

Gilbert Condon

Lab3

CS470

- 1) Three child processes are created after the execution of the above code.
- 2) After opening the browser I see that it consumes %3.3 of the CPU and %3.4 of the Memory

PID	USER	PR	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
1770	gilbert	20	0	6155060	530864	143736	S	35.0	4.9	11:07.20	gnome-shell
2877	gilbert	20	0	201592	71800	56500	S	4.3	0.7	0:14.82	Xwayland
66440	gilbert	20	0	86.3g	163360	98332	S	3.7	1.5	0:09.82	yelp
68796	gilbert	20	0	11.2g	362312	149800	S	3.3	3.4	0:14.37	firefox
66458	gilbert	20	0	102.2g	151072	117008	S	3.0	1.4	0:06.77	WebKitWebProces
66533	gilbert	20	0	563292	53636	40992	S	3.0	0.5	0:09.13	gnome-terminal-

gilbert@gilbert-VirtualBox:~\$ free -m						
	total	used	free	shared	buff/cache	available
Mem:	10535	1447	3370	69	5717	8725
Swap:	1409	0	1409			

3) 8725mb

4) gnome shell is consuming the most

5) the process that has the most memory is also gnome shell

6) apt-get is a command line tool for managing packages in Debian based linux distros such as ubuntu. Allows user to install remove update and upgrade packages. It is used to work with ubuntu's APT repo

Yum is a command line tool for managing packages in red hat based linux distros such as fedora. Allows user to install remove.

Wget is the non-interactive network downloader used to download files from the server even when the user has not logged on to the system.

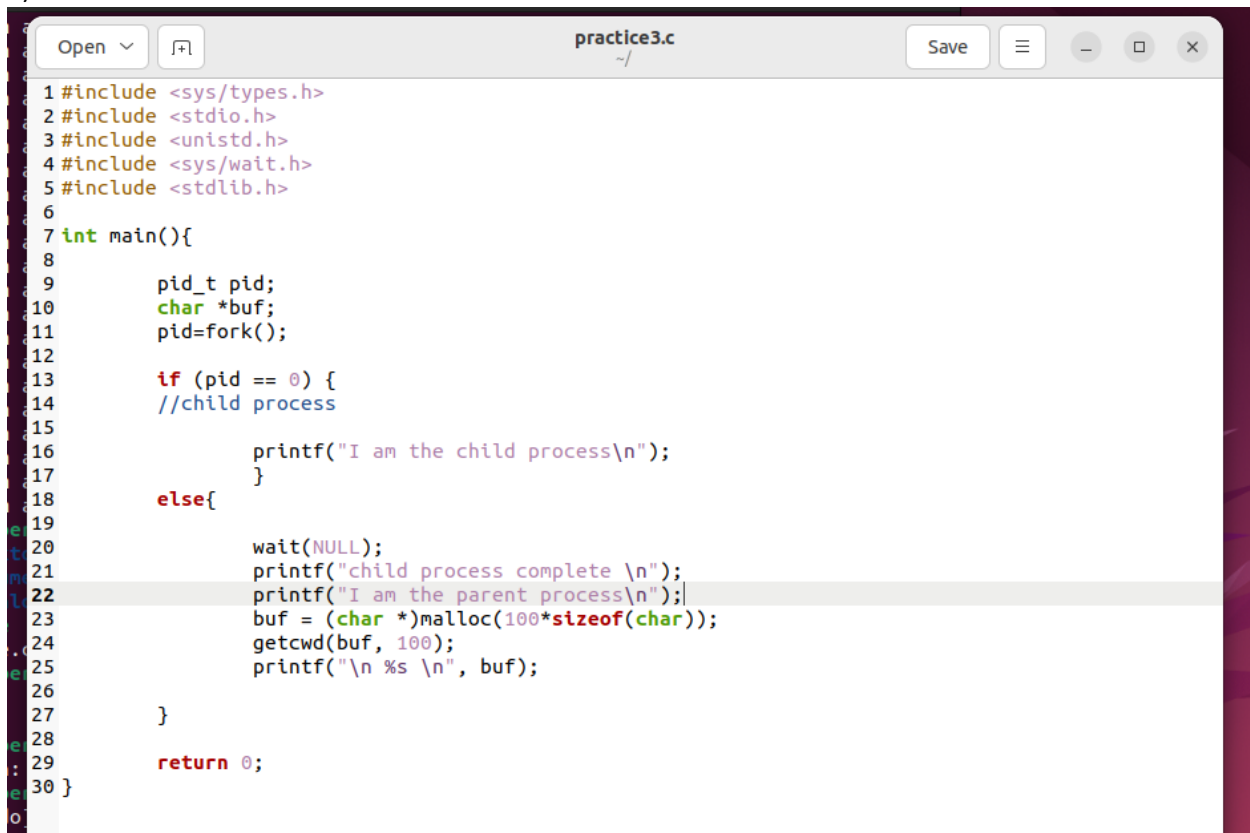
Gzip is a command which is used as a compressing tool and does so by truncating the file size.

Tar is a command which stands for tape archive and is used to create archive and extract archive files. It is the most widely used archiving utility in Linux systems.

