



Extending Composable Data Services into SmartNICs



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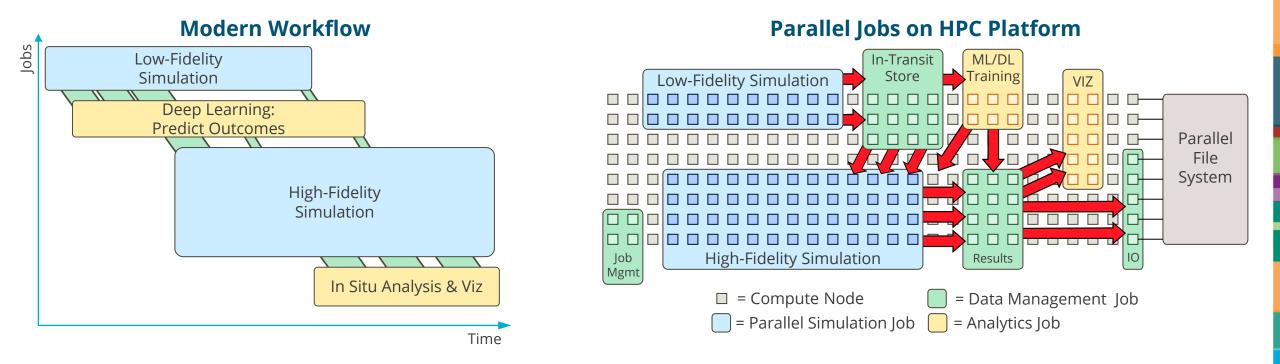
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2

Background: High-Performance Computing Workflows

- Scientific Computing workflows involve multiple applications that run in parallel
- Composable Data Services responsible for moving data between applications
- Problem: Data services consume compute-node resources



Smart Network Interface Cards (SmartNICs)

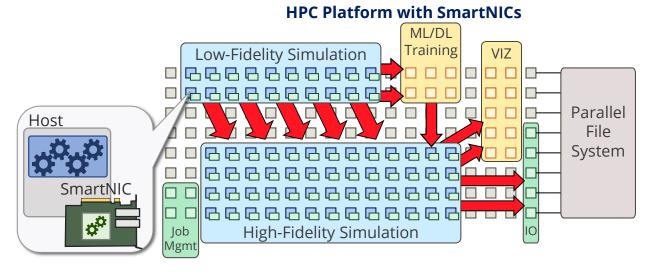


- Network vendors now offer SmartNICs with *user-programmable* resources
 - Example: NVIDIA BlueField-2 DPU
 - Embedded processors are an order of magnitude slower than hosts
 - Isolated space for caching and processing in-transit data
- Emerging HPC platforms include SmartNICs
 - How do we make an environment for hosting data services in SmartNICs?

BlueField-2 DPU

- 100Gb/s InfiniBand
- 8 Arm Cores
- 16GB DRAM
- 60GB Flash





□ = Compute Node with a *SmartNIC* for offloading data services

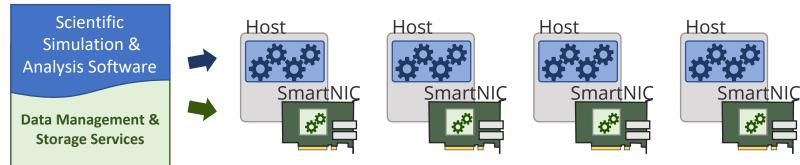


Create an Environment for Hosting Data Services on SmartNICs



- We define five requirements (R1-R5) for creating this environment
 - Three communication, Two computation
- Existing composable data service libraries for hosts are a good starting point
 - High-level APIs: Remote Procedure Calls, Key/Value stores, Async Tasking, RDMA primitives
- Prototype environment
 - Communication via **Faodel**: C++ library with distributed-memory Key/Blob API built on RDMA
 - Computation via **Apache Arrow**: C++ library for processing in-memory tabular data

