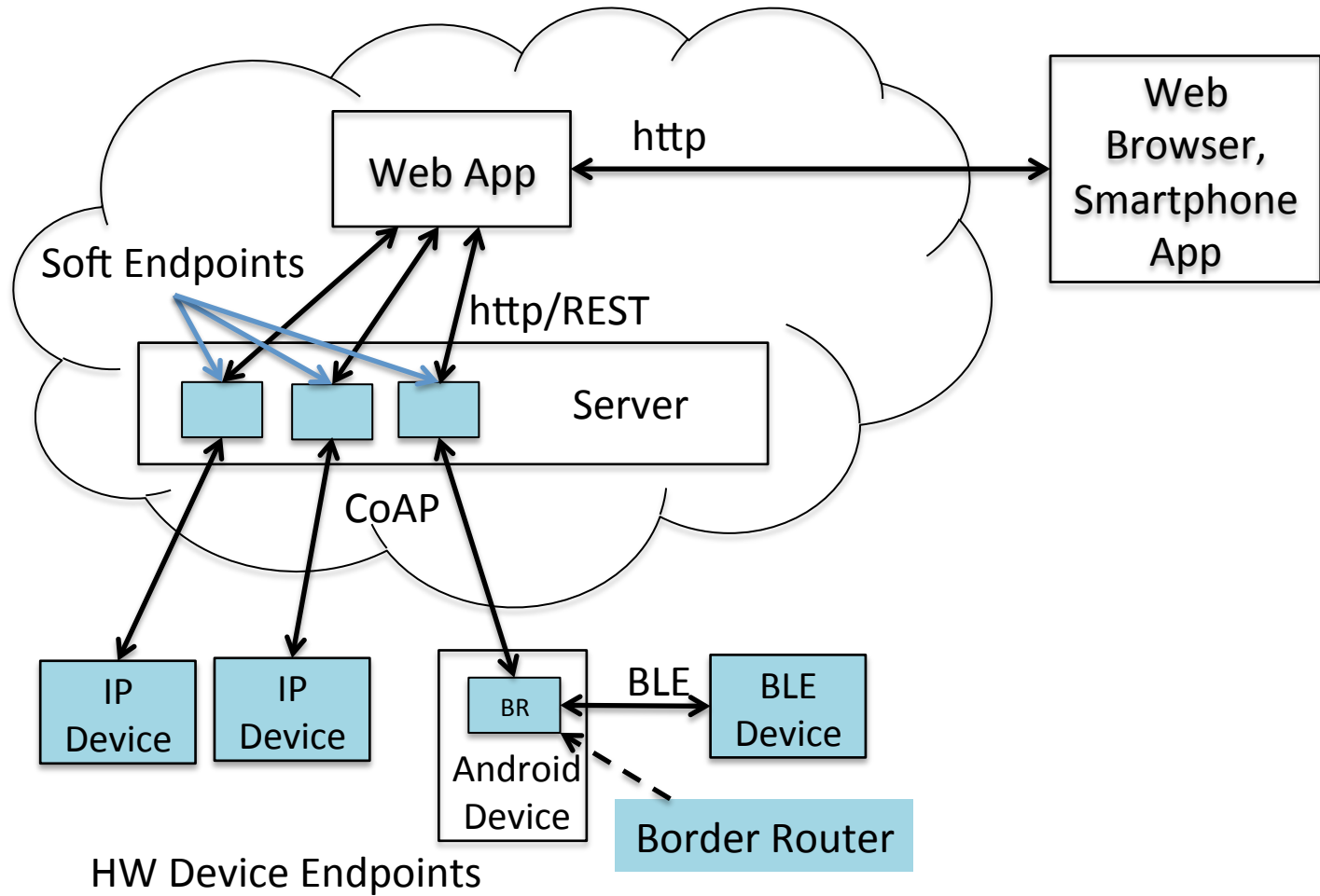
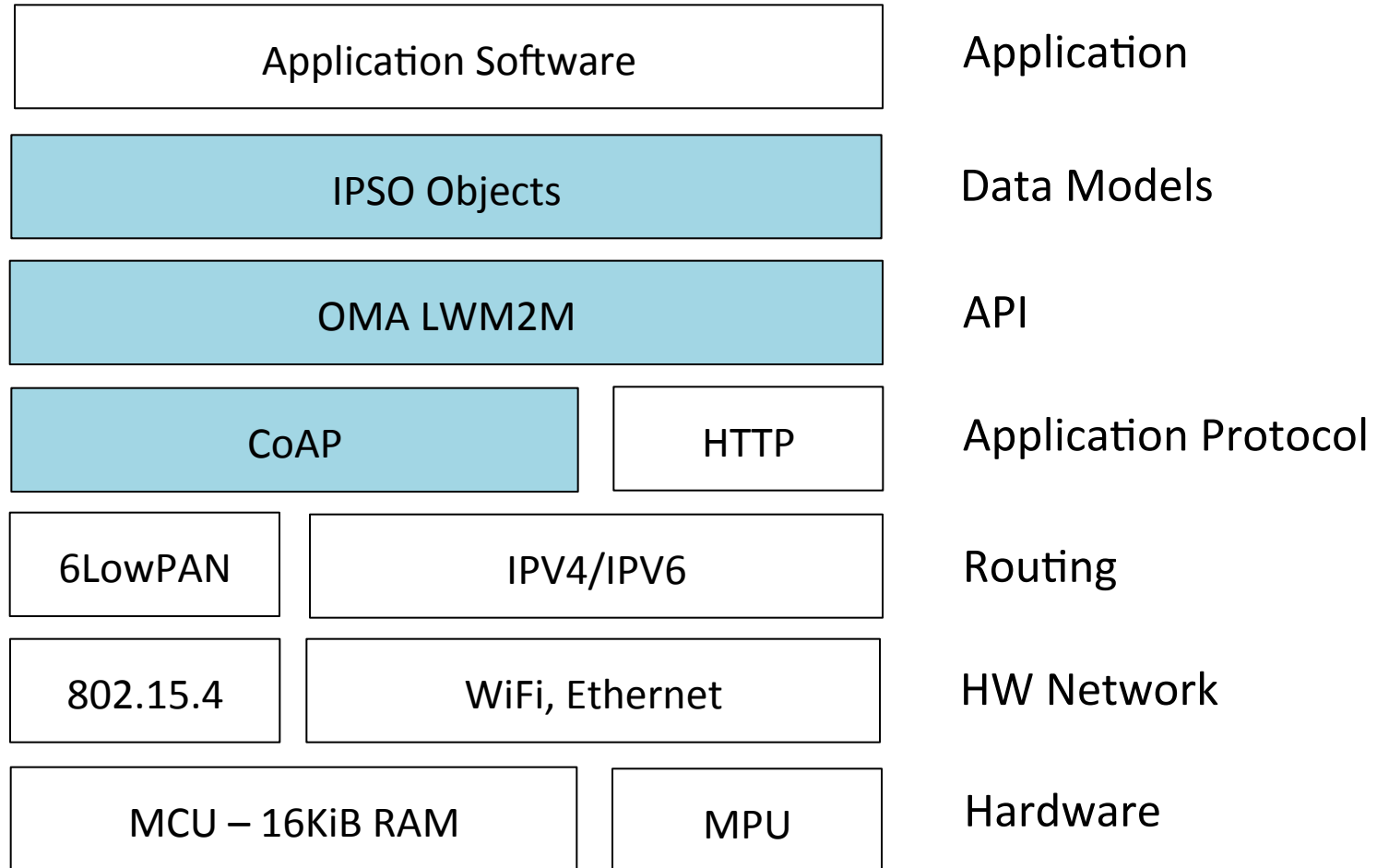


# Reference Architecture



# Protocol Layers and IoT Standards



# Protocol Layers Work Together

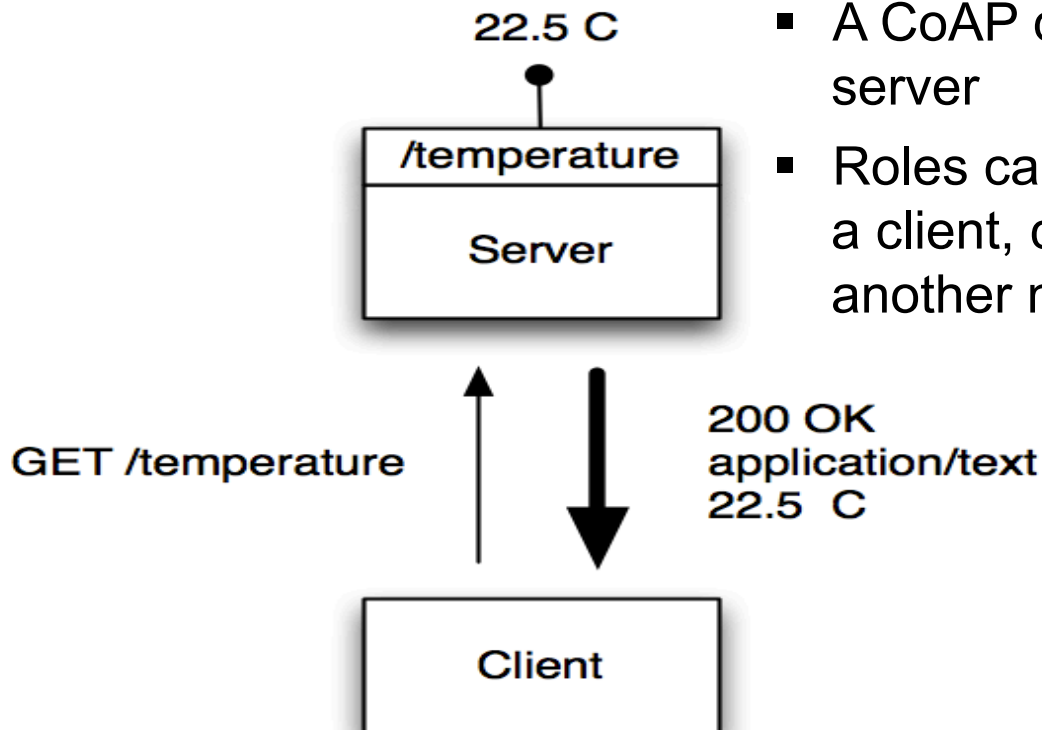
- IPSO Smart Objects are based on OMA LWM2M
  - Defines application objects composed of resources using the LWM2M Object Model
  - Complex objects can be composed from simple objects
  - Easy to add new resource and object types as needed
- OMA LWM2M is based on CoAP
  - Provides a server profile for IoT middleware
  - Defines a simple reusable object model
  - Defines management objects and reuses REST API for onboarding and device life cycle management
- CoAP and related standards from IETF
  - CoAP Protocol (RFC 7252) provides a REST API for device abstraction and data compatibility layer for constrained networks and devices
  - HTTP Proxy provides application abstraction through standard web APIs
  - Core-link-format (RFC 6690) provides a way to add semantic descriptors in the form of web links and enables local resource discovery through the REST API
  - Resource Directory provides an API for scalable discovery and linking using core-link-format primitives

