$$(x+2)$$
  $x^3 + x^2 - 1$ 

$$\frac{x^2}{(x+2)(x^3+x^2)(x^3+x^2)}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
x^2 \\
x + 2) \overline{\smash{\big)}\ x^3 + x^2} & -1 \\
\underline{-x^3 - 2x^2} \\
-x^2
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^2 - x \\
 x + 2) \overline{\smash{\big)}\ x^3 + x^2 - 1} \\
 -x^3 - 2x^2 \\
 -x^2 \\
 x^2 + 2x
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^2 - x \\
 x + 2) \overline{\smash)x^3 + x^2 - 1} \\
 -x^3 - 2x^2 \\
 -x^2 \\
 -x^2 \\
 x^2 + 2x \\
 2x - 1
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^2 - x + 2 \\
 x + 2) \overline{\smash) x^3 + x^2 - 1} \\
 -x^3 - 2x^2 \\
 -x^2 \\
 -x^2 \\
 x^2 + 2x \\
 2x - 1
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
x^2 - x + 2 \\
x + 2) \overline{)x^3 + x^2 - 1} \\
-x^3 - 2x^2 \\
-x^2 \\
-x^2 \\
x^2 + 2x \\
2x - 1 \\
-2x - 4 \\
-5
\end{array}$$

$$x^3 + x^2 - 1 = (x+2)$$
 ( )

$$x^3 + x^2 - 1 = (x+2)(x^2)$$

$$x^{3} + x^{2} - 1 = (x+2)(x^{2} - x^{3} - 2x^{2})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & x^3 + x^2 & -1 = (x+2)(x^2 - x) \\
 & -x^3 - 2x^2 & -x^2
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 x^3 + x^2 & -1 = (x+2)(x^2 - x) \\
 -x^3 - 2x^2 & \\
 \hline
 -x^2 & \\
 x^2 + 2x & \\
 \hline
 2x - 1 & 
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^3 + x^2 & -1 = (x+2)(x^2 - x + 2) \\
 -x^3 - 2x^2 & \\
 \hline
 -x^2 & \\
 \hline
 x^2 + 2x & \\
 \hline
 2x - 1 & 
\end{array}$$

$$(x^3 + x^2 - 1) \div (x+2) = + \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$(x^3 + x^2 - 1) \div (x+2) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x+2}$$

$$(x^3 + x^2 - 1) \div (x+2) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x+2}$$

$$(\frac{x^{3} + x^{2}}{-x^{3} - 2x^{2}} - 1) \div (x + 2) = x^{2} - x + \frac{1}{x + 2}$$

$$-\frac{x^{2}}{-x^{2}}$$

$$\frac{x^{2} + 2x}{2x - 1}$$

$$(\underbrace{\frac{x^3 + x^2}{-x^3 - 2x^2}}_{-x^3 - 2x^2} - 1) \div (x + 2) = x^2 - x + 2 + \frac{1}{x + 2}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{x^2 + 2x}{2x - 1}}_{-x^2}$$

$$\frac{(x^3 + x^2 - 1) \div (x+2) = x^2 - x + 2 + \frac{1}{x+2}}{-x^2 - x^2}$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 2x}{2x - 1}$$

$$-2x - 4$$

$$(x^{3} + x^{2} - 1) \div (x + 2) = x^{2} - x + 2 + \frac{1}{x + 2}$$

$$-x^{3} - 2x^{2}$$

$$-x^{2}$$

$$x^{2} + 2x$$

$$2x - 1$$

$$-2x - 4$$

$$(x^{3} + x^{2} - 1) \div (x + 2) = x^{2} - x + 2 + \frac{-5}{x + 2}$$

$$-x^{3} - 2x^{2}$$

$$-x^{2}$$

$$x^{2} + 2x$$

$$2x - 1$$

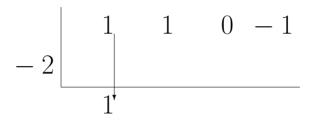
$$-2x - 4$$

$$x^3 + x^2 \qquad -1 \left| \frac{x+2}{x} \right|$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
 x^3 + x^2 & -1 & x+2 \\
 -x^3 - 2x^2 & x^2
\end{array}$$

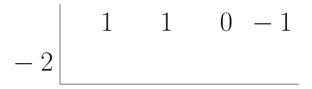


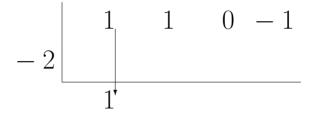
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

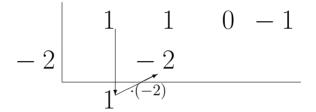


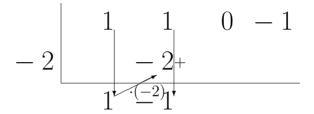
#### Horner's scheme – Rule the result

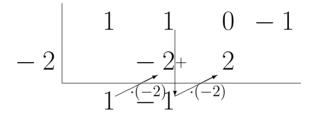
resultbottomrule, resultleftrule, resultrightrule

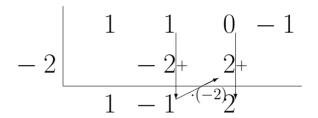


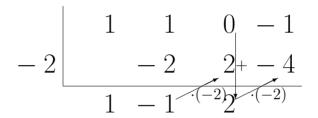


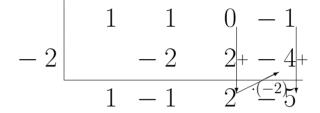












## Horner's scheme: Some more options

showbase=top,showbasesep=false