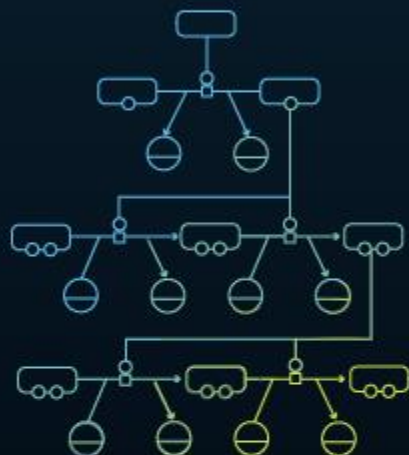


# Symbol of the Month

Introduced by Nicolas Le Novère



## A Visual Notation for Network Diagrams in Biology

Welcome to the global portal for documentation, news, and other information about the **Systems Biology Graphical Notation** (SBGN) project, an effort to standardize the graphical notation used in maps of biological processes.

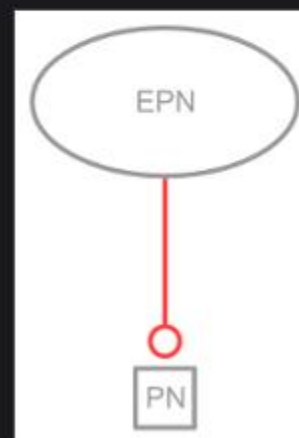
### Quick start

[Learn how to use SBGN](#)

[Get involved](#)

### Symbol of the month

[Catalysis \(PD\)](#)



SBGN is the work of many people. It would not have been possible without the generous support of multiple organizations over the years, for which we are very thankful.

#### SBGN News

(19 Apr. '13) The SBGN User Survey. We need your help to make SBGN better. Find out more [here](#).

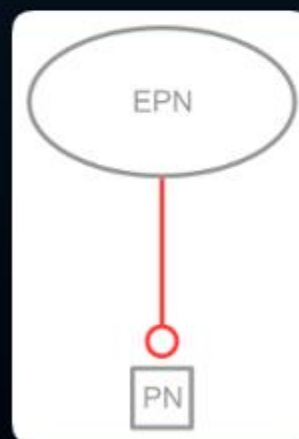
## Symbol of the month series

- Jun 2013: [PD Catalysis](#)
- Apr 2013: [PD Simple Chemical](#)
- Mar 2013: [PD Macromolecule](#)
- Feb 2013: [PD Consumption, Production and Reversible](#)
- Jan 2013: [PD Process](#)
- Dec 2012: [PD Inhibition](#)
- Nov 2012: [PD Stimulation](#)

## CATALYSIS

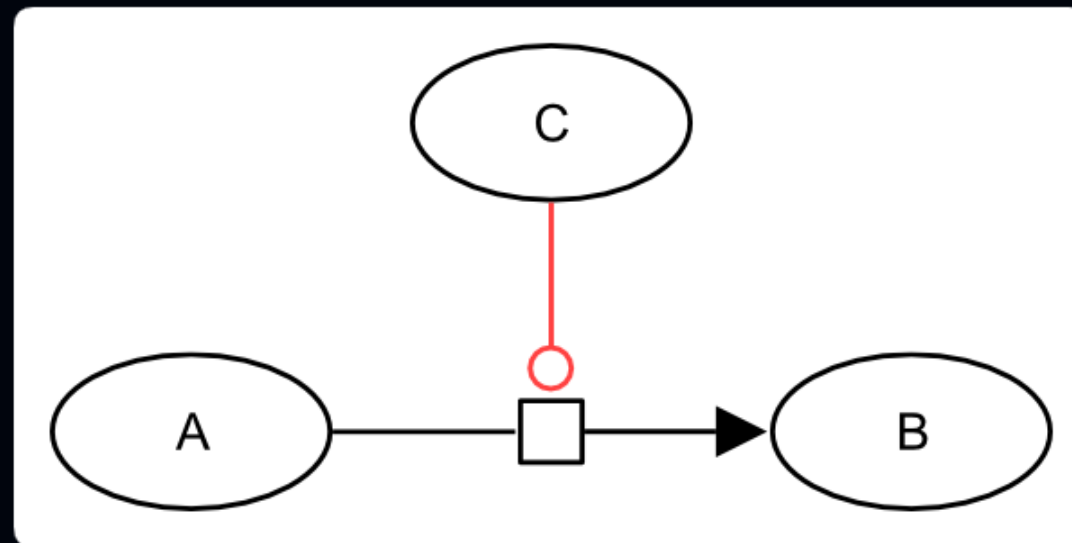
A *catalysis* is a particular case of [stimulation](#), where the effector affects positively the flux of a process represented by the target process. The positive effect on the process is due to the lowering of the activation energy of a reaction. The target extremity of a *catalysis* carries an empty circle.

In SBGN Process Description language, the catalysis of a process is represented by the *catalysis arc*. The target extremity of a *catalysis* carries an empty circle. A *catalysis arc* starts from an *entity pool node* (labelled "EPN" in the figure below, representing for instance a pool of molecules) and ends on a *process node* (labelled "PN" in the figure below, representing for instance a reaction). In the drawing below, the catalysis arc is coloured in red:



The following generic example describes an entity C that catalyses the process transforming an entity A into an entity B.

The following generic example describes an entity C that catalyses the process transforming an entity A into an entity B.



The following actual example describes the conversion of glucose into glucose 6 phosphate, catalysed by the enzyme hexokinase.

