# The LATEX keyfloat Package

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Provides a key/value interface for generating floats.

#### Abstract

The keyfloat package provides a key/value user interface for quickly creating figures with a single image each, figures with arbitrary contents, tables, subfloats, rows of floats, floats located [H]ere, floats in the [M]argin, and floats with text [W]rapped around them.

Key/value combinations may specify a caption and label, a width proportional to \linewidth, a fixed width and/or height, rotation, scaling, a tight or loose frame, an \arraystretch, a continued float, additional supplemental text, and an artist/author's name with automatic index entry. When used with the tocdata package, the name also appears in the List of Figures.

Floats may be placed into a multi-row environment, and are typeset to fit within the given number of columns, continuing to the next rows as necessary. Nested sub-rows may be used to generate layouts such as two small figures placed vertically next to one larger figure.

Subfloats are supported by two environments.

As an example, a typical command to include a figure with a framed image of half \linewidth could be:

\keyfig\*[hbp]{f,lw=.5,c={A caption},l={fig:label}}{image}

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#### 1 Introduction

The keyfloat package simplifies the creation of LATEX floats, while still allowing a number of useful features.

#### 1.1 A Problem with Floats

When including a figure with a graphics image into a document, the user typically enters something such as:

```
\begin{figure}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=3in]{filename}
\caption{A Figure}
\label{fig:somelabel}
\end{figure}
```

When doing that often enough, it makes sense to factor the common code:

```
\onefigure[3in]{filename}{A Figure}{fig:somelabel}
```

Expanding the capability of \onefigure via xparse can lead to the general case of:

```
\onefigure*[loc](width){filename}(add'l text)[shortcap]{caption}*[label]
```

Attempting to add additional features such as frames and continued floats hits the limit of nine parameters for a TeX macro, requiring that new features use some kind of change-state macros instead. Attempting to support rows of floats or subfloats only makes things more complicated still.

A key/value system solves the problem of adding more features, does not require much additional typing, is a more self-documenting syntax, and allows a shared syntax with subfloats and groups of floats as well. Thus, the keyfloat package.

#### 1.2 The **keyfloat** Package

Using keyfloat, the previous example becomes:

```
\keyfig{w=3in,c=A Figure,l=fig:somelabel}{filename}
```

The \onefigure general case becomes:

#### 1.3 Features

The macros and environments provided by keyfloat include:

\keyfig: A figure with an image.

**\keyfigbox:** A figure with arbitrary contents.

**\keyparbox:** A "figure" without a caption, useful to place uncaptioned text inside a group,

\keytab: A table.

keyfigure: A figure environment.

**keytable:** A table environment.

keyfloats: A group of rows and columns of floats.

keysubfigs: A figure containing a group of rows and columns of subfigures.

keysubtabs: A table containing a group of rows and columns of subtables.

**keywrap:** Wraps a keyfloat around an environment of text. Usable inside a list.

marginfigure: A figure environment placed into the margin.<sup>1</sup>

margintable: A table environment placed in the margin.

Additional features include:

- Rows and columns of floats may be generated by placing them inside a keyfloats environment.
- Subfloats may be generated by placing them inside a keysubfigs or keysubtabs environment.
- Dynamic layout: The number of columns is specified. Extra floats are placed onto additional rows as needed, with the final row adjusted to compensate for leftovers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>marginfigure and margintable: The environments provided by the tufte-book class are used if loaded, otherwise keyfloat provides its own versions.

- Floats may be placed [H]ere.
- Floats may be placed in the [M]argin.
- Floats may be placed with text [W]rapped around them.
- Floats may be starred to span two columns.
- Continued floats may be used to repeat the previous float number.
- A figure may contain an image, with additional sizing, rotation, and a frame.
- Tables may be stretched.
- Boxes of arbitrary contents may be assigned a width and framed.
- Floats may be moved into and out of the grouping environments as needed.
- An artist/author's name may be added to a figure and the index.
- If the tocdata package is loaded (use v0.12+), the name is also added to the LOF.
- Additional descriptive text may be added as well.
- Frames may be customized.

examples A large number of examples are provided, each showing LATEX source and the resulting float.

index A customized index is included at the back of the documentation.

margin tags Blue margin tags are used to help quickly find information, and often indicate the destination of index entries.

warnings Several warnings are noted in the text. Watch out for these special cases.

problems See the "troubleshooting" section of the index for help with specific problems which may occur.

## 2 Using the keyfloat Package

#### 2.1 Loading keyfloat

keyfloat is loaded with the usual command:

```
\usepackage{keyfloat}
```

If you wish to have artist's names appear in the table of contents, as provided by the tocdata package, load either tocloft or titletoc, followed by tocdata, then keyfloat:

```
\usepackage{titletoc}% or titletoc
\usepackage{tocdata}
\usepackage{keyfloat}
```

#### 2.2 Macros and Environments

\keyfig \*  $[\langle loc \rangle]$  { $\langle keys/values \rangle$ } { $\langle image\ filename \rangle$ }

A macro to generate a figure with an image from a file.

 $\verb|\keyfigbox| * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle keys/values \rangle} {\langle box\ contents \rangle}|$ 

A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. See example 2.

 $\verb|\keyparbox| * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle keys/values \rangle} {\langle box\ contents \rangle}|$ 

A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a \keyfigbox with cstar={}. Mostly useful to add supplemental information inside a row of floats or subfloats. See example 14.

\keytab \*  $[\langle loc \rangle]$  { $\langle keys/values \rangle$ } { $\langle tabular\ contents \rangle$ }

A macro to generate a table with tabular contents. Usually use the keytable environment instead.

Env keyfigure \* [ $\langle loc \rangle$ ] { $\langle keys/values \rangle$ }

An environment to generate a figure with arbitrary contents. Useful for multiparagraph contents. See example 3.

 $E_{\mathrm{nv}}$  keytable \* [ $\langle loc \rangle$ ] { $\langle keys/values \rangle$ }

An environment to generate a table with arbitrary contents. Useful for larger tables. See example 5.

The above macros and environments may be used by themselves, or inside the following keyfloats, keysubfigs, or keysubtabs environments.

Env keyfloats

\*  $[\langle loc \rangle]$  { $\langle num\ columns \rangle$ }

A group of figures or tables typeset in rows. May be nested. See example 15.

Env keysubfigs

\*  $[\langle loc \rangle]$   $\{\langle numcols \rangle\}$   $\{\langle keys \rangle\}$ 

A group of subfigures typeset in rows. May not be nested. See example 16.

Env keysubtabs

\*  $[\langle loc \rangle]$   $\{\langle numcols \rangle\}$   $\{\langle keys \rangle\}$ 

A group of subtables typeset in rows. May not be nested. See example 17.

Env keywrap

 $\{\langle width\ of\ keyfloat\rangle\}\ \{\langle keyfloat\rangle\}$ 

Displays a keyfloat next to an environment of text. Usable inside a list item, where [W] will not work.  $\langle keyfloat \rangle$  may be any of \keyfig, keyfigure, keyfloats, keysubfigs, etc., each with its proper arguments. See example 27.

Env marginfigure

 $[\langle offset \rangle]$ 

A figure placed into the margin, with an optional vertical offset. \keyfloat uses the version provided by the tufte-book class if available, or provides its own version otherwise. See example 20.

Env margintable

 $[\langle offset \rangle]$ 

A table placed into the margin, with an optional vertical offset. \keyfloat uses the version provided by the tufte-book class if available, or provides its own version otherwise. See example 21.

