

# SED-ML as BioUML workflow

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### What is workflow

**Workflow**, as a concept, was defined in the business domain in 1996 by the Workflow Management Coalition as:

The automation of a business process, in whole or part, during which documents, information or tasks are passed from one participant to another for action, according to a set of procedural rules.

**Scientific workflow** - "useful paradigm to describe, manage, and share complex scientific analyses". They provide a high-level declarative way of specifying what a particular in silico experiment modelled by a workflow is set to achieve, not how it will be executed (Taverna web page).

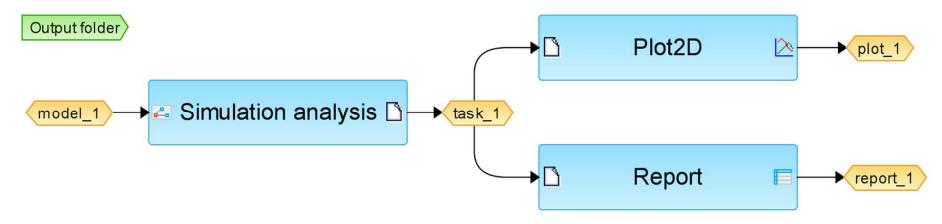
A workflow is a series of tools and dataset actions that run in sequence as a batch operation. (Galaxy web page)

**SED-ML** - is an XML-based format for encoding simulation setups, to ensure exchangeability and reproducibility of simulation experiments.

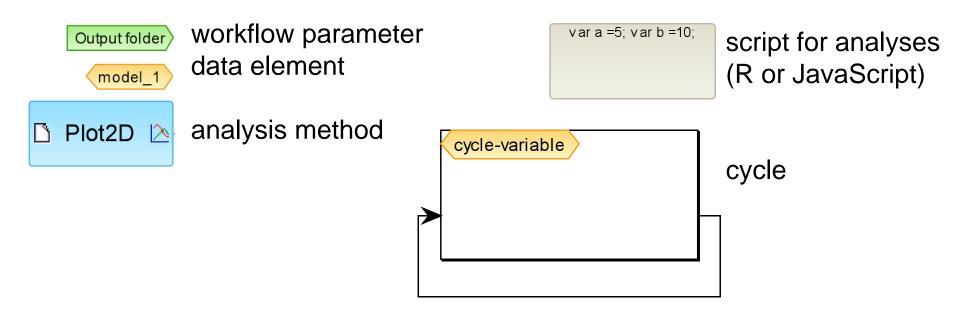
SED-ML is particular case of format for scientific workflow.

### BioUML workflows

### **Example:**



#### Legend:



### Workflow management system

A **workflow management system** provides an infrastructure for the setup, performance and monitoring of a defined sequence of tasks, arranged as a workflow.

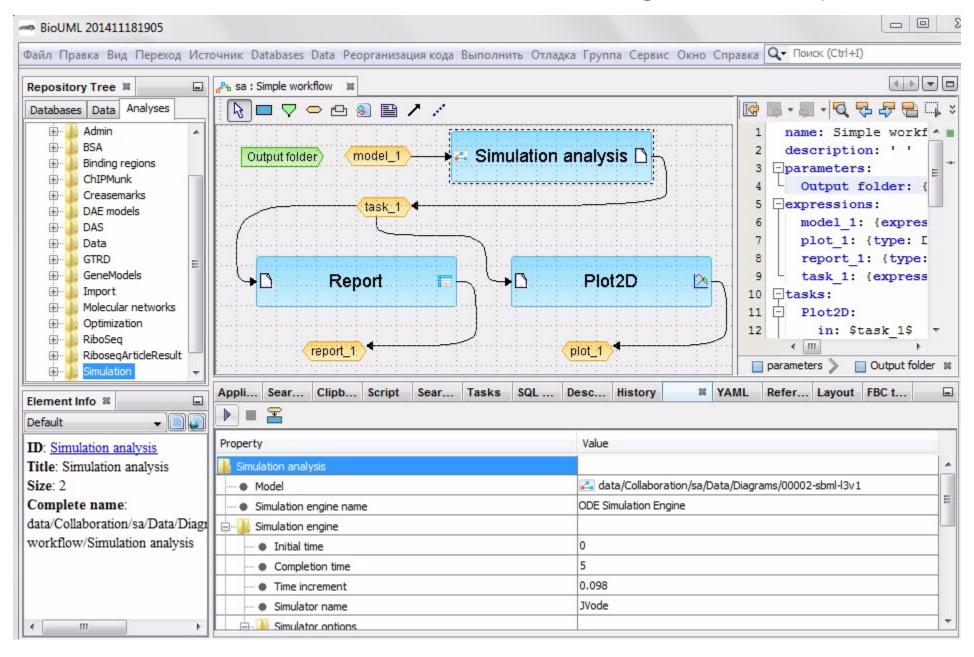
A scientific workflow system is a specialized form of a workflow management system designed specifically to compose and execute a series of computational or data manipulation steps, or workflow, in a scientific application.

