



Fundação CECIERJ - Vice Presidência de Educação Superior a Distância

**Curso de Tecnologia em Sistemas de Computação**

**Disciplina: Introdução à Informática**

**AP3 2º semestre de 2014**

**GABARITO**

**1. (4 pontos)**

**1.1) A**

**1.2) B**

**1.3) B**

**1.4) A**

**1.5) D**

**1.6) C**

**1.7) D**

**1.8) E**

2. (2 pontos)

a)  $(FEDCB)_{16} + (9F8EA)_{16} = (19E6B5)_{16} = (12132122311)_4$

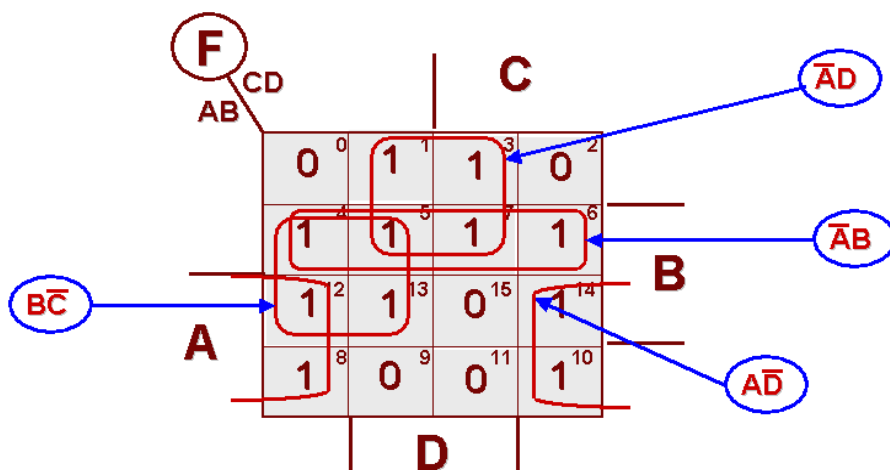
b)  $(70654.536)_8 + (67305.665)_8 = (160162.423)_8 = (E072.898)_{16}$

c)  $(A000A.0A)_{16} - (9FC9D.EE)_{16} = (36C.1C)_{16} = (1554.07)_8$

d)  $(10111011.1001)_2 + (11010111.1101)_2 + (11011101.0111)_2 =$   
 $= (1001110000.1101)_2 = (270.D)_{16}$

e)  $(110101001.001)_2 - (101110011.111)_2 = (110101.010)_2 = (311.1)_4$

3.  $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum (1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14)$  (2 pontos)



Expressão mais simples para F:

$$F(A,B,C,D) = A\bar{D} + \bar{A}D + B\bar{C} + \begin{cases} \bar{A}B \\ \text{ou} \\ B\bar{D} \end{cases}$$

**4. (2 pontos)**

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{x}}y}} + \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{x}}z}}} + \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{x}}yz}}} \cdot \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{y}z}}} + \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{x}}y}}} \oplus \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{z}}}}}$$

### Expressão mais simples para F:

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = \bar{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{z} + \mathbf{y} \mathbf{z}$$

Resolução:

$$F = x \cdot y + x \cdot \overline{y} + x \cdot y \cdot z + y \cdot z + (x \cdot y) \oplus z \quad \text{- Usando o teorema de DeMorgan}$$

$$F = \overline{(x \cdot y + x \cdot y + x \cdot y \cdot z \cdot y \cdot z)} \cdot \overline{(x \cdot y)} \oplus \overline{z} \text{ - Usando o teorema de DeMorgan}$$

$$F = \overline{[x \cdot \overline{y} \cdot \overline{x} \cdot \overline{z} + (x + \overline{y} + z) \cdot (y + z)] \cdot (x \cdot \overline{y} \cdot \overline{z} + x \cdot \overline{y} \cdot \overline{z})} - \text{Usando o teorema de DeMorgan}$$

$$F = [(x + y) \cdot (x + \bar{z}) + (x + \bar{y} + z) \cdot (y + z)] \cdot [x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + (\bar{x} + y) \cdot z]$$

$$F = (\bar{x} \cdot x + \bar{x} \cdot \bar{z} + x \cdot y + y \cdot \bar{z} + x \cdot y + x \cdot z + \bar{y} \cdot y + \bar{y} \cdot z + y \cdot z + z \cdot z) \cdot (x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + \bar{x} \cdot \bar{z} + y \cdot z)$$

$$F = (\bar{x} \cdot \bar{z} + x \cdot y + y \cdot \bar{z} + x \cdot z + \bar{y} \cdot z + y \cdot z + z) \cdot (x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + \bar{x} \cdot z + y \cdot z) \quad \text{- simplificando } z$$

$$F = (\bar{x} \cdot \bar{z} + x \cdot y + y \cdot \bar{z} + z) \cdot (x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + \bar{x} \cdot z + y \cdot z) \quad \text{- usando o teorema da absorção em } z$$

$$F = (\bar{x} + x \cdot y + y + z) \cdot (x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + \bar{x} \cdot z + y \cdot z) \quad \text{- simplificando y}$$

$$F = (\bar{x} + y + z) \cdot (x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + \bar{x} \cdot z + y \cdot z)$$

$$F = \bar{x} \cdot x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + \bar{x} \cdot \bar{x} \cdot \bar{z} + \bar{x} \cdot y \cdot \bar{z} + y \cdot x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + y \cdot \bar{x} \cdot \bar{z} + y \cdot y \cdot \bar{z} + z \cdot x \cdot \bar{y} \cdot \bar{z} + z \cdot \bar{x} \cdot \bar{z} + z \cdot y \cdot \bar{z}$$

$$F = \bar{x} \cdot z + \bar{x} \cdot y \cdot z + y \cdot \bar{x} \cdot z + y \cdot z + \bar{x} \cdot z + y \cdot z$$

$$F = \bar{x} \cdot z + y \cdot z$$