- Arg \* The star option create floats which span both columns in a two-column document.
- Arg [H] The [H] location forces a figure to be "Here", in the form of a minipage instead of a float. A caption, label, etc. may still be assigned.
- Arg [M] The [M] location places the float into the margin. When the tufte-book class is used, its marginfigure and margintable environments are used, otherwise keyfloat provides and uses its own versions of the same environments. See examples 22 and 23.
- Arg [W] The [W] location wraps text around the float. Use this just before the start of a paragraph with contents large enough to wrap around the float. Do not use this inside a list environment. Select placement with the wp key; see the wrapfig package documentation for more information.
  - Arg [loc] The star and [loc] options are ignored for floats inside a keyfloats, keysubfigs, or keysubtabs environment. Note that these container environments may have their own star and [loc] options.

#### 2.3 Keys and Values

Table 1 shows the key/value combinations which are allowed. In most cases these may be used in any order and any combination, except for the following:

subfloat keys

The keys labeled "Sub" may be used for the keysubfigs and keysubtabs environments, which group a number of subfloats together under one master float. The master float has its own caption, label, and text, and each subfloat inside the group likewise has its own set of keys.

keyfloats keys

keyfloats does not accept any keys at all.

The "artist" keys ap, af, al, and as are only used by figures.

The stretch key increases space between tabular elements.

The rest of the macros and environments accept all of the keys, as they each create an individual float or subfloat, and each may have its own assigned dimensions and frame.

short/long caption combinations

Table 2 shows the combinations of the caption-related keys c, cstar, and sc, and how they control the caption numbering and entries in the LOF/LOT.

wrapped float placement

Table 3 shows the wrapped-float placement options for the wp key for floats placed [W].

Table 1: Keys and Values — Part I

Key	Sub <sup>a</sup>	Description	Example
С	•	An unstarred caption. If empty, creates a figure with a number but no caption.	c=A Caption
cstar	•	A starred caption. Creates a float without a number. If empty, creates a figure with no number or caption.	cstar=No Num
sc	•	The short caption for the LOF/LOT, even if cstar.	sc=Short Cap
cont	•	Continued float?	cont
1	•	The label. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. Ignored in unnumbered floats.	l=fig:A name
ap	•	Artist's prefix, such as "Mr." <sup>b</sup>	ap=Mr.
af	•	Artist's first name. <sup>b</sup>	af=First
al	•	Artist's last name. <sup>b</sup>	al=Last
as	•	Artist's suffix, such as ~III. $^{\rm b}$	al=~III
t	•	Additional text. May include paragraphs. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. May need \protect before macro calls. Fully-justified alignment.	t=Paragraphs
tc	•	Additional text, aligned to the center.	tc=Paragraphs
tl	•	Additional text, aligned to the left.	tl=Paragraphs
tr	•	Additional text, aligned to the right.	tr=Paragraphs

a: All the keys in Part I may be used with the keysubfigs and keysubtabs environments

 $\dots$  continued

b: Artist keys: Only used in Figure floats. A fixed-width non-breakable space is placed between names, except that the optional suffix is connected directly to the last name, allowing "as={, Title}", for example.

Table 1: Keys and Values — Part II

Key <sup>a</sup>	Description	Example
lw	Set the width to a fraction of \linewidth. Cancels w. If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box.	lw=.5
W	Set the actual width. Cancels lw. If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box.	w=2in
h	Set the actual height, images only.	w=2in
s	Set the image scale, images only.	s=3
a	a Set the rotation angle; counter-clockwise degrees.	
f	Selects a loose frame with the current \fboxsep. Only rotated with \keyfig.	f
ft	Selects a tight frame with no \fboxsep. Useful for photographs, or diagrams which already have some margin built in.	ft
stretch	Sets \arraystretch inside the float.	stretch=1.5
mo	Sets the vertical offset for a margin float.	mo=-1.2ex
wp	Sets the wrap placement for a wrapped float. The default is 0, which places the wrapped float at the outside edge of the text. See table 3.	wp=I
va	Sets the vertical alignment of the outermost minipage container for the keyfloat. Defaults to 'c'.	va=t

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a:</sup> None of the keys in Part II are used in the keysubfigs and keysubtabs environments.

Table 2: Caption-Related Key Combinations

	Keys in U	Jse	$Ty_{J}$	pe of
С	cstar	sc	Caption <sup>a</sup>	${f LOF/LOT^{ m b}}$
•	_	_	Numbered	Caption
•	_	•	Numbered	Short Caption
_	•	_	Unnumbered	None
_	•	•	Unnumbered	Short Caption
_	cstar={}	Ignored	None	None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a:</sup> Caption: Shows whether the float will be numbered, unnumbered, or have no caption.

Table 3: Wrapped-Float Placement Options

Key		Location
r	$\mathbf{R}$	to the right of the text
1	L	to the left of the text
i	Ι	to the inside margin
О	О	to the outside margin

The un-capitalized key attempts to place the float "here", and the capitalized key allows  $\LaTeX$  to try to find the best location. The default is 0.

b: LOF/LOT: Shows whether the regular or short caption will appear in the List of Figures or List of Tables, or if there will be no listing.

### 2.4 Other Settings

\KFLTtightframe  $\{\langle contents \rangle\}$  Frames the contents without separation.

\KFLTlooseframe  $\{\langle contents \rangle\}$  Frames the contents with separation.

These may be used to re-define how contents are framed. The default is a simple

 $\footnotemark$ 

Len \KFLTtightframewidth Combined width of the frame and separation for each of tight and loose frames.

These settings should be adjusted when changing the frame width and/or separation.

Len \KFLTlooseframewidth The value should be equivalent to \fboxwidth plus \fboxsep.

The computed width of the image. Useful to enclose an mdframed environment to restrict its width. See example 28.

#### An image.

Figure 1: A \keyfig with an image

Some text. More text.

Another paragraph.

Figure 2: A \keyfigbox

#### 2.5 Examples

#### 2.5.1 Single Floats

#### Example 1: Figure with an image from a file

Code:

\keyfig{c=A \cs{keyfig} with an image,l=fig:simple}{image}

Result:

Figure 1

natural size

This float (fig. 1) is shown at its natural size because no width or height modifiers were specified. When used alone like this, a regular float is created.

#### Example 2: Figure with arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\keyfigbox{f,c={A \cs{keyfigbox}},l=fig:figbox}
{Some text. More text. \par Another paragraph.}
```

Result:

Figure 2

default width

The \keyfigbox creates a figure with a box of arbitrary contents, instead of an image from a file. Its default width is the full \linewidth, unless w or lw keys are used.

Arbitrary contents may go here.

Including multiple paragraphs.

Figure 3: A keyfigure environment

Table 4: A \keytab table

A B C D

#### Example 3: Figure environment with arbitrary contents

Code:

\begin{keyfigure}{f,c={A \env{keyfigure} environment},
 l=fig:environment}
Arbitrary contents may go here.

Including multiple paragraphs.
\end{keyfigure}

Result:

Figure 3

The keyfigure environment is preferred over the \keyfigbox macro when multiple lines of contents are to be included.

#### Example 4: Table macro

Code:

\keytab{c=A \cs{keytab} table,l=tab:simpletable}{\testtable}

Result:

Table 4

Do not try to use tables which overflow the page.

For anything other than a simple table, use the keytable environment. See example 5.

large tables For large tables, use the longtable or supertabular packages.

Table 5: A keytable environment

#### Example 5: Table environment with arbitrary contents

Code:

\begin{keytable}{f,c={A \env{keytable}} environment},
 l=tab:environment}
Arbitrary contents may go here.\footnote{A footnote.}

\testtable
\end{keytable}

Result:
Table 5

The keytable environment is preferred over the \keytab macro since most tables are multi-line creations.



Additional text. Multiple paragraphs may be used. The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma is included. Alignment may be set by using tags tc, tl, or tr instead of t

Figure 4: A figure with many options

#### Example 6: Figure with many options selected