Software Stack

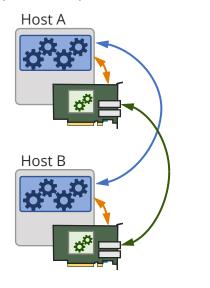


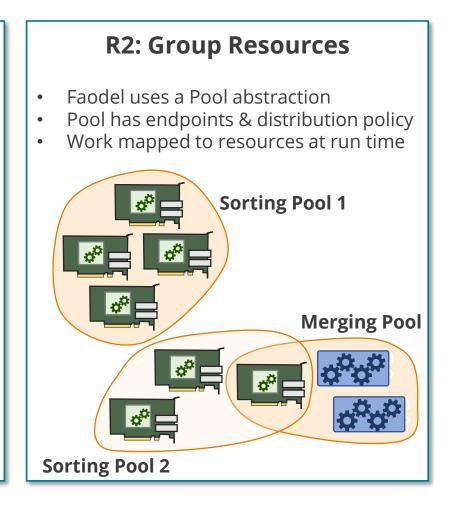
Resolving Communication Requirements with Faodel



R1: Any-to-Any Transfers

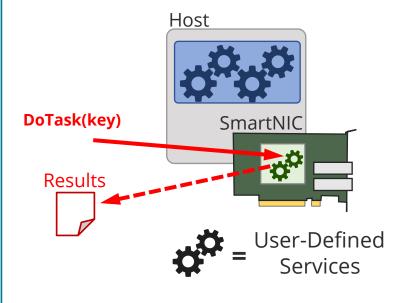
- Faodel has globally accessible endpoints
- Host and SmartNICs can be endpoints
- Put/Get remote objects
- RDMA for point-to-point transfers





R3: Dispatch Computations

- Faodel primarily moves data
- Invoke remote operation on object
- Local main can also make decisions



Resolving Computational Requirements with Apache Arrow

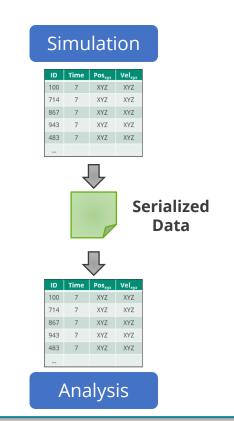


R4: Common Data Representation

- Arrow provides robust data structures for 2D data
- Efficient in-memory storage
- Built-in functions to serialize



ID	Time	Pos _{xyz}	Vel _{xyz}	
100	7	XYZ	XYZ	
714	7	XYZ	XYZ	
867	7	XYZ	XYZ	
943	7	XYZ	XYZ	
483	7	XYZ	XYZ	



R5: Data-Parallel Computations Arrow includes compute functions for tables Target for higher-level languages (SQL) **Filtering** Thread- and SIMD-Aware SmartNIC 1.2 -Host 1.0 col('x' 0.4 0.2 10 Threads auto filter expression = arrow::compute::greater equal(arrow::compute::call("multiply", {arrow::compute::literal(2), arrow::compute::call("add checked", {arrow::compute::literal(0.5), arrow::compute::field ref("x")})}), arrow::compute::literal(1.6));



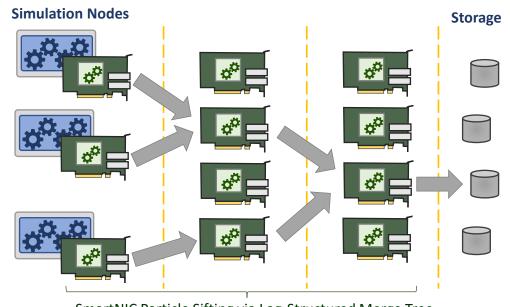
Example: Reorganizing Particle Simulation Results



- Particle simulations track billions of particles
- Mismatch between producers/consumers
 - Simulations: Sorted by position and time
 - Analytics: Sorted by ID and time
- Particle sifting service
 - Periodically sample current data
 - Use distributed SmartNICs to reorganize
 - Log-structured merge (LSM) tree sorts data by ID
- Implementation
 - Faodel Pools/Keys to control data flow
 - Arrow compute to split data
- Experiments on 100-node Cluster w/ BlueField-2 DPUs



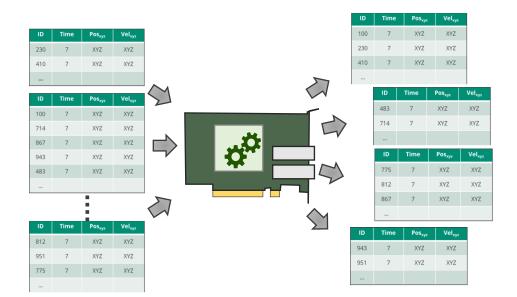
SmartNICs enable simulation results to be transformed while in transit to storage.

