FGH protocol for acute blood pressure management in spontaneous ICH

Acute treatment target and monitoring

Time since onset	Start treatment if	Lower SBP to
< 6 h	SBP > 150 mmHg	140 mmHg, within 1 h
> 6 h or unknown	SBP > 200 mmHg	180 mmHg, within 1 h

BP Monitoring

every 15 min for 1 h then hourly up to 24 h

If BP above threshold for treatment repeat after 2 min before proceeding to step 2

Considering contraindications, decide which antihypertensive to use

2a IV GTN

- 1. Start GTN (1 mg/ml) at 1.5 ml/h
- 2. Increase rate by 1.0 ml/h every 5 min until target achieved
- 3. Once target reached continue infusion and check BP as per protocol
- 4. If BP falls to < 130 mmHg, stop GTN infusion
- 5. Restart if SBP > target in first 24 h, initially at 1.5 ml/h
- 6. Titrate by 0.5-1.0 ml/h to keep SBP around 130-140 mmHg
- 7. If target reached with GTN, proceed to step 4 (Maintenance)
- 8. If target not achieved by 30 min, proceed to labetalol if not already given and/or contraindicated

BP Monitoring

check BP every 5 min
If treatment target
reached:

every 5 min for 15 min then every 15 min for 1h

then hourly up to 24 h

2b Labetalol

- 1. If HR remains > 60 bpm, repeat bolus dose every 5 min
- 2. 10 mg for first 2 doses, then 20 mg for 3rd dose
- 3. Further doses of 20-40 mg, maximum cumulative bolus dose 300 mg
- 4. If target reached, proceed to step 4 (Maintenance)
- 5. Consider labetalol infusion at 1-20 ml/h (5 mg/ml), if required
- 6. If target not achieved by 30 min, proceed to GTN if not already given and/or contraindicated

Labetalol is <u>contraindicated</u> in asthma, bradycardia (< 60 bpm), uncontrolled heart failure, untreated phaeochromocytoma. <u>Caution</u> in COPD. <u>Avoid</u> concomitant use with verapamil and <u>caution</u> with diltiazem or digoxin

If target not achieved by 60 min, proceed to step 3 (Critical Care)

Critical Care—after 60 min

- 1. If target not achieved with GTN/labetalol, refer to critical care
- 2. Consider transfer to HDU/ICU for arterial line and further antihypertensive treatment

Critical Care

On call Anaesthetist 0187

4 Maintenance—during rest of admission

Management during first 24 hours:

- Continue/restart IV infusion if SBP above acute treatment target (as per step 1) and aim for SBP 130-140 mmHg
- 2. Commence enteral (oral/NGT) treatment as soon as possible

BP Monitoring

hourly up to 24 h Then every 4-6 h if patient is stable

Management after 24 hours: Treatment target for all patients is BP < 130/80

- 1. Aim to wean and stop IV antihypertensives by 48-72 h
- 2. Use enteral (oral/NGT) treatment to achieve BP target of < 130/80 in ALL PATIENTS
- 3. Restart all antihypertensives taken prior to ICH and additional treatment to be added, as required