international collegiate programming contest ASIA REGIONAL CONTEST

ICPC JAKARTA 2020



Problem G Permutation Transformation

A permutation of $1 \dots N$ is an array of integers $P[1 \dots N]$ such that each integer from 1 to N appears exactly once in $P[1 \dots N]$. A **transformation** to $P[1 \dots N]$ is defined as changing $P[1 \dots N]$ into another permutation $P'[1 \dots N]$ where P'[i] = P[P[i]] for all $1 \le i \le N$.

You are given a permutation P[1...N]. Your task in this problem is to count the number of distinct permutations you can get by doing a transformation to the given permutation for zero or more times.

For example, let P[1...N] = [3, 5, 1, 2, 4].

- By doing a transformation, you will change P into [1, 4, 3, 5, 2].
- By doing another transformation, you will change P into [1, 5, 3, 2, 4].
- By doing another transformation, you will change P into [1, 4, 3, 5, 2] again.

Therefore, there are 3 distinct permutations you can get by doing a transformation for zero or more times.

- **1**. [3, 5, 1, 2, 4]
- **2**. [1, 4, 3, 5, 2]
- **3**. [1, 5, 3, 2, 4]

Input

Input begins with a line containing an integer: N ($1 \le N \le 100\,000$) representing the number of elements in the given permutation. The next line contains N integers: P[i] ($1 \le P[i] \le N$) representing the permutation. The elements in $P[1\dots N]$ are guaranteed to be unique.

Output

Output in a line an integer representing the number of distinct permutations you can get by doing a transformation to the given permutation for zero or more times, modulo 998244353.

Sample Input #1



Sample Output #1

3

Explanation for the sample input/output #1

This is the example from the problem description.



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Sample Input #2

8 7 5 1 6 8 2 3 4

Sample Output #2

4

Explanation for the sample input/output #2

There are 4 distinct permutations you can get by doing a transformation to the given permutation for zero or more times.

- **1**. [7, 5, 1, 6, 8, 2, 3, 4]
- **2**. [3, 8, 7, 2, 4, 5, 1, 6]
- **3**. [7, 6, 1, 8, 2, 4, 3, 5]
- **4.** [3, 4, 7, 5, 6, 8, 1, 2]