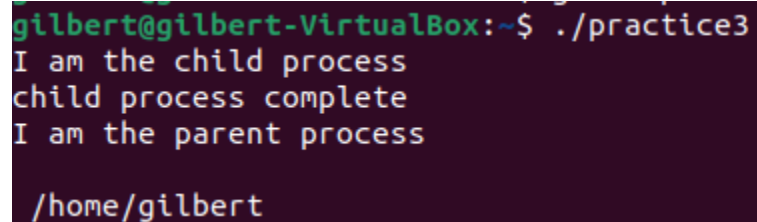
Rar is a proprietary file format for data compression and archiving. The command used to extract these files is unrar.

7)

8)



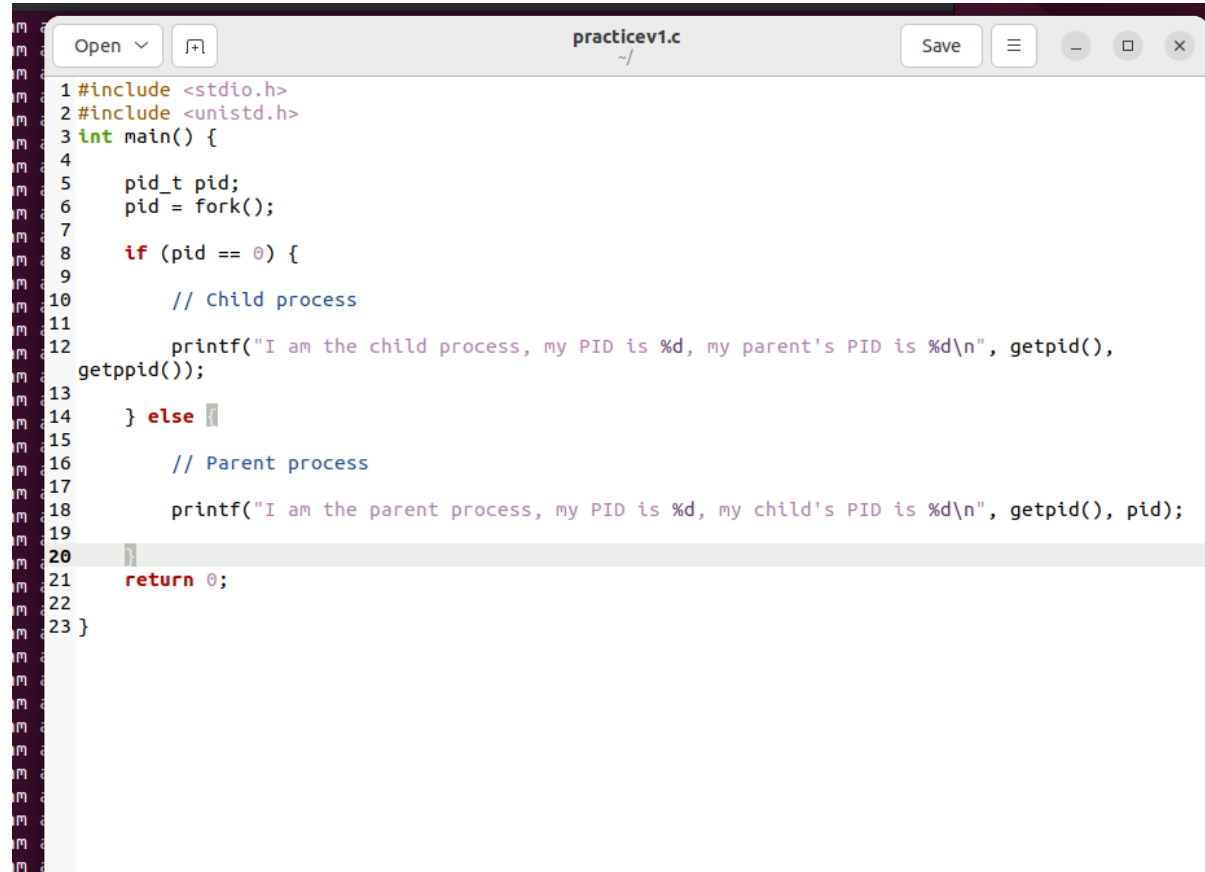
```
1 #include <sys/types.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include <unistd.h>
4 #include <sys/wait.h>
5 #include <stdlib.h>
6
7 int main(){
8
9     pid_t pid;
10    char *buf;
11    pid=fork();
12
13    if (pid == 0) {
14        //child process
15
16        printf("I am the child process\n");
17    }
18    else{
19
20        wait(NULL);
21        printf("child process complete \n");
22        printf("I am the parent process\n");
23        buf = (char *)malloc(100*sizeof(char));
24        getcwd(buf, 100);
25        printf("\n %s \n", buf);
26    }
27
28    return 0;
29
30 }
```



```
gilbert@gilbert-VirtualBox:~$ ./practice3
I am the child process
child process complete
I am the parent process

/home/gilbert
```

9)



```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <unistd.h>
3 int main() {
4     pid_t pid;
5     pid = fork();
6     if (pid == 0) {
7         // Child process
8         printf("I am the child process, my PID is %d, my parent's PID is %d\n", getpid(),
9             getppid());
10    } else {
11        // Parent process
12        printf("I am the parent process, my PID is %d, my child's PID is %d\n", getpid(), pid);
13    }
14    return 0;
15 }
```

```
gilbert@gilbert-VirtualBox:~$ ./practicev1
I am the parent process, my PID is 5730, my child's PID is 5731
I am the child process, my PID is 5731, my parent's PID is 5730
gilbert@gilbert-VirtualBox:~$
```