```
Code:
\keyfig{
   w=2in,ft,r=15,
   c=A figure with many options,
   sc=A figure with options,
   t={Additional text. Multiple paragraphs may be used.
   The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma
    is included. Alignment may be set by using
   tags \texttt{tc}, \texttt{tl}, or \texttt{tr}
    instead of \texttt{t}},
    l=fig:options
}{image}
Result:
```

Figure 4

Width is fixed at 2 in, a tight frame is specified (\fboxsep of 0 pt), a short caption appears in the List of Figures, and the additional text is using the default fullyjustified alignment.

Since fig. 4 is a float, it may appear on the following page.



Figure 5: Half of \linewidth

#### Example 7: Using \linewidth

Code:

\keyfig{lw=.5,c=Half of \cs{linewidth},l=fig:linewidth}{image}

Result:

Figure 5

#### **\linewidth**

Figure 5 is half of \linewidth in size. When the lw key is used inside a keyfloats or keysubfigs environment, the \linewidth will be proportional to the sub-box for each element. When used alone, such as here, the \linewidth is the full width of the text on this page.

 ${\tt lw}$  and  ${\tt w}$  are not used at the same time. If both  ${\tt lw}$  and  ${\tt w}$  are specified, the last one cancels any previous ones.

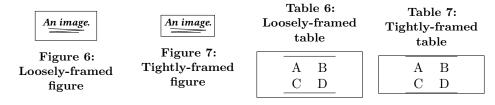
#### Example 8: Using frames

Code:

\begin{keyfloats}[hbp]{4}
\keyfig{f,c=Loosely-framed figure,l=fig:looseframe}{image}
\keyfig{ft,c=Tightly-framed figure,l=fig:tightframe}{image}
\keytab{f,c=Loosely-framed table,l=tab:looseframe}{\testtable}
\keytab{ft,c=Tightly-framed table,l=tab:tightframe}{\testtable}
\end{keyfloats}

Result:

Figures 6 and 7 and tables 6 and 7



The f key adds a loose frame with the current \fboxsep. This is desirable in most cases.

The tf key adds a tight frame with no separation. This is useful for framing a photograph, or a diagram which already has a margin.

Framing tables is seldom recommended. In the case of the tight frame, table 7, note that the external frame almost overwrites the table's natural horizontal rules.

custom frames Also

Also see section 2.6.1 for customizing frames.

Table 8: Table, rotated



(Framed to show box width.)

#### Example 9: Using rotation with boxes

Code:

```
\keytab{f,w=.8in,c={Table, rotated},
    r=70,l=tab:rotated,
    tc=(Framed to show box width.)}
    {\testwidetable}
```

Result:

Table 8

rotated whitespace



Unless a width is given, a box is the full \linewidth. When rotated, this extra horizontal space is rotated into extra vertical space. To avoid this extra space, set a w or lw to be wide enough for the table or other contents, but not much wider. When this box is rotated, it will not take much more vertical space than necessary.

frame rotation Unlike an image, the frame of a box does not rotate with its contents.

#### Example 10: Located [H]ere

Code:

Result:

Table 9

Table 9: A table [H]

А В С D

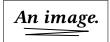


Figure 8: A keyfig [H]

△ Out of sequence

Table 9 is to be placed "[H]ere", and therefore may appear out-of-sequence with surrounding figures. Place a \clearpage before or after to re-sync, if necessary.

A<u>n imag</u>e.

#### Starred caption with a short caption.

#### Example 11: Unnumbered float

Code

\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={A starred caption}}{image}

Result.

See fig: "A starred caption".

An image.

#### A starred caption

A starred caption creates a float without a number, and without an entry in the List of Figures unless there is a non-empty short caption. (See the next example.)

⚠ No label

Labels cannot be used when there is no number for a float.

#### Example 12: Unnumbered float with a lof entry

Code:

\keyfig{
 f,cstar={Starred caption with a short caption.},
 sc={Starred short caption}
}{image}

Result:

See fig: "Starred caption with a short caption".

A starred caption with a non-empty short caption creates an unnumbered entry in the List of Figures.

#### Example 13: An unnumbered in-text image

Code:

```
\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={},
    tc={Optional text which is not a caption.}
}{image2}
```

Result:

See fig: "Optional text which is not a caption."



Optional text which is not a caption.

By using [H] and cstar={}, the image is placed inline without a number or LOF entry.

Also see example 14.

Some contents.

### An image.

A  $\keyparbox$  with no number or label.

Figure 9: Next to a \keyparbox

#### Example 14: A box without a caption.

Code

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyparbox{
    f,lw=.5,
    tc={A \cs{keyparbox} with no number or label.}
}{Some contents.}
\keyfig{c=Next to a \cs{keyparbox},l=fig:nexttoparbox}{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\keyparbox[H]{f,lw=.5}{A \cs{keyparbox} [H], outside the row.}
```

Result:

Figure 9, and the box to its left.

A \keyparbox [H], outside the row.

A \keyparbox is a \keyfigbox with cstar={}, and is mostly useful as an information box inside a row or a set of subfloats.

#### 2.5.2 Groups of Floats

Figure 10 to Table 10

#### Example 15: Groups of figures — keyfloats environment

```
Code:
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={First in a group},
   l=fig:firstinrow,tl={\cs{raggedright} text}
   }{image}
\keyparbox{}{\centering A \cs{keyparbox} describing something.
    \par With several paragraphs.}
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Third in a group},
   l=fig:thirdinarow}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Fourth in a group}}{image2}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Fifth in a group}}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Sixth in a group},
   l=fig:sixthinarow}{image2}
\end{keyfloats}
\keytab{c={Seventh in a group},l=tab:seventhinrow}{\testwidetable}
\end{keyfloats}
Result:
```

Figure 10 to table 10 are in a keyfloats environment. Furthermore, Figures 11 to 14 are in an additional nested keyfloats environment, forming a small box of floats inside the larger group.

The keyfloats environment takes an argument for the number of columns. Additional floats are automatically placed on following rows. Changing the number of columns will cause the floats to automatically readjust as necessary. Leftovers will be centered on the last row.

⚠ \linewidth

Note that \linewidth is adjusted for each row and nested row, so the lw key will need to be changed if a float is moved to a different nesting level.

image too large

Fixed-width or fixed-height floats may be too large to fit if they are moved into a group. It is the user's responsibility to adjust w, h, or lw as necessary.

```
Keyfloats may be positioned [H]: \begin{keyfloats} [H]{2} \ldots
```

Keyfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format: \begin{keyfloats}\*{2}...



A \keyparbox describing something.

With several paragraphs.

 $\verb|\raggedright text|$ 

Figure 10: First in a group

An	image.
----	--------

Figure 11: Third in a group Another image

Figure 12: Fourth in a group

## An image.

Figure 13: Fifth in a group Another image

Figure 14: Sixth in a group

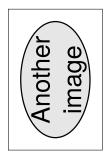
Table 10: Seventh in a group

A	В	$\mathbf{C}$
D	$\mathbf{E}$	$\mathbf{F}$



Some text

a: First subfigure



Lots of lots of lots of lots of text.

b: Second subfigure



c: Third subfigure

d: Fourth subfigure

A B C D



e: Fifth subfigure

Figure 15: Subfigures

#### 2.5.3 Subfloats

#### Example 16: Subfigures — keysubfigs environment

Code:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{3}{c=Subfigures,l=fig:subfigs}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={First subfigure},
    l=fig:firstsubfig,t=Some text}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,r=90,c={Second subfigure},
    l=fig:secondsubfig,
    t=Lots of lots of lots of text.}
    {image2}
\begin{keyfloats}{1}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={Third subfigure},l=fig:thirdsubfig}{image}
\keytab{c={Fourth subfigure},l=fig:fourthsubfig}{\text{testtable}}
\keyfig{lw=.5,f,c={Fifth subfigure},l=fig:fifthsubfig}{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 15

Figures 15a to 15e are in the fig. 15 keysubfigs environment. The \keysubtabs environment is similar. Mixed types have the type of their container, as shown with fig. 15d.