#### Examples:

- Galaxy mainly used for NGS data analysis,
- Apache Taverna widely used in bioinformatics,
- Kepler,
- KNIME.

BioUML platform also provides powerful workflow management system used for analysis of wide range of biological data.

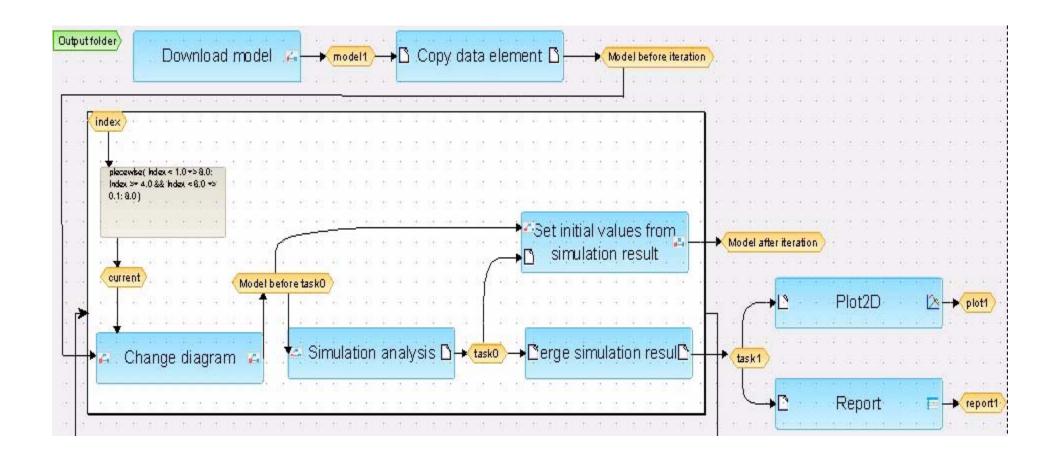
### BioUML IDE as Workflow Management System



