NAME: JUBESH JOSEPH EMP-ID: 242017

DATE: 16.07.2024

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

To Classify the drone signals into FSK vs NOT FSK.

Step 1: Collection of Data

I collected some data for different modulation types using the Vector Signal Generator.

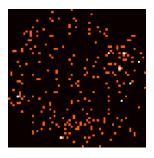
The collected data includes modulations:

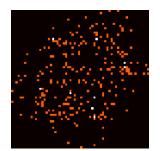
- 1. 2FSK
- 2. 4FSK
- 3. 8FSK

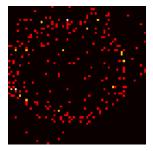
Step 2: Collected some telemetry data of RFD_900

Step 3: Plot the constellation Diagrams.

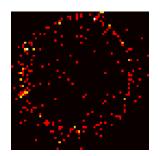
1. 2FSK

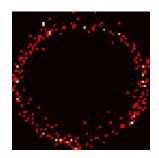


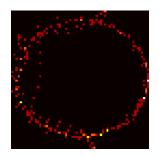




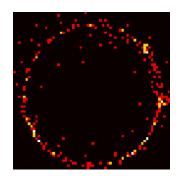
2. 4FSK

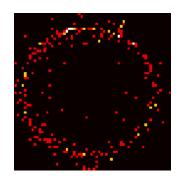


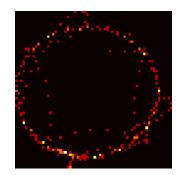




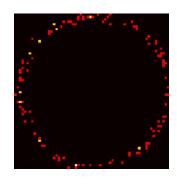
3. 8FSK

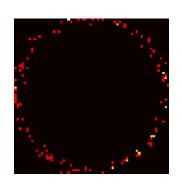


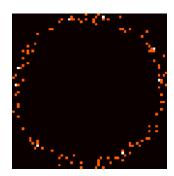




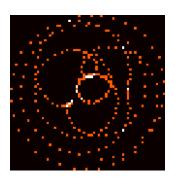
4. Telemetry Data

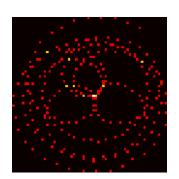


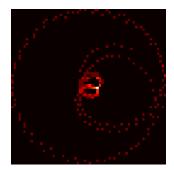




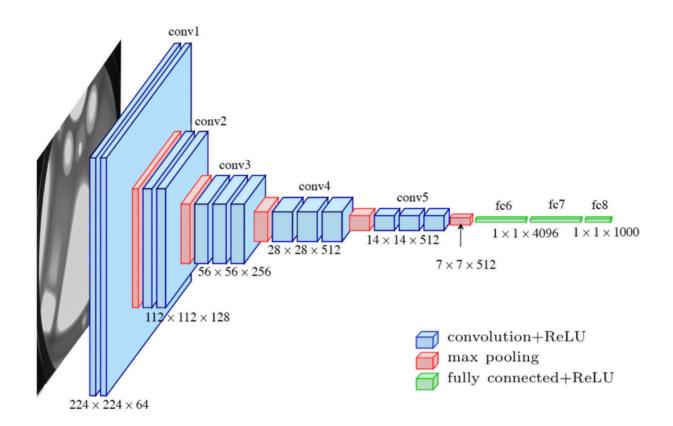
NON_FSK Constellations:







Model Used: VGG16 (without Top Layers)



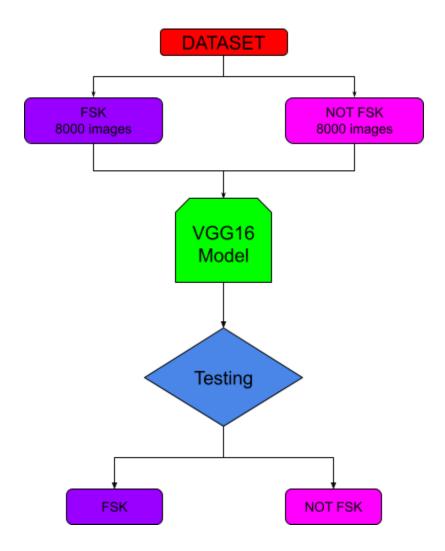
Details of the model:

Weights: imagenet
TopLayers: False
Last Layer: Sigmoid

Entropy: binary-crossentropy

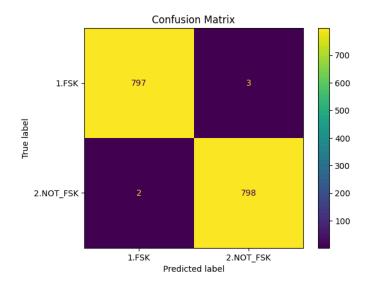
Training Time: 27 mins (With GPU)

