## Mini Project 3 Report

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Class: Advanced Computer Systems

## **Table of Contents**

Table of Contents	1
1. Introduction	2
2. Intel Memory Latency Checker Results and Analysis	3
2.1 Peak Injection Bandwidth	3
2.2 Maximum Memory Bandwidth	5
2.3 Loaded Latencies	6
2.4 Additional Intel MLC Data	7
3. Flexible I/O Tester (FIO) Tests and Analysis	8
3.1 Reads vs Writes test	8
3.2 Latency Tests	9
3.3 Comparison to the Intel Data Center NVMe SSD D7-P5600 (1.6TB)	11
4. Conclusion	12
Appendix A: Intel Memory Latency Checker	13
Appendix B: Flexible I/O Tester (FIO)	18
References	24

## 1. Introduction

The purpose of this mini-project is to develop first-hands knowledge and deeper understanding of modern memory and storage devices. In order to achieve this the software Intel Memory Latency Checker, as well as Flexible IO tester will be used. Tests will be run in order to analyze and compare both lab partners' hardware performance, and storage/memory tests will also be cross checked with the Intel Data Center NVMe SSD D7-P5600. The first computer which will be referred to as "Device 1" has an intel i7-8700k processor overclocked at 4.45 GHz. It has 32 GB of DDR4 ram installed with a 3600 MHz clock rate. The SSD installed is the Samsung SSD 960 Evo, with 500GB of storage. The second computer which will be referred to as "Device 2" has an Intel Core i7 8705G with a clock rate of 3.1 GHz. It has 8 GB of DDR4 ram installed with a 2400 MHz clock rate. The SSD installed is the Samsung PM981 M.2 SSD, with 256GB of storage.

The Intel Memory Latency Checker runs a variety of tests in order to measure the memory latency of your Intel processor. It measures idle memory latencies, peak injection memory bandwidth, memory bandwidth, latency at different bandwidths, as well as latency between caches in the processor. All of these tests vary some sort of input, such as socket origination/destination, read/write size, bandwidth, etc. The output of each of these tests is a matrix which can be used to compare different processors' performance.

Flexible IO tester was originally created in order to simulate an I/O workload with many varying parameters such as number of processes or threads. Given that a fake workload can be created by giving FIO a "job," test cases can be run in order to understand how your device's storage devices function, and how effective they are in various situations.

This report will cover the results of all of our experiments and analysis with both Intel MLC, as well as FIO. All command lines and shell output will be presented in the appendices at the end of the document, and all data will be cleanly presented in graphs, when necessary, in the results section.

# 2. Intel Memory Latency Checker Results and Analysis

## 2.1 Peak Injection Bandwidth

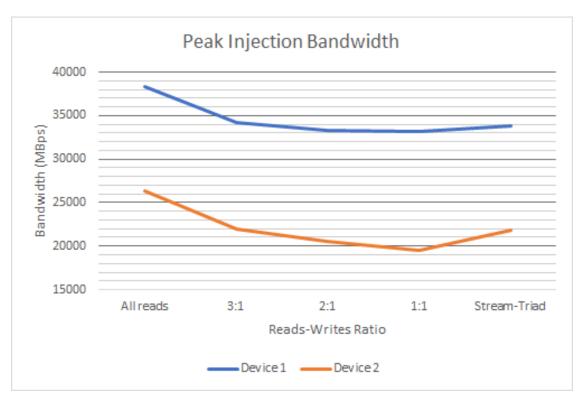


Figure 1: Peak injection bandwidth of Device 1 and 2 at different read-write ratios

According to the Intel MLC readme, peak injection bandwidth is when each core is generating requests as fast as it can, therefore maxing out your cache and memory in order to achieve as many reads and writes as possible. Above is a graph of the peak injection bandwidth in MBps of both Device 1 and Device 2. This shows how bandwidth is affected by altering the read-write ratio, with STREAM-triad also included for additional context. Typically cache and memory have a higher peak injection associated with more reads than writes. Our test results are consistent with our expectations, given that 1:1, our highest quantity of writes, showed the lowest bandwidth.

STREAM triad is included by the memory latency checker in order to show how the device operates when performing a more complex operation, see the explanation from the Intel website below.

#### Triad

Of all the vector kernels Triad is the most complex scenario and is highly relevant to HPC.

The STREAM Triad kernel is as follows:

Figure 2: STREAM Triad kernel explanation

Given the information we learned when researching STREAM triad, we expected it to be less efficient than 1:1 read-write, but the actual result was consistently between 3:1 and 2:1, therefore making it exceed our expectations for both devices. It is also worth noting that there are other STREAM operations that MLC does not test, such as copy, scale, and sum.

name	kernel	bytes/iter	FLOPS/iter
COPY:	a(i) = b(i)	16	0
SCALE:	a(i) = q*b(i)	16	1
SUM:	a(i) = b(i) + c(i)	24	1
TRIAD:	a(i) = b(i) + q*c(i)	24	2

Figure 3: Stream Operations

## 2.2 Maximum Memory Bandwidth

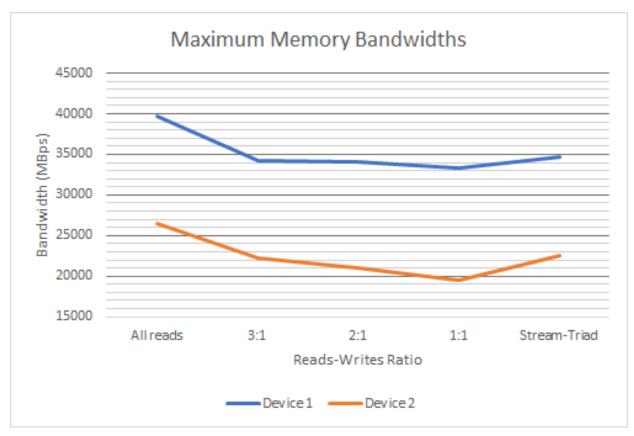


Figure 4: Maximum memory bandwidths of Device 1 and 2 at different read-write ratios

Maximum memory bandwidth, as defined by Intel, is the "maximum rate at which data can be read from or stored into a semiconductor memory by the processor." This tells us that our results should theoretically be in line and fully consistent with our peak injection bandwidth. Given our test results seen for both Device 1 and Device 2 in the graph above, this is true with the only exception being that STREAM-triad saw slightly better results. The graph as a whole is also more "smooth" from 3:1 to 1:1 read-writes. There is a clear linear relationship with decreasing efficiency as more writes are attempted. As a whole, across all cache and memory tests, our results showed greater efficiency and less of a load on each device when performing read operations even at maximum capacity. This was as expected as there is an extra workload associated with writing operations in cache and memory.