# Internet of Things

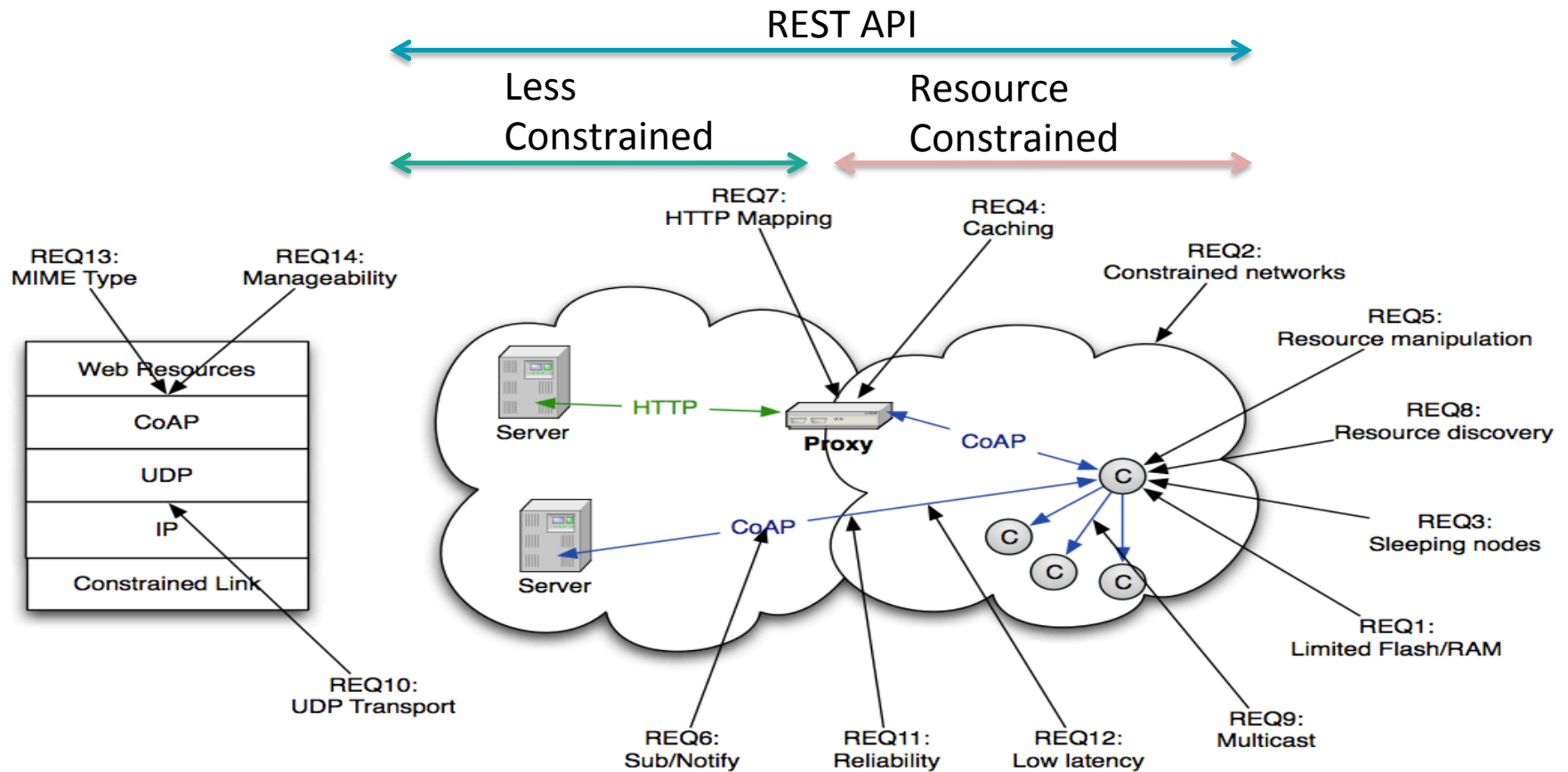
## CoAP Protocol

# CoAP is REST for Constrained Devices

- Makes each device a lightweight server that exposes a REST API
- A CoAP device can be both client and server
- Roles can be reversed and the sensor, as a client, can update a REST API at another node, device or server

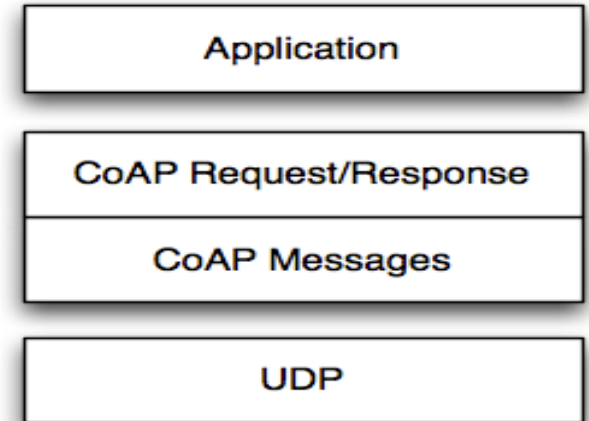


# CoAP Use Case Requirements

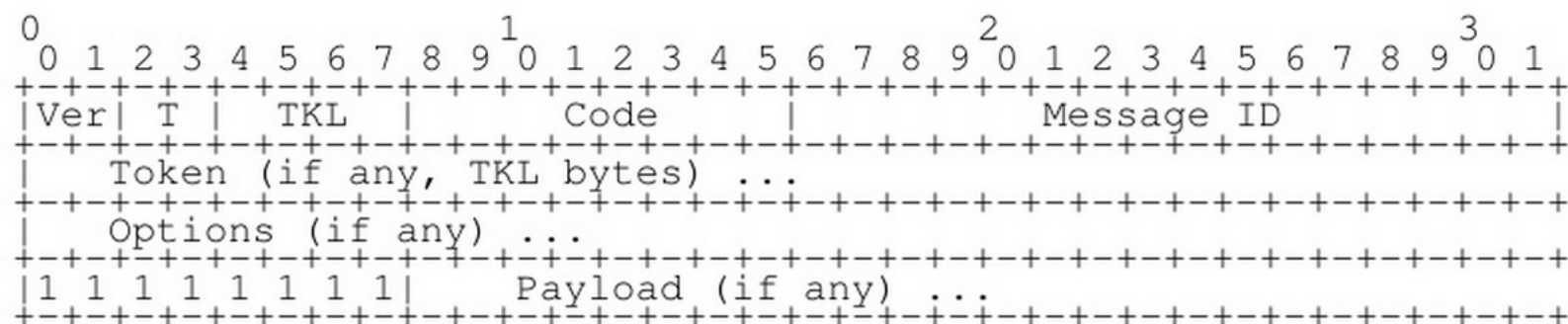


# Transport Model

- Transport
  - CoAP currently defines:
  - UDP binding with DTLS security
  - CoAP over SMS or TCP possible
- Base Messaging
  - Simple message exchange between endpoints
  - Confirmable or Non-Confirmable Message
  - Answered by Acknowledgement or Reset Message
- REST Semantics
  - REST Request/Response mapped onto CoAP Messages
  - Method, Response Code and Options (URI, content-type etc.) define REST exchanges, very similar to HTTP (HTTP 404 response semantics (not found) mapped to CoAP 4.04 response code)
- Asynchronous Notifications
  - Observer option for GET allows asynchronous state update responses from a single request



