## Exercises for Computational Physics (physik760) WS 2019/2020

B. Kostrzewa and C. Urbach

Exercises for the week from 20th to 24th of January 2020.

## Reminder: The Bootstrap

Consider the data available at https://ecampus.uni-bonn.de/goto\_ecampus\_fold\_1637711. html on eCampus. It represents the bootstrap samples (corr\_boot\_sym.tsv) and the original data (orig\_corr.tsv) of a symmetrised pion correlation function at rest, which theoretically has the form

$$C(t) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} c_i \cdot \left( e^{-E_i t} + e^{-E_i (T-t)} \right) .$$

with T=48 and  $t \in \{0, 1, ..., T/2\}$ . We can get rid off the back propagating part due to parity reasons of the pion by symmetrization. By that we can somehow double the statistics. The energies  $E_i$  are all distinct and larger than zero. Determine the ground state energy  $E_0$  by fitting the appropriate theoretical form to the correlator data at large times.

The tsv-files can be red using read.table("filename"). They contain as many lines as bootstrap samples or original data and the number of columns ranges from 0 to T/2. From the red in matrices you can determine the covariance matrix directly. If you struggle to create data vectors of the *i*-th line from the red in data you can use  $y \leftarrow as.vector(t(data_y[i,]))$ .