#### 2.3 Loaded Latencies

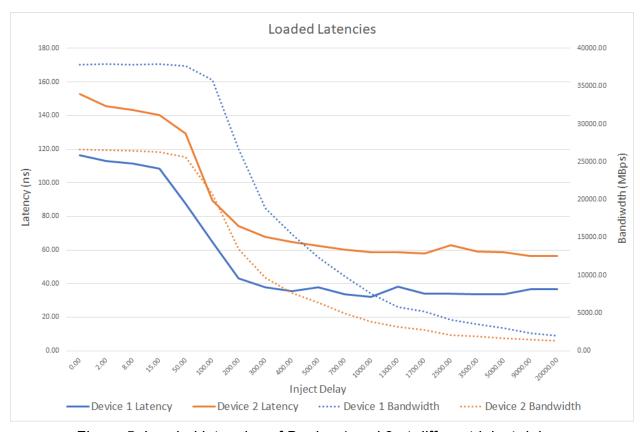


Figure 5: Loaded latencies of Device 1 and 2 at different inject delays

The loaded latency command is for truly seeing how bandwidth can come to influence latency. As shown by the graph above, latency increases with overall bandwidth, and decreases with a decreasing bandwidth. As injection delay is varied, bandwidth and latency both change and follow roughly the same correlation. If you focus on the lower end of the graph (0 to 15000 MBps bandwidth) the latency is almost negligible, however, as bandwidth increases the latency becomes more and more of an issue, especially with device 2. Although the axes aren't equivalent (the latency is not scaled to bandwidth) the latency disproportionately increased with increasing bandwidth greatly affecting performance. With lower end hardware, the ratio of latency to bandwidth is relatively similar, but assuming you have a minimum performance standard, in a limited hardware environment the latency can really cause issues for the system.

This idea of latency increasing with bandwidth was one of the goals set out by the research project to identify. As a result, our data is in line with our expectations and it was interesting to see how the devices compared to each other and to see if they followed the same trends. Understanding performance even in lesser quality hardware

environments is important not only for maximizing high quality enterprise grade hardware, but also for getting the most out of consumer grade hardware.

#### 2.4 Additional Intel MLC Data

MLC can also be used to collect more data which was not fully explored and elaborated on in this section. Idle latencies as well as cache-to-cache transfer latency was also measured. The results were in line with our expectations and there was not much to elaborate on other than just providing the terminal output. See appendix A for more information as well as command line input and output.

## 3. Flexible I/O Tester (FIO) Tests and Analysis

#### 3.1 Reads vs Writes test

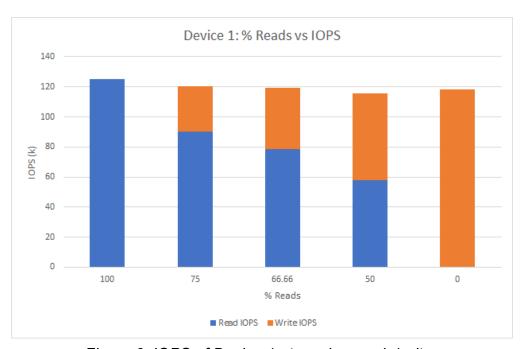


Figure 6: IOPS of Device 1 at varying reads/writes

The Flexible I/O tester (FIO) was used to run a test work load on storage devices to test for the IOPS for different ratios of read/write. The IOPS measured for Device 1, ranged from 30.4k IOPS to 125k IOPS varying with the ratio of read operations to write operations. The total IOPS throughout the different read/write tests are relatively consistent, ranging from around 118k IOPS to 125k IOPS. In the Figure X below, the results from running FIO on Device 2 are shown. The IOPS ranged from 3k IOPS to 41.5k IOPS. The IOPS for this device is significantly lower than the expected IOPS of the SSD installed, determined by the spec sheet on the manufacturer's website, had far less throughput when compared with Device 1. This was expected given the limited hardware environment of device 2.

The total efficiency peaked when Device 1 was doing purely reads, which was expected, and efficiency decreased, minimizing at 1:1 reads to writes. The efficiency slightly increased when switching back to only write statements. This is as expected as writing has a higher overhead than read and given the lack of a two way channel, reading and writing at the same time are the worst efficiency possible. All results for Device 1 were as expected, Device 2 however was somewhat of an anomaly. This could be a result of the age and past use of Device 2, but it overall gained efficiency the

more write statements that were made, and reading had an overall far worse efficiency. The throughput and latency greatly increased especially when reading.