# CoAP Header – Binary Protocol Mapping



**Ver** - Version (1)

**T** - Message Type (Confirmable, Non-Confirmable, Acknowledgement, Reset)

**TKL** - Token Length, if any, the number of Token bytes after this header

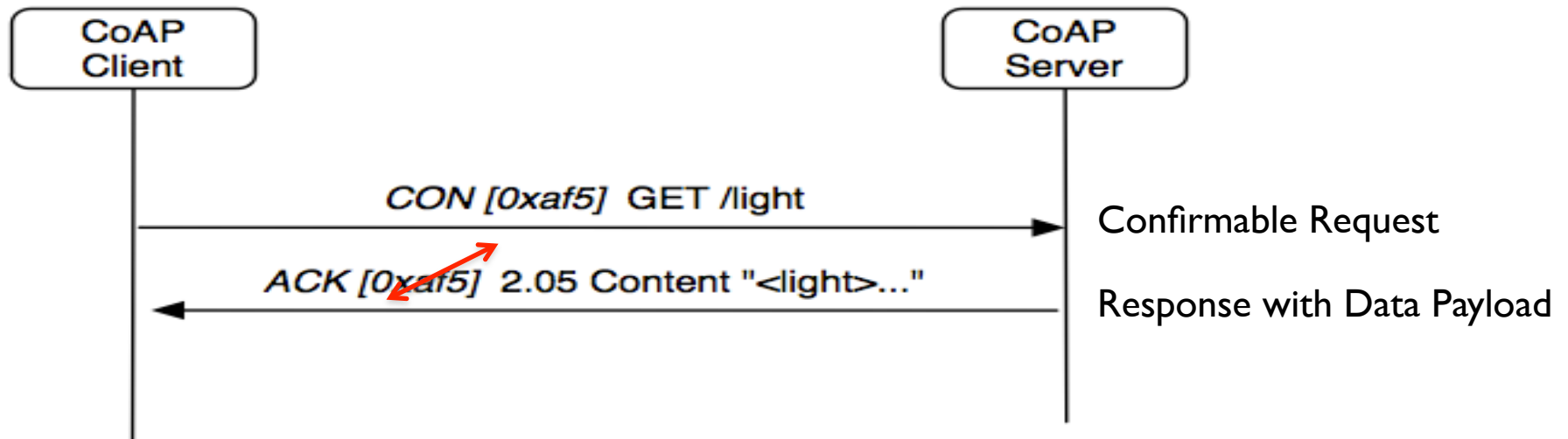
**Code** - Request Method (1-10) or Response Code (40-255)

**Message ID** - 16-bit identifier for matching responses

**Token** - Optional response matching token



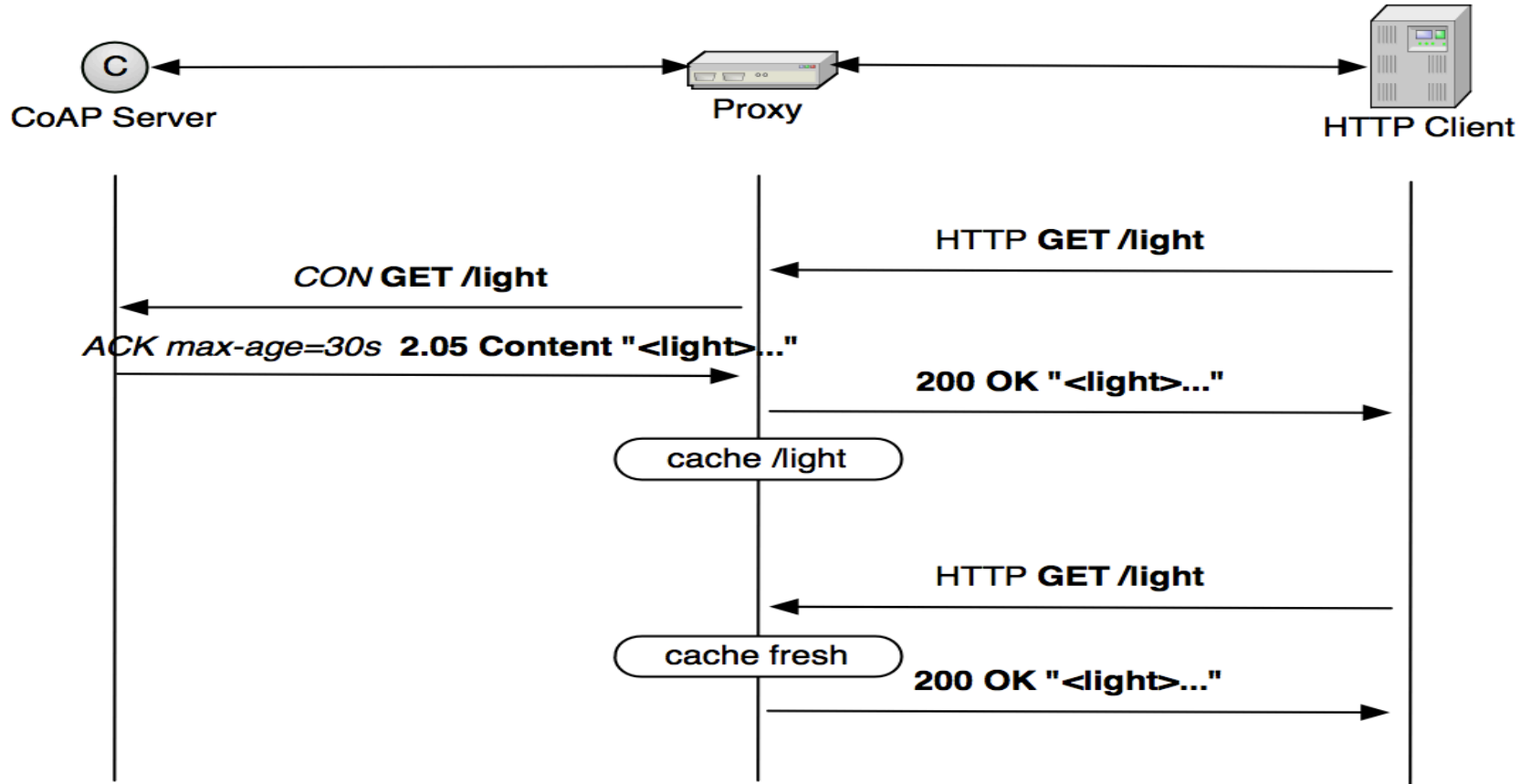
# CoAP Request - Response



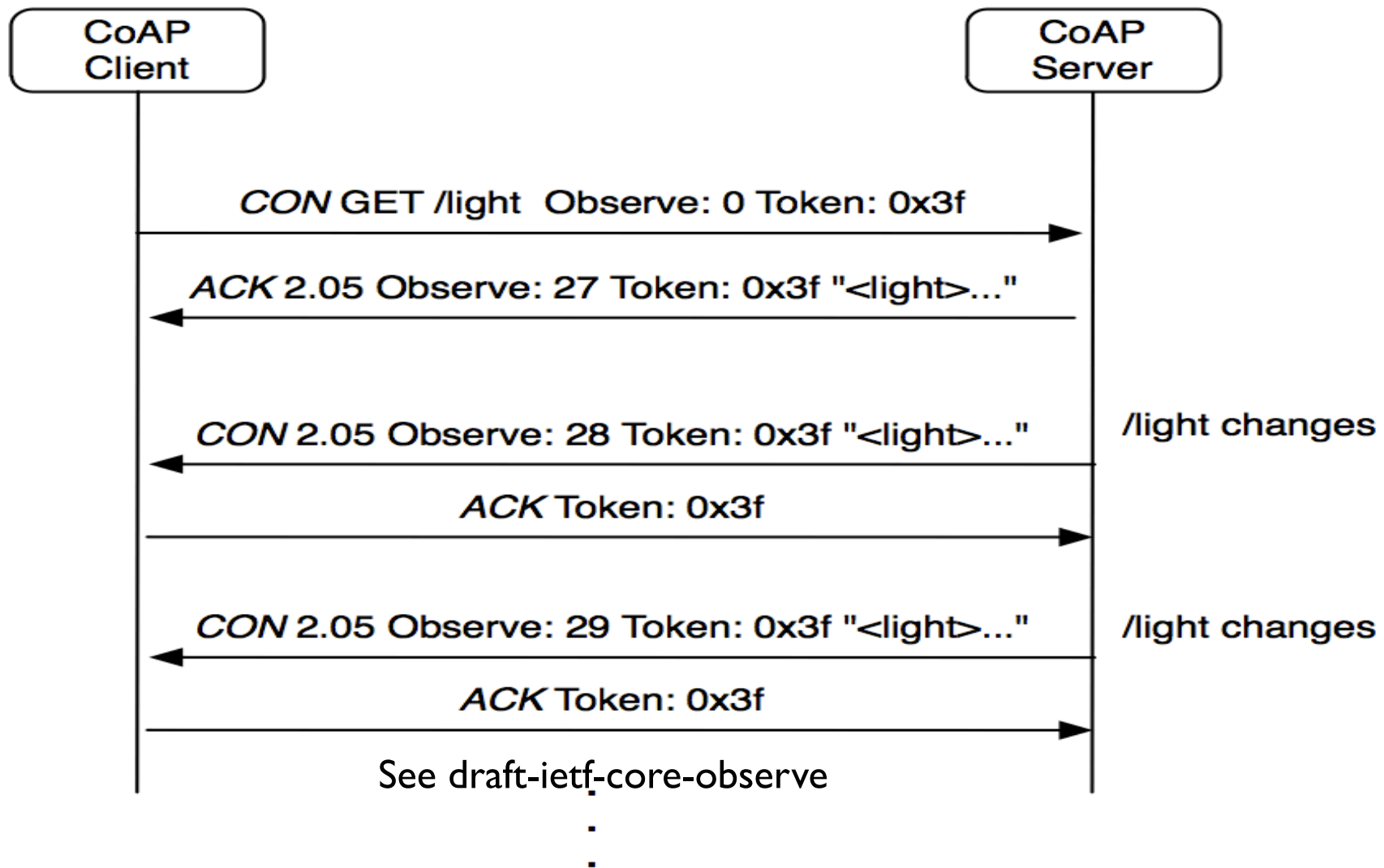
# CoAP Caching

- CoAP includes a simple caching model
  - Cacheability determined by response code
  - An option number mask determines if it is a cache key
  - Resource Discovery returns links to cache/proxy
- Freshness model
  - Max-Age option indicates cache lifetime
- Validation model
  - Validity checked using the Etag Option
- A proxy often supports caching
  - Usually on behalf of a constrained node,
  - a sleeping node, a node behind a firewall,
  - or to reduce network load and battery drain

