

Problem 1: Calculate $(X^N) \% 1,000,000,007$

Overview: Efficiently compute the power of a number X raised to an exponent N , modulo $1,000,000,007$. This is a common problem in computational mathematics, especially useful in fields like cryptography and number theory.

Algorithm Steps:

1. Modular Exponentiation:

- Use a fast exponentiation algorithm while keeping the results within the modulo $1,000,000,007$.
- This process reduces the complexity from $O(N)$ to $O(\log N)$.

2. Algorithm Explanation:

- If N is even, recursively calculate $(X^{(N/2)})^2$.
- If N is odd, return $X * (X^{(N-1)}) \% 1,000,000,007$.
- Utilize the property $(a*b) \% c = ((a \% c) * (b \% c)) \% c$.

3. Handling Large N:

- Since N can be as large as 10^9 , the algorithm avoids direct multiplication of large numbers which might cause overflow.

4. Code:

```
public class PowerModulo {

    private static final long MOD = 1000000007;

    // Function to calculate (x^n) % MOD
    public static long power(long x, long n) {
        // Base case
        if (n == 0) return 1;

        // If n is even
        long halfPower = power(x, n / 2);
        if (n % 2 == 0) {
            return (halfPower * halfPower) % MOD;
        } else {
            // If n is odd
            return (x * (halfPower * halfPower % MOD)) % MOD;
        }
    }

    // Main method to test the function
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        long x = 2; // Base
        long n = 10; // Exponent
        System.out.println("Power of " + x + " raised to " + n + " modulo " + MOD + " is: " + power(x, n));
    }
}
```

> Problem 2, 3, 4

↳ 3 cells hidden