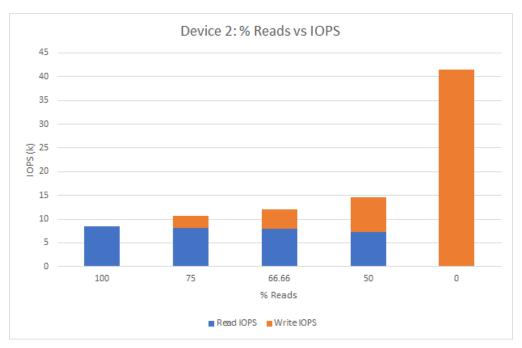


Figure 7: IOPS of Device 2 at varying reads/writes

## 3.2 Latency Tests

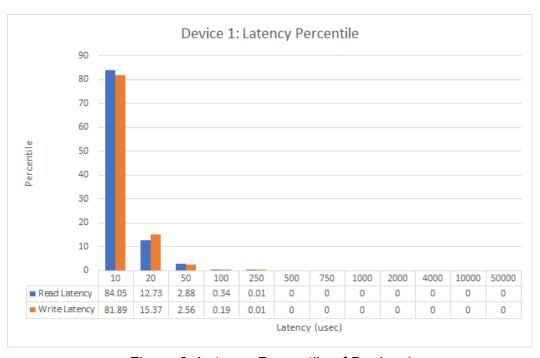


Figure 8: Latency Percentile of Device 1

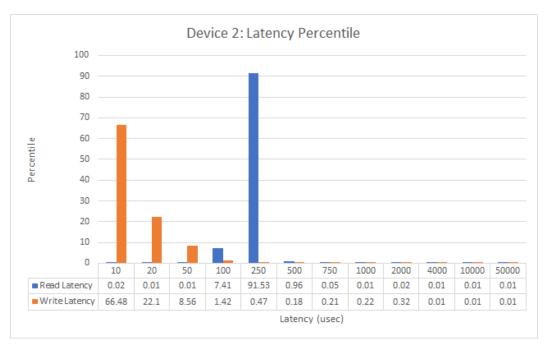


Figure 9: Latency Percentile of Device 2

Above are two charts showing the latency of Device 1 and 2 when performing all reads, or all writes. As a whole, Device 1 functioned exactly as expected, minor latency across the board, with a few outliers of 50+ microseconds. In addition, the latency increased with throughput when we ran additional tests. Device 2 continued to function irregularly, but aligned with our expectations set forth by the previous tests. The latency of read was far higher for Device 2 which explains why the read IOPS was significantly decreased for Device 2 in the previous tests. Device 1 and 2 despite having different baselines of both latency, IOPS, etc. followed the same increase in latency as throughput was increased.

# 3.3 Comparison to the Intel Data Center NVMe SSD D7-P5600 (1.6TB)

The Intel Data Center has an advertised read-only 4KB IOPS of 400k and write-only 4KB IOPS of 118k. Our devices both functioned with far less efficiency for reading, but device 1 had a write IOPS that was actually slightly superior. Both of our devices were significantly used and aged, and not optimized at all for the operations we're doing, they also both have file systems installed. This was unexpected partially because the expectation was that Device 1, a workstation grade SSD, would be far inferior to the enterprise grade Intel Data center. Device 2, a consumer grade SSD, functioned mostly as expected for an SSD of its age and quality. The Samsung SSD contained in Device 1 is expected to function over 300k IOPS read and write, but these tests are done in a controlled environment on a fresh SSD that is optimized for stress tests of this caliber, complete with a 2 way file system to simultaneously read and write. The Intel Data Center NVMe SSD functions far superior to device 2, but device 1 in its prime could technically compete which is quite impressive for a workstation grade SSD.

## 4. Conclusion

As a whole the results of our tests were mostly in line with our expectations. All of the Intel MLC results were as expected regarding the cache and memory. Most of the variance in expectations or results occurred in the FIO storage and memory category of testing. Device 1 functioned as expected, but not necessarily as efficiently as expected in the context of FIO, storage, and memory. That can be attributed to both its age as well as the filesystem installed. Device 2 functioned irregularly in the context of storage and memory especially, given that it found incredible difficulty in achieving high throughput when reading, the latency was growing increasingly and it is indicative that there are significant issues with the functionality with Device 2's SSD.

Consistently across the board there was a decrease in latency with lower throughput, and a higher latency with higher throughput. In addition, for storage and memory, device 2 was the only device that functioned with reading at a decreased IOPS/throughput. Device 1 proved to be far superior while also being consistent and in line with expectations set out by both the information available prior to testing and the manufacturer's spec sheet.

## **Appendix A: Intel Memory Latency Checker**

```
Measuring idle latencies (in ns) for all cores...
                                                       Using buffer size of 200.000MiB
                Numa node
                                                       Measuring idle latencies (in ns) for all cores...
CPU
                                                                        Numa node
          30.0
                                                       CPU
         29.3
         29.3
                                                                 60.9
                                                            0
         29.3
                                                                 62.8
          29.4
                                                                 57.8
          30.1
                                                                 56.2
          29.6
                                                            4
                                                                 57.0
         29.3
                                                                 59.4
          30.2
          30.2
                                                                 57.8
   10
          30.5
                                                                 57.8
   11
         30.2
```

Figure 10: Latency matrix on all CPUs (Device 1: left, Device 2: right)

```
Measuring Peak Injection Memory Bandwidths for the system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Using traffic with the following read-write ratios
ALL Reads
                        38342.4
3:1 Reads-Writes :
                        34171.4
2:1 Reads-Writes :
                        33277.8
1:1 Reads-Writes :
                        33129.2
Stream-triad like:
                        33868.2
Measuring Peak Injection Memory Bandwidths for the system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Using traffic with the following read-write ratios
                        26363.6
ALL Reads
3:1 Reads-Writes :
                        21919.8
2:1 Reads-Writes :
                        20502.4
1:1 Reads-Writes :
                        19540.3
Stream-triad like:
                        21786.9
```

Figure 11: Peak injection memory bandwidths (Device 1: top, Device 2: bottom)

#### (a) 100% Read, 0% Write

```
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Using Read-only traffic type
Numa node
Numa node
0 38643.9
```

#### (b) 75% Read, 25% Write

```
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Numa node
Numa node
0 32912.7
```

#### (c) 66.66% Read, 33.37% Write

```
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Numa node
Numa node
0 32145.8
```

#### (d) 50% Read, 50% Write

```
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Numa node
Numa node
0 31720.2
```

#### (e) 0% Read, 100% Write

```
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Numa node
Numa node
0 37970.6
```

Figure 12: Memory Bandwidth Matrices of Device 1

#### (a) 100% Read, 0% Write

```
Using buffer size of 100.000MiB/thread for reads and an additional 100.000MiB/thread for writes
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Using Read-only traffic type
Numa node
Numa node
0
25708.7
```

#### (b) 75% Read, 25% Write

```
Using buffer size of 100.000MiB/thread for reads and an additional 100.000MiB/thread for writes
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled

Numa node

0
0
14969.9
```

#### (c) 66.66% Read, 33.37% Write

```
Using buffer size of 100.000MiB/thread for reads and an additional 100.000MiB/thread for writes
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled

Numa node

0
15230.0
```

#### (d) 50% Read, 50% Write

```
Using buffer size of 100.000MiB/thread for reads and an additional 100.000MiB/thread for writes
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled

Numa node

Numa node

0
19346.9
```

#### (e) 0% Read, 100% Write

```
Using buffer size of 100.000MiB/thread for reads and an additional 100.000MiB/thread for writes
Measuring Memory Bandwidths between nodes within system
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled

Numa node

0
23949.0
```