# CoAP Proxy Caching



# CoAP Observe – Asynchronous Notification



## CoAP Semantic Links & Discovery

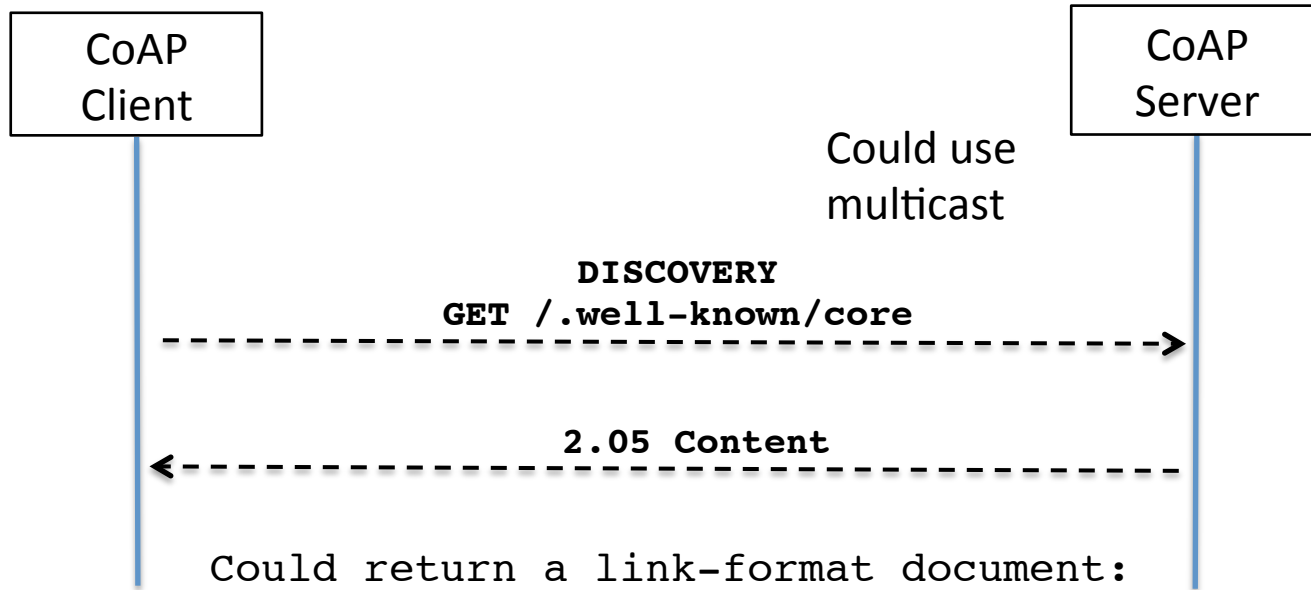
# Discovery

- Service Discovery
  - What services are available in the first place?
  - Goal of finding the IP address, port and protocol
  - Can be performed by e.g. DNS-SD when DNS is available
  - CoAP Services can be discovered using Resource Discovery
- Resource Discovery
  - What are the Web resources I am interested in?
  - Goal of finding URLs to link into applications
  - Performed using Web Linking and REST API
    - CoRE Link Format is designed to enable resource discovery

# Web Linking for Machines

- RFC6690 is aimed at Resource Discovery for M2M
  - Defines semantic link serialization and content-types suitable for M2M
  - Defines a well-known resource where links are stored
  - Enables query string parameters for discovery by attribute and relation
  - Can be used with unicast or multicast (CoAP)
- Resource Discovery with RFC6690
  - Discovering the links hosted by CoAP (or HTTP) servers
  - GET /.well-known/core?optional\_query\_string
  - Returns a link-format document
  - URL, resource type, interface type, content-type, size are some basic relations

# Local Network Discovery



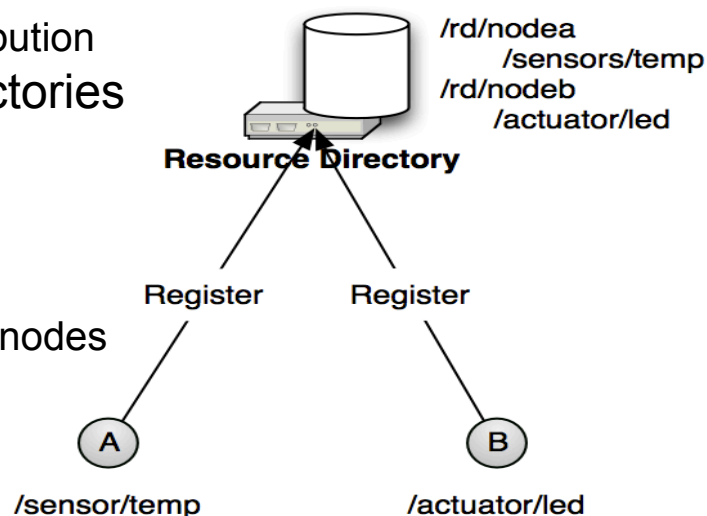
```
</3//9>;obs;rt="urn:X-ipso:batt-level";ct="50",  
</3//0>;rt="urn:X-ipso:dev-mdl";ct="50",  
</3//1>;rt="urn:X-ipso:dev-mfg";ct="50",  
</3305/0/5800>;obs;rt="urn:X-ipso:pwr-w";ct="50",  
</3305/0/5805>;obs;rt="urn:X-ipso:pwr-accum-wh";ct="50",  
</3303/0/5700>;obs;rt="urn:X-ipso:temp-C";ct="50"
```



# Resource Directory Discovery

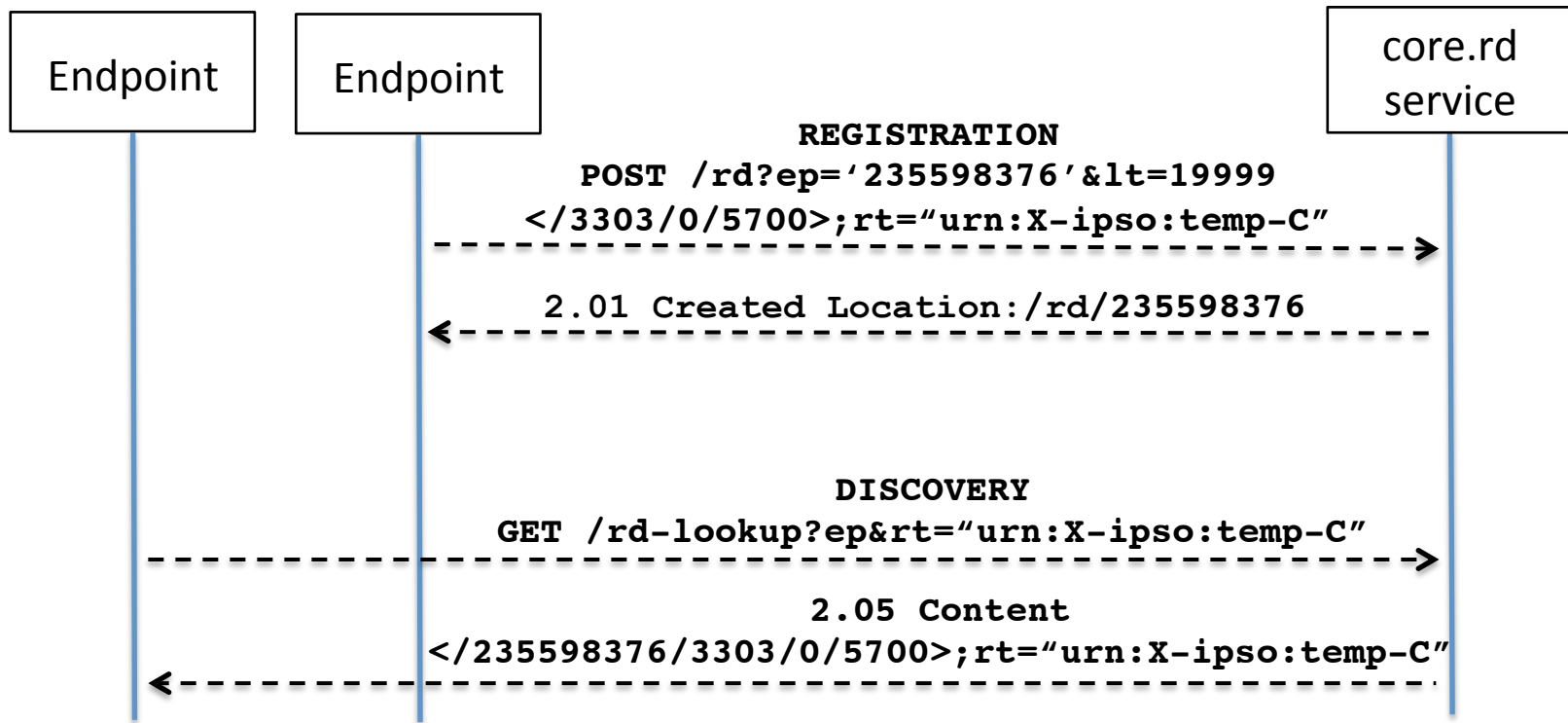
- CoRE Link Format defines
  - The link format
  - Peer-to-peer discovery
- A directory approach is also useful
  - Supports sleeping nodes
  - No multicast traffic, longer battery life
  - Remote lookup, hierarchical and federated distribution
- CoRE Link Format is used in Resource Directories
  - Nodes POST (register) their link-format to an RD
  - Nodes PUT (refresh) to the RD periodically
  - Nodes may POST to add links to the RD
  - Nodes may DELETE (remove) their RD entry
  - Nodes may GET (lookup) the resources of other nodes

