

# Semi- and Nonparametric Quantile Regression with Neural Networks

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This is a live document and subject to change.

## Abstract

I consider the use of deep neural networks for quantile regression. The proposed framework allows for semi- and nonparametric estimation of the conditional quantile function.

## 1. Loss Functions

In progress.

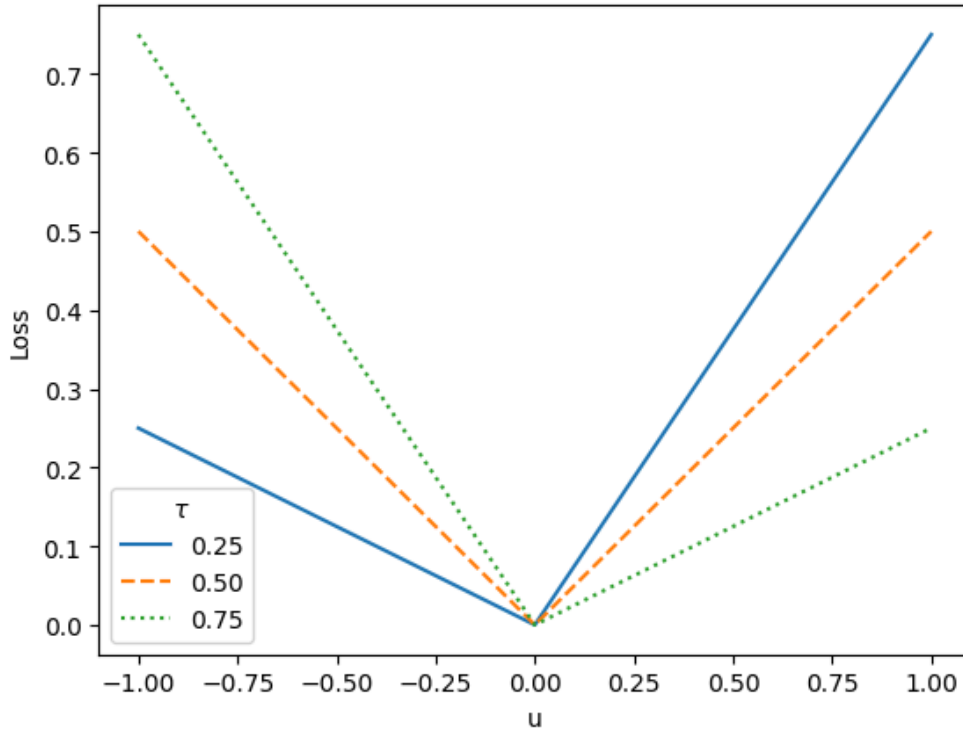
### 1.1. Standard Check Loss

The standard loss function used in quantile regression, often called the check loss, is defined

$$\ell(u; \tau) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\tau - \mathbb{1}\{u < 0\})u. \quad (1)$$

I plot this function in Figure 1 for various quantiles  $\tau$ .

Figure 1: Check Loss Function



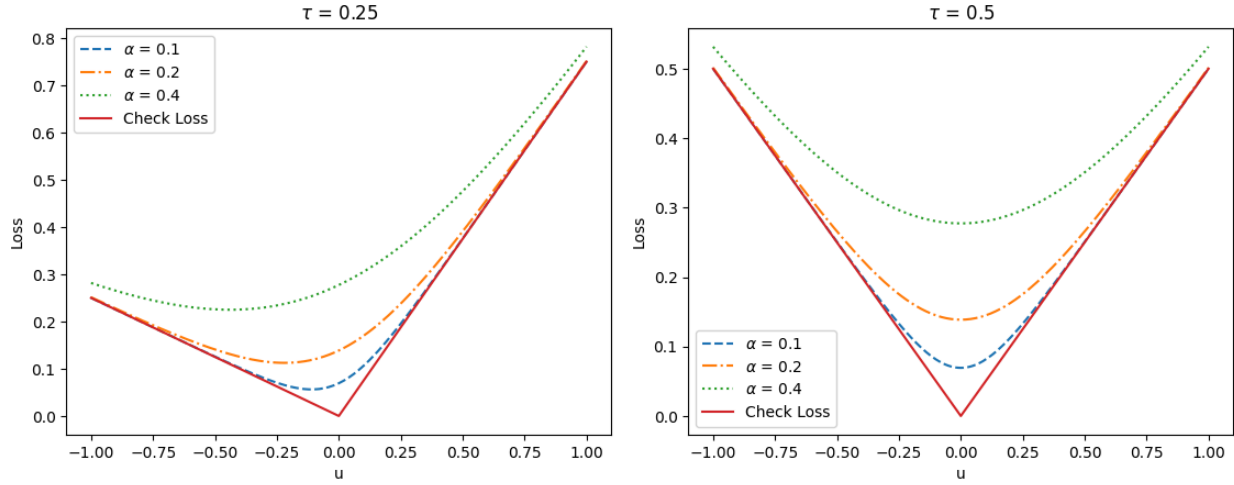
## 1.2. Smooth Check Loss

Next, I consider a smooth approximation to the check loss, proposed by Zheng (2011). I define

$$\ell^s(u; \tau, \alpha) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau u + \alpha \log\left(1 + \exp\left(-\frac{u}{\alpha}\right)\right), \quad (2)$$

where we call  $\alpha$  the smoothing parameter. I plot the smooth check loss in Figure 2 for various quantiles  $\tau$  and smoothing parameters  $\alpha$ .