Figure 12: Memory bandwidth matrices of Device 2

```
Measuring Maximum Memory Bandwidths for the system
will take several minutes to complete as multiple injection rates will be tried to get the best bandwidth
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Jsing all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Jsing traffic with the following read-write ratios
ALL Reads
                           39631.59
3:1 Reads-Writes :
                           34263.82
                           34054.57
2:1 Reads-Writes :
1:1 Reads-Writes :
                           33291.68
Stream-triad like:
                           34718.75
Using buffer size of 100.000MiB/thread for reads and an additional 100.000MiB/thread for writes
Measuring Maximum Memory Bandwidths for the system
Will take several minutes to complete as multiple injection rates will be tried to get the best bandwidth
Bandwidths are in MB/sec (1 MB/sec = 1,000,000 Bytes/sec)
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Using traffic with the following read-write ratios
ALL Reads
                           26537.77
3:1 Reads-Writes :
                           22186.29
2:1 Reads-Writes :
                           21045.80
1:1 Reads-Writes :
                           19512.95
Stream-triad like:
                           22518.58
```

Figure 13: Maximum Memory Bandwidths (Device 1: Top, Device 2: Bottom)

```
Command line parameters: --idle_latency

Using buffer size of 200.000MiB

*** Unable to access mlcdrv.sys to modify prefetchers

*** So, enabling random access for latency measurements

Each iteration took 107.3 core clocks ( 29.0 ns)

Intel(R) Memory Latency Checker - v3.9

Command line parameters: --idle_latency

Using buffer size of 200.000MiB

Each iteration took 175.3 core clocks ( 56.7 ns)
```

Figure 14: Idle Latency (Device 1: Top, Device 2: Bottom)

```
Measuring cache-to-cache transfer latency (in ns)...
Using small pages for allocating buffers
Local Socket L2->L2 HIT latency 12.6
Local Socket L2->L2 HITM latency 20.3

Measuring cache-to-cache transfer latency (in ns)...
Using small pages for allocating buffers
Local Socket L2->L2 HITM latency 22.3
Local Socket L2->L2 HITM latency 25.6
```

Figure 15: Cache to Cache Transfer Latency (Device 1: Top, Device 2: Bottom)

```
Measuring Loaded Latencies for the system
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Using Read-only traffic type
Inject Latency Bandwidth
Delay
         (ns)
                  MB/sec
-----
00000
        116.44
                     37856.0
00002 112.93
                     37944.5
80000
        111.29
                     37861.0
 00015 108.56
                     37903.5
00050
          87.71
                     37642.8
 00100
          64.78
                     35830.1
00200
          43.03
                     26690.5
 00300
          37.93
                     18893.9
 00400
          35.63
                     15391.8
00500
          37.93
                     12388.0
 00700
          33.57
                      9810.5
                      7569.4
01000
          32.28
01300
          38.16
                      5802.5
01700
          34.12
                      5164.4
02500
          34.17
                      4111.4
          33.56
 03500
                      3507.5
05000
          33.77
                      3019.2
 09000
          36.73
                      2346.5
 20000
          36.56
                      2025.6
Using buffer size of 100.000MiB/thread for reads and an additional 100.000MiB/thread for writes
Measuring Loaded Latencies for the system
Using all the threads from each core if Hyper-threading is enabled
Using Read-only traffic type
Inject Latency Bandwidth
Delay
      (ns) MB/sec
00000 152.83
               26594.1
              26555.9
00002 145.78
00008 143.54
               26428.7
00015
      140.43
               26286.1
00050
      129.12
               25600.9
       89.38
00100
               20704.9
00200
       74.09
              13479.0
00300
       67.81
               9677.6
00400
       64.63
               7657.8
00500
       62.59
               6414.9
00700
       60.23
               4958.6
01000
       58.83
               3832.8
01300
       58.73
               3214.2
01700
       57.81
               2737.6
02500
               2104.6
       62.80
03500
       59.07
               1871.1
05000
       58.56
               1647.1
09000
       56.46
               1444.3
20000
       56.29
               1277.2
```

Figure 16: Loaded Latency (Device 1: Top, Device 2: Bottom)

## **Appendix B: Flexible I/O Tester (FIO)**

#### (a) 100% Read, 0% Write

```
tskillz@DESKTOP-Q0778AD:~$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=100 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjobs=1 random-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1 fio-3.16

Starting 1 process
Jobs: 1 (f=1): [r(1)][100.0%][r=492MiB/s][r=126k IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
random-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=1029: Tue Mar 9 18:18:58 2021
read: IOPS=125k, BW=489MiB/s (513MB/s)(4096MiB/8378msec)
    clat (usec): min=4, max=163, ayg= 7.62, stdev= 5.59
    lat (usec): min=4, max=163, ayg= 7.62, stdev= 5.60
    clat percentiles (nsec):
    | 1.00th=[ 4704], 5.00th=[ 4896], 10.00th=[ 5152], 20.00th=[ 5408],
    | 30.00th=[ 5472], 40.00th=[ 5536], 50.00th=[ 5600], 60.00th=[ 5728],
    | 70.00th=[ 5920], 80.00th=[ 8640], 90.00th=[ 12864], 95.00th=[ 18048],
    | 99.00th=[ 29056], 99.50th=[ 41216], 99.90th=[ 64768], 99.95th=[ 73216],
    | 99.99th=[ 84480]

bw ( KiB/s): min=480822, max=506466, per=97.90%, avg=490125.69, stdev=7448.09, samples=16
    iops : min=120205, max=126616, avg=122530.88, stdev=1862.04, samples=16
    lat (usec) : 10=84.05%, 20=12.73%, 50=2.88%, 10=0.34%, 250=0.01%
    cpu : usr=10.25%, sys=89.90%, ctx=0, majf=0, minf=31

IO depths : 1=100.0%, 2=0.0%, 4=0.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
    submit : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
    issued rwts: total=1048576,0,0,0 short=0,0,0,0 dropped=0,0,0,0
    latency : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1

Run status group 0 (all jobs):
    READ: bw=489MiB/s (513MB/s), 489MiB/s-489MiB/s (513MB/s-513MB/s), io=4096MiB (4295MB), run=8378-8378msec
```

