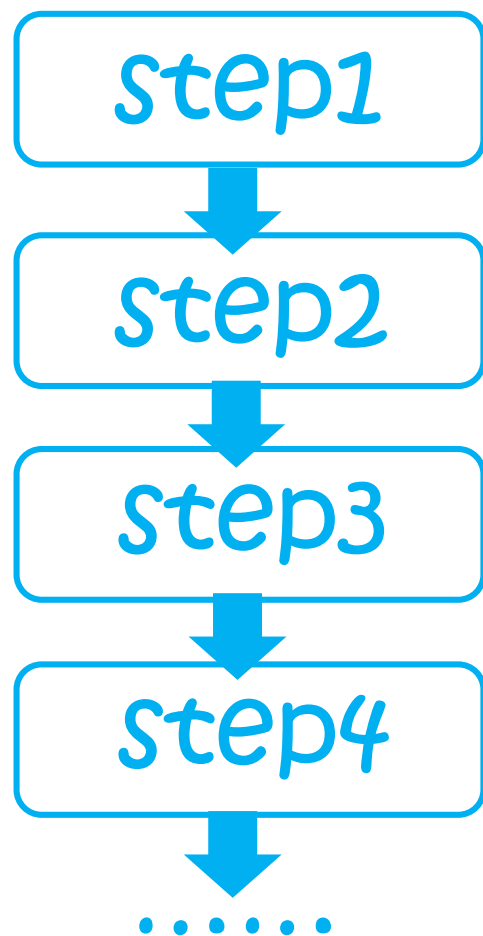


Promise

-- async is wonderful

One day 有一个项目，有很多异步的过程

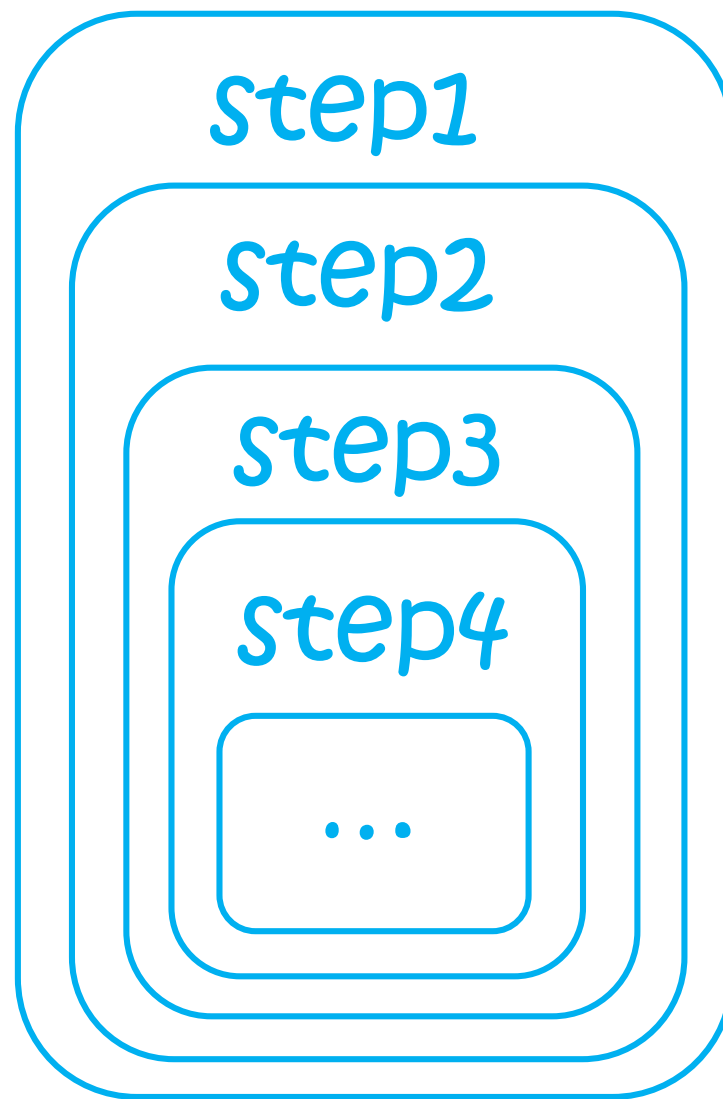
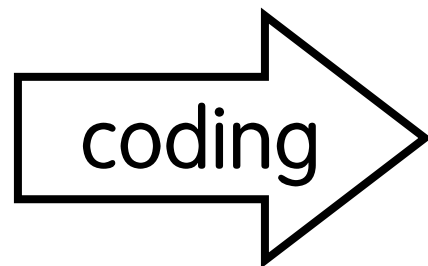
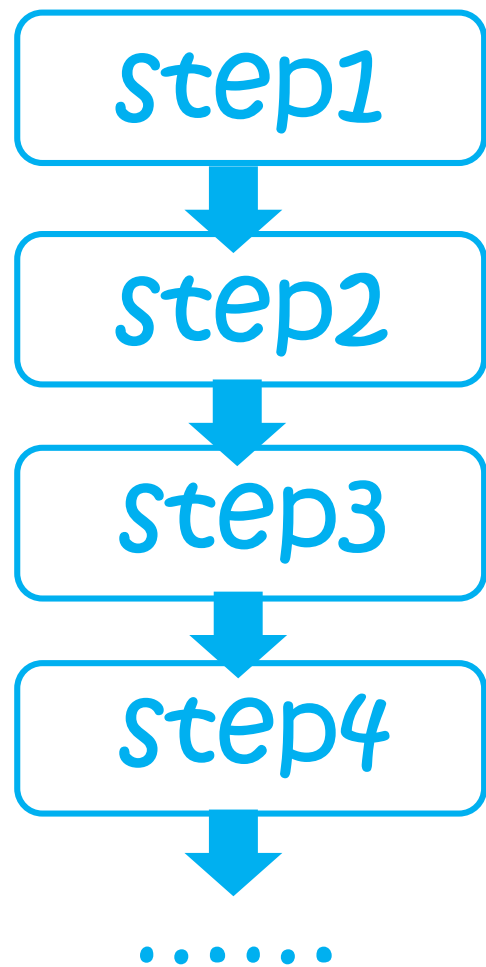
Design



