Classification problems

• Exemplar characterised by a set of features; decide class to which exemplar belongs

Compare regression problems

- Exemplar characterised by a set of features;
- decide value of continuous output (dependant)
 variable



Classifying apples and pears

	Greeness	Height	Width	Taste	Weight	Height/Width	Class
No. 1	210	60	62	Sweet	186	0.97	Apple
No. 2	220	70	51	Sweet	180	1.37	Pear
No. 3	215	55	55	Tart	152	1.00	Apple
No. 4	180	76	40	Sweet	152	1.90	Pear
No. 5	220	68	45	Sweet	153	1.51	Pear
No. 6	160	65	68	Sour	221	0.96	Apple
No. 7	215	63	45	Sweet	140	1.40	Pear
No. 8	180	55	56	Sweet	154	0.98	Apple
No. 9	220	68	65	Tart	221	1.05	Apple
No. 10	190	60	58	Sour	174	1.03	Apple

To what class does this belong?

No. x	222	70	55	Sweet	185	1.27	?



k-Nearest Neighbour

D set of training samples

Find k nearest neighbours to \mathbf{q} according to this similarity criterion

For each $x \in X$

$$Sim(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{x}) = \sum_{f \in \mathbf{F}} w_f \cdot \mathbf{c}(q_f, x_f)$$

where

$$\mathbf{d}(q_f, x_f) = \begin{cases} 0 & f \text{ discrete and } q_f = x_f \\ 1 & f \text{ discrete and } q_f \neq x_f \\ |q_f - x_f| & f \text{ continuous} \end{cases}$$



Condensed NN

D set of training samples Find E where $E \subset D$; NN rule used with E should be as good as D

```
choose x \in D randomly,

D \leftarrow D \setminus \{x\}, E \leftarrow \{x\},

DO

learning? \leftarrow FALSE,

FOR EACH x \in D

classify x by NN using E,

if classification incorrect

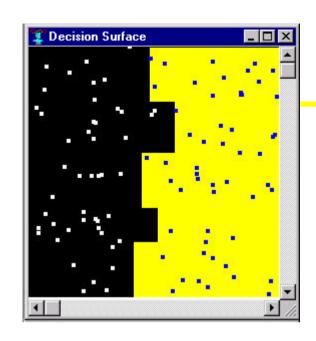
then E \leftarrow E \cup \{x\},

D \leftarrow D \setminus \{x\},

learning \leftarrow TRUE,

WHILE (learning? \neq FALSE)
```





Condensed NN

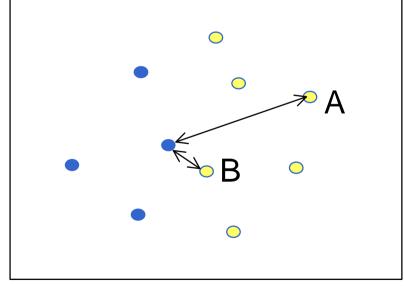
100 examples2 categories

Different CNN solutions

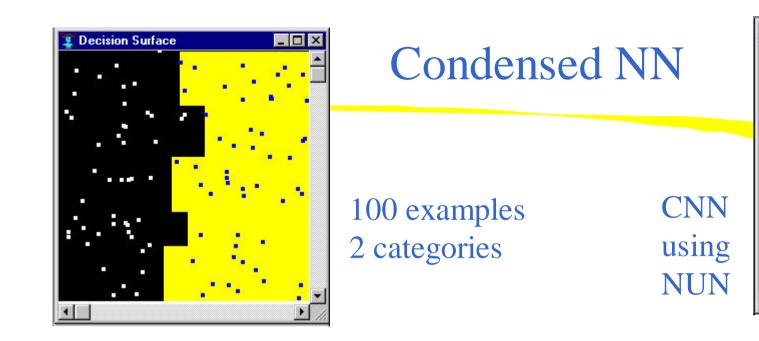


Improving Condensed NN

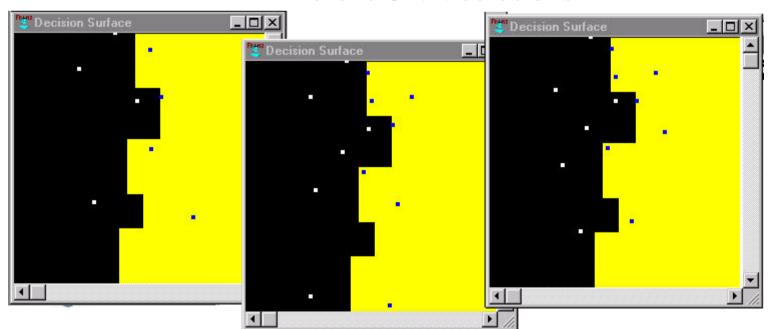
- Different outcomes depending on data order
 - that's a bad thing in an algorithm
- Sort data based on distance to nearest unlike neighbour
 - identify exemplars near decision surface
 - in diagram
 - B more useful than A







Different CNN solutions



Decision Surface