



Lab Report 01

Experiment 1: An introduction to Arduino and Interfacing of Gas Sensor using Arduino and showing the Sensor Data in OLED Display.

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Objective:

The primary objective of this experiment is to learn the software and hardware fundamentals of Arduino and the process of interfacing a Gas Sensor using Arduino. Additionally, gain hands-on experience in displaying the sensor data on an OLED display.

Components used:

Hardware:

- 1) Arduino Uno board
- 2) LED
- 3) MQ-2 Gas Sensor
- 4) OLED Display (SSD1306)
- 5) Breadboard
- 6) Jumper wires
- 7) 10k ohm Resistor

Software:

- 1) Arduino IDE

Procedure:

i. Arduino Board Setup:

Place the Arduino board on the breadboard, ensuring a stable connection, and connect the necessary wires to establish a reliable power supply.

ii. Interfacing OLED display with the gas sensor circuit:

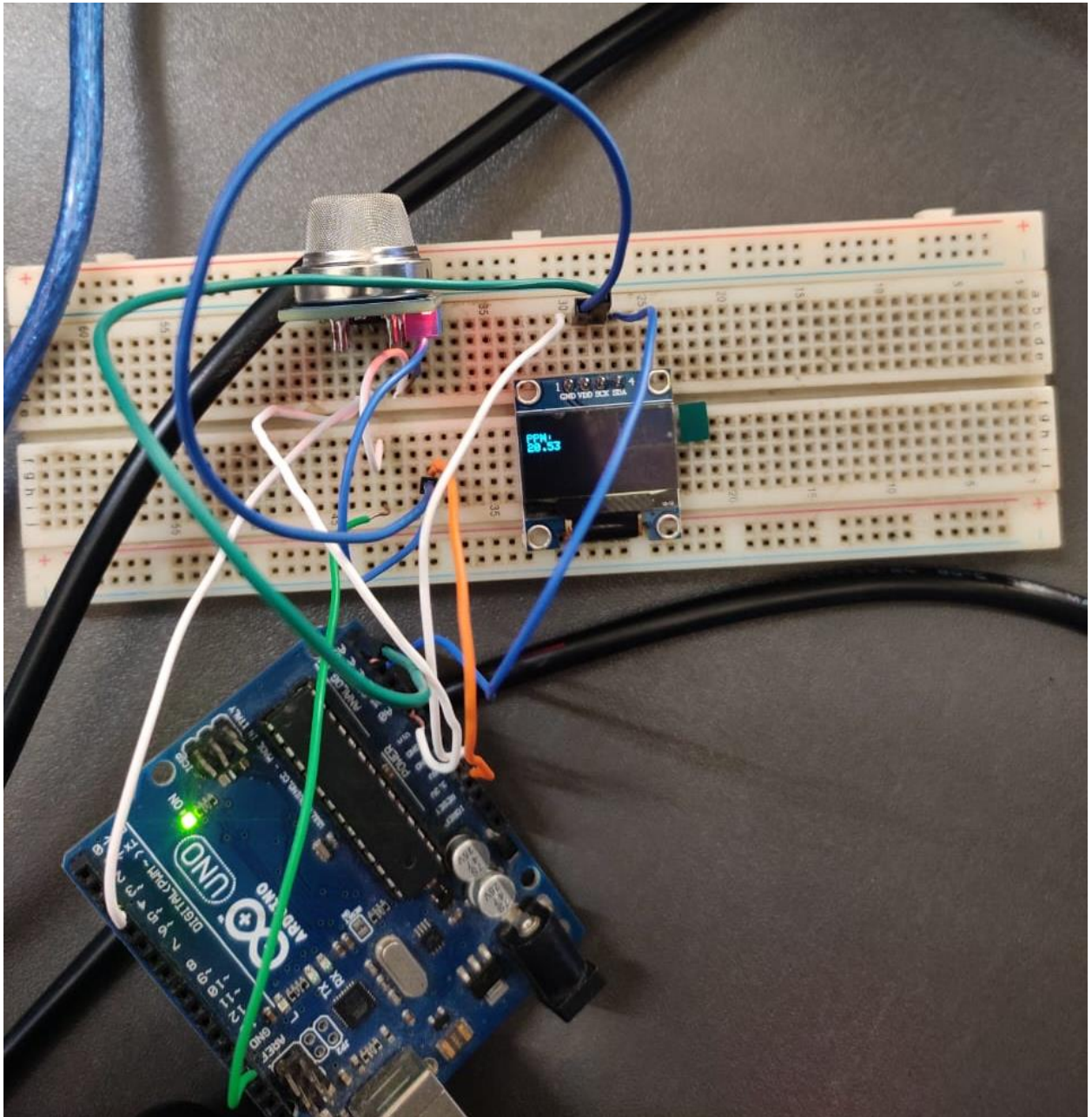


Fig 4: Showing calculated ppm result by the Gas Sensor on OLED display

Code:

```
#include <Wire.h>

#include <Adafruit_GFX.h>
#include <Adafruit_SSD1306.h>

#define OLED_RESET -1 // Reset pin # (or -1 if sharing Arduino reset pin)
#define SCREEN_ADDRESS 0x3C ///< See datasheet for Address; 0x3D for 128x64,
                                0x3C for 128x32

Adafruit_SSD1306 display(128, 64, &Wire, OLED_RESET);

const int sensorPin = A0;


unsigned long prevMil = 0;
const long interval = 1000;

// Define the load resistance value (in ohms) used in the circuit
#define RL 10 //Load resistance
#define m -0.263 //Calculated Slope
#define b 0.42 //Calculated intercept
#define Ro 20 // Resistance on fresh air


void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  Serial.println("MQ2 warming up!");
  if (!display.begin(SSD1306_SWITCHCAPVCC, SCREEN_ADDRESS)) {
    Serial.println(F("SSD1306 allocation failed"));
  }
  display.clearDisplay();
  display.setTextColor(WHITE);
  display.setTextSize(1);
```

```

display.display();
delay(20000); // allow the MQ2 to warm up
}

void loop() {
    unsigned long currentMil = millis();

    if(currentMil - prevMil >= interval){
        float VRL; //Voltage drop across the MQ sensor
        float Rs; //Sensor resistance at gas concentration
        float ratio; //Define variable for ratio
        float sensorValue = analogRead(sensorPin);
        Serial.println(sensorValue);

        VRL = sensorValue * (5.0/1023.0); //Measure the voltage drop and
convert to 0-5V

        Rs = ((5.0*RL)/VRL)-RL; //Use formula to get Rs value
        ratio = Rs/Ro; // find ratio Rs/Ro
        float ppm = pow(10, ((log10(ratio)-b)/m)); //use formula to calculate
ppm

        display.clearDisplay();
        display.setCursor(0, 12);
        display.println("PPM: ");
        display.println(ppm);
        display.display();
        prevMil = currentMil;
    }
}

```

Problems and considerations:

- i. Encountered issues with OLED display. It was flickering at some point, but when I fixed the connection, it worked properly.
- ii. Adafruit essential library was installed when faced code errors.

Conclusion:

The experiment that was given to generate the lab report was essential to know the basic interfacing of Arduino with sensor and display. After completing the whole experiment all of the objective was fulfilled and everything