3ba2 Artificial Intelligence

Non-deterministic Turing machines in Prolog

Marks will be awarded for this exercise. Due by Th, Dec 9, 2004 (at lab).¹

A non-deterministic Turing machine (nTm) M is specified by four finite lists, move-right, move-left, write-list, halt-list where

- move-right is a list of triples [Q0,X,Q] saying:
 from state Q0, reading symbol X, move one square right, and go to state Q
- move-left is a list of triples [Q0,X,Q] saying:
 from state Q0, reading symbol X, move one square left, and go to state Q
- write-list is a list of quadruples [QO,X,Y,Q] saying:
 from state QO, reading symbol X, write symbol Y and go to state Q (keeping the head still)

and

halt-list is a list of pairs [Q0,X] saying:
 from state Q0, reading symbol X, halt.

Let us assume that every nTm M has initial state q0, and let us write b-k for blank (a symbol indicating an empty tape cell). Let us agree that M falls into a loop from which it can never halt, if it should ever be at a state Q0 reading symbol X such that none of its four lists specifies a next step.

Your task is to define a predicate

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nTm(+move-right,+move-left,+write-list,+halt-list,+input,?output)
```

such that the nTm specified by move-right, move-left, write-list and halt-list may halt with tape content output, given tape content input (and initial state q0 with the head at the leftmost symbol of input). Let us assume without loss of generality that input is a non-empty list, using the list [b-k], if necessary, to represent the empty string. As for the output string, on the other hand, let us arrange that it never begins or ends with a blank (so that for example the list [b-k] is rewritten as [], and [b-k,a,b-k,b,b-k] as [a,b-k,b]).

Hint

Take "snapshots" [L,R,Q] of a run of a nTm, where

- L lists the non-blank tape contents to the left of the nTm head (in reverse)
- R lists the non-blank tape contents to the right of the nTm head, including the currently scanned cell (the head of R)

¹You are strongly encouraged to have your solution marked before then. Email submissions to Tim Fernando will receive an F3.

- Q is the current nTm state.

Search through a graph with nodes [L,R,Q], the children of which arise from a single nTm step.

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A query
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<loops>

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nTm(MR,ML,WL,HL,Input,Output)
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sets the start node (the root of the computation tree) to [[],Input,q0].

Sample runs

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| ?- nTm([],[],[[q0,X]],[b-k,i,n,b-k,p,u,t,b-k,b-k],Out).
X = b-k.
Out = [i,n,b-k,p,u,t] ?;
no
| ?- nTm([[q1,1,q2],[q1,0,q2],[q1,b-k,q2]],[],
         [[q0,0,1,q1], [q2,0,b-k,q1]],
         [[q1,b-k]],
         [0,0,0,0,0],
         Out).
Out = [1,b-k,0,0,0] ?;
Out = [1,b-k,b-k,0,0] ?;
Out = [1,b-k,b-k,b-k,0] ?;
Out = [1] ?;
no
| ?- nTm([[mr1,h,we],[mr1,e,wl],[mr1,l,wp],[mr1,p,hbk],
          [mr,1,wo],[mr,o,wo],[mp,o,wp]],
         [[q0,0,1bk],[1bk,b-k,1bk]],
         [[q0,0,h,mr1],[we,1,e,mr1],[wl,0,1,mr1],[wp,1,p,mr1],
          [q0,0,1,mr],[wo,1,o,mr],[wo,0,o,mp]],
         [[hbk,b-k]],
         [0,1,0,1],
         Output).
Output = [h,e,l,p] ?;
Output = [1,0,0,p] ?;
```