## Web Applications Discover Registered Resources



See draft-ietf-core-resource-directory

# Resource Directory

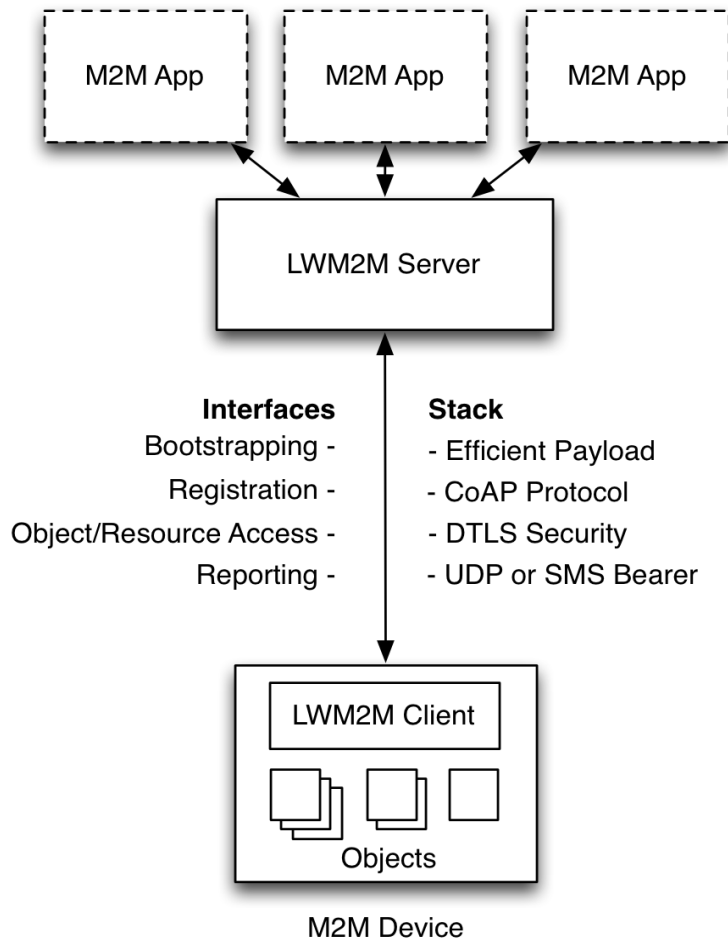


See draft-ietf-core-resource-directory

# Internet of Things

OMA LWM2M

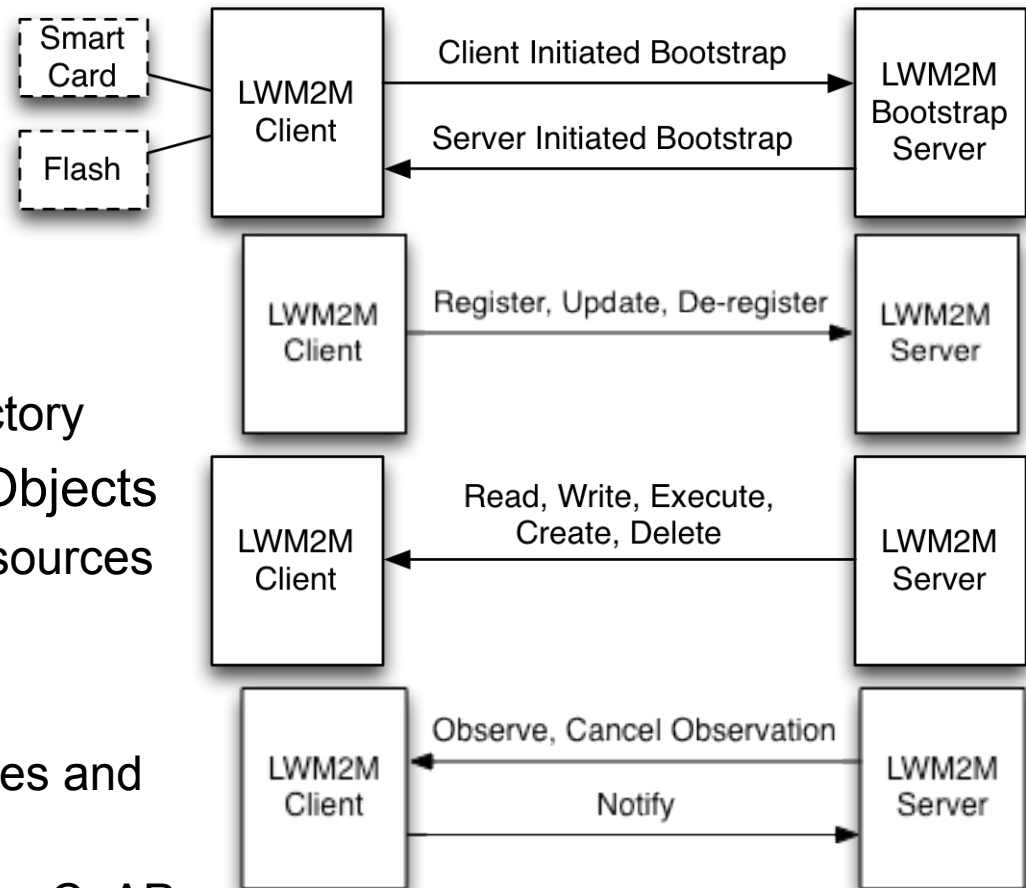
# LWM2M Architecture



- Web Applications
  - Application abstraction through REST API
  - Resource Discovery and Linking
- LWM2M Server
  - CoAP
  - HTTP Caching Proxy
  - Resource Directory
  - Gateway and Cloud deployable
- LWM2M Clients are Devices
  - Device abstraction through CoAP
  - LWM2M Clients can be CoAP Servers
  - Any IP network connection

# LWM2M Interfaces

- Bootstrap Interface
  - Configure Servers & Keying
  - Pre-Configure, Smart Card, Server Initiated Bootstrap
- Registration Interface
  - RFC6690 and Resource Directory
- Management Interface Using Objects
  - Management Objects and Resources
  - Uses the CoAP REST API
- Reporting Interface
  - Subscription to Object Instances and Resources
  - Asynchronous notification using CoAP

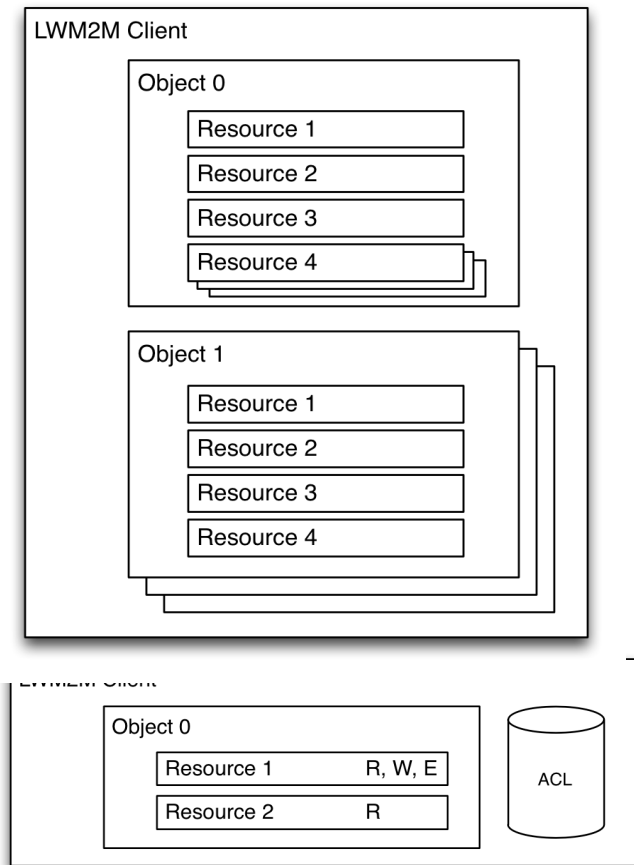


# LWM2M Object Model

- A Client has one or more Object Instances
- An Object is a collection of Resources
- A Resource is an atomic piece of information that can be
  - Read, Written or Executed
- Resources can have multiple instances
- Objects and Resources are identified by a 16-b Integer, Instances by an 8-bit Integer
- Objects/Resources are accessed with simple URIs:

/ {Object ID} / {Object Instance} / {Resource ID}

Ex: /3/0/1 (Object Type=Device, Instance=0, Resource=Device Mfg.)



