Quiz 01 - Practice

COMP 110: Introduction to Programming Spring 2025

February 7, 2024

Name:		
9-digit PID:		
	Do not begin until given permission.	
Honor Code: I have	neither given nor received any unauthorized aid on this	quiz.
Signed: _		

Question 1: Multiple Choice Completely fill in the question should have exactly one filled-in bubble.	he bubble next to your answer using a pencil. Each
1.1. The following string is an example of a formatted string literal (f-string):	1.5. Which operator has the highest precedence in an expression?
1 ["{1 + 1}"	or
	O >
○ True	O +
○ False	() and
1.2. What is the printed output of the following print function call?	\bigcirc not
<pre>1 print(f"C{'0M'}P{100 + 10}")</pre>	1.6. Which of the following statements correctly describes the behavior of the and, or, and not operators in Python?
COMP110	○ The and operator returns True if
○ C'OM'P100 + 10	at least one operand is True.
○ Error: Invalid Syntax	The or operator returns True only if both operands are True.
1.3. What is the <i>type</i> and <i>evaluation</i> of this expression in Python?	 The not operator inverts the boolean value of an expression.
1 "ABCD" == "ABcd"	The and, or, and not operators can only be used with boolean
○ bool, True	values.
○ bool, False	
1.4. What is the primary difference between keyword arguments and positional argu-	1.7. What is the evaluation of the following expression:
ments in Python?	1 1 > 0 or 6 > 8
 Keyword arguments must always be passed, while positional argu- ments are optional. 	
O Positional arguments are passed based on their position in the function call, while keyword ar-	 False True
guments are explicitly named.	1.8. What is the evaluation of the following
Keyword arguments can only be used in built-in functions, while positional arguments can be used in both built-in and user-defined functions.	expression: 1 "A" == "B" and "B" == "C"
O Positional arguments must always come after keyword arguments in a function call.	 False True

1.9.	What is the evaluation of the following
	Python expression?

1	not	True	or	True		
		(F	alse	9		
		○ T	rue			
		\bigcirc E	rroi	<u>-</u>		

- 1.10. Which of the following are required in a recursive function that does not infinitely recur?
 - A base case without a recursive function call
 - Recursive case that progresses toward the base case
 - Arguments changing in the recursive case
 - All of the above
- 1.11. Which of the following is a valid function call to the following function signature?

```
1 def ex(x: int, y: int=0) -> int: 2 ...
```

- B. ex(1)
- O. ex(1, 2)
- \bigcirc B and C
- \bigcirc A, B, and C
- O None of the above
- 1.12. What type of error occurs when a function keeps calling itself, indefinitely?
 - NameError
 - IndexError
 - RecursionError
 - SyntaxError
 - NeverendingError

1.13. What will the following Python expression evaluate to?

1.14. Consider the following function declaration:

```
1 def ex(x: int, y: int=0) -> int: 2 ...
```

Which of the following are valid ways of calling the function?

- \bigcirc A. ex(x=1, y=2)
- \bigcirc B. ex(x=1)
- O. ex(1, 2)
- O A and B
- O A, B, and C
- None of the above
- 1.15. Consider the following code. What is the problem with it?

```
1 def charli(x: int) -> int:
2   if x <= 0:
3     return 1
4   return x + charli(x)</pre>
```

- RecursionError; line 4 should be return x * charli(x)
- RecursionError; line 4 should be
 return x + charli(x 1)
- RecursionError; line 4 should be return x + charli(x + 1)
- O Nothing.

Question 2: Respond to the following questions. Write a function call, if any, to yield the correct return value.

Consider the following code listing:

```
def eight_ball(choice: int) -> str:
1
2
    """Returns an 8-ball response."""
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
```

$\frac{3}{4}$	11	f choice <= 0: return "Unlikely."
5	е.	lse:
6		if choice > 0:
7		return "It is certain."
8 9		else: return "Ask again later."
9		return Ask again rater.
	2.1.	Write a function call expression to the eight_ball function that evaluates to "It is certain."
	2.2.	Write a function call expression to the eight_ball function that evaluates to "Unlikely."
		Write a function call expression to the eight_ball function that evaluates to "Ask again later."
		Rewrite lines 3-9 of the code listing to eliminate any unreachable code and the nested if-else statement.
Qı		on 3: Respond to the following questions.
	3.1.	What value and type does the following expression evaluate to: $3 + 4 == 6$
	3.2.	What value and type does the following expression evaluate to?
	1	((True and False) or (False or True)) != False

Question 4: Memory Diagram Trace a memory diagram of the following code listing and then answer the sub-questions. You do not need to diagram the sub-questions.

```
1
   def fib(n: int) -> int:
2
     """Compute the fibonacci of n"""
3
     print(f"fib({n})")
4
     if n == 0 or n == 1:
5
       return n
6
     else:
       N1: int = fib(n - 1)
8
       N2: int = fib(n - 2)
       return fib(n - 1) + fib(n - 2)
9
10
11 | print(fib(3))
```

prino(rib(o	, ,		
Output			
St	ack	Heap	
Globals			

Question 5: Memory Diagram Trace a memory diagram of the following code listing and then answer the sub-questions. You do not need to diagram the sub-questions.

<pre>print(rev(src="lwo", i</pre>	=0, dest=""))	
Output		
Stack	Heap	
Globals		

Question 6: Function Definition Writing Write a function definition that returns a different string, depending on the value of a given int. Your function definition should meet the following expectations:

- The function should be named fizzbuzz, have one int parameter named n, and return a str.
- If n is divisible by 3 and not 5, the function should return "fizz".
- If n is divisible by 5 and not 3, the function should return "buzz".
- If n is divisible by 3 AND 5, the function should return "fizzbuzz".
- If **n** is not divisible by 3 OR 5, the function should return **n** as a string.
- Explicitly type your parameter and return type.

The following REPL examples demonstrate the expected functionality of your summit function:

```
>>> print(fizzbuzz(5))
buzz
>>> print(fizzbuzz(12))
fizz
>>> print(fizzbuzz(15))
fizzbuzz
>>> print(fizzbuzz(20))
buzz
```

6.1. Write your function definition here:

Question 7: CHALLENGE: Recursive Function Definition Writing Write a recursive function definition that returns the sum of all positive, even integers less than or equal to a given int. Your function definition should meet the following expectations:

- The function should be named summit, have one int parameter named n, and return an int.
- If n is negative, the function should return -1.
- If n is positive, the function should return the sum of all positive, even integers less than or equal to n.
- Explicitly type your parameters and return types.
- Label your base case(s) and recursive case(s).

The following REPL examples demonstrate the expected functionality of your summit function:

```
>>>
       summit(-2)
                                                     summit(4)
1
2
3
  >>> summit(1)
                                                >>> summit(5)
4
5
  >>> summit(2)
                                                >>> summit(6)
6
7
  >>> summit(3)
                                                >>> summit(12)
                                                42
```

7.1. Write your function definition here:

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