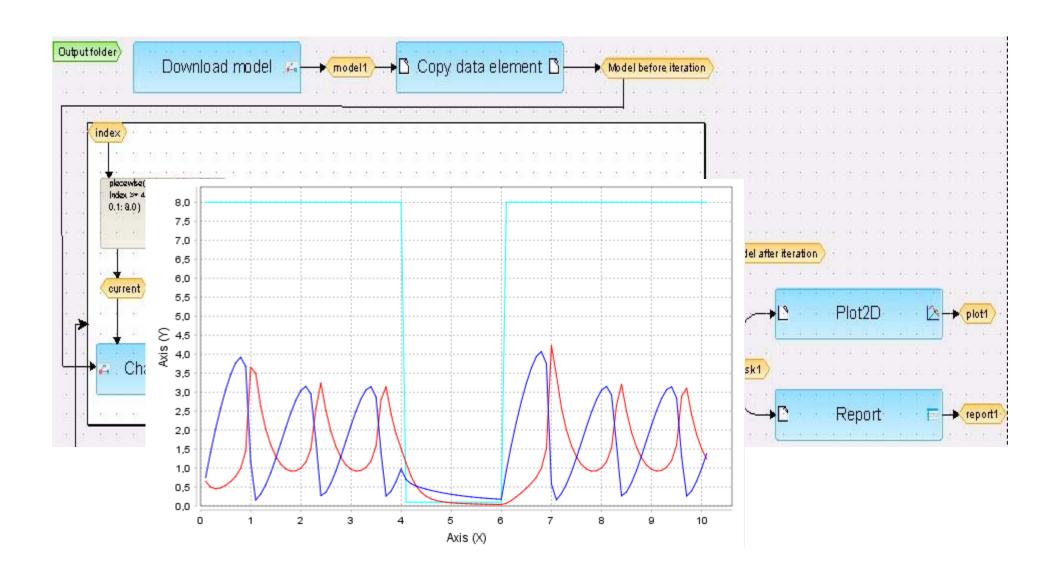
### SED-ML Analyses

BioUML analysis	SED-ML element
Simulation	Task
Change diagram	listOfChanges
Report	Report, DataGenerator
Plot2d	Plot2D, DataGenerator
Merge simulation results	Repeated Task
Apply simulation results	
Download model	Model

### SED-ML Repeated Task example



### SED-ML Repeated Task example



# YAML - YAML Ain't Markup Language

Clark Evans, 2001

YAML is a human friendly data serialization standard for all programming languages.

Data structure hierarchy is maintained by outline indentation.

(www.yaml.org)

```
date:
             2012-08-06
customer:
    given:
             Dorothy
    family:
             Gale
items:
                 A4786
    - part_no:
      descrip:
                 Water Bucket (Filled)
      price:
                 1.47
      quantity:
                 4
                 E1628
    - part_no:
      descrip:
                 High Heeled "Ruby"
      size:
      price:
                 100.27
      quantity:
bill-to: &id001
    street:
            123 Tornado Alley
            Suite 16
            East Centerville
    city:
    state:
            KS
```

Oz-Ware Purchase Invoice

receipt:

29 lines

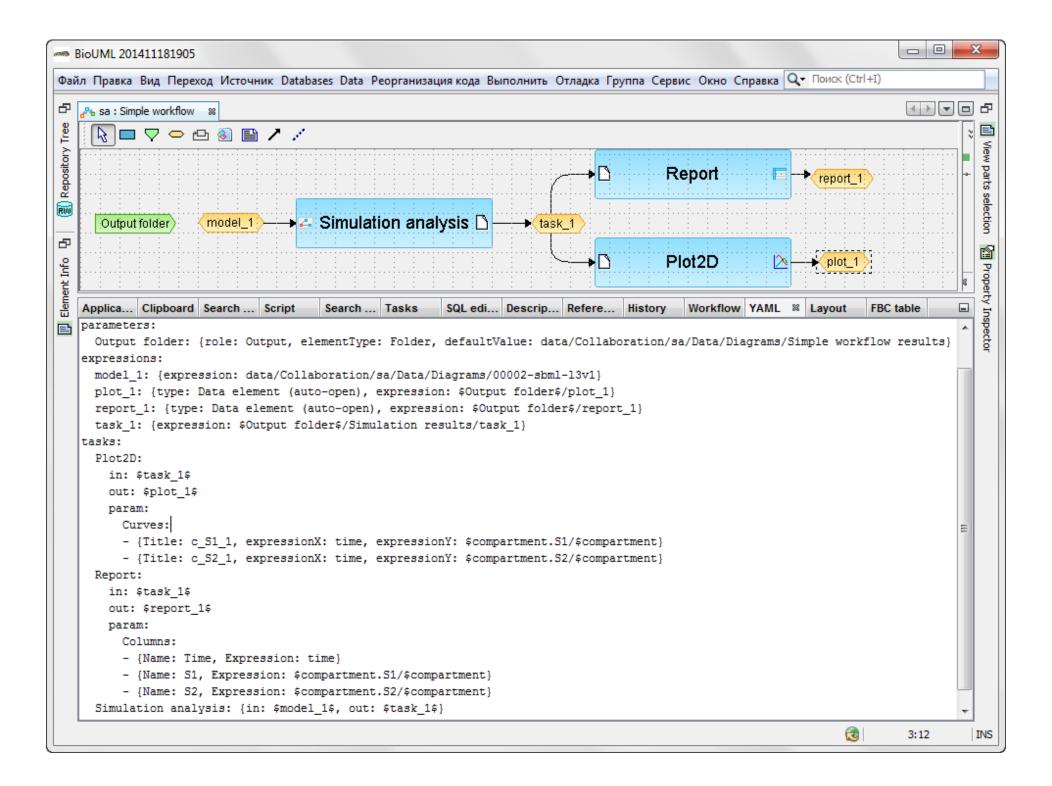
```
description: ' '
parameters:
 Output folder: {role: Output, elementType: Folder, defaultValue:
data/Collaboration/sa/Data/Diagrams/Simple workflow results}
expressions:
 model_1: {expression: data/Collaboration/sa/Data/Diagrams/00002-sbml-l3v1}
 plot 1: {type: Data element (auto-open), expression: $Output folder$/plot 1}
 report 1: {type: Data element (auto-open), expression: $Output folder$/report 1}
 task 1: {expression: $Output folder$/Simulation results/task 1}
tasks:
 Plot2D:
  in: $task 1$
  out: $plot 1$
  param:
   Curves:
   - {Title: c_S1_1, expressionX: time, expressionY: $compartment.$1/$compartment}
   - {Title: c S2 1, expressionX: time, expressionY: $compartment.$2/$compartment}
 Report:
  in: $task 1$
  out: $report 1$
  param:
   Columns:
   - {Name: Time, Expression: time}
   - {Name: S1, Expression: $compartment.S1/$compartment}
   - {Name: S2, Expression: $compartment.S2/$compartment}
 Simulation analysis: {in: $model_1$, out: $task_1$}
```