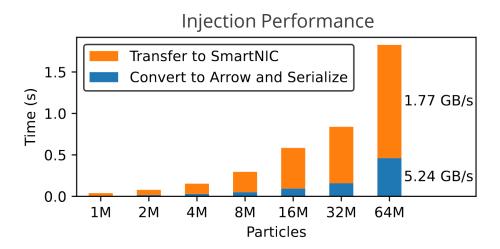


SmartNIC Particle Sifting via Log-Structured Merge Tree

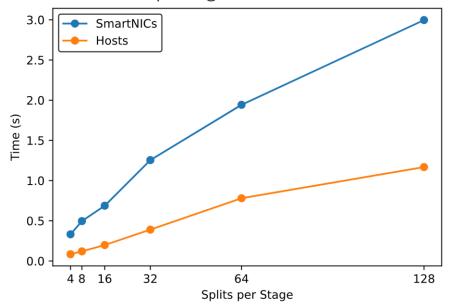
Performance Measurements

- Injection
 - Convert to Apache Arrow's serialized IPC format
 - Transfer to local SmartNIC
 - 1M-64M Particles (37MB-2.4GB), Overall: 1.32GB/s
- Splitting Tables
 - Merge incoming tables and split based on particle IDs
 - Implemented with Arrow Compute function



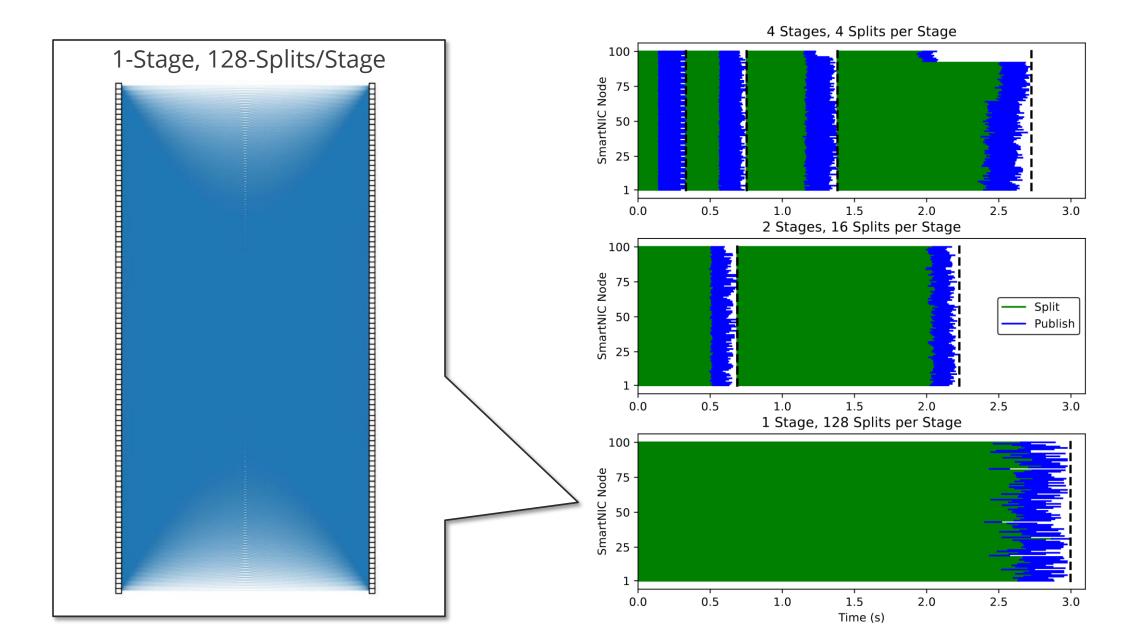


Arrow Table Splitting Performance (1M Particles)