# LWM2M Management Objects

Object	Object ID
LWM2M Security	0
LWM2M Server	1
Access Control	2
Device	3
Connectivity Monitoring	4
Firmware	5
Location	6
Connectivity Statistics	7

# Example Object – Position Object

Resource Name	ID	Access Type	Multiple Instances?	Type	Range	Units	Descriptions
Latitude	0	R	No	Decimal		Deg	The decimal notation of latitude, e.g. -43.5723 [World Geodetic System 1984]
Longitude	1	R	No	Decimal		Deg	The decimal notation of longitude, e.g. 153.21760 [World Geodetic System 1984]
Altitude	2	R	No	Decimal		m	The decimal notation of altitude in meters above sea level.
Uncertainty	3	R	No	Decimal		m	The accuracy of the position in meters.
Velocity	4	R	No	Refers to 3GPP GAD specs		Refers to 3GPP GAD specs	The velocity of the device as defined in 3GPP 23.032 GAD specification. This set of values may not be available if the device is static.
Timestamp	5	R	No	Time			The timestamp of when the location measurement was performed.



# Internet of Things

**IPSO Smart Objects**

# IPSO Alliance

- IPSO Alliance - semiconductor, device, and system manufacturers
- Smart Object Committee meets every 2 weeks, recently completed the Smart Objects 1.0 IPSO Technical Guideline
- Uses the OMA LWM2M Object Model to define application objects
- Resource IDs and Object IDs are registered with the OMNA
- Provides a framework for Application Level Interoperability
- Builds common definitions of web objects for use with standard web protocols (CoAP, HTTP)
- Defines reusable resources and objects that map to physical sensors, actuators, objects

# IPSO Smart Objects

- IPSO Smart Objects provide a common data model across different sensor types, enabling application level interoperability
- Interoperability between end devices and applications
- Allows decoupling of devices from dedicated application services
- Repurposing and multi-purposing of devices, reusability of application software
- Interoperability across platforms and M2M protocols
- Enables developers of embedded device and web services to focus on the value endpoints

# IPSO Smart Object

- Common representations and units
- Refers to well-known namespaces like ucum
- Default units e.g. Celsius, kPa
- Object, object instances, and resource instances are addressable using paths constructed from object and resource type IDs
- Example: GET /sensors/3303/0/5700
- Returns a representation of the current value of the '5700' resource (Current Value) from instance '0' of Object Type '3303' (Temperature)

# Example Smart Object - Temperature

## Object info

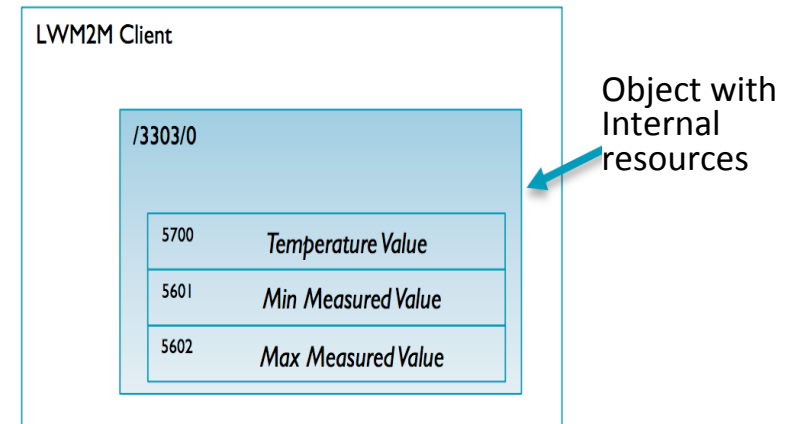
Object	Object ID	Object URN	Multiple Instances?
IPSO Temperature	3303	urn:oma:lwm2m:ext:3303	Yes

## Resource Info

Resource Name	Resource ID	Access Type	Multiple Instances?	Type	Units	Descriptions
Sensor Value	5700	R	No	Decimal	Cel	This resource type returns the Temperature Value in °C
Min Measured Value	5601	R	No	Decimal	Cel	The minimum value measured by the sensor since it is ON
Max Measured Value	5602	R	No	Decimal	Cel	The maximum value measured by the sensor since it is ON

## Accessing the Resources

- *Temperature Value*      */3303/0/5700*
- *Min Measured Value*    */3303/0/5601*
- *Max Measured Value*    */3303/0/5602*



# Object Annotation

- Semantic annotation (not part of LWM2M Standard) uses core-link-format metadata for semantic description
- Described in IETF CoRE Interfaces document (<http://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-core-interfaces>) enables GET by relation and attribute
  - For example, GET /rd-lookup?ep&rt="urn:X-ipso:temp-C"  
Returns: </sensors/3303/0/5700>;obs;if="urn:X-  
ipso:sensor";rt="urn:X-ipso:temp-C";ct=50;u="ucum:degC"
- Refers to qualified, resolvable namespaces and concepts
- Supports CoRE Resource Discovery

# Example Smart Object Ad-Hoc binding

Object info:

Object	Object ID	Object URN	Multiple Instances?	Description
Heart Rate	12200	urn:oma:lwm2m:x:12200	Yes	Heart Rate Monitor

Resource Info:

Resource Name	Resource ID	Access Type	Multiple Instances?	Mandatory	Type	Range or Enumeration	Units	Descriptions
Sensor Value	5700	R	No	Mandatory	Float		BPM	Heart Rate Measurement Value
Digital Input State	5500	R	No	Optional	Boolean			Sensor contact status 0=no contact, 1= contact
Total Energy	5950	R	No	Optional	Float		kJ	Energy Expended
Reset Cumulative Energy	5822	E	No	Optional	Opaque			Reset 5950 Energy Expended to zero
Body Sensor Location	5951	R,W	No	Optional	String			Intended sensing location on the body
R-R Interval	5952	R	No	Optional	String			Sequence of R-wave intervals

# Binding to Smart Thermostat

Object info:

Object	Object ID	Object URN	Multiple Instances?	Description
Smart Thermostat	12300	urn:oma:lwm2m:x:12300	Yes	Smart Thermostat with multiple settings

Resource Info:

Resource Name	Resource ID	Access Type	Multiple Instances?	Mandatory	Type	Range or Enumeration	Units	Descriptions
Sensor Value	5700	R	No	Mandatory	Float		Per Units resource	Temperature measurement
Units	5500	R,W	No	Mandatory	String	ucum:degF, ucum:degC		Units for 5700
Application Type	5750	R,W	No	Optional	String			Name, e.g. "Hall Thermostat"
Cooling	5200	R	No	Optional	Boolean			1=cooling
Heating	5201	R	No	Optional	Boolean			1=heating
Heat Source	5203	R	No	Optional	String	"Emergency", "Normal"		Indicates heat source

Fan Timer Active	5204	R,W	No	Optional	Boolean			1=running
Fan Timeout	5205	R,W	No	Optional	String		UTS	Time for fan to stop
Energy Save Mode	5206	R,W	No	Optional	Boolean			1= Energy Save mode
Away Mode	5207	R,W	No	Optional	Boolean			0=Home, 1=Away
Setpoint	5208	R	No	Optional	Float			Desired Temperature
HVAC Mode	5209	R,W	No	Optional	String	"Heat", "Cool", "Heat-Cool"		System Mode
High Setpoint	5210	R,W	No	Optional	Float			Highest desired temperature
Low Setpoint	5211	R,W	No	Optional	Float			Lowest desired temperature
High Away Setpoint	5212	R,W	No	Optional	Float			Highest away mode temperature
Low Away Setpoint	5213	R,W	No	Optional	Float			Lowest away mode temperature



# Smart Object Summary

- Simple web objects that represent common sensors, actuators, and data elements exposed for Internet of Things applications
- Based on Internet and Industry Standards
- Objects can be composed into more complex objects; for example a temperature object, set point object, and load control object can be combined to create a thermostat object
- About to publish the first set of objects to cover some common Smart Home and Sensor use cases
- New objects are easy to create; we are planning a developer-friendly process for creating and registering new objects

# Layered Standards

Application Software

Not tied to specific device or protocol  
Any Programming Language  
Runs on devices, gateways, and services

IPSO Smart Objects

Application Level Interoperability  
Reusable Device to Application API  
Not tied to any specific protocol

OMA LWM2M

Service Layer Specification  
Device Management over CoAP  
Object Model for DM and Applications

CoAP

REST protocol for constrained devices  
IETF Standard (RFC 7252)  
Uses TCP or UDP, any IP connection  
Discovery using IP Multicast or Directory

# Standards References

IPSO Smart Object Guideline

<http://www.ipso-alliance.org/technical-information/ipso-guidelines>

OMA LWM2M Specification

<http://openmobilealliance.hs-sites.com/lightweight-m2m-specification-from-oma>

IETF CoAP and Related Specifications

CoAP (RFC 7252):

<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7252>

CoRE Link-Format (RFC 6690):

<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6690>

CoRE Resource Directory:

<http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-core-resource-directory-01>