#### (b) 75% Read, 25% Write

```
rskillz@DESKTOP-Q0778AD:~$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=75 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjobs=1
random-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
Starting 1 process
Jobs: 1 (f=1): [m(1)][100.0%][r=357MiB/s,w=118MiB/s][r=91.4k,w=30.1k IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
   random-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=1045: Tue Mar 9 18:20:44 2021
read: IOPS=90.0k, BW=355MiB/s (373MB/s)(3070MiB/8637msec)
             clat (usec): min=4, max=184, avg= 7.65, stdev= 5.23
lat (usec): min=4, max=184, avg= 7.68, stdev= 5.24
             clat percentiles (nsec):
                      1.00th=[ 4768], 5.00th=[ 4960], 10.00th=[ 5280], 20.00th=[ 5472], 30.00th=[ 5536], 40.00th=[ 5664], 50.00th=[ 5728], 60.00th=[ 5920], 70.00th=[ 6240], 80.00th=[ 8768], 90.00th=[12736], 95.00th=[17280], 90.00th=[27264], 99.50th=[34560], 99.90th=[63232], 99.95th=[73216],
         99.99th=[85504]
bw ( KiB/s): min=344696, max=385408, per=98.07%, avg=356961.18, stdev=8535.99, samples=17
       iops : min=86174, max=96352, avg=89239.94, stdev=2134.03, samples=17 write: IOPS=30.4k, BW=119MiB/s (125MB/s)(1026MiB/8637msec); 0 zone resets
             clat (usec): min=4, max=130, avg= 8.37, stdev= 5.43
lat (usec): min=4, max=130, avg= 8.41, stdev= 5.43
             clat percentiles (nsec):
                      1.00th=[ 5152], 5.00th=[ 5536], 10.00th=[ 5728], 20.00th=[ 5920], 30.00th=[ 6112], 40.00th=[ 6240], 50.00th=[ 6432], 60.00th=[ 6624], 70.00th=[ 7072], 80.00th=[ 9536], 90.00th=[13760], 95.00th=[18304], 99.00th=[28544], 99.50th=[37120], 99.90th=[65280], 99.95th=[74240], 90.00th=[28544], 99.50th=[3864], 99.50th=[74240], 90.00th=[8864], 99.50th=[8864], 
                  | 99.99th=[87552]
          bw ( KiB/s): min=114864, max=127027, per=98.08%, avg=119308.18, stdev=2522.97, samples=17
                lat (usec)
       IO depths
                                             : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
Run status group 0 (all jobs):
READ: bw=355MiB/s (373MB/s), 355MiB/s-355MiB/s (373MB/s-373MB/s), io=3070MiB (3219MB), run=8637-8637msec
WRITE: bw=119MiB/s (125MB/s), 119MiB/s-119MiB/s (125MB/s-125MB/s), io=1026MiB (1076MB), run=8637-8637msec
```

#### (c) 66.66% Read, 33.37% Write

```
tskillz@DESKTOP-Q0778AD:~$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=66.66 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjol
random-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
fio-3.16
Starting 1 process
Jobs: 1 (f=1): [m(1)][100.0%][r=301MiB/s,w=154MiB/s][r=76.9k,w=39.4k IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
  andom-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=1061: Tue Mar 9 18:22:32 2021
read: IOPS=78.8k, BW=308MiB/s (323MB/s)(2703MiB/8784msec)
        clat (usec): min=4, max=661, avg= 7.69, stdev= 5.02
lat (usec): min=4, max=661, avg= 7.72, stdev= 5.03
        lat (uset): min=4, max=601, avg=7.72, Stdev= 5.65
clat percentiles (nsec):
| 1.00th=[ 4704], 5.00th=[ 5024], 10.00th=[ 5280], 20.00th=[ 5472],
| 30.00th=[ 5600], 40.00th=[ 5728], 50.00th=[ 5856], 60.00th=[ 5984],
| 70.00th=[ 6432], 80.00th=[ 8896], 90.00th=[ 12992], 95.00th=[ 17024],
| 99.00th=[ 26240], 99.50th=[ 32384], 99.90th=[ 56064], 99.95th=[ 64256],
            99.99th=[80384]
      bw ( KiB/s): min=290980, max=323209, per=98.04%, avg=308892.24, stdev=8443.91, samples=17
    iops : min=72745, max=80802, avg=77222.59, stdev=2110.91, samples=17 write: IOPS=40.6k, BW=159MiB/s (166MB/s)(1393MiB/8784msec); 0 zone resets
        clat (usec): min=4, max=3958, avg= 8.52, stdev= 8.67
lat (usec): min=4, max=3958, avg= 8.57, stdev= 8.67
        clat percentiles (nsec):
             1.00th=[ 5152], 5.00th=[ 5600], 10.00th=[ 5856], 20.00th=[ 6112], 30.00th=[ 6240], 40.00th=[ 6432], 50.00th=[ 6624], 60.00th=[ 6816], 70.00th=[ 7392], 80.00th=[ 9920], 90.00th=[14016], 95.00th=[18048], 99.00th=[27264], 99.50th=[34560], 99.90th=[57088], 99.95th=[67072],
            99.99th=[86528]
      bw ( KiB/s): min=152211, max=166590, per=98.08%, avg=159319.82, stdev=4401.32, samples=17
                             : min=38052, max=41647, avg=39829.59, stdev=1100.32, scamples=17

: 10=82.24%, 20=14.88%, 50=2.71%, 100=0.17%, 250=0.01%

: 500=0.01%, 750=0.01%
      iops
    lat (usec)
    lat (usec)
    lat (msec)
                             : 4=0.01%
         (msec) : 4=0.01% | : usr=9.78%, sys=90.01%, ctx=0, majf=0, minf=33 | depths : 1=100.0%, 2=0.0%, 4=0.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, >=64=0.0% | submit : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% | complete : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% | issued rwts: total=691865,356711,0.0 short=0,0,0,0 dropped=0,0,0
    cpu
    IO depths
          latency : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
Run status group 0 (all jobs):
READ: bw=308MiB/s (323MB/s), 308MiB/s-308MiB/s (323MB/s-323MB/s), io=2703MiB (2834MB), run=8784-8784msec
WRITE: bw=159MiB/s (166MB/s), 159MiB/s-159MiB/s (166MB/s-166MB/s), io=1393MiB (1461MB), run=8784-8784msec
```

