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# STYLEATRIBUTE

## Cascading Style Sheets (CSS)

Declarative language configuring look & feel of HTML web pages

CSS can be **applied to** an HTML **element**, **embedded** in the HTML document, or **linked** to an external file:

```
<link href="/some/external/style/file.css" rel="stylesheet"/>
<style>
  p { text-align: center; }
</style>

style="color: green">This paragraph is now green
```

### Style attribute

**Style attribute** configures look & feel of specific HTML elements and is considered bad practice

```
This paragraph is yellow
This paragraph is blue with white text
 This paragraph is yellow
This paragraph is red with white text
color: white">
 This paragraph is blue with white text
color: white">
 This paragraph is red with white text
```

#### Style element

**Style element** configures style in current web page and is considered bad practice

```
<style>
 .background-yellow { background-color: yellow; }
              { background-color: blue; }
 .background-blue
 .background-red
              { background-color: red; }
              { color: white; }
 .color-white
</style>
This paragraph is yellow
This paragraph...
This paragraph...
```

#### Link element

**Link element** can apply same look and feel to multiple web pages is considered best practice

```
styles.css
               background-color: yellow; }
.background-yellow {
.background-blue
               background-color: blue; }
             { background-color: red; }
.background-red
             { color: white; }
.color-white
<link href="styles.css" rel="stylesheet"/>
This paragraph is yellow
This paragraph...
This paragraph...
```