Subfloats are associated floats (a, b, ...) collected together into one common float (the enclosing \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs environment). The enclosing float can have its own caption (call "Sub-Figures" in the example), which appears in the LOF/LOT, and also a label. Each subfloat can have its own caption and label as well, but the subcaption does not appear in the LOF/LOT.

 $\triangle$  mixed subfloats

All subfloats are forced to have the same type as its containing float. A table inside a figure will be labeled as a figure, for example. This avoids miss-labeling as each subfloat must clearly be identified as a child of its containing float.

 $\triangle$  nested subfloats

\keysubfigs and \keysubtabs may not be used inside the keyfloats environment, and cannot be nested inside each other. (No subfloat 12aa, 12ab, 12ba, etc.)

nested keyfloats

The keyfloats environment may be used inside \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs to gather subfloats together, such as the three right-most figures in fig. 15.

Subfloats may be located H:

\begin{keysubfigs}[H]{3}{key/vals...}

Subfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format: \begin{keysubfigs}\*{2}{key/vals...}

#### Example 17: Subtables [H] — keysubtabs environment

Code:

\begin{keysubtabs}[H]{2}{c=Subtables [H],1=tab:subtabs}
\keytab{c={First subtable},1=fig:firstsubtab}{\testtable}
\keytab{c={Second subtable},1=fig:secondsubtab}{\testwidetable}
\end{keysubtabs}

Result:

Table 11

Table 11: Subtables [H]

С.	_	1150	Babtable
		A	В
		$\mathbf{C}$	D

a: First subtable

b:	Second subtable			
	A	В	С	_
	D	E	F	

#### An image.



Figure 16: Figure to be continued

Figure 16: ...continued

#### 2.5.4 Continued Floats

The cont key may be used to generate a "continued" float. The continued float receives the same number as the previous float, and it is assumed that they are the same float, except that they are separated for some reason such as size on the page.

The label may be placed in a continued float, and will still receive the same float number as the prior non-continued float.

#### Example 18: Continued figure

Code:

\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{,c=Figure to be continued}{image}
\keyfig{c={\dots continued},cont,l=fig:firstcontinued}{image2}
\end{keyfloats}

Result:

Figure 16

a: First of a set

An image.

Example 2.

An image.

b: Second of a set

Figure 17: A set of figures



Figure 17: ... continued

#### 2.5.5 Continued Subfloats

The keysubfigs and keysubtabs environments may also be given the cont key. The containing environment's float receives the same number as the previous float (presumably another subfloat container).

#### Example 19: Continued subfloats

Code:

\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={A set of figures},l=fig:continuedfigures}
\keyfig{c={First of a set},l=fig:contfirst}{image}
\keyfig{c={Second of a set},l=fig:contsecond}{image}
\end{keysubfigs}
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={\dots continued},cont}
\keyfig{c={Third of a set},l=fig:contthird}{image2}
\keyfig{c={Fourth of a set},l=fig:contfourth}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}

Result:

Figure 17

#### 2.5.6 Margin Floats

When a keyfloat is located [M], it will be placed in the margin.

Cls tufte-book

When the tufte-book class is used, its marginfigure or margintable environments will be used, otherwise keyfloat provides environments of the same name and uses those instead.

#### Example 20: The marginfigure environment

Code:

An image.

\begin{marginfigure}

\centering

\includegraphics[width=.75\linewidth]{image}

Some text added by hand.

Figure 18: A marginfigure

Some text added by hand.

\caption{A \env{marginfigure}}

\label{fig:marginfigure}

\end{marginfigure}

Result:

Figure 18

#### Example 21: The margintable environment

Code:

A B C D E F

Table 12: A margintable

\begin{margintable}

\centering

\testwidetable

\caption{A \env{margintable}}

\label{fig:margintable}

\end{margintable}

Result:

Table 12

#### Example 22: Using \keyfig[M]



Additional text. Text text text text text text.

More paragraphs.

Figure 19: A \keyfig[M]

\keyfig[M]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\texttt{[M]}},l=fig:keyfigm,ft, t=Additional text.

Text text text text text text.

More paragraphs.

}{image2}

Result:

Code:

Figure 19

Table 13: A keytable[M]

A В  $\mathbf{C}$ D  $\mathbf{E}$  $\mathbf{F}$ 

Example 23: Using keytable[M] and an offset

Code:

\begin{keytable}[M]{c={A \env{keytable}\texttt{[M]}}, l=tab:keytablem,mo=-.9in}

\testwidetable \end{keytable}

Result:

Table 13

margin float offset

A negative offset was used to shift the table upwards to the top of the example.

distance between floats

To set the minimum-allowed distance between \marginpars and margin floats:

\setlength{\marginparpush}{3ex}

#### 2.5.7 Wrapped Floats

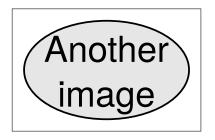
#### Example 24: Using \keyfig[W] and \keytab[W]

Code:

```
\keyfig[W]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\texttt{[W]}},
    l=fig:keyfigw,ft,lw=.4,wp=I,
    t={.4\cs{linewidth} wide, placed \texttt{[I}.}
}{image2}
\lipsum[1]
\keytab[W]{c={A \cs{keytab}\texttt{[W]}},l=tab:keytabw,w=.75in,
}{\testtable}
\lipsum[2]
```

Result:

Figure 20 and table 14



.4\linewidth wide, placed I.

Figure 20: A \keyfig[W]

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean

faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam

Table 14: A \keytab[W]

A B C D

tincidunt urna. Nulla ullam<br/>corper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

#### Example 25: Using \keyfigbox[W] and \keyparbox[W]

Code:

```
\keyfigbox[W]{c={A \cs{keyfigbox}\texttt{[W]}},
    l=fig:keyfigboxw,f,lw=.25,wp=I,
    t=Text text text text text text text text
}{The contents.}
\lipsum[1]
\keyparbox[W]{w=1in}{A \cs{keyparbox}[W] and some more text.}
\lipsum[2]
```

Result:

Figure 21 and the \keyparbox.

#### The contents.

Text text text text text text text text

Figure 21: A \keyfigbox[W]

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus

eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla.

A \keyparbox[W] and some more text.

Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

## Example 26: Using \keyfigure[W] and \keytable[W]

Code:

```
\begin{keyfigure}[W]{c={A \cs{keyfigure}\texttt{[W]}},
    l=fig:keyfigurew,f,w=1.5in}
This is a keyfigure.
\end{keyfigure}
\lipsum[1]
\begin{keytable}[W]{c={A \env{keytable}\texttt{[W]}},
    l=tab:keytablew,w=2in,wp=L,tc=Placed \texttt{L} and 2in wide.}
\testwidetable
\end{keytable}
\lipsum[2]
```

Result:

Figure 22 and table 15

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris

This is a keyfigure.

Figure 22: A \keyfigure[W]

ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Table 15: A keytable[W]

A	В	$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$	
D	$\mathbf{E}$	$\mathbf{F}$	

Placed L and 2in wide.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla.

Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

### Example 27: Using \keywrap with a \keyfig

Code:

```
\begin{itemize}
\item First item.
   Several lines of text text text text text
   \item \begin{keywrap}{.3\linewidth}{\keyfig{%
     lw=1,c={Keywrap with \cs{keyfig}},l=fig:keywrapfig%
   }{image}}
       Second item.
       Several lines of text text text text text
       text text text text text text text.
       These paragraphs are inside the \texttt{keywrap}.
       A vertical gap appears below if the text is not enough to
       fill the space next to the \cs{keyfig}.
   \end{keywrap}
   Outside the \env{wrapfig},\margintag{notes}\
   but still in the second item.
   There is no elegant way to place only part of a paragraph
   inside a \env{keywrap}, and attempting to do so requires
   manually removing the vertical paragraph skip.
\item Third item.
\end{itemize}
```

Result: Figure 23

An image.