#### (d) 50% Read, 50% Write

```
rskillz@DESKTOP-Q0778AD:~$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=50 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjobs=1
random-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
fio-3.16
Starting 1 process
Jobs: 1 (f=1): [f(1)][100.0%][r=242MiB/s,w=241MiB/s][r=61.8k,w=61.8k IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
  random-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=262: Wed Mar 10 14:10:58 2021
read: IOPS=59.2k, BW=231MiB/s (243MB/s)(2049MiB/8855msec)
            clat (usec): min=4, max=128, avg= 7.74, stdev= 5.19
lat (usec): min=4, max=128, avg= 7.78, stdev= 5.20
             clat percentiles (nsec):
                    1.00th=[ 4768], 5.00th=[ 5024], 10.00th=[ 5344], 20.00th=[ 5472], 30.00th=[ 5600], 40.00th=[ 5728], 50.00th=[ 5856], 60.00th=[ 6048], 70.00th=[ 6432], 80.00th=[ 8896], 90.00th=[12864], 95.00th=[17024], 99.00th=[27264], 99.50th=[35072], 99.90th=[61696], 99.95th=[70144],
                  99.99th=[84480]
      bw ( KiB/s): min=225789, max=244214, per=97.66%, avg=231450.18, stdev=4296.03, samples=17 iops : min=56447, max=61053, avg=57862.18, stdev=1073.98, samples=17 write: IOPS=59.2k, BW=231MiB/s (242MB/s)(2047MiB/8855msec); 0 zone resets
            clat (usec): min=4, max=126, avg= 8.32, stdev= 5.34
               lat (usec): min=4, max=126, avg= 8.37, stdev= 5.35
             clat percentiles (nsec):
                 1.00th=[5152], 5.00th=[5472], 10.00th=[5728], 20.00th=[5984], 30.00th=[6112], 40.00th=[6240], 50.00th=[6368], 60.00th=[6560], 70.00th=[7072], 80.00th=[9536], 90.00th=[13760], 95.00th=[18048], 99.00th=[28032], 99.50th=[36608], 99.90th=[64256], 99.95th=[73216], 99.99th=[87552]
         bw ( KiB/s): min=223929, max=242751, per=97.64%, avg=231084.65, stdev=4231.28, samples=17
     bw ( k18/s): min=223929, max=242751, per=97.04%, avg=231084.05, stdev=4231...
iops : min=55982, max=60687, avg=57770.76, stdev=1057.77, samples=17
lat (usec) : 10=82.36%, 20=14.57%, 50=2.79%, 100=0.28%, 250=0.01%
cpu : usr=10.58%, sys=88.58%, ctx=0, majf=0, minf=32
IO depths : 1=100.0%, 2=0.0%, 4=0.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
submit : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
complete : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
is read and to the complete of the 
                 issued rwts: total=524625,523951,0,0 short=0,0,0,0 dropped=0,0,0,0
                 latency : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
Run status group 0 (all jobs):
      READ: bw=231MiB/s (243MB/s), 231MiB/s-231MiB/s (243MB/s-243MB/s), io=2049MiB (2149MB), run=8855-8855msec write: bw=231MiB/s (242MB/s), 231MiB/s-231MiB/s (242MB/s-242MB/s), io=2047MiB (2146MB), run=8855-8855msec
```

#### (e) 0% Read, 100% Write

Figure 17: Results from running fio with file size of 4GB and block size of 4KB for Device 1

#### (a) 100% Read, 0% Write

```
Annie:~$ sudo fio
                                            --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=100 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjobs=1
 sudol password for annxtao:
 andom-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
Starting 1 process
Jobs: 1 (f=1): [r(1)][100.0%][r=31.3MiB/s][r=8010 IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
 random-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=75: Wed Mar 10 12:06:37 2021
read: IOPS=8470, BW=33.1MiB/s (34.7MB/s)(4096MiB/123788msec)
      clat (usec): min=4, max=26151, avg=116.82, stdev=52.93
        lat (usec): min=4, max=26151, avg=116.94, stdev=52.94
      clat percentiles (usec):
            1.00th=[ 90], 5.00th=[ 100], 10.00th=[ 101], 20.00th=[ 30.00th=[ 103], 40.00th=[ 105], 50.00th=[ 110], 60.00th=[ 70.00th=[ 119], 80.00th=[ 122], 90.00th=[ 135], 95.00th=[
                                                         100], 10.00th=[ 101], 20.00th=[ 102],
                                                                                                                   117],
           30.00th=[
           70.00th=[
                                                                                                                   153],
                             260], 99.50th=[ 367], 99.90th=[ 490], 99.95th=[
           99.00th=[
                                                                                                                  529],
          99.99th=[ 1205]
    bw ( KiB/s): min=25421, max=35552, per=99.88%, avg=33840.60, stdev=1777.89, samples=247
       w ( KiB/s): min=25421, max=35552, per=99.88%, avg=33840.60, stdev=1777.89, pps : min= 6355, max= 8888, avg=8459.93, stdev=444.50, samples=247 t (usec) : 10=0.02%, 20=0.01%, 50=0.01%, 100=7.41%, 250=91.53% t (usec) : 500=0.96%, 750=0.05%, 1000=0.01% t (msec) : 2=0.02%, 4=0.01%, 10=0.01%, 50=0.01% t (msec) : 2=0.02%, 4=0.01%, 10=0.01%, 50=0.01% u : usr=2.61%, sys=20.89%, ctx=0, majf=0, minf=32 depths : 1=100.0%, 2=0.0%, 4=0.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 32=0.0%, >=64=0.0% submit : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% complete : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% issued rwts: total=1048576.0.0.0 short=0.0,0.0 dropped=0,0.00
    iops
   lat (usec)
   lat (usec)
   lat (msec)
   cpu
   IO depths
        issued rwts: total=1048576,0,0,0 short=0,0,0,0 dropped=0,0,0,0
        latency : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
Run status group 0 (all jobs):
READ: bw=33.1MiB/s (34.7MB/s), 33.1MiB/s-33.1MiB/s (34.7MB/s-34.7MB/s), io=4096MiB (4295MB), run=123788-123788msec
```