Figure 2: Check Loss Function



## 1.3. Simple Empirical Applications of (Smooth) Check Loss

I consider a simple empirical application of these two loss functions.

In progress.

Figure 3: Check Loss Function Performance on  $X \sim U[0, 1]$

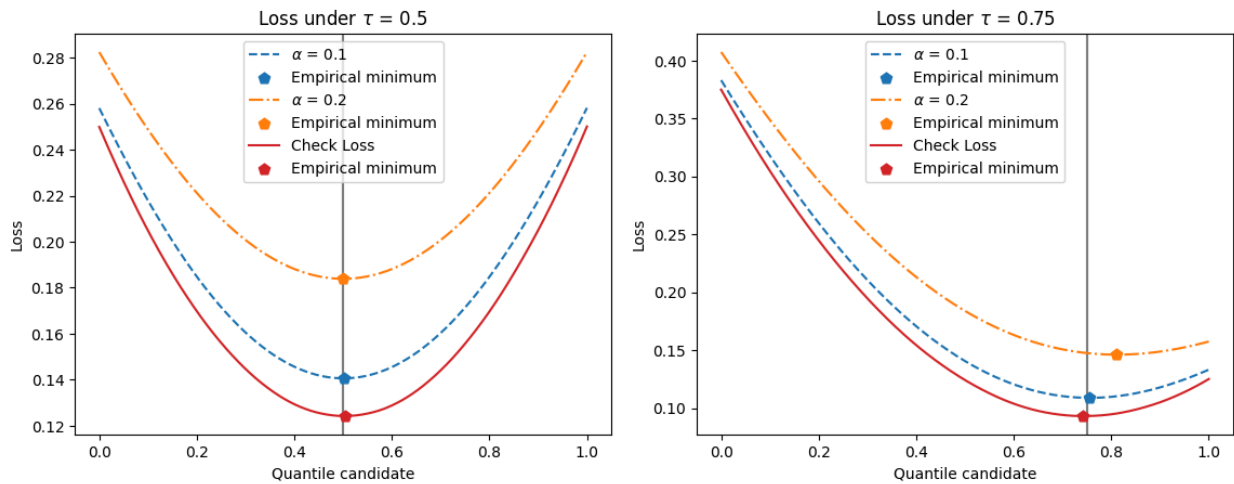
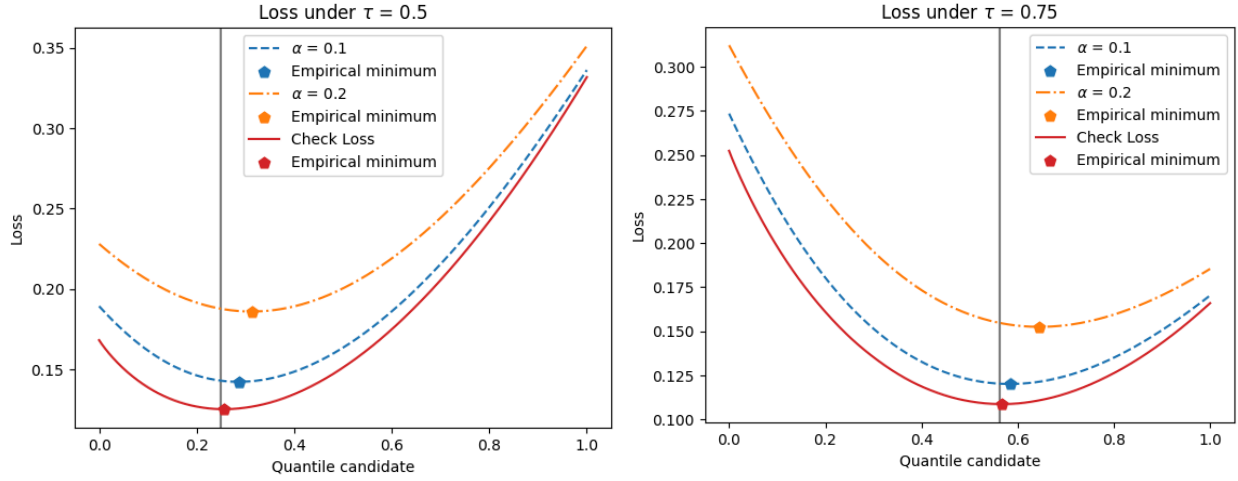


Figure 4: Check Loss Function Performance on  $Y = X^2$ , where  $X \sim U[0, 1]$



## 2. Prediction Applications

We specify a generic data generating process (DGP).

$$Y = \mathbb{Q}_U(Y \mid \mathbf{X}), \quad \text{where } U \sim \text{Uniform}[0, 1]. \quad (3)$$

## Bibliography

Zheng, Songfeng. 2011. "Gradient Descent Algorithms for Quantile Regression with Smooth Approximation". *International Journal of Machine Learning and Cybernetics* 2 (3): 191–207. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s13042-011-0031-2>