## **Assignment: Docker for Windows and Docker Swarm**

#### **Instructions**

- 1. Install: https://docs.docker.com/docker-for-windows/install/
- 2. Follow this tutorial: https://www.edureka.co/blog/docker-for-windows/
- 3. Find answers to the following questions: What are the methods for creating a docker swarm?

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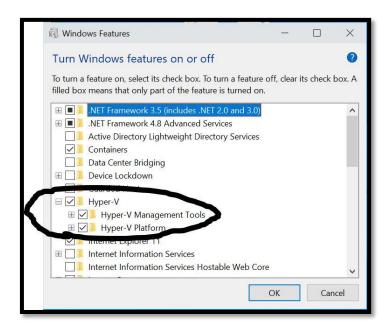
#### PART-1:

## **Docker for Windows (Installation)**

Install: https://docs.docker.com/docker-for-windows/install/

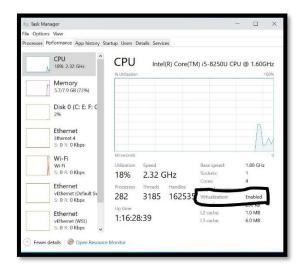
## Step 1: Enable Windows native type 1 virtualization (Hyper-V)

- Go to Windows Control Panel > Windows Features
- Enable Hyper-V
- Reboot the Windows



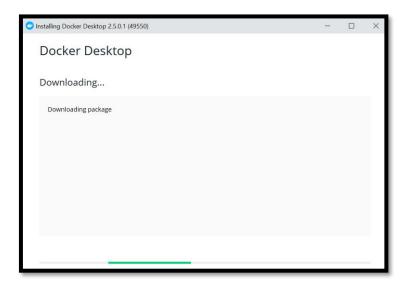
#### Step 2: Enable processor virtualization (VT)

- Go to BIOS and Processor settings
- Enable processor virtualisation



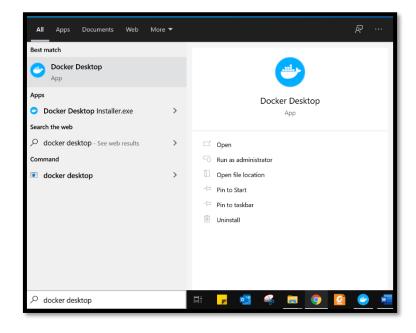
## Step 3: Run Docker Installer (administratively)

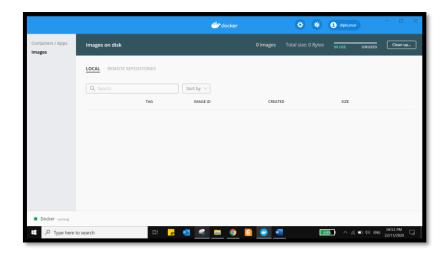
- It will download it docker
- And follow the installation wizard.



Step 4: Restart system and run Docker desktop

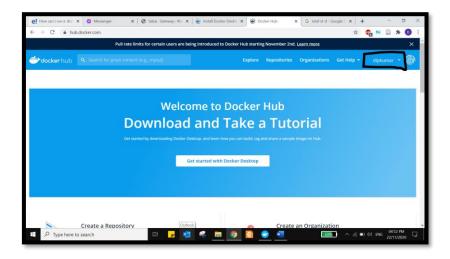
- Reboot the Windows
- Run the Docker Desktop application



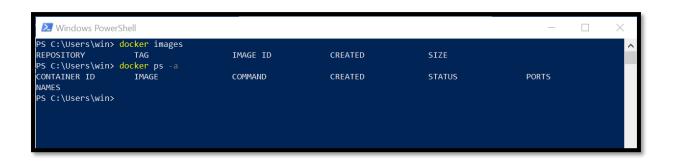


Step 5: Create an account and Login in to Docker Hub

- Sign up into www.hub.docker.com
- Login to Docker Desktop app



Step 6: Run Power Shell, and docker commands to interact with the Docker daemon



# PART-2:

# Follow the Tutorial

https://www.edureka.co/blog/docker-for-windows/

Files are attached in zipped folder.

#### PART-3:

#### Find answers to the following question:

What are the methods for creating a docker swarm?

# DOCKER SWARM

- \* Docker Swarm is cluster/network of docker applications hunning on different physical/virtual machines in the cluster.
- \* Or we can say, a network of docker engines is called docker swarm.
- \* Techniquelly, to create a docker swarm we need a Docker Manager.
- \* Docker Manager is responsible to manage all docker nodes in a Docker swarm.
- \* Docker Node; is a physical/virtual machine sunning Docker Engine.
- \* Docker Engine is a framework of Docker daemon (server), Docker dient, and REST API.
- \* Docker Swarm Nodes: Can be of three types:
  - & Manager Mode: A node that assigns tasks to workers modes.
  - Worker Node: Numerious nodes that executes tasks received
    from a manager node.

# \* Advantage of Docker Swarm:

- & Leveraging power of containers
- ⊗ High service availability
- Automated Load balancing

# How to Create Docker Swarm

# steps:

- 1. Create three linux hosts which can communicate over networ
  - Managers hosts
  - Worker 1 \_ host 2
  - -Worker2 host3
- 2. We will install Docker on all the hosts.
- 3. Assign static IP addresses to all the hosts.
  - we can use utilities like:
    - ·ifconfig
    - · docker-machine ip <machine-name>
    - · Eg · docker-machine ip manager 1 docker-machine ip worker 1
- 4. Availability of Ports on hosts
  - Following ports must be free on hosts for swarm
  - 2377 TCP: for cluster management and communication.
  - 7946 TCP and UDP: communication among nodes.
  - 4789 UDP: For overlay network traffic.
  - ESP (IP protocol No. 50): traffic need to allowed

- 5. Use SSH protocol to connect to manager1: \$ docker-madrine ssh manager1
- 6. Create new swarm using following command \$ docker swarm init --advertise-addr (manager-IP)
- 7. Add a worker to this swarm \$ docker swarm join --token < token-ID > < IP: Port-no>
- 8. View current state of swarm: \$ docker info
- q. View node info: \$ docker node ls
- 10. After it we can deploy any service on this docker swarm.