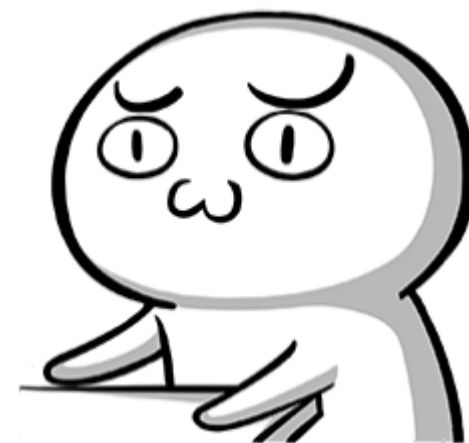
FE no.1

so easy

Coding 阶段

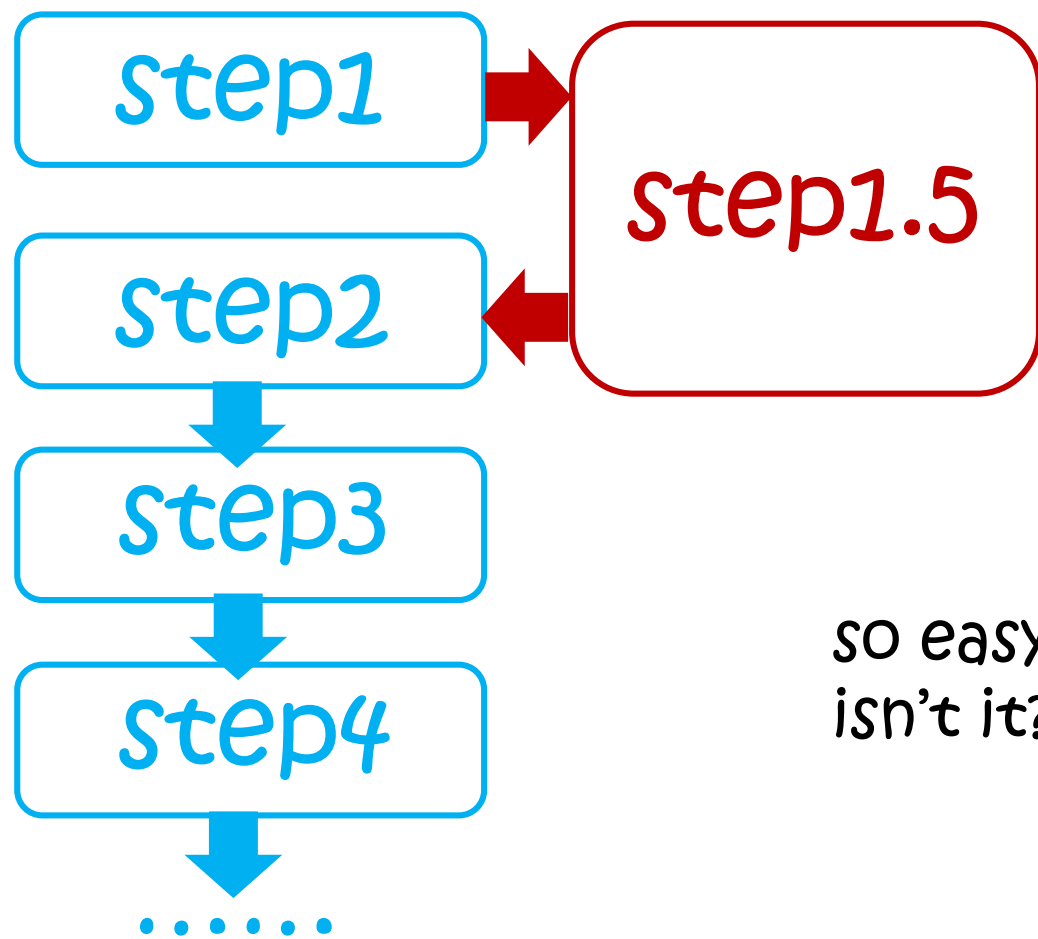


不开森



FE no.1

二期增加需求

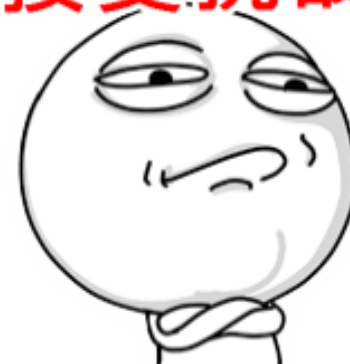


so easy,
isn't it?



PM

接受挑战



FE no.2

1

step1

step2

step3

step4

...