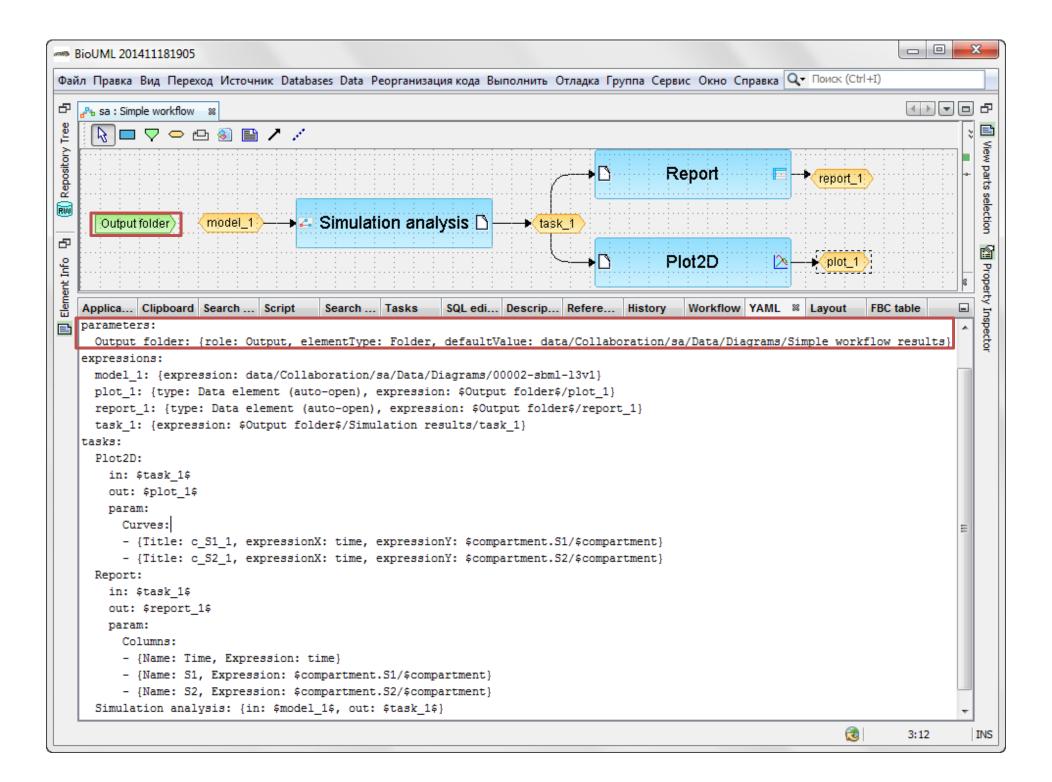
### SED-ML

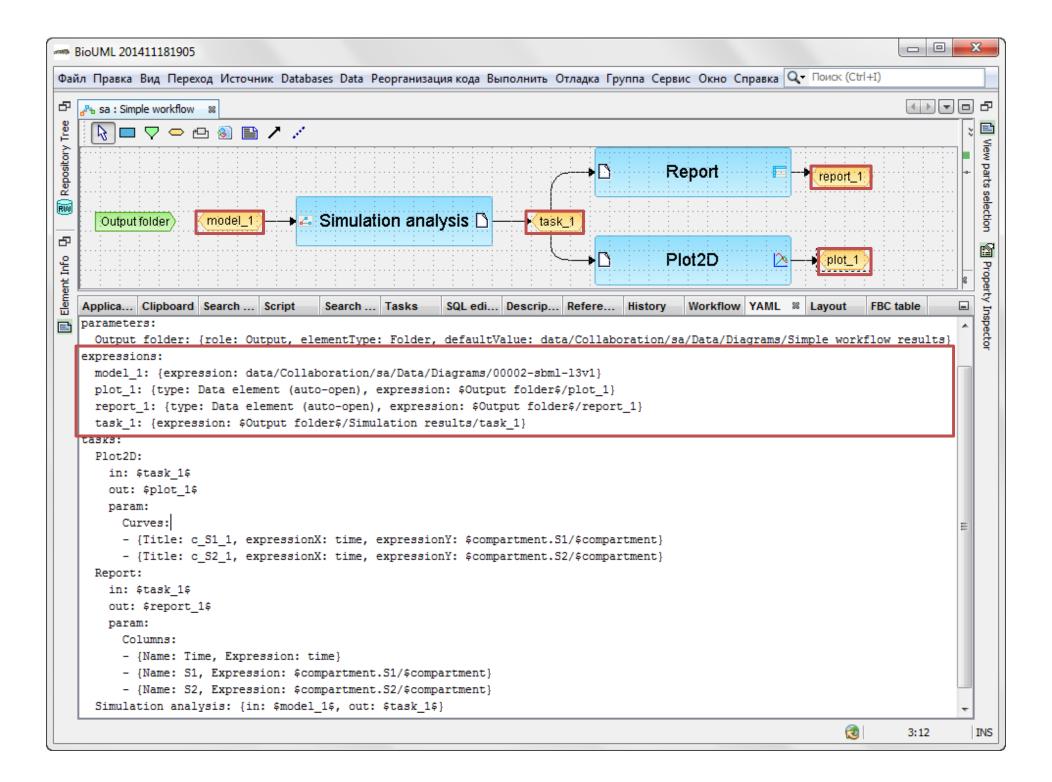
66 lines

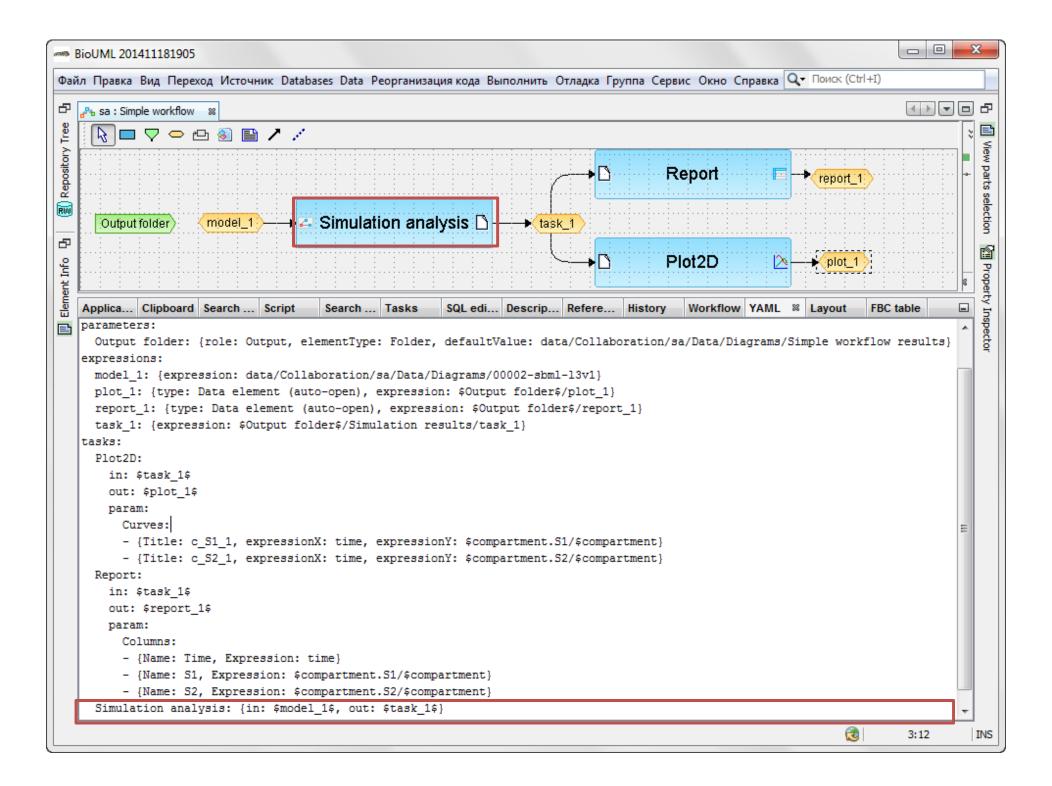
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<sedML xmlns="http://sed-ml.org/" xmlns:math="http://www.w3.org/1998/Math/MathML"</pre>
version="1" level="1">
listOfSimulations>
  <uniformTimeCourse id="simulation_1" initialTime="0.0" outputStartTime="0.0"
outputEndTime="5.0" numberOfPoints="51">
   <algorithm kisaoID="KISAO:0000019" />
  </uniformTimeCourse>
 </listOfSimulations>
 <listOfModels>
