SCHEMATA

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1 Introduction

SCHEMATA is a web forms handling library for Common Lisp.

Although it is potentially framework agnostic, it runs on top of Hunchentoot at the moment.

It features:

- Several form field types: String, boolean, integer, email, password fields. And more.
- Custom fields. SCHEMATA is extensible and it is possible to define new field types.
- Server and client side validation
- Rendering backends. Forms can be rendered via CL-WHO, or Djula, or something else; the backend is pluggable. The default renderer is CL-WHO.
- Themes (like Bootstrap)
- Control on rendering and layout.
- Handling of form errors.
- CSRF protection

2 Installation

With Quicklisp:

(ql:quickload "schemata")

When you want to use a form renderer such as :who or :djula, quickload the associated package: schemata.who, schemata.who.bootstrap, schemata.djula.

- 3 Usage
- 3.1 Basics

4 API

4.1 SCHEMATA package

SCHEMATA [PACKAGE]

External definitions

Macros

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA (schema-def)

[Macro]

Wrapper macro for schema definitions.

SCHEMATA: DEFINE-SCHEMA (name schema)

[Macro]

Register SCHEMA under NAME. The schema can then be accessed via FIND-SCHEMA.

Generic functions

SCHEMATA: PARSE-WITH-SCHEMA (schema string-or-data) [Generic-Function]

Parses the string to an association list using the schema

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: UNSERIALIZE-WITH-SCHEMA (schema data format)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA-DOCUMENTATION (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: OBJECT-CLASS (sb-pcl::object)

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-NAME (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-PARSER (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-VALIDATOR (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-ADD-VALIDATOR (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-EXTERNAL-NAME (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA-TYPE (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

 ${\tt SCHEMATA:ATTRIBUTE-FORMATTER}\ (sb\hbox{-}pcl::object)$

SCHEMATA: OBJECT-NAME (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: OBJECT-ATTRIBUTES (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-ACCESSOR (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-TYPE (sb-pcl::object)

[Generic-Function]

Chapter 4: API

Functions

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-READER (attribute) [Function]

SCHEMATA: POPULATE-WITH-SCHEMA (schema object data & key exclude) [Function]

Populate CLOS objects from data + schema. Attributes members of EXCLUDE parameter are not populated.

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA-CLASS-SCHEMA (schema-class) [Function]

Generate a schema using the schema class meta info

SCHEMATA: SERIALIZE-WITH-SCHEMA (schema input &optional (serializer generic-serializer::*serializer*) (stream

generic-serializer::*serializer-output*))

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA-SPEC (schema) [Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-TYPE-NAME (attribute) [Function]

SCHEMATA: VALIDATION-ERROR (message &rest args) [Function]

SCHEMATA: VALIDATE-WITH-SCHEMA (schema data & key (collect-errors [Function] *collect-validation-errors*) (error-p *signal-validation-errors*))

Validate input using schema. Useful for validating resource operations posted content (for :post and :put methods). Input can be a string or an association list.

Args: - schema (symbol or schema): The schema - data (alist): The data to validate. - format (keyword): The data format. - collect-errors (boolean): If true, collect all the validation errors. If false, return the first validation error found. Default: true. - error-p (boolean): If true, when validation errors are found, a validation error is signaled. If false, the validation errors are returned as the function result and no error is signaled.

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-OPTIONAL-P (attribute) [Function]

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE-WRITER (attribute) [Function]

SCHEMATA: FIND-OBJECT-ATTRIBUTE (object attribute-name & key (error-p t)) [Function]

SCHEMATA: FIND-SCHEMA (name & optional (errorp t)) [Function] Find a schema definition by name

SCHEMATA: PATCH-WITH-SCHEMA (schema object data)

[Function]

Populate CLOS objects from data + schema. Only populates attributes available in DATA, validating them. Useful for PATCH rest api operations implementations. DATA should be an association list.

Classes

SCHEMATA: OBJECT-SCHEMA [Class]

Class precedence list: object-schema, schema, standard-object, t

Chapter 4: API

Slots:

• name — initarg: :name; reader: schemata:object-name; writer: (setf schemata:object-name)

The name of the object.

- attributes initarg: :attributes; reader: schemata:object-attributes; writer: (setf schemata:object-attributes)
- class initarg: :class; reader: schemata:object-class; writer: (setf schemata:object-class)
- ignore-unknown-attributes initarg: :ignore-unknown-attributes; reader: schemata::ignore-unknown-attributes; writer: (setf schemata::ignore-unknown-attributes)
- serializer initarg: :serializer; reader: schemata::object-serializer; writer: (setf schemata::object-serializer)
- unserializer initarg: :unserializer; reader: schemata::object-unserializer; writer: (setf schemata::object-unserializer)

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA-REFERENCE-SCHEMA

[Class]

Class precedence list: schema-reference-schema, schema, standard-object, t Slots:

• name — initarg: :schema-name; reader: schemata::schema-name; writer: (setf schemata::schema-name)

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA [Class]

Class precedence list: schema, standard-object, t

Slots:

• documentation — initarg: :documentation; reader: schemata:schema-documentation; writer: (setf schemata:schema-documentation)

SCHEMATA: VALIDATION-ERROR

[Class]

 Class precedence list: validation-error, error, serious-condition, condition, t

SCHEMATA: ATTRIBUTE

[Class]

Class precedence list: attribute, schema, attribute-properties, standard-object, t

Slots:

- name initarg: :name; reader: schemata:attribute-name; writer: (setf schemata:attribute-name)
- type initarg: :type; reader: schemata:attribute-type; writer: (setf schemata:attribute-type)
- accessor initarg: :accessor; reader: schemata:attribute-accessor; writer: (setf schemata:attribute-accessor)
- writer initarg: :writer
- reader initarg: :reader
- slot initarg: :slot; reader: schemata::attribute-slot; writer: (setf schemata::attribute-slot)

SCHEMATA: TYPE-SCHEMA

[Class]

Class precedence list: ${\tt type-schema}$, ${\tt schema}$, ${\tt standard-object}$, ${\tt t}$

Slots:

• type — initarg: :type; reader: schemata:schema-type; writer: (setf schemata:schema-type)

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA-OBJECT

[Class]

Class precedence list: schema-object, standard-object, t

SCHEMATA: SCHEMA-CLASS

[Class]

Metaclass for schema objects

Class precedence list: schema-class, standard-class, class, specializer, metaobject, standard-object, t

Slots:

• schema-name — initarg: :schema-name; reader: schemata::schema-name; writer: (setf schemata::schema-name)

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