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{k} + \left[\frac{1}{1 \cdot \binom{n}{1}} + 2 \cdot \binom{n}{2} \right] = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \mathbb{Q} \left[\frac{n}{k} \right]$$

3. Одредити број пермутација π скупа $\{1,2,\ldots,9\}$ таквих да је $\pi(n)=n$, за n непарно 4 DopHe 5 Hearphix и $\pi(n) \neq n$, за n парно. Heappite y to chow memy N-3x 4! Of the company herspire Herspire y to close in Occasio ga bigaio mira je ca ospotile gufpaire; ige y ote S2: J1 121-2 S4: J1 141=4 S6: J1 (61=6 S8: J1 (8)=8 NIS2'54'56'5311 = N-NIS21- NISU1 - - --Il obje je worde 1234.-29 + N15254 + - = N13/=1 N12 = 2 $N15_2 = 3 = N(1)$ 5 Herrythusc + 3 Dipile 5 Herraphons churupouts + 2 hapin chukupalo Herryte y to Chojun weunda N(n) = 1 1234.-.9 che unique cupia furupare + 2 Ha chou eremy N(52'56'58') = 4! - (7/3! + (2/2! - 15)1! + 1 N(31) N(31) N(31) N(31) N(31)N121 N/31 N/41

2. Колико има петоцифрених природних бројева који имају тачно две парне цифре?

1° apla yetpa Hesopha 12) Harmer 30 USOP Worldy Work Supress Supresson 755 To worthwar 25 monthous 20so shoper doples colum 4 norman za ussop apte gutpe (1) Supano new 30 2- Oopmy 44pg 3 1+empire + 1 vopy -> 5

4. Решити систем рекурентних релација

t1-1 t2-5

 $\int_{2N} -A + B \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{N}$

ако је $a_0 = 4, b_0 = 3.$

10 | 36n - 56n+1 | = 9 | 36n-1 | -56n | -26n-1 | 306n - 50 | 6n+1 | = 276n-1 - 456n - 26n-1 | 506n+1 | -756n + 256. + = 0 | / ;25 | 26n+1 | -36n+6 | n-1 = 0 | 61 =
$$\frac{\alpha_{+}+36}{5} = \frac{-4+9}{5} = 1$$
 | $26^{2} - 36 + 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 - 1 = 0$ | $26 -$

2. На колико начина се из стандардног шпила са 52 карте може извући 4 карте, тако да међу њима буду бар 2 карте са знаком треф?

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ 2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}$$

 Neka je a_n, n ≥ 1, broj reči dužine n nad azbukom {0, 1, 2} koje ne sadrže podreč 22. Postaviti rekurentnu relaciju koja opisuje niz {a_n}.

an-Spoj apomerno polly

1.0 m-1

201 N-1 DN-1

3° 2 1 [n-2] 2 · 0 n-2

20 ______ ar-2 \ 2.0n-2

-> Henous 23amonte aprile

On = 2.00 -1+ 2-00->

 $Q_1 = 3$ $Q_2 = 8 \quad (= 3^2 - 1 = 9 - 1)$

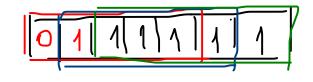
00,01,02,10,11,12,20,21, 32

00=1 laborres ben 46119

2.86. Колико има начина да се оформи комисија од 4 мушкарца и 6 жена ако у комисији треба да буду најмање два мушкарца и барем дупло више жена?

 Koristeći princip uključenja-isključenja odrediti broj reči nad azbukom {0,1} dužine 7 koje ne sadrže podreč 11111?

$$N(S_1) = N - N(S_1) = 2^7 - 3.2^2$$



4.31. Милица у касици има 10 новчића од 1 динар, 6 новчића од 5 комъмна и 2 динара, 5 новчића од 5 динара и 4 новчића од 10 динара. Под сл. поневимовни не разликују. одредити на колико начина Милица може узети 8 новчића.

$$\mathcal{X}_{1} + \mathcal{X}_{2} \tau \mathcal{X}_{5} + \mathcal{X}_{10} = 8$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{1} + \mathcal{X}_{2} \tau \mathcal{X}_{5} + \mathcal{X}_{10} = 8$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{2} + \mathcal{X}_{10} = 8$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{10} = \mathbb{Z}_{10} =$$

$$N(S_2|S_5|S_1) = N - N(S_2) - \cdots$$