Quiz 02 - Practice

COMP 110: Introduction to Programming Spring 2024

Thursday March 7, 2024

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Question 1: Multiple Choice Completely fill in the question should have exactly one filled-in bubble.	ne bubble next to your answer using a pencil. Each
 1.1. A variable's value should not be reassigned after initialization. True False 1.2. The first time a variable is bound to a value is referred to with which of the fol- 	1.8. When accessing an index of a list that does not exist, what kind of error is encountered? NameError KeyError IndexError StackOverflowError
lowing special names? Assignment Initialization Relative Reassignment Declaration 1.3. Which side of the following statement should be evaluated first?	1.9. When accessing an element of a list, what kind of value most generically describes what is found inside the subscription notation's square brackets. E.g. a_list[HERE] Outlier Literal Data Type Integer Expression Integer Variable Name
1	 1.10. Generally, to avoid an infinite while loop, each iteration of the loop body should change a variable involved in the while loop's test condition bringing it closer to False:
 ○ False ○ True 1.6. The following statement increments x's value by 1. 1 x += 1 ○ False ○ True 1.7. Tuples and lists can both be mutated after creation. 	 1.12. Which of the following describes a test written to demonstrate an expected usage of a function? Edge Case Use Case 1.13. What is the evaluation of the following expression: [10, 20, 30][[0, 1, 2][3 - 1]] 10 20
creation.	$ \bigcirc 20 \\ \bigcirc 30 \\ \bigcirc \text{IndexError} $

Question 2: Respond to the following questions

Consider the following code listing:

```
animals: list[str] = ["fox", "bear", "rabbit"]
ints: list[str] = [1, 1, 1, 1]
two_d: list[list[int]] = [[10, 20], [30, 40], [50, 60]]
2.1. Write an expression that evaluates to "bear", making use of the animals variable.
2.2. Write a method call that adds the value "mouse" to the animals list.
2.3. Write a function call expression that evaluates to the quantity of values in the animal list.
2.4. Write an expression that increments the 3rd value in ints to be one greater than its previous
     value (regardless of what the previous value was).
2.5. Write a sequence of 3 assignment statements that will swap the values of the 0 and 1 index in
     animals. You will need to declare and initialize a temporary variable.
2.6. Write an expression that accesses the value 40 stored in the two_d variable.
2.7. Write an expression that accesses the list [50, 60] stored in the two_d variable.
2.8. Write an expression that removes the item at index 1 from animals.
```

Question 3: Memory Diagram Trace a memory diagram of the following code listing.

```
def mutator(x: int, xs: list[int]) -> None:
1
2
     """An impure function..."""
3
     x += 1
4
     xs[0] += 1
5
     y: int = x + 1
     print(f"mutator x: \{x\}, xs: \{xs\}, y: \{y\}")
6
7
     return x
8
9
   x: int = 0
10 | xs: list[int] = [0]
   | y: int = 0
12 print(f"global before x: {x}, xs: {xs}, y: {y}")
13 \mid y = mutator(x, xs)
14 print(f"global after x: \{x\}, xs: \{xs\}, y: \{y\}")
```

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Stack Heap
Globals

Output

Question 4: Memory Diagram Trace a memory diagram of the following code listing.

```
def combine(xs: list[int], ys: list[int]) -> list[int]:
1
2
     """Add the items of two lists item-wise."""
     assert len(xs) == len(ys)
3
4
     idx: int = 0
     result: list[int] = []
5
     while idx < len(xs):
6
7
       result.append(xs[idx] + ys[idx])
8
       idx += 1
9
     return result
10
11
12 | odds: list[int] = [1, 3, 5]
13 | evens: list[int] = [2, 4, 6]
14 | totals: list[int] = combine(odds, evens)
15 | print(totals)
```

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Stack	Heap	
Globals	7	

Question 5: Memory Diagram Trace a memory diagram of the following code listing.

```
1
   def sort(xs: list[int]) -> None:
2
     """Sort with the insertion sort algorithm."""
     N: int = len(xs) # Number of items
3
4
     i: int = 1  # "current index"
                     # "current value"
5
     x: int
                     # "shift index" searching backward
6
     si: int
7
8
     while i < N:
9
       print(xs)
       x = xs[i]
10
                     # store current value
       si = i
11
12
       while si > 0 and x < xs[si - 1]:
13
        xs[si] = xs[si - 1] # shift greater value forward one
14
        si -= 1
       xs[si] = x
                  # *insert* (assign) "current value" in correct position
15
16
       i += 1
17
18
19
  values: list[int] = [40, 10, 30, 20]
20 | sort(values)
21
  print(values)
```

Output

Stack

Question 6: Memory Diagram Trace a memory diagram of the following code listing and then answer the sub-questions. You do not need to diagram the sub-questions.

```
1
   def sum2d(xs: list[list[int]]) -> int:
2
     """Calculate the sum of a 2-dimensional list of lists."""
3
     total: int = 0
     row_i: int = 0
4
5
     while row_i < len(xs):
6
       col_i: int = 0
7
       while col_i < len(xs[row_i]):</pre>
         total += xs[row_i][col_i]
8
9
         col_i += 1
10
       row_i += 1
11
     return total
12
13
   values: list[list[int]] = [
14
15
     [1, 2, 3],
     [3, 4, 5],
16
17
     [7, 8, 9]
18 ]
19
  print(sum2d(values))
```

Output

Stack Globals	Heap	

Question 7: Memory Diagram Trace a memory diagram of the following code listing.

```
def mul_table(height: int, width: int) -> list[list[int]]:
1
2
     """Generate a multiplication table."""
3
     rows: list[list[int]] = []
4
     row_i: int = 1
5
     while row_i <= height:
       col_i: int = 1
6
7
       row: list[int] = []
8
       while col_i <= width:
9
         row.append(row_i * col_i)
         col_i += 1
10
       rows.append(row)
11
12
       row_i += 1
13
     return rows
14
15
  print(mul_table(3, 3))
```

Output

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Stack	Heap	

Question 8: Function Writing Write a function definition for reverse with the following expectations:

- The reverse function should accept a list[str] parameter and return a list[str].
- The returned list should have every item of the parameter list in reversed order, such that the first value of the returned list was the last value of the input list, the second value of the returned list was the second to last value of the input list, and so on.
- The function *must not mutate* its parameter.
- The function *must not use* the copy, reverse, or insert methods of list.
- You should explicitly type all variables, parameters, and return types.

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Question 9: Function Writing Write a function definition for flip_flop with the following expectations:

- The flip_flop function should accept a list[str] parameter and return None.
- The function *must mutate* its parameter such that pairs of subsequent indices are swapped. For example, index 0's value should be swapped with index 1's value. Index 2's value should be swapped with index 3's value, and so on. If there are an odd number of indices, leave the final element in its place.
- You should explicitly type all variables, parameters, and return types.

9.1.	Write your function definition for flip_flop here.
9.2.	Write a test function for a use case that demonstrates expected usage with at least three values in the list.

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