A/ ASSIGNMENT RECAP

- Provide a description of the relevant background and history of the selected company, including ownership, products/services, markets. Identify the company's "strategic dilemma".
- Conduct a PESTEL (macro-environment) analysis of the operating environment and key opportunities/threats.
- Perform an industry/market analysis using appropriate frameworks and tools.
 Analyze competitive forces.
- Identify resources/capabilities that provide competitive advantage and their relevance to analyses.
- Make recommendations for corporate and business level strategies supported by analysis, addressing opportunities/challenges and stakeholder considerations. Justify strategies and position on Porter's framework.

Suggested Step:

- I. Introduction (~500 words)
- II. Background and History (~800 words)
- III. Macro-Environment Analysis (~1000 words)
- IV. Industry/Sector/Market Analysis (~1000 words)
- V. Resources and Capabilities Analysis (~800 words)
- VI. Stakeholder Analysis (~500 words)
- VII. Current Strategy Analysis (~500 words)
- VIII. Recommendations (~1000 words)
- IX. Conclusion (~500 words)

B/ KEYWORD EXPLANATIONS

- **1. Strategic dilemma -** The primary strategic issue or challenge facing a company that needs to be addressed
- **2. Macro-environment -** Broad economic, technological, political and social conditions that impact business
- **3. PESTEL analysis -** Assessing the political, economic, social, technological, environmental and legal factors affecting a company
- **4. Industry analysis -** Understanding the competitive forces, norms and dynamics that shape an industry
- **5. Porter's Five Forces -** Framework for analyzing competitive forces: bargaining power of buyers/suppliers, threat of new entrants/substitutes, rivalry among competitors
- **6. Strategic capabilities -** Distinctive competencies of a firm that are difficult to match and provide competitive differentiation
- **7. VRIN resources -** Valuable, rare, inimitable, and non-substitutable capabilities that can lead to competitive advantage

- **8. Stakeholders -** Groups/individuals who have interests in or are affected by a company's activities
- **9. Generic strategies -** Ways companies can gain competitive advantage by overall cost leadership, differentiation, focus on niche markets
- **10. SBU S**trategic business unit representing a business or product line within a larger organization
- **11. Value chain -** Series of activities that represent the organizational functions adding value to products or services
- **12. Vertical integration -** Ownership or control of multiple entities within a supply chain or distribution network
- 13. Diversification Expanion of business activities into new products, services or markets
- 14. Business-level strategy Competitive strategy focused on how a firm will compete in a particular business
- **15. Corporate-level strategy -** Company-wide strategy focused on managing a portfolio of businesses to maximize value
- **16. Horizontal integration -** Joining forces with or taking over competitors operating at the same level of the value chain
- **17. Core competencies -** Internal capabilities, skills and expertise that allow a firm to create unique value
- **18. Competitive advantage -** Attribute that allows a company to deliver better value than rivals and have an edge over them
- **19. Strategic positioning -** Establishing an advantageous brand identity and market niche for maximum profitability
- **20.** Cost leadership Attempting to gain competitive edge through minimizing costs relative to competitors
- **21. Differentiation -** Distinguishing products/services from competition by incorporating attributes perceived as unique in the industry
- **22. SWOT analysis -** Assessing strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats facing an organization
- **23. Feasibility -** Capacity of a company to adopt or implement a strategy or decision based on resources
- **24. Benchmarking -** Process of measuring company operations and performance metrics against best-in-class performers
- **25. Strategic fit -** Degree to which strategy matches company's resources and capabilities with external market factors
- **26. Shareholder primacy -** View that a companies' ultimate purpose and obligation is to maximize value for its shareholders
- **27. Stakeholder approach -** View that companies have responsibilities to various stakeholders beyond just shareholders
- **28. Paradigm shift -** Fundamental change in assumptions, concepts and practices associated with a field or industry
- **29. First-mover advantage -** Competitive edge gained by innovating processes or products before competitors
- **30. Disruptive innovation -** Transformational technology/business model that significantly alters the playing field in an industry

C/ DATA - REFERENCES

- Our Founders | Starbucks Archive
- Starbucks | Description, History, & Facts | Britannica
- Starbucks company timeline
- Starbucks is opening a store in China every 15 hours
- Starbucks: Global Coffee Giant Has New Growth Plans
- Starbucks Stores Are Finally Cannibalizing Each Other: BMO Downgrades
- Baristas at Starbucks Accuse Service Company of Abuse and Pay Gaps The New York Times
- Who Owns Starbucks?
- The Top 5 Shareholders of Starbucks
- Who Owns Starbucks: The Largest Shareholders Overview KAMIL FRANEK Business Analytics
- Starbucks FY22 Annual Report
- Starbucks Reports Q1 Fiscal 2023 Results
- "Starbucks to push customers to ditch dairy for alternative milk as it moves to cut carbon footprint"
- Number-of-international-and-us-starbucks-stores
- Is Starbucks putting too much politics in its lattes?
- It's official: The Covid recession lasted just two months, the shortest in U.S. history
- Starbucks plans to keep raising menu prices due to inflation and the labor shortage
- Who is Starbucks' Favorite Customer? The Motley Fool.
- Why is the Starbucks mobile payments app so successful?
- One of Starbucks' former biggest advantages may be turning into a huge problem for the chain
- The Starbucks Crisis—External and Endogenous Pressures of Coffee Market Giants
- Starbucks SEC Filings
- "Supply Chain Putting the Star in Starbucks"
- Who is Starbucks' Target Market? Customer Characteristics & Marketing Strategy
 Analysis
- Statista, "U.S. coffee consumption per capita 2000-2015"
- The Five Forces Institute For Strategy And Competitiveness
- How Competitive Forces Shape Strategy
- Analysis of Starbucks in China
- Statista, "Number of Starbucks stores worldwide from 2003 to 2022"
- Interbrand, "Best Global Brands 2022"
- Statista, "Starbucks revenue worldwide 2022"
- Starbucks' legendary CEO Howard Schultz shares the secrets of Starbucks' Success
- The Secret of Starbucks' Success in the Chinese Coffee Market: Pricing and Marketing Strategies Analysis | Atlantis Press
- Starbucks 2017 Annual Report
- Fortune The World's Most Reputable Companies 2018"
- Starbucks Espresso Drinks: More than the Average Cup of Joe
- <u>Starbucks' marketing communications strategy on Twitter</u>
- A comparison of Starbucks between South Korea and USA through big data analysis
- Measuring Generation Y consumers' perceptions of green practices at Starbucks: An IPA analysis

- AN ANALYSIS ON BRAND LOYALTY: A CASE STUDY ON STARBUCKS
- Starbucks Espresso Drinks: More than the Average Cup of Joe
- An Analysis of the Problems and Countermeasures in the Application of Experiential Marketing-A Case Study of Starbucks
- An extension of neutrosophic AHP—SWOT analysis for strategic planning and decision-making
- Analysis Method of Transfer Pricing Used by Multinational Companies Related to Tax Avoidance and Its Consistencies to the Arm's Length Principle
- Revolutionary Technology and Innovation in the Coffee Industry: How it's changing the Way We Brew, grow and enjoy our Favorite Drink.
- The Future of Coffee: Trends and Innovations to Watch
- An analysis of Starbucks using Game Theory
- Critical Analysis of Strategic Issues faced by Starbucks