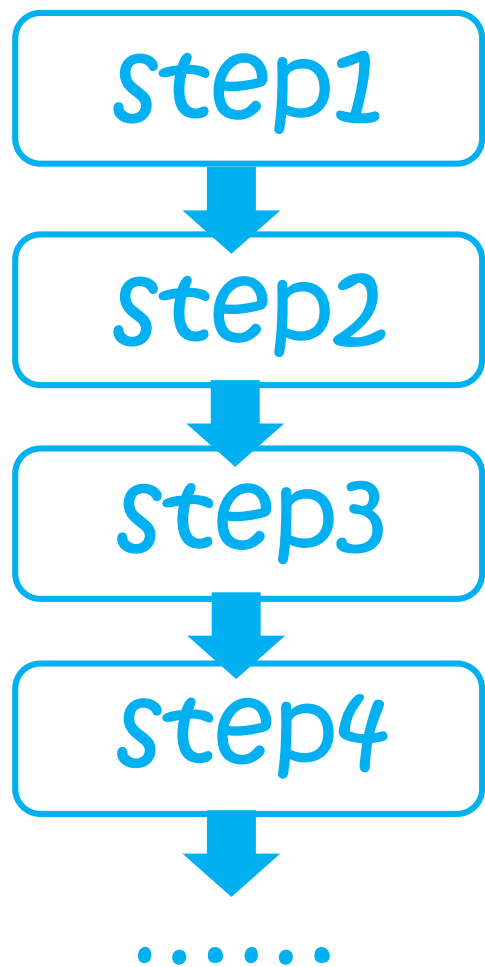
step1.5



WTF

Uncaught SyntaxError: Unexpected token }

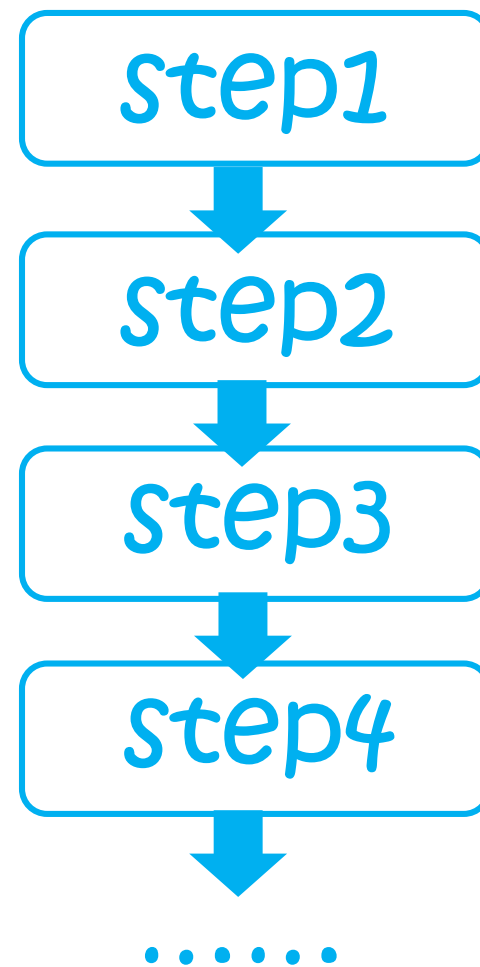
现在，有了Promise 就是这么愉快



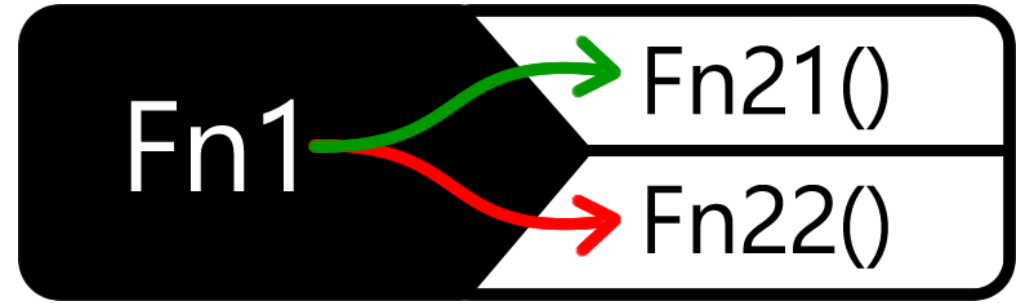
coding with *Promise*



嘿嘿一笑



Promise



Resolve()

Reject()

Promise.then

Jquery实现的Promise

推荐文章

http://www.ruanyifeng.com/blog/2011/08/a_detailed_explanation_of_jquery_deferred_object.html

<http://zsuczw.iteye.com/blog/1121129>


```
var dtd = $.Deferred();  
//实例一个deferred对象  
  
dtd.promise(myFunc);  
//关联这个Func（jquery自己的设计）  
  
myFunc(){  
    something async...  
    if(成功){  
        dtd.resolve(data);  
    }else{  
        dtd.reject(data);  
    }  
}
```

```
dtd.then(  
    function(data){  
        成功之后干的事情...  
    },  
    function(data){  
        失败之后干的事情  
    }  
);
```

为了理解这个东西，这里需要问一个问题，这里myFunc执行了吗？

略施小计实现de链式

```
myFunc1(){  
  something async ...  
  if(成功){  
    dtd1.resolve(data);  
  }else{  
    dtd1.reject(data);  
  }  
  return dtd1 ;  
}
```

```
myFunc2(){  
  something async ...  
  if(成功){  
    dtd2.resolve(data);  
  }else{  
    dtd2.reject(data);  
  }  
  return dtd2 ;  
}
```

```
myFunc3(){  
  something async ...  
  if(成功){  
    dtd3.resolve(data);  
  }else{  
    dtd3.reject(data);  
  }  
  return dtd3 ;  
}
```

```
myFunc1()  
  .then(function(){  
    return myFunc2();  
  })  
  .then(function(){  
    return myFunc3();  
  });
```

链式Pipe

```
myFunc1(){  
  something async...  
  if(成功){  
    dtd1.resolve(data);  
  }else{  
    dtd1.reject(data);  
  }  
  return dtd1 ;  
}
```

```
myFunc2(){  