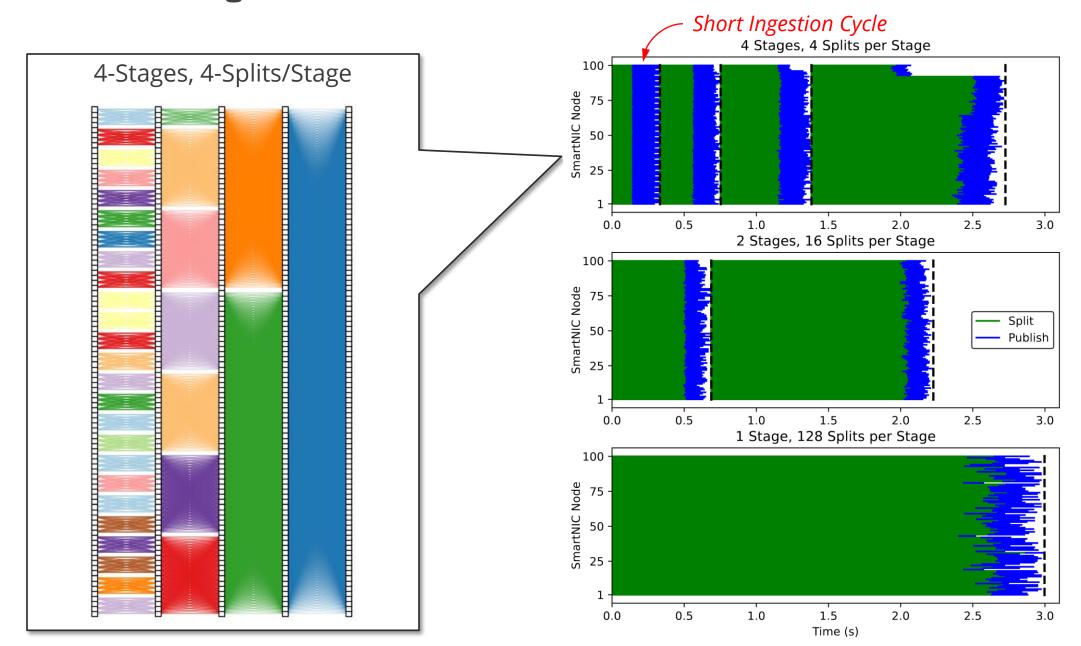
Overall Sifting Performance: 100M Particles on 100 SmartNICs





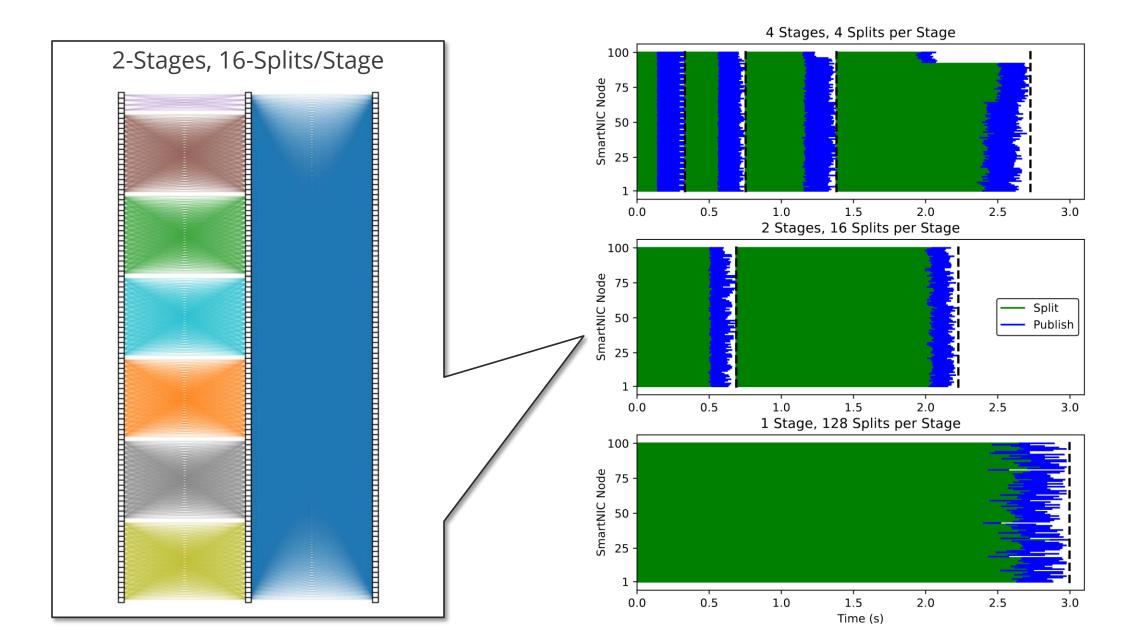
(1)