#### (b) 75% Read, 25% Write

```
.
annxtao@Annie:~$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=75 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjobs=1
random-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
fio-3.16
Jobs: 1 (f=1): [m(1)][100.0%][r=33.5MiB/s,w=11.0MiB/s][r=8570,w=2823 IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
 andom-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=87: Wed Mar 10 12:09:58 2021 read: IOPS=8066, BW=31.5MiB/s (33.0MB/s)(3070MiB/97435msec)
      clat (usec): min=4, max=15398, avg=118.22, stdev=92.00 lat (usec): min=4, max=15398, avg=118.32, stdev=92.01
       clat percentiles (usec):
                               88], 5.00th=[ 99], 10.00th=[ 100], 20.00th=[ 101], 102], 40.00th=[ 104], 50.00th=[ 109], 60.00th=[ 116], 118], 80.00th=[ 121], 90.00th=[ 135], 95.00th=[ 155], 359], 99.50th=[ 379], 99.90th=[ 545], 99.95th=[ 1319],
             1.00th=[ 88], 5.00th=[
             30.00th=[
             70.00th=[
           99.00th=[ 359],
99.99th=[ 4293]
    bw ( KiB/s): min=17440, max=34704, per=99.90%, avg=32230.46, stdev=2562.02, samples=194
   iops : min= 4360, max= 8676, avg=8057.39, stdev=640.46, samples=194 write: IOPS=2695, BW=10.5MiB/s (11.0MB/s)(1026MiB/97435msec); 0 zone resets
       clat (usec): min=5, max=609, avg=12.90, stdev= 8.33
lat (usec): min=5, max=609, avg=13.02, stdev= 8.35
       clat percentiles (usec):
                                  7], 5.00th=[
11], 40.00th=[
           1.00th=[
30.00th=[
                                                                  7], 10.00th=[
11], 50.00th=[
                                                                                                    8], 20.00th=[
                                                                                                                                  12],
                                                                                                   11], 60.00th=[
                                  12], 80.00th=[
                                                                 15], 90.00th=[
56], 99.90th=[
                                                                                                  21], 95.00th=[
86], 99.95th=[
            70.00th=[
                                                                                                                                  26],
            99.00th=[
                                 45], 99.50th=[
                                                                                                                                1091
    99.99th=[ 200]
bw ( KiB/s): min= 5744, max=12200, per=99.90%, avg=10771.71, stdev=948.08, samples=194
                           ): min= 5/44, max=12200, per=99.90%, avg=107/1.71, stdev=948.08, stimin= 1436, max= 3050, avg=2692.77, stdev=237.01, samples=194 : 10=6.37%, 20=16.17%, 50=2.45%, 100=10.45%, 250=63.42% : 500=1.02%, 750=0.06%, 1000=0.01% : 2=0.01%, 4=0.02%, 10=0.01%, 20=0.01% : usr=2.84%, sys=22.95%, ctx=0, majf=0, minf=32 : 1=100.0%, 2=0.0%, 4=0.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, >=64=0.0% : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0% & 8=0.0%, 16=0.0% 32=0.0%, 64=0.0% >=64=0.0%
    lat (usec)
    lat (usec)
   lat (msec)
   IO depths
         submit
        complete : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% issued rwts: total=785920,262656,0,0 short=0,0,0,0 dropped=0,0,0,0
         latency : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
Run status group 0 (all jobs):
   READ: bw=31.5MiB/s (33.0MB/s), 31.5MiB/s-31.5MiB/s (33.0MB/s-33.0MB/s), io=3070MiB (3219MB), run=97435-97435msec
WRITE: bw=10.5MiB/s (11.0MB/s), 10.5MiB/s-10.5MiB/s (11.0MB/s-11.0MB/s), io=1026MiB (1076MB), run=97435-97435msec
```

#### (c) 66.66% Read, 33.37% Write

```
annxtao@Annie:~$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=66.66 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjobs=1
random-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
fio-3.16
Starting 1 process
Jobs: 1 (f=1): [m(1)][100.0%][r=27.5MiB/s,w=14.2MiB/s][r=7045,w=3645 IOPS][eta 00m:00s] random-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=99: Wed Mar 10 12:14:06 2021
   read: IOPS=8002, BW=31.3MiB/s (32.8MB/s)(2703MiB/86457msec)
     clat (usec): min=4, max=14192, avg=116.96, stdev=50.70 lat (usec): min=4, max=14193, avg=117.05, stdev=50.71
      clat percentiles (usec):
          1.00th=[ 89], 5.00th=[ 99], 10.00th=[ 100], 20.00th=[ 101], 30.00th=[ 102], 40.00th=[ 104], 50.00th=[ 110], 60.00th=[ 116], 70.00th=[ 118], 80.00th=[ 121], 90.00th=[ 135], 95.00th=[ 155], 99.00th=[ 322], 99.50th=[ 367], 99.90th=[ 461], 99.95th=[ 510],
        99.99th=[ 2409]
    bw ( KiB/s): min=23944, max=33936, per=99.88%, avg=31969.73, stdev=1770.37, samples=172
  iops : min= 5986, max= 8484, avg=7992.26, stdev=442.65, samples=172 write: IOPS=4125, BW=16.1MiB/s (16.9MB/s)(1393MiB/86457msec); 0 zone resets
     clat (usec): min=4, max=389, avg=12.56, stdev= 7.86 lat (usec): min=4, max=389, avg=12.68, stdev= 7.89
      clat percentiles (usec):
          1.00th=[
                              7], 5.00th=[
10], 40.00th=[
                                                          7], 10.00th=[
11], 50.00th=[
                                                                                       8], 20.00th=[
                                                                                                                   8],
           30.00th=[
                                                                                      11], 60.00th=[
                                                                                                                  12],
           70.00th=[
                                                                                                                  26],
                              12], 80.00th=[
                                                          15], 90.00th=[
                                                                                      20], 95.00th=[
          99.00th=[
                             43], 99.50th=[
                                                          54], 99.90th=[
                                                                                     82], 99.95th=[
                                                                                                               1001.
        99.99th=[ 180]
    bw ( KiB/s): min=12327, max=18259, per=99.87%, avg=16482.16, stdev=1015.26, samples=172 iops : min= 3081, max= 4564, avg=4120.31, stdev=253.85, samples=172 lat (usec) : 10=10.36%, 20=20.34%, 50=3.17%, 100=9.31%, 250=55.87%
   lat (usec)
   lat (usec)
                        : 500=0.92%, 750=0.02%, 1000=0.01%
       t (usec) : 500=0.92%, 750=0.02%, 1000=0.01%

t (msec) : 2=0.01%, 4=0.01%, 10=0.01%, 20=0.01%

u : usr=3.25%, sys=23.80%, ctx=0, majf=0, minf=32

depths : 1=100.0%, 2=0.0%, 4=0.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, >=64=0.0%

submit : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0%

complete : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
   lat (msec)
   cpu
   IO depths
        issued rwts: total=691865,356711,0,0 short=0,0,0,0 dropped=0,0,0,0
        latency
                      : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
Run status group 0 (all jobs):
    READ: bw=31.3MiB/s (32.8MB/s), 31.3MiB/s-31.3MiB/s-32.8MB/s-32.8MB/s), io=2703MiB (2834MB), run=86457-86457msec
   WRITE: bw=16.1MiB/s (16.9MB/s), 16.1MiB/s-16.1MiB/s (16.9MB/s-16.9MB/s), io=1393MiB (1461MB), run=86457-86457msec
```