Flow Chart:



Outcomes:

Confusion Matrix

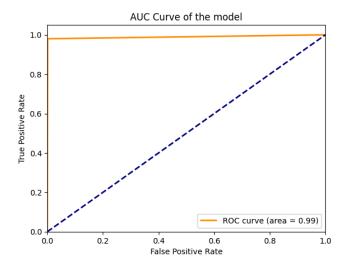


2. Training Progress

```
700/700 [===
Epoch 2/25
700/700 [===
         Epoch 3/25
700/700 [=============] - 59s 84ms/step - loss: 0.0325 - accuracy: 0.9878 - val_loss: 0.0143 - val_accuracy: 0.9966 Epoch 4/25
========] - 59s 84ms/step - loss: 0.0216 - accuracy: 0.9920 - val_loss: 0.0160 - val_accuracy: 0.9947
Epoch 10/25
        700/700 [==:
Epoch 11/25
700/700 [========] - 59s 84ms/step - loss: 0.0176 - accuracy: 0.9932 - val_loss: 0.0138 - val_accuracy: 0.9959
Epoch 12/25
700/700 [====
Epoch 22/25
700/700 [===
Epoch 23/25
700/700 [====
Epoch 24/25
700/700 [====
Epoch 25/25
700/700 [====
    =========] - 59s 84ms/step - loss: 0.0111 - accuracy: 0.9965 - val_loss: 0.0253 - val_accuracy: 0.9937
     :========] - 59s 84ms/step - loss: 0.0097 - accuracy: 0.9957 - val_loss: 0.0155 - val_accuracy: 0.9972
```

3. Test Accuracy: 99.68 %

4. AUC Plot



5. Precision and Recall Scores:

```
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score

# Assuming y_true and y_pred_binary are already defined as in your notebook
precision = precision_score(y_true, y_pred_binary)
recall = recall_score(y_true, y_pred_binary)

print("Precision:", precision)
print("Recall:", recall)
```

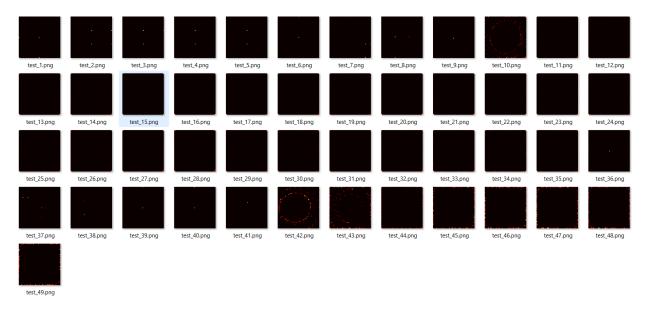
Precision: 0.9987261146496815

Recall: 0.98

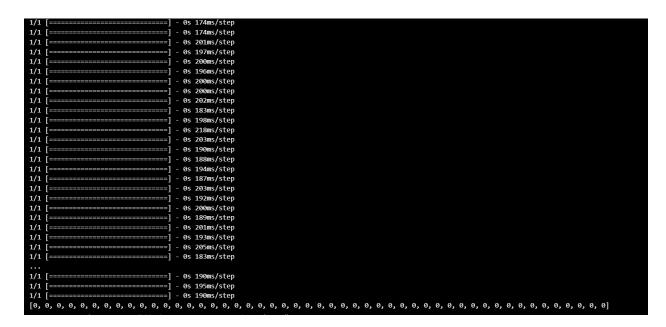
Actual testing

Test 1: rfd900_injection0

1. Generated random 50 frames from the given IQ data.



- 2. Tested the model on them.
- 3. Outcome we got.



Test2: rfd900_net25

1. Generated random 50 frames from the given IQ data.



- 2. Tested the model on them.
- 3. Outcome we got

```
0s 199ms/step
0s 203ms/step
1/1
1/1
                                          0s 196ms/step
0s 200ms/step
                                          0s 203ms/step
1/1
1/1
                                          0s 202ms/step
0s 196ms/step
1/1
1/1
1/1
                                          0s 202ms/step
                                          0s 223ms/step
                                          Øs 197ms/step
1/1
1/1
                                          0s 198ms/step
0s 200ms/step
                                          0s 200ms/step
1/1
1/1
1/1
                                          0s 200ms/step
                                          0s 207ms/step
0s 183ms/step
1/1
1/1
                                          0s 217ms/step
0s 217ms/step
1/1
1/1
                                          0s 230ms/step
0s 233ms/step
                                          0s 222ms/step
                                          0s 219ms/step
0s 216ms/step
1/1
Output is truncated. View as a <u>scrollable element</u> or open in a <u>text editor</u>. Adjust cell output <u>settings</u>..
```