These paragraphs are inside the keywrap. A vertical gap appears below if the text is not enough to fill the space next to the \keyfig.

Figure 23: Keywrap with \keyfig

notes

Outside the wrapfig, but still in the second item. There is no elegant way to place only part of a paragraph inside a keywrap, and attempting to do so requires manually removing the vertical paragraph skip.

• Third item.



Figure 24: Custom-framed image

A loosely-framed box.

Figure 25: Custom loosely-framed box

#### 2.5.8Custom Frames

## Example 28: Custom frames with mdframed

```
Code:
```

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\begin{minipage}{\KFLTimageboxwidth}
\begin{mdtightframe}%
#1
\end{mdtightframe}%
\end{minipage}
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{1pt}
\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\begin{mdlooseframe}[leftmargin=1.5in,rightmargin=1.5in]%
#1
\end{mdlooseframe}%
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{4pt}
\keyfig{ft,c=Custom-framed image,l=fig:customframe,r=90}{image}
\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed box,
   l=fig:customlooseframe}{A loosely-framed box.}
```

Result:

Figures 24 and 25

Pkg mdframed

mdframed width

Example 28 shows custom frames created with the mdframed package along with tikz. Note that mdframed uses the full \linewidth even if the left/right margins are explicitly set, which causes extra vertical space when rotated. Because of this, the framed object is enclosed inside a minipage whose width is precomputed based on the object itself, then set in \KFLTimageboxwidth. Any shadow may fall



Figure 26: Custom shadow

A loosely-framed shadow box.

Figure 27: Custom loosely-framed shadow

outside this box.

Code:

See section 2.6.1 for more details.

## Example 29: Custom shadows with fancybox

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{0.4pt}
\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
\keyfig{ft,c=Custom shadow,l=fig:customshadow}{image}
```

\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed shadow,lw=.5,

Result:

Figures 26 and 27

Pkg fancybox

Example 29 shows custom shadow frames created with the fancybox package. This combination respects lw and w.

l=fig:customlooseshadow}{A loosely-framed shadow box.}

See section 2.6.1 for more details.



Mr. First Last III

About the illustration.

Figure 28: Artist's name — image

Some text, a quotation, a TikZ diagram — anything not an image file.

Mr. Last

Figure 29: Artist's name — arbitrary contents

## 2.5.9 Artist's Name

```
Example 30: Artist's name — image

Code:

\keyfig{ft,ap=Mr.,af=First,al=Last,as={~III},
tc={\textit{About the illustration.}},
c=Artist's name --- image,l=fig:artist}{image}

Result:
Figure 28
```

# Example 31: Artist's name — arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\tdnameright
\begin{keyfigure}{f,ap=Mr.,al=Last,
    c=Artist's name --- arbitrary contents,l=fig:artistpar}
\centering Some text, a quotation, a TikZ\ diagram ---
    anything not an image file.
\end{keyfigure}
\tdnamecenter
```

Result:

 $Figure \ 29$ 

The artist's name and optional prefix/suffix are printed below the figure, and an index entry is made for the name in (Last, First) format, or (Last) if there is no first name. If the tocdata package is loaded, the artist's name is also added to



# An image.

a: Artist's First Work

Commentary about the work.

b: Artist's Second Work

Prefix First Last, Suffix

Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes, in case you have use for long explanations. This text may be the full \linewidth in size.

Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.

Figure 30: Artist's collection

the List of Figures, and the tocdata \tdname... macros may be used to align the name.

### Example 32: Subfloats with an artist

```
Code:
```

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{
    c=Artist's collection, l=fig:artistcollection,
    t={Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes,
    in case you have use for long explanations.
    This text may be the full \cs{linewidth} in size. \par
    Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.},
    ap=Prefix,af=First,al=Last,as={, Suffix}
}
\keyfig{c=Artist's First Work}{image}
\keyfig{c=Artist's Second Work,
        tc={Commentary about the work.}}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 30

A group of figures may be placed into a subfloat container, which may have its own artist keys and additional text. Furthermore, each subfloat inside the collection may also have its own artist tags and additional text.

## 2.6 Customization

#### 2.6.1 Custom Frames

There are two user-redefinable framing macros: \KFLTtightframe and \KFLTlooseframe

A float's contents are placed into a box, which is passed to either of these two macros depending on the key f or tf.

Each macro takes one argument and frames it.

Each macro has an associated LATEX length: \KFLTtightframewidth and \KFLTlooseframewidth

These lengths must be redefined to the expected total frame width, equal to the frame thickness plus separation.

The defaults definitions are:

```
\newcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
\fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}
\newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
\fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
```

See example 28 for an example created with the mdframed package, and example 29 for an example created with the fancybox package.

### 2.6.2 Distance between Floats and Rows

rows too close/far

To spread out the distance between floats and/or rows of floats on a busy page, the following adjustments may be made. The values used in this documentation are:

```
\setlength{\floatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
\setlength{\dblfloatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
```

# 2.6.3 Formatting the Captions

To modify the typesetting of the captions, see the caption package. The settings used in this documentation are:

```
% default applied to margin floats:
\captionsetup{labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}}
\captionsetup[figure]{
style=default, justification=centering,
margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=2ex,
labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}
\captionsetup[table]{
style=default, justification=centering,
margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}
}
\captionsetup[subfigure]{
 style=default, justification=centering,
margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=2ex,
labelfont={small},textfont={small}
}
\captionsetup[subtable]{
style=default, justification=centering,
margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
labelfont={small},textfont={small}
```

# 3 Code

## 3.1 Required Packages

```
Pkg etoolbox v2.6 or later for \BeforeBeginEnvironment, \AfterEndEnvironment
               3 \RequirePackage{xparse}
               5 \RequirePackage{xifthen}
              Key processing:
 Pkg keyval
               6 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
              For \includegraphics and rotating:
   graphicx
               7 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
              Handles all caption-related functions:
Pkg caption
               8 \RequirePackage{caption}[2010/10/31]% v3.2 to support \phantomcaption
              Derived from caption, used to handle subfloats:
 subcaption
               9 \RequirePackage{subcaption}
   Pkg calc Used to compute box width minus frame sep and width.
              10 \RequirePackage{calc}
              Provides rotation via the turn environment:
Pkg rotating
              11 \RequirePackage{rotating}
              Provides
Pkg placeins
              to process existing floats before adding new ones.
              12 \RequirePackage{placeins}
Pkg wrapfig Provides figure wrapping code.
              13 \RequirePackage{wrapfig}
```

Package error if floatrow was loaded:

```
14 \@ifpackageloaded{floatrow}
15 {
16 \PackageError{keyfloat}
17 {The keyfloat conflicts with the floatrow package.
18 Remove floatrow to use keyfloat.}
19 (Keyfloat uses the caption and subcaption packages to
20 provide similar functionality to floatrow.}
21 }
22 {}
Used by hyperref and nameref.
Expand names used in titles:
23 \PassOptionsToPackage{expand}{gettitlestring}
Rows of floats are created by a simple minipage environment, instead of relying on
```

a preexisting package. This proved to be advantageous when support was added for multiple rows in one environment.

#### 3.2 In-line Figures and Tables

These macros are commonly used by others.