#### (d) 50% Read, 50% Write

```
ie:~$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=50 --bs=4k --size=4g --numjobs=1
 andom-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
 io-3.16
Starting 1 process
 lobs: 1 (f=1): [m(1)][100.0%][r=30.7MiB/s,w=30.4MiB/s][r=7870,w=7778 IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
 andom-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=111: Wed Mar 10 12:16:04 2021
read: IOPS=7305, BW=28.5MiB/s (29.9MB/s)(2049MiB/71808msec)
     clat (usec): min=4, max=9558, avg=122.83, stdev=115.02
       lat (usec): min=4, max=9558, avg=122.93, stdev=115.03
     clat percentiles (usec):
                        89], 5.00th=[ 98], 10.00th=[ 99], 20.00th=[ 101], 102], 40.00th=[ 104], 50.00th=[ 111], 60.00th=[ 116], 118], 80.00th=[ 123], 90.00th=[ 141], 95.00th=[ 172], 363], 99.50th=[ 392], 99.90th=[ 1598], 99.95th=[ 3064],
         1.00th=[
30.00th=[
          70.00th=[
  | 78.00th=[ 110], 80.50th=[ 392], 99.90th=[ 1598], 99.95th=[ 3064],

| 99.90th=[ 4817]

bw ( KiB/s): min=15040, max=32399, per=99.83%, avg=29173.81, stdev=3221.07, samples=143

iops : min= 3760, max= 8099, avg=7293.20, stdev=805.24, samples=143

write: IOPS=7296, BW=28.5MiB/s (29.9MB/s)(2047MiB/71808msec); 0 zone resets
     clat (usec): min=5, max=695, avg=12.12, stdev= 8.06
       lat (usec): min=5, max=695, avg=12.24, stdev= 8.09
     clat percentiles (usec):
                          6], 5.00th=[
8], 40.00th=[
                                                  7], 10.00th=[
10], 50.00th=[
15], 90.00th=[
          1.00th=[
                                                                            7], 20.00th=[
                                                                          11], 60.00th=[
         30.00th=[
                                                                           20], 95.00th=[
         70.00th=[
                          12], 80.00th=[
                                                                                                   26],
         99.00th=[ 44]
99.99th=[ 178]
                         44], 99.50th=[
                                                 55], 99.90th=[
                                                                          85], 99.95th=[
                                                                                                 1041.
    bw ( KiB/s): min=14336, max=33421, per=99.82%, avg=29133.80, stdev=3282.73, samples=143
      iops
   lat (usec)
   lat (usec)
  lat (msec)
  IO depths
       latency : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
Run status group 0 (all jobs):
READ: bw=28.5MiB/s (29.9MB/s), 28.5MiB/s-28.5MiB/s (29.9MB/s-29.9MB/s), io=2049MiB (2149MB), run=71808-71808msec
WRITE: bw=28.5MiB/s (29.9MB/s), 28.5MiB/s-28.5MiB/s (29.9MB/s-29.9MB/s), io=2047MiB (2146MB), run=71808-71808msec
```

#### (e) 0% Read, 100% Write

```
$ sudo fio --name=random-write --rw=randrw --rwmixread=0 --bs=4k
  andom-write: (g=0): rw=randrw, bs=(R) 4096B-4096B, (W) 4096B-4096B, (T) 4096B-4096B, ioengine=psync, iodepth=1
Starting 1 process
 lobs: 1 (f=1): [w(1)][100.0%][w=206MiB/s][w=52.7k IOPS][eta 00m:00s]
  andom-write: (groupid=0, jobs=1): err= 0: pid=123: Wed Mar 10 12:17:21 2021
write: IOPS=47.1k, BW=184MiB/s (193MB/s)(4096MiB/22263msec); 0 zone resets
      clat (usec): min=5, max=15608, avg=20.60, stdev=104.41
lat (usec): min=5, max=15608, avg=20.65, stdev=104.41
       clat percentiles (usec):
                                 6], 5.00th=[ 7], 10.00th=[ 7], 20.00th=[ 8],
8], 40.00th=[ 8], 50.00th=[ 8], 60.00th=[ 9],
12], 80.00th=[ 15], 90.00th=[ 22], 95.00th=[ 30],
196], 99.50th=[ 824], 99.90th=[ 1336], 99.95th=[ 1516],
             1.00th=[
30.00th=[
             70.00th=[
            99.00th=[ 196]
99.99th=[ 3261]
    | 99.99th=| 3261|
bw ( KiB/s): min=100120, max=397216, per=99.74%, avg=187905.93, stdev=46785.71, samples=44
iops : min=25030, max=99304, avg=46976.30, stdev=11696.37, samples=44
lat (usec) : 10=66.48%, 20=22.10%, 50=8.56%, 100=1.42%, 250=0.47%
lat (usec) : 500=0.18%, 750=0.21%, 1000=0.22%
lat (msec) : 2=0.32%, 4=0.01%, 10=0.01%, 20=0.01%
cpu : usr=6.74%, sys=44.71%, ctx=0, majf=0, minf=31
IO depths : 1=100.0%, 2=0.0%, 4=0.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
submit : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, >=64=0.0%
    lat (msec)
    IO depths
         submit : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% complete : 0=0.0%, 4=100.0%, 8=0.0%, 16=0.0%, 32=0.0%, 64=0.0%, >=64=0.0% issued rwts: total=0,1048576,0,0 short=0,0,0,0 dropped=0,0,0,0
                            : target=0, window=0, percentile=100.00%, depth=1
  un status group 0 (all jobs):
   WRITE: bw=184MiB/s (193MB/s), 184MiB/s-184MiB/s (193MB/s-193MB/s), io=4096MiB (4295MB), run=22263-22263msec
```

Figure 18: Results from running fio with file size of 4GB and block size of 4KB for Device 2

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