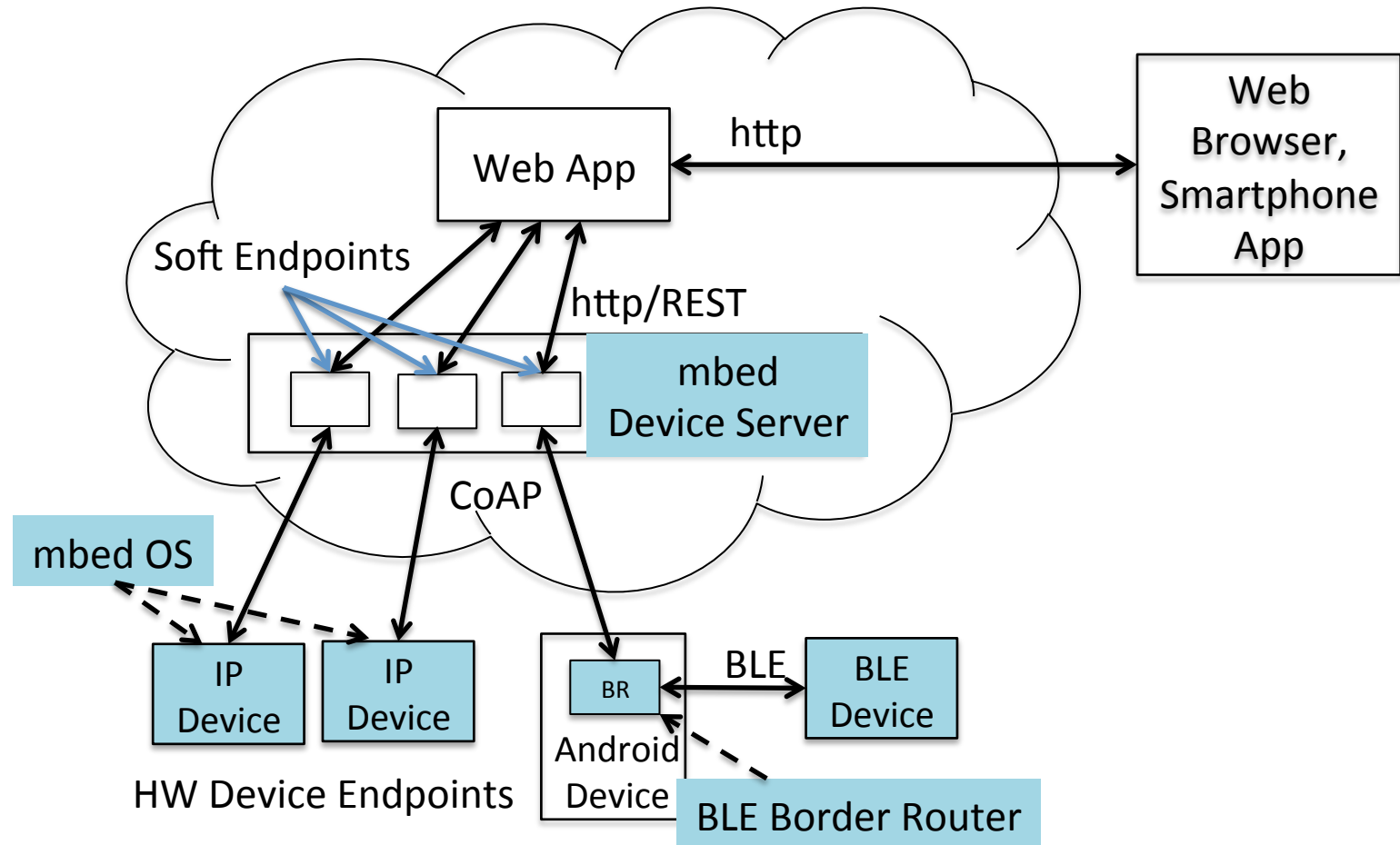
CoAP Community Site

<http://coap.technology/>

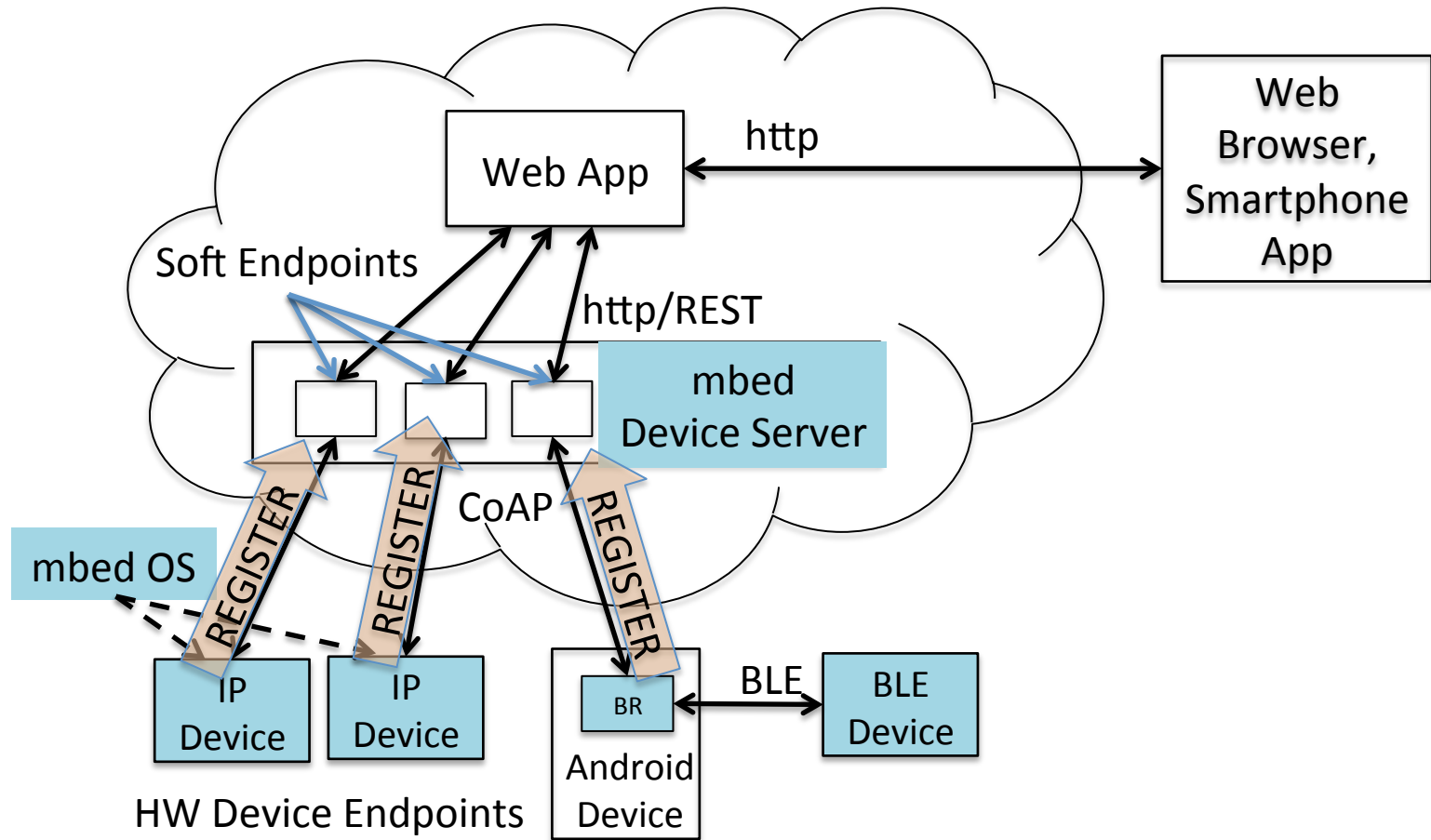
# Internet of Things

OMA LWM2M and ARM mbed

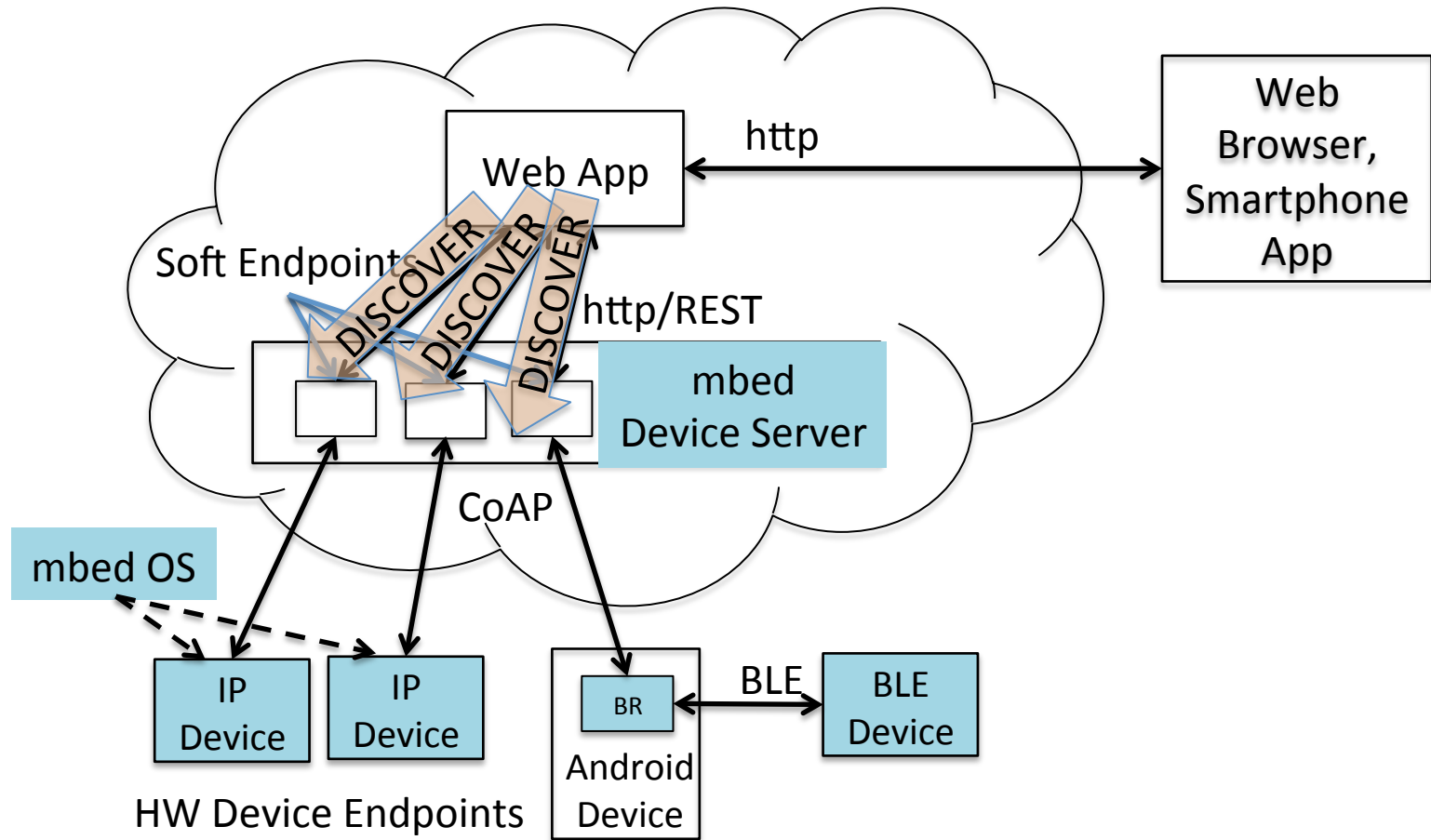
# mbed Mapping to Reference Architecture



