



"For Nation's Greater Heights"

SURIGAO STATE COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

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Revision No.	00
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COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

SECOND Semester, AY 2021-2022

TEST QUESTIONNAIRE

MIDTERM Examination in AC3/AC4 – OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

Direction: This exam covers Modules in Midterm (40 points). Please answer in a sheet of paper and take picture then turned in. This is due at 7:30-9:00am. Those late submission can still be accepted but with deductions. Strictly **NO DUPLICATION OF ANSWERS**.

I. ANALYSIS (Module 1): Analyze and answer the question

1-5 Completely distinguish procedural and object oriented in terms of programming methods.

6-10 Comprehensively evaluate encapsulation, abstraction, inheritance and polymorphism based on the principles of object oriented programming;

II. EVALUATION (Module 2) : Evaluate and answer the question

11-20 Broadly summarize the concepts of unified modeling language (UML), the standard approach for modeling a system in the object-oriented world.

III. **ANALYSIS (Module 3):** Analyze the following statements. Write the letter of the correct answer in your paper. Write

- a. If a supports the statement.
- b. If b supports the statement.
- c. If a and b support the statement.
- d. Neither a nor b supports the statement.

Questions:

21. The use of the correct String declaration to declare the String of txt "Good Morning"

- a. String = "Good Morning";
- b. string = "Good Morning";

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22. The use of the correct operator to **concatenate** two strings: String one = "One" and String two = "Two".

- a. `System.out.println(One + two)` b. `System.out.println(One + Two)`

23. Declaring Variable Syntax is :

- a. `type variable = value;` b. `variable = value;`

24. Creating a variable called name of type string and assign it the value "John":

- a. `String name = John;` b. `String name = "John";`

25. Creating a variable called Num of type int and assign it the value 50.

- a. `int Num = 50;` b. `int Num = "50";`

26. Creating a variable called num of type double and assign it the value of 100.00

- A. `int num = 100;` b. `double num = 100.00;`

27. The *Rules for Declaring Variables in Java*

a. Variable name must bound with data type. It means while declaring a variable we must specify its data type.

b. Reserve word or keywords cannot be taken as a variable name.

28. The types of variables in Java

- a. instance b. local

29. Consider the item below

`if (condition)`

```
{  
    ... (if block)  
}
```

This means the

- A. correct syntax of the if statement
B. correct but lacking syntax of the if statement

30. Consider the item below

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System.out.println("Old Price of Iron: "+PRICE); which means

- A. The screen prints out Old Price of Iron: with the value of the PRICE
- B. The screen prints only the value of the PRICE

EVALUATION (Module IV). Evaluate the item below

31-40. Comprehensively evaluate the array with its declaration, initialization and accessing the elements. You can give examples for your evaluation.