Overall Sifting Performance: 100M Particles on 100 SmartNICs



Overall Sifting Performance: 100M Particles on 100 SmartNICs





Summary and Future Work

- SmartNICs offer a new space for hosting data management services
 - Positive: Isolated space for operations near producers
 - Negative: Host processors 4x faster, Vendor-specific libraries, extra costs (\$, power)
- Can build a functional environment for hosting services from existing libraries
 - Faodel offers flexible primitives for workflows
 - Apache Arrow simplified development and leveraged parallel hardware
- Future directions
 - Improving injection performance through DOCA and serialization pipelining
 - Embedding query engines in SmartNICs to support push-down queries
 - Evaluate emerging BlueField-3 hardware

https://github.com/faodel/faodel

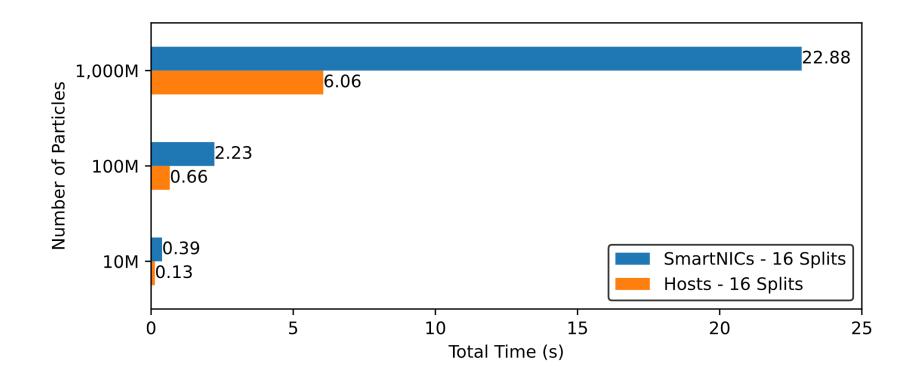
https://github.com/apache/arrow





SmartNIC vs Host Performance for Particle Sifting

- Scaled number of particles from 10M to 1B
 - Selected the best approach for each implementation
 - Hosts roughly 3-4x faster than SmartNICs



FAODEL Stress Experiments

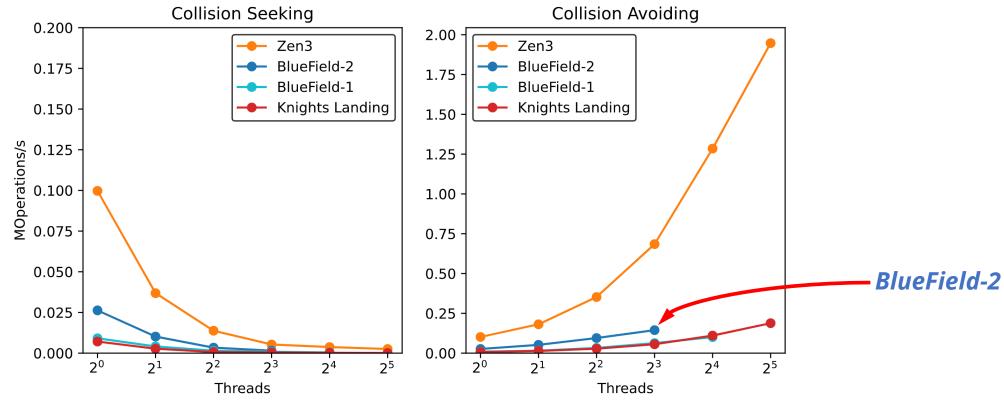
- How are data management tasks impacted by embedded processors?
 - Stress-ng benchmark inspired us to create faodel-stress tool
 - Generating/sorting keys, serializing data, allocating network memory, hash maps, ...
 - Compared BlueField to a variety of servers used today in HPC
- Examples Local Key/Blob store

Processor	Year	Architecture	Cores	Frequency	Memory
Zen3	2021	AMD EPYC 7543p	1x32	2.8 GHz	512 GB
BlueField-2	2021	ARMv8 A72	1x8	2.5 GHz	16 GB
BlueField-1	2018	ARMv8 A72	1x16	800 MHz	16 GB
Knights Landing (KNL)	2016	Intel Phi 7250	1x68	1.4 GHz	16+96 GB

FAODEL Stress Experiments: In-memory Key/Blob Store



- Data structure for organizing objects and scaffolding for event-driven operations
 - Perform put/get/drop operations in rapid succession
 - Use key names that either create or avoid contention



Takeaway: BF2 actually faster than some data-parallel processors.