```
Env tablehere Place a table exactly [H].
                 24 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{tablehere}{}
                     {\bigbreak\noindent\minipage{\linewidth}\def\@captype{table}}
                     {\endminipage\bigbreak}
Env figurehere Place a figure exactly [H].
                 27 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{figurehere}{}
                     {\bigbreak\noindent\minipage{\linewidth}\def\@captype{figure}}
                     {\endminipage\bigbreak}
```

#### **Row Counting and Control** 3.3

Used to count position and wrap at end of each row.

```
Ctr KFLT@numcols
                   Columns per row.
                   30 \newcounter{KFLT@numcols}
```

gettitlestring

Column currently processing. O if not yet in a keyfloats or subfloat. Ctr KFLT@thiscol 31 \newcounter{KFLT@thiscol} How wide is each box in the row. \KFLT@rowboxwidth 32 \newlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth} Float Key Handling Continued float? Bool KFLT@cont 33 \newboolean{KFLT@cont} Continued float? Key main cont  $34 \end{KFLT@keys} {cont} [true] {\end{KFLT@cont}} {\#1}}$ \KFLT@c Caption storage 35 \newcommand{\KFLT@c}{} Starred caption? Bool KFLT@cstar 36 \newboolean{KFLT@cstar} Key main c Caption 37 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{c}% 38 {\renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}} Caption starred? Key main cstar 39 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{cstar}%  $40 {\tt \command{\tt \comm}\command{\tt \command{\tt \comm}\command{\tt \command{\tt \command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\tt \command{\tt \command{\hspace \comm}\command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\tt \command{\tt \command{\tt \command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\tt \command{\hspace}\command{\hspace}\command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\hspace}\comm}\command{\hspace}\comm}\command$ Short caption Key main SC 41 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{sc}{%

42 \renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{#1}% 43 \setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{true}%

44 }

```
\KFLT@sc Short caption storage
                                                                      45 \mbox{ } \mbox{\command{\KFLT@sc}{}}
Bool KFLT@scgiven Was a short caption given?
                                                                      46 \newboolean{KFLT@scgiven}
                           \KFLT@type Float type: "figure", "table"
                                                                     47 \newcommand*{\KFLT@type}{}
             \KFLT@listtype List type: "lof", "lot"
                                                                      48 \newcommand*{\KFLT@listtype}{}
                           Key main 1 Label
                                                                      49 \end{KFLT01} \{\$1\} \end{KFLT01} \{\$1\} \}
                                      \KFLT@1 Label storage
                                                                      50 \newcommand*{\KFLT@1}{}
                                                                      For the artist/author keys:
                        Key main ap Artist prefix
                                                                      51 \ensuremath{\c MFLT@keys} {ap} {\tt renewcommand} {\tt KFLT@ap} {\#1} }
                                  \KFLT@ap Storage for artist prefix
                                                                      52 \mbox{ \mbox{KFLT@ap}{}}
                        Key main af Artist first name
                                                                      53 \end{\{kFLT@keys} \end{\{kFLT@af\} \end{\{\#1\}}}
                                  \KFLT@af Storage for artist first name
                                                                      54 \newcommand*{\KFLT@af}{}
                        Key main al Artist last name
                                                                      55 \end{Command} \label{lem:special} in \end{KFLT0al} \label{lem:special} in \end{KFLT0al} \label{lem:special} \label{lem:sp
```

```
\KFLT@al Storage for artist last name
                  56 \mbox{ \newcommand}*{\KFLT@al}{}
    Key main as Artist suffix
                  57 \ensuremath{\c KFLT@keys}{as}{\c mand{\c KFLT@as}{\#1}}
       \KFLT@as Storage for artist suffix
                  58 \newcommand*{\KFLT@as}{}
\KFLT@textalign Storage for text alignment.
                  Used for the additional text in the float.
                  59 \newcommand*{\KFLT@textalign}{}
        \KFLT@t Additional text storage
                  Used for the additional text in the float.
                  60 \newcommand{\KFLT@t}{}
                  Create replacement macros in case tocdata is not loaded:
                  61 \providecommand{\tdtextjustify}{}
                  62 \providecommand{\tdtextcenter}{}
                  63 \providecommand{\tdtextleft}{}
                  64 \providecommand{\tdtextright}{}
                  65 \providecommand{\tdnamejustify}{}
                  66 \providecommand{\tdnamecenter}{}
                  67 \texttt{\providecommand{\tdnameleft}{}}
                  68 \providecommand{\tdnameright}{}
     Key main t Additional text, justified alignment.
                  69 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{t}{
                  70 \mbox{ } \mbox{\footnote{thm} $1$}
                  71 \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{}
                  72 \tdtextjustify
    Key main to Additional text, centered alignment.
                  74 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tc}{
```

```
75 \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}
             76 \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\centering}
             77 \tdtextcenter
             78 }
Key main tr Additional text, aligned to the right.
             79 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tr}{
             80 \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}
             81 \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedleft}
             82 \tdtextright
             83 }
Key main tl Additional text, aligned to the left.
             84 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{t1}{
             85 \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}
             86 \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedright}
             87 \tdtextleft
             88 }
    \KFLT@i Image filename storage
             89 \newcommand*{\KFLT@i}{}
Key main lw Fraction of \linewidth
             90 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{lw}{%
             91 \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{#1}%
             92 \setlength{\KFLT@w}{Opt}%
             93 }
   \KFLT@lw Fraction of linewidth storage: ".5"
             94 \newcommand*{\KFLT@lw}{}
Key main w Fixed width
             95 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{w}{%
             96 \setlength{\KFLT@w}{#1}%
             97 \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
             98 }
    \KFLT@w Width storage: "3cm"
             99 \newlength{\KFLT@w}
```

```
Key main h Fixed height
                                                                                         100 \end{KFLT@keys} \end{KFLT@h} \fill{KFLT@h} \fill{KFL
                                               \KFLT@h Height storage: "2in"
                                                                                         101 \newlength{\KFLT@h}
                               Key main s Scale
                                                                                         102 \end{KFLT@keys} \end{KFLT@s} \fill{KFLT@s} \end{KFLT@s} \fill{KFLT@s} \fill{KFLT@s} \end{KFLT@s} \fill{KFLT@s} \fill{KFLT@
                                               \KFLT@s Scale storage: "3"
                                                                                          103 \mbox{ \mbox{KFLT@s}{1}}
                               Key main r Angle. 90 is counter-clockwise 90 degrees.
                                                                                         104 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{r}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@r}{#1}}
                                               \KFLT@r Angle storage: "90"
                                                                                          105 \newcommand*{\KFLT@r}{0}
                               Key main f Frame the image with \KFLTlooseframe.
                                                                                         106 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{f}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@f}{#1}}
                      Bool KFLT@f Frame the image?
                                                                                          107 \newboolean{KFLT@f}
                                                                                           Tightly frame the image using \KFLTtightframe. This is useful for photographs,
                          Key main ft
                                                                                              or diagrams which already have built-in margins.
                                                                                         108 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc hoolean}\{\mbox{\sc kFLT@ft}\}\{\mbox{\sc hoolean}\{\mbox{\sc kFLT@ft}\}\{\mbox{\sc hoolean}\}\}
                                           KFLT@ft Tightly frame the image?
                                                                                         109 \newboolean{KFLT@ft}
Key main stretch Set \arraystretch inside the table environment.
                                                                                         110 \end{KFLT0keys} \{ stretch \} \{ \end{KFLT0stretch} \} \}
```