  <model id="model_1" language="urn:sedml:language:sbml" source="00002-sbml-l3v1.xml" />
 /listOfModels>
 <listOfTasks>
  <task id="task 1" modelReference="model 1" simulationReference="simulation 1" />
 </listOfTasks>
 <listOfDataGenerators>
  <dataGenerator id="data generator 1" name="data generator 1">
   <listOfVariables>
    <variable id="time" name="time" taskReference="task 1" symbol="urn:sedml:symbol:time" />
   </listOfVariables>
   <math:math>
    <math:ci>time</math:ci>
   </math:math>
  </dataGenerator>
```

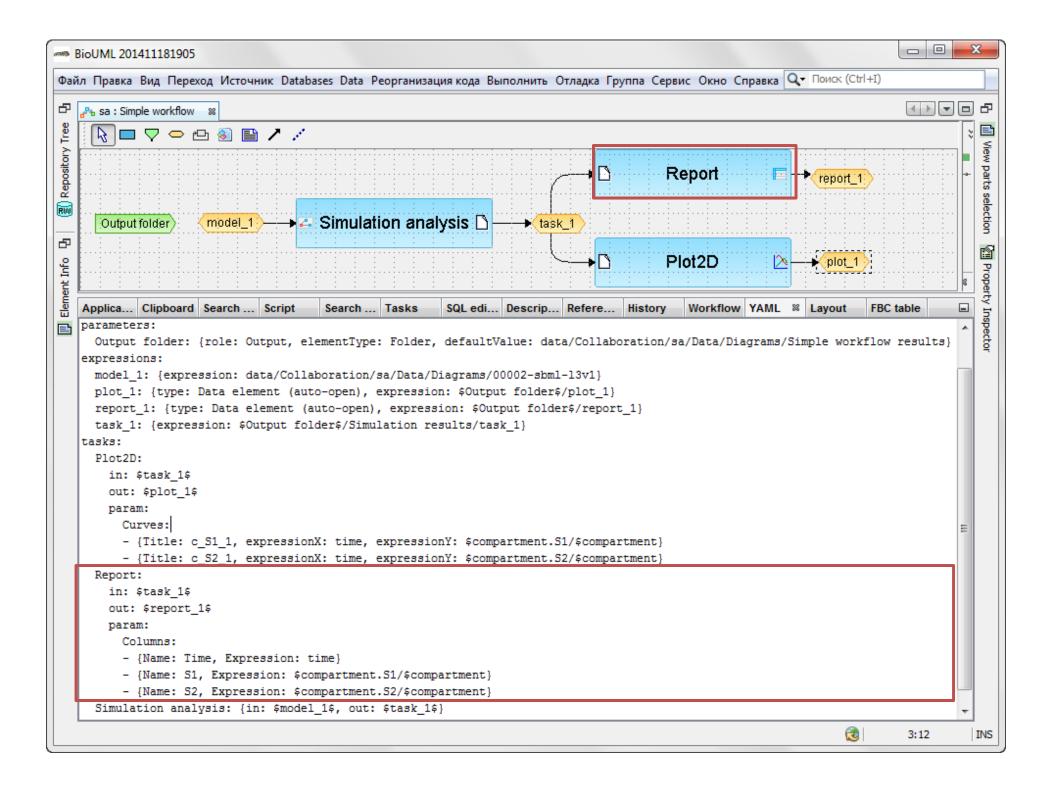
. . .

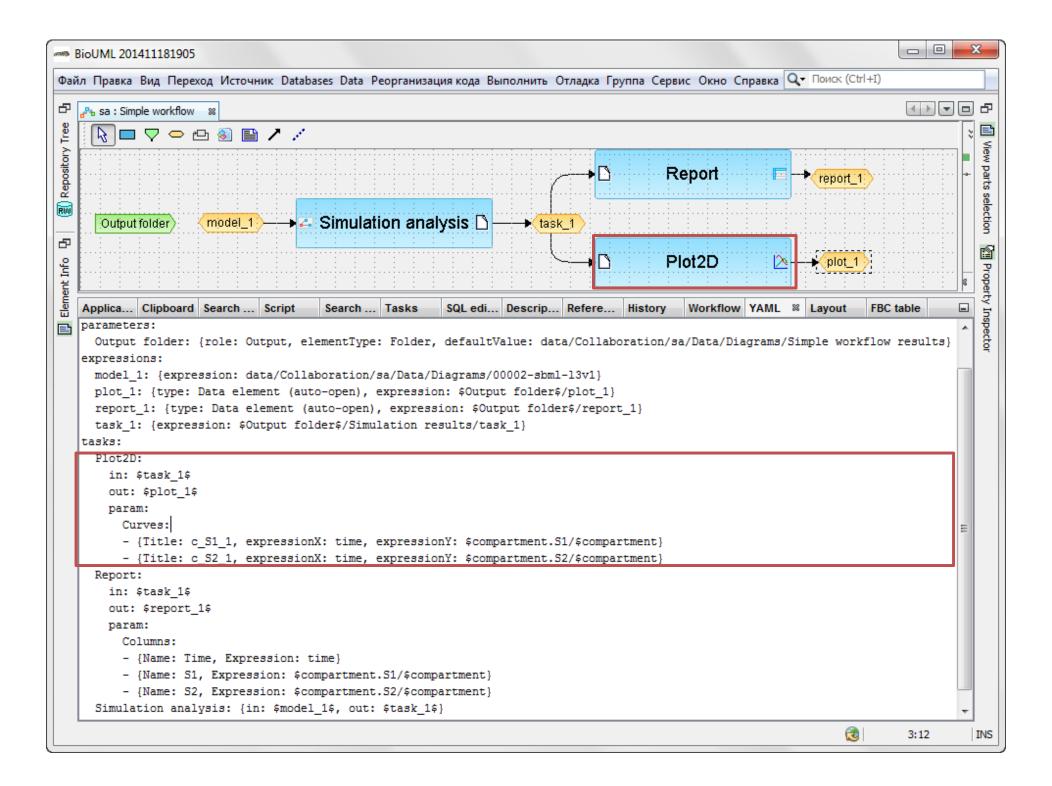












# Summary

- ✓ Sed-ML I1 v2 import\export
- ✓ Visual + text sync editing
- ✓ Combination with other BioUML analysis and scripts (model automatic generation, parameter fitting, simulation result analysis)

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- ✓ Sed-ML I1 v2 import\export
- ✓ Visual + text sync editing
- ✓ Combination with other BioUML analysis and scripts (model automatic generation, parameter fitting, simulation result analysis)
- ? Workflows seems to be more complicated than corresponding SED-ML
- ? Not every workflow can be exported to SED-ML.

### Towards SED-ML 2

#### **Motivation:**

- standards become more and more complicated, e.g. no tool supports all SBML packages;
- complicated models, requiring multiple simulation types;
- we need to use different types of tasks (e.g. parameter fitting).

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#### **Solution:**

- possibility to add new tasks or analysis methods;
- possibility to explicitly specify software tool and its parameters for each task.
- possible frameworks to call different tools:
  - SBW systems biology workbench;
  - command line and Galaxy core.

# Thank you for your attention