



Quiz 0 Review Session
with Sophie and Henry!

Content on Quiz 0

- Objects & data types
- Expressions
- Functions
- Memory diagrams

Disclaimer: We haven't seen the quiz; this review session covers the main topics in the unit.

Data types we've covered

- Data Types
 - `float` (decimal, e.g. `2.0`)
 - `int` (whole number, e.g. `2`)
 - `str` (string of characters, e.g. `"Hello"`)
 - `bool` (evaluates to True or False, e.g. `True`)
- Check the type of a value
 - `type()`
- Change the type
 - `str()`, `float()`, `int()`

Review: Data Types

Discuss these questions with your neighbor and jot the answers down.

1. What is the difference between `int` and `float`?
2. Is there a difference between the following? What *type* of **literal** is each an example of?
 - a. `"True"`
 - b. `True`
 - c. `TRUE`
3. What role do **types** play for data in Python?

Review: `str` is a *Sequence* Type

Discuss these questions with your neighbor and jot the answers down.

1. What does the `len()` function evaluate to when applied to a `str` value? What will the expression `len("cold")` evaluate to?
2. Is there a difference between `"False"` and `False`? What *type* of **literal** is each an example of?
3. What are the **square brackets** called in the following *expression*? What does the following expression evaluate to? `"The Bear"[4]`
4. Can a string be a number in Python? Explain.

Numerical Operators

Symbol	Operator Name	Example
**	Exponentiation	$2 ** 8$ equivalent to 2^8
*	Multiplication	$10 * 3$
/	Division	$7 / 5$ result is 1.4
//	Integer Division	$7 // 5$ result is 1
%	Remainder “modulo”	$7 \% 5$ result is 2
+	Addition	$1 + 1$
-	Subtraction	$111 - 1$
-	Negation	$-(1 + 1)$ result is -2

Relational Operators

Operator Symbol	Verbalization	True Ex.	False Ex.
<code>==</code>	Is equal to?	<code>1 == 1</code>	<code>1 == 2</code>
<code>!=</code>	Is NOT equal to?	<code>1 != 2</code>	<code>1 != 1</code>
<code>></code>	Is greater than?	<code>1 > 0</code>	<code>0 > 1</code>
<code>>=</code>	Is at least?	<code>1 >= 0</code> or <code>1 >= 1</code>	<code>0 >= 1</code>
<code><</code>	Is less than?	<code>0 < 1</code>	<code>1 < 0</code>
<code><=</code>	Is at most?	<code>0 <= 1</code> or <code>1 <= 1</code>	<code>1 <= 0</code>

Order Of Operations

- P ()
- E **
- MD * / %
- AS + -
- Tie? Evaluate *Left to Right*

Practice: Operators and Expressions

Discuss these questions with your neighbor and jot the answers down.

1. What is the result of evaluating `10 % 3`? What about `10 // 3`? `10 ** 3`?
2. Is there an error in the expression, `"CAMP" + 110`? If so, how would you fix it such that the `+` symbol is evaluated to be **concatenation**?
3. What is the evaluation of the expression `10 / 4`? What types are the operands (`10` and `4`), what type does the expression evaluate to?
4. What is the evaluation of the expression `2 - 6 / 3 + 4 * 5`?

Practice! Simplify and Type

- $2 + 4 / 2 * 2$
- `220 >= int(("1" + "1" + "0") * 2)`

Simplify: $2 + 4 / 2 * 2$

(Reminder: P E M D A S)

What **type** does
 $2 + 4 / 2 * 2$ evaluate to?

Simplify:

$220 \geq \text{int}((\text{"1"} + \text{"1"} + \text{"0"}) * 2)$

Mods Practice! Simplify

- $7 \% 2$
- $8 \% 4$
- $7 \% 4$
- Any even number $\% 2$
- Any odd number $\% 2$