```
\KFLT@stretch Storage for \arraystretch.
                     111 \newcommand*{\KFLT@stretch}{1}
        Key main mo Set vertical offset for a margin float.
                     112 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{mo}{\setlength{\KFLT@mo}{#1}}
           \KFLT@mo Storage for the vertical margin offset.
                     113 \newlength{\KFLT@mo}
        Key main wp Set wrap placement for a wrapped float.
                      See table 3 on page 14.
                     114 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{wp}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@wp}{#1}}
           \KFLT@wp Storage for the wrap placement.
                     115 \newcommand{\KFLT@wp}{0}
                    Set vertical alignment of the outermost minipage container.
        Kev main va
                     116 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{va}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@va}{#1}}
           \KFLT@va Storage for the vertical alignment.
                     117 \newcommand{\KFLT@va}{c}
                      3.5
                            Nesting Control
 KFLT@keyfloatdepth Depth inside a keyfigs environment
                     118 \newcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}
                     119 \setcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{0}
KFLT@inkeysubfloats Inside a keysubfigs environment?
                     120 \newboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}
                     121 \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}
```

Bool

# 3.6 Subfloat Key Handling

```
These keys are for the container holding a collection of subfigures.
    Bool
         KFLT@subgrpcont
                            Continued float?
                           122 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{}
                           Continued float
Key subfloat container cont
                           123 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cont}[true]{%
                           124 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{#1}%
                           125 }
            \KFLT@subgrpc Sub-caption storage
                           126 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{}
       KFLT@subgrpcstart
                           Sub-caption starred?
                           127 \verb| \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}|
    Key subfloat container c Caption
                           128 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{c}
                           129 {\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}}
                           Starred caption?
Key subfloat container cstar
                           130 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cstar}
                           131 {\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{true}}
                           Short caption
  Key subfloat container SC
                           132 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{sc}{%
                           133 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{#1}%
                           134 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{true}%
                           135 }
           \KFLT@subgrpsc Sub-shortcaption storage
                           136 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{}
      KFLT@subgrpscgiven Sub-shortcaption was given?
 Bool
                           137 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}
```

```
\KFLT@subgrptype Subfloats collection type storage: "figure", "table"
                      138 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrptype}{}
    \KFLT@subgrptype Subfloats collection list type storage: "lof", "lot"
                      139 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrplisttype}{}
\KFLT@setsubgrpfigure Set to figure type
                      140 \newcommand*{\KFLT@setsubgrpfigure}{%
                      141 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{figure}%
                      142 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrplisttype}{lof}%
                      143 }
\KFLT@setsubgrptable Set to table type
                      144 \newcommand*{\KFLT@setsubgrptable}{%
                      145 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{table}%
                      146 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrplisttype}{lot}%
                      147 }
Key subfloat container 1 Label
                      149 \mbox{newcommand}*{\mbox{KFLT@subgrpl}}{}
\KFLT@subgrptextalign Storage for text alignment.
                       Used for the additional text in the float.
                      150 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}
       \KFLT@subgrpt Additional text storage
                       Used for the additional text in the float.
                      151 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{}
Key subfloat container t Additional text — full justification
                      152 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{t}{
                      153 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
                      154 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}
                      155 \tdtextjustify
                      156 }
```

```
{\tt Key \ subfloat \ container \ \ t \ \ } Additional \ text-center \ justification
                                                                                                            157 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tc}{
                                                                                                            158 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
                                                                                                            159 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\centering}
                                                                                                            160 \tdtextcenter
                                                                                                            161 }
     Key subfloat container t Additional text — aligned left
                                                                                                            162 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tl}{
                                                                                                            163 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
                                                                                                            164 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedright}
                                                                                                            165 \tdtextleft
                                                                                                            166 }
     Key subfloat container t Additional text — aligned right
                                                                                                            167 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tr}{
                                                                                                            168 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
                                                                                                            169 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedleft}
                                                                                                            170 \tdtextright
                                                                                                            171 }
                                                                                                                 For the tocdata package:
                                                                                                            Artist prefix
Key subfloat container ap
                                                                                                            172 \ensuremath{\c KFLT@subgrpkeys} \ensuremath{\c KFLT@subgrpap} \ensuremath{\c KFLT@subgrpap
                                     \KFLT@subgrpap Storage for artist prefix
                                                                                                            173 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpap}{}
Key subfloat container af Artist first name
                                                                                                            174 \ensuremath{\label{lem:linear} af} {\ensuremath{\label{lem:linear} af}} {\ensur
                                     \KFLT@subgrpaf Storage for artist first name
                                                                                                            175 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{}
Key subfloat container al Artist last name
                                                                                                            176 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{al}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpal}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@subgrpal Storage for artist last name

177 \newcommand\*{\KFLT@subgrpal}{}

Key subfloat container as Artist suffix

 $178 \ensuremath{\label{lem:linear_command_KFLT@subgrpas}_{\#1}} \\$ 

\KFLT@subgrpas Storage for artist suffix

179 \newcommand\*{\KFLT@subgrpas}{}

# 3.7 Computing Image Width

Len \KFLT@imagewidth Computed width of the image

180 \newlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}

Len \KFLT@boxwidth Computed width of the container box

181  $\mbox{newlength}{\KFLT@boxwidth}$ 

\KFLT@findwidths Figure out how wide to make an image and its container

182 \newcommand\*{\KFLT@findwidths}{%

Default to a box of full \linewidth minus the potential frame:

183 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@ft}}% tight frame?

184 {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth -  $2\KFLT$ tightframewidth}}%

185 {% not tight frame

186 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@f}}% loose frame?

187 {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth - 2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}%

188 {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth}}% no frame

189 }% not tight frame

Several width options exist. First see if width was given:

190 \ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@w}{>}{Opt}}%

Width was given:

191 {\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@w}}%

192 {% width not given

Use full \linewidth or only a fraction:

# 3.8 Framing and Rotation

A user-redefinable macro and length to tightly frame the contents.

\KFLTtightframe may be redefined to a macro which frames its contents. \KFLTtightframewidth should be redefine to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

```
\label{lem:kflt0} $$ \FLT0tightframe $$ {\langle contents\rangle$}$$ 198 \ensurement{KFLTtightframe}[1]{% 199 \ensurement{fboxsep}{0pt}% 200 \ensurement{fboxrule}{.4pt}% 201 \fbox{#1}% 202 }$ 203
```

Len \KFLTtightframewidth Combined width of the frame and separation.

```
204 \newlength{\KFLTtightframewidth} 205 \setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}
```

 $\verb|\KFLTlooseframe| \{\langle contents \rangle\}|$ 

A user-redefinable macro and length to loosely frame the contents.

\KFLTlooseframe may be redefined to a macro which frames its contents. \KFLTlooseframewidth should be redefine to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

```
206 \newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
207 \setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
208 \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
209 \fbox{#1}%
210 }
```

en \KFLTlooseframewidth Combined width of the frame and separation.

```
211 \newlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}
212 \setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}

\KFLT@frame \{\contents\}\

\text{Frames the contents according to the f key. To be nested for further processing.}

213 \newcommand{\KFLT@frame}[1]
214 \{\%
215 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@ft}}\%
216 \KFLTtightframe{\pi}\}\%
217 \{\% not tightframe
218 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@ft}}\%
219 \{\KFLTlooseframe{\pi}\}\%
210 \{\pi}\ \not looseframe
221 \{\mathrea}\ \not looseframe
221 \{\mathrea}\ \not looseframe
222 \}
```

KFLT@findenvboxwidth Figures the width of the contents of \KFLT@envbox plus the frame:

```
223 \newcommand{\KFLT@findenvboxwidth}{\%
224 \settowidth{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}\%
225 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@ft}}\%
226 {\addtolength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{2\KFLTtightframewidth}}\%
227 {\% not tightframe
228 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@f}}\%
229 {\addtolength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}\%
230 {}\% no frame
231 }\% not looseframe
232 }
```

## 3.9 A Graphics Image from a File

\KFLT@onefigureimage Create a stand-alone figure with an image.

```
233 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@onefigureimage}{} 234 {%
```

Several possible combinations of linewidth, width, and height are available, and each is treated separately. Scaling and width/height are done first, then framing, then rotation.

```
235 \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

Handle the lw key. If lw is used, width and height are ignored.