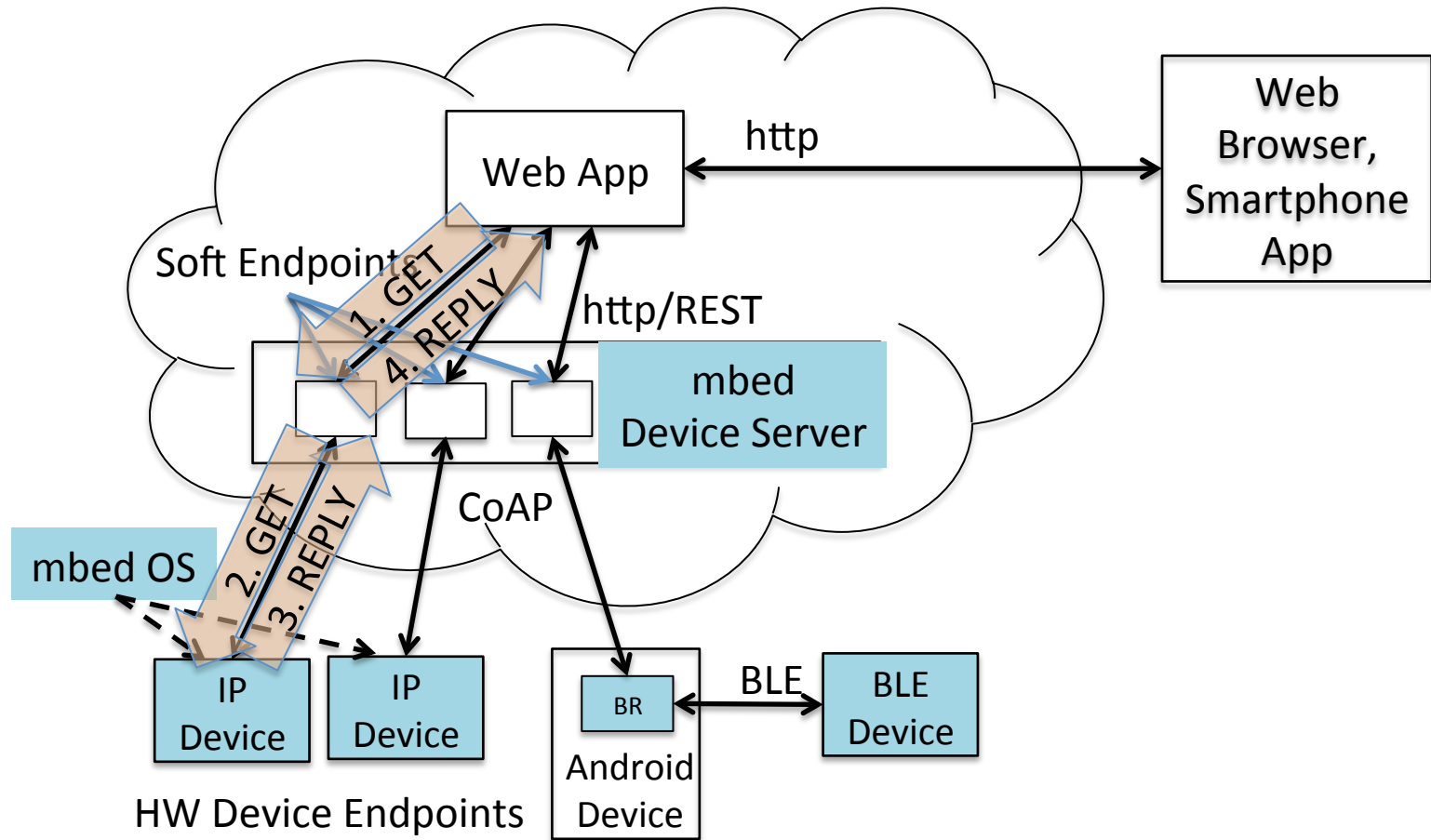
# Registration



# Discovery

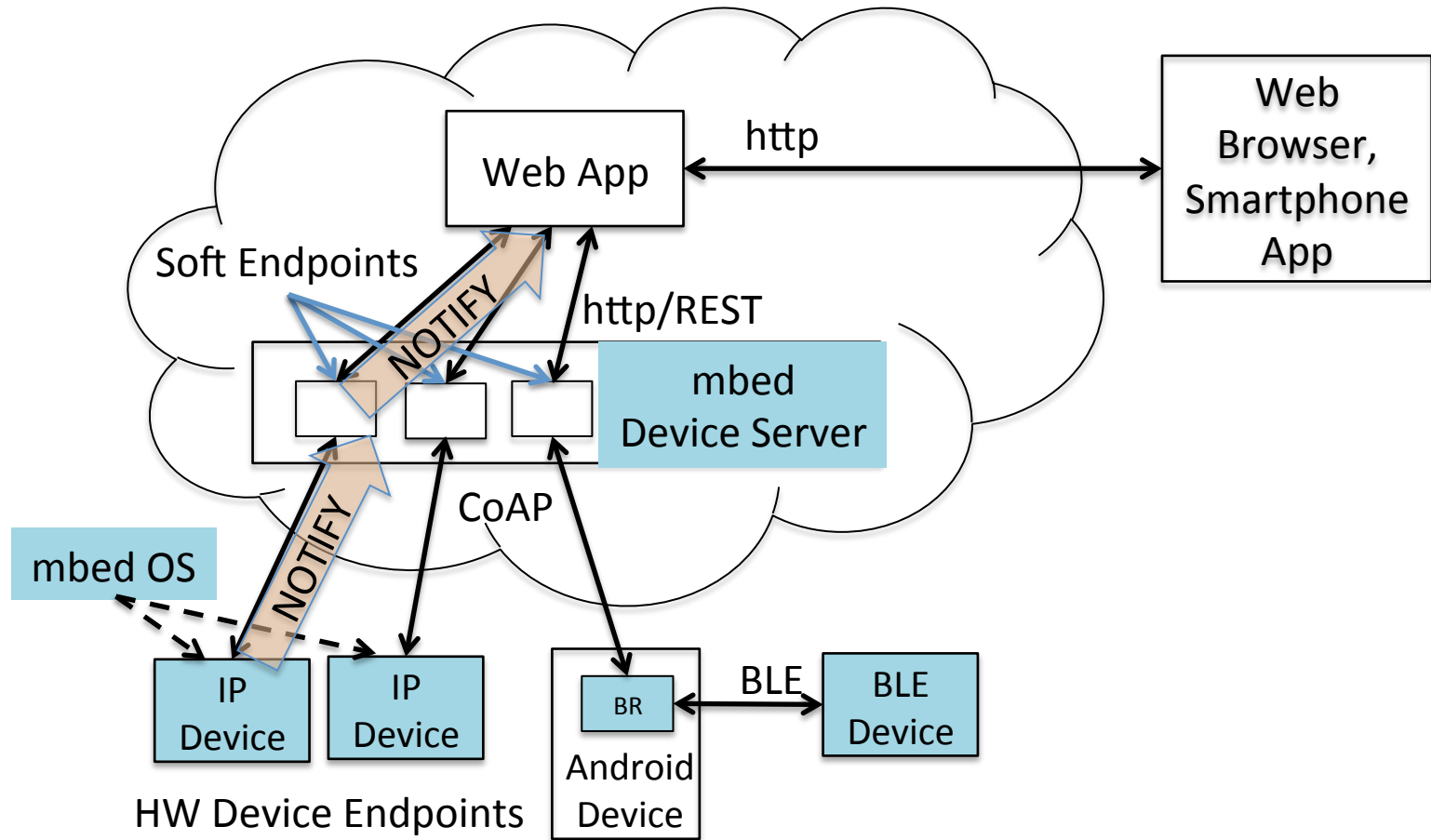


# Example Transaction





# Asynchronous Notification



# CoAP over BLE

