

# **Class 5: Visualizing data**

## **Agenda**

1. Telling stories with graphs
2. Principles of data visualization

**API-201**

Quantitative Analysis and Empirical Methods I

Profs. Goel and Taylor  
Harvard Kennedy School

## **Objectives of visualization**

## Some principles of visualization

Graphs are typically about **comparisons**; make it easy for the viewer to make them.

Graphs should be made as **simple** as possible, but no simpler.  
[ Maximize the data-to-ink ratio.]

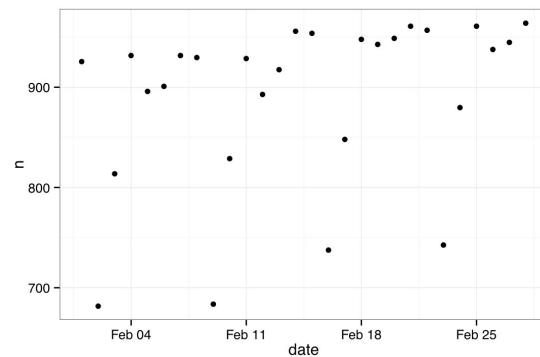
All graphs tell a **story**; don't tell a misleading one.

## Plotting parameters

- Plot type
- Orientation
- Scale & order
- Color
- Annotations & labels
- Size & aspect ratio

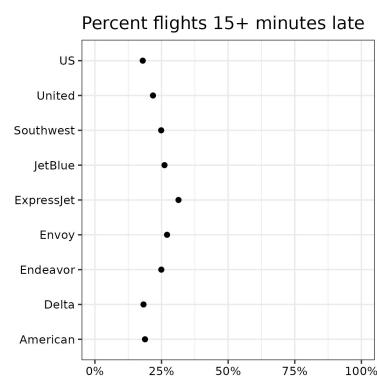
## Daily volume of flights

[ library(nycflights13) ]



## Flight delays

[ library(nycflights13) ]

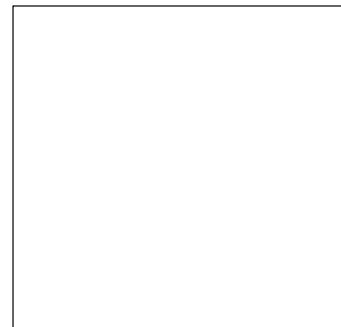


Sketch out a new plot

[ but don't change the underlying data! ]

to tell a new story below.

[ Discuss with your neighbor. ]

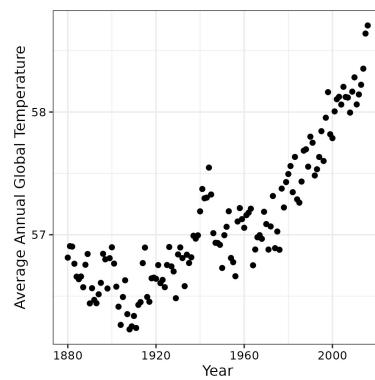
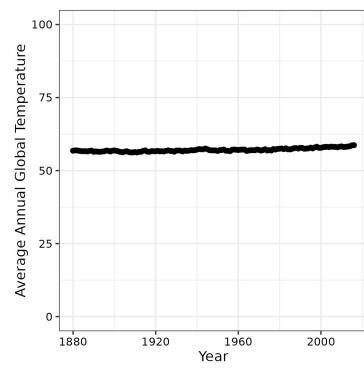


## Beware of misleading plots

Plots can be used to tell misleading stories, even when the underlying data are correct.

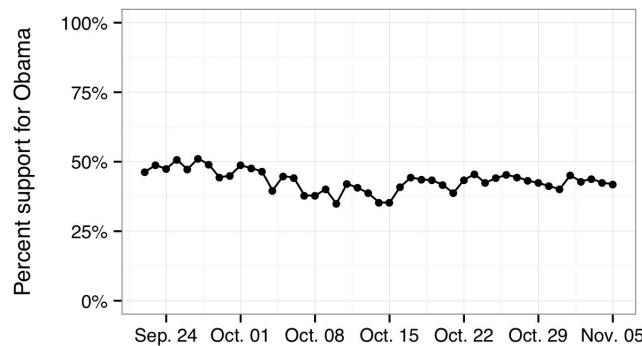
## Global temperatures over time

Plots can be used to tell misleading stories, even when the underlying data are correct.



## Voter intent over time

2012 presidential campaign



## Returning to stop-and-frisk

Hit rate **by** race and precinct

```
data %>%
  group_by(race, precinct) %>%
  summarize(hit_rate = mean(weapon))
```

This command would produce 100+ numbers, corresponding to...

How would you visualize the resulting 100+ numbers to investigate the question of discrimination and communicate the results? [ Discuss with your neighbor.]

# Plotting distributions

Histogram

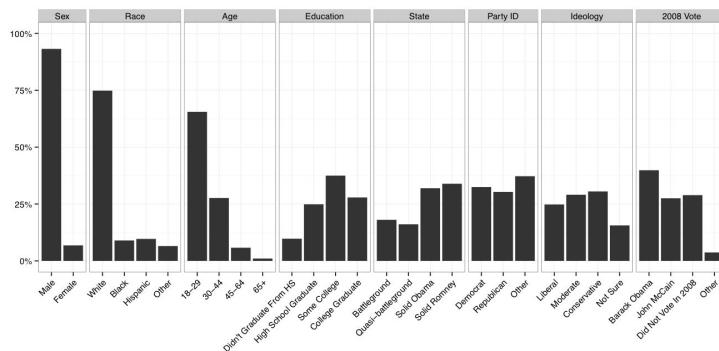
Density

Cumulative distribution function (CDF)

Box plot

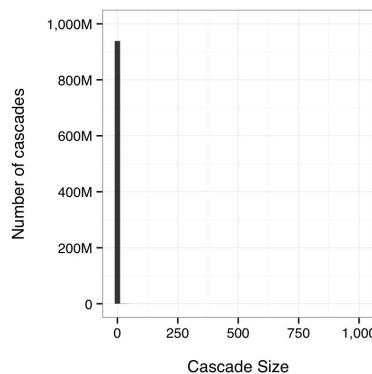
## Demographic distribution

Xbox election survey participants



# Cascade size distribution

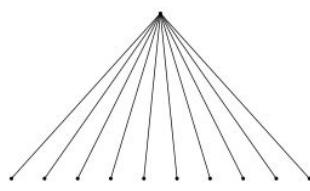
Twitter



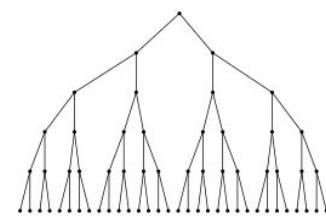
## A structural definition of virality

**Definition.** The *structural virality* of a diffusion tree is the average distance between all pairs of nodes in the cascade.

Low “virality”



High “virality”



## **Popularity vs. virality**

Twitter

What type of plot would you make to examine the relationship between popularity and virality?

[ Discuss with your neighbor. ]

## **Key takeaways**

- Visualization is about exploration and communication.
- Graphs are typically about comparisons; make it easy for the viewer to make them.
- All graphs tell a story; be thoughtful about your design choices.