  something async...  
  if(成功){  
    dtd2.resolve(data);  
  }else{  
    dtd2.reject(data);  
  }  
  return dtd2 ;  
}
```

```
myFunc3(){  
  something async...  
  if(成功){  
    dtd3.resolve(data);  
  }else{  
    dtd3.reject(data);  
  }  
  return dtd3 ;  
}
```

```
myFunc1()  
  .pipe(function(){  
    return myFunc2();  
  })  
  .pipe(function(){  
    return myFunc3();  
  });
```

合并promise -> 并行

```
$.when(promise1,promise2).then(..)
```

现代化的原生的promise

推荐文章 <http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/es6/promises/>

这篇文章结尾介绍了一个github项目用于在老浏览器里实现原生promise api

```
var promise = new Promise(function(resolve, reject) {  
    // do a thing, possibly async, then...  
    if (/* everything turned out fine */) {  
        resolve("Stuff worked!");  
    } else {  
        reject("It broke"); }  
});
```

不一样的写法，一样思路

```
myFunc1(){
  var promise = new Promise(
    function(resolve, reject) {
      // do a thing async
      if (完成) {
        resolve(data);
      } else {
        reject(data);
      }
    }
  );
  return promise;
}
```

myFunc2
myFunc3

串行

```
myFunc1()
  .then(function(data){
    return myFunc2(data);
  })
  .then(function(data){
    return myFunc3 (data);
  })
```

并行

```
Promise.all(arrayOfPromises).then(function(arrayOfResults) {
  //...
});
```

包教包会de代码栗子

<http://wangcongwu.fe.baidu.com/deferred/>

[chain promise loop seq.js](#)
[chain test.html](#)
[chain test.js](#)
[jquery-1.10.2.min.js](#)
[share.html](#)
[share.js](#)
[share local.html](#)
[share local.js](#)
[test.html](#)
[test.js](#)

3Q for watChing