```
236 \ifthenelse{\NOT\equal{\KFLT@lw}{}}%
237 {\includegraphics%
238 [scale=\KFLT@s,width=\KFLT@imagewidth] {\KFLT@i}}%
239 {% not linewidth
Handle the w key, which may be used along with the h key:
240 \ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@w}{>}{Opt}}%
241 {% width is given
242 \ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@h}{>}{Opt}}%
Width and height are both given:
243 {% w and h
244 \includegraphics%
245 [scale=\KFLT@s,%
246 width=\KFLT@imagewidth,height=\KFLT@h] {\KFLT@i}%
247}% w and h
Only width:
248 {% only w
249 \includegraphics%
250 [scale=\KFLT@s,width=\KFLT@imagewidth] {\KFLT@i}%
251 }% only w
252}% width is given
Width was not given, so maybe handle h alone:
253 {% width is not given
254 \ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@h}{>}{0pt}}%
h was given:
255 {\includegraphics%
256 [scale=\KFLT@s,height=\KFLT@h]{\KFLT@i}}%
If none were given, use the image's natural size:
257 {\includegraphics%
258 [scale=\KFLT@s]{\KFLT@i}}%
259 }% width is not given
260 }% not linewidth
261 \texttt{\locality} \%
262 \unskip%
263 \KFLT@findenvboxwidth%
264 \begin{turn}{\KFLT@r}%
```

Encapsulate the frame in case the custom frame commands used pars:

```
265 % \begin{minipage}{\KFLTimageboxwidth}%
266 \texttt{KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}}\%
267 % \end{minipage}%
268 \unskip%
269 \end{turn}%
270 }
```

#### Printing the Caption 3.10

```
\KFLT@captioniftype \{\langle fiqure\ or\ table \rangle\}\ \{\langle f\}\ or\ subgrp \rangle\}
```

Create a caption only if is of this float type.

The second argument is {} if a regular float, or subgrp if \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs.

```
271 \newcommand*{\KFLT@captioniftype}[2]{%
272 \ifthenelse{\equal{\csname KFLT@#2type\endcsname}{#1}}%
273 {\KFLT@caption{#2}}%
274 {}%
275 }
```

```
\KFLT@dosimplecaption \{\langle star? \rangle\} \{\langle short\ cap\ or\ -NO\ VALUE- \rangle\} \{\langle caption \rangle\}
```

Calls \caption depending on several combinations of star and short captions being given.

```
276 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@dosimplecaption}{m m m}
277 {%
278 \unskip%
279 \IfBooleanTF{#1}% star?
280 {% star
281 \IfValueTF{#2}{\caption*[#2]{#3}}{\caption*{#3}}%
282 }% star
283 {% no star
284 \IfValueTF{#2}{\caption[#2]{#3}}{\caption{#3}}%
285 }% no star
286 }
```

\KFLT@docaption

```
* [\langle short\ caption \rangle] \{\langle caption \rangle\} \{\langle f\}\ or\ subgrp \rangle\}
```

Depending on whether the tocdata package is present, and an artist is specified, use either \caption or \captionartist.

The fourth argument is {} if a regular float, or subgrp if \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs.

See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: c, cstar, and sc.

There are two versions, depending on whether tocdata is loaded.

```
287 \@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
288 {% tocdata loaded

tocdata is loaded:

289 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
290 {%

Is this a figure?

291 \ifthenelse{\equal{\csname KFLT@#4type\endcsname}{figure}}%
292 {% figure

Is the last name empty? Assume no artist if so.

293 \ifcsempty{KFLT@#4al}%
294 {% figure w/o artist

A figure without an artist uses the simple caption.

295 \KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
296 }% figure w/o artist
```

A figure with an artist uses the tocdata \captionartist macro, which also creates an index entry.

```
298 \IfBooleanTF{#1}{% star
299 \captionartist*[#2]{#3}%
300 [\csname KFLT@#4t\endcsname]%
301 [\csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname]%
302 {\csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname}%
303 {\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname}%
304 [\csname KFLT@#4as\endcsname]%
305 }% star
306 {% no star
307 \captionartist[#2]{#3}%
308 [\csname KFLT@#4t\endcsname]%
309 [\csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname]%
310 {\csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname}%
311 {\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname}%
```

297 {% figure with an artist

```
312 [\csname KFLT@#4as\endcsname]%
              313 }% no star
              314}% figure with an artist
              315 }% figure
              316 \{\%\ not a figure, ignore artist information:
               If it isn't a figure, ignore artist information and create a simple caption:
              318 }% not a figure
              319 }% KFLT@tocdata
              320 }% tocdata loaded
              321 {% no tocdata
              322 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
               If tocdata is not loaded, use a simple caption.
              324 \KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
               Create an index entry depending on whether there is a last, first name:
              325 \ifcsempty{KFLT@#4al}%
              326 {}% no artist
              327 {% yes artist
              328 \ifcsempty{KFLT@#4af}%
              329 {\index{\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname}}%
              330 {\index{\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname, \csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname}}%
              331 }% yes artist
              332 }% KFLT@docaption
              333 }% no tocdata
\KFLT@caption \{\langle \{\} \ or \ subgrp \rangle\}
               Caption-creation logic.
               The argument is {} if a regular float, or subgrp if \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs.
               See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: c, cstar,
               and sc.
              334 \newcommand{\KFLT@caption}[1]{%
               A starred caption is printed but not numbered.
              335 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@#1cstar}}% starred caption?
               This is a starred caption:
```

```
336 {%starred caption
A key given as cstar={} yields a float with no caption at all.
337 \ifcsempty{KFLT@#1c}% cstar={}?
338 {}%
Non-empty starred caption might have a LOF entry if it has a short caption sc key:
339 {% non-empty starred caption
340 \ifcsempty{KFLT@#1sc}%
No sc short caption, but there is a cstar, so no LOF entry:
341 {}%
Both cstar and sc were given, so add a LOF entry:
342 {% non-empty cstar and sc:
343 \addcontentsline{\KFLT@listtype}%
344 {\csname KFLT@#1type\endcsname}{\KFLT@sc}%
345 }% non-empty cstar and sc
 cstar was given, so create an unnumbered caption:
346 \KFLT@docaption*{\csname \KFLT@#1c\endcsname}{#1}%
347 }%
348 }% starred caption
Unstarred caption c was given, so number this float:
349 {% unstarred caption
350 \frac{150}{\true{350}}
351 {% no short cap
352\ \ KFLT@docaption{\csname KFLT@#1c\endcsname}{#1}%
353 }% no short cap
354 {% short cap
355 \KFLT@docaption[\csname KFLT@#1sc\endcsname]%
356 {\csname KFLT@#1c\endcsname}{#1}%
357 }% short cap
Optional label:
358 \ifcsempty{KFLT0#11}%
360 {\label{\csname KFLT@#11\endcsname}}%
361 }% unstarred caption
362 }
```

## 3.11 Defaults for a New Float

\KFLT@defaults Defaults all settings before reading the keys.

```
363 \newcommand*{\KFLT@defaults}{%
364 \setboolean{KFLT@cont}{false}%
365 \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%
366 \setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}%
367 \renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{}%
368 \setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{false}%
369 \renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{figure}%
370 \renewcommand{\KFLT@listtype}{lof}%
371 \renewcommand{\KFLT@1}{}%
372 \renewcommand{\KFLT@ap}{}%
373 \renewcommand{\KFLT@af}{}%
374 \renewcommand{\KFLT@al}{}%
375 \renewcommand{\KFLT@as}{}%
376 \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{}%
377 \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{}%
378 \tdtextjustify%
379 \renewcommand{\KFLT@i}{}%
380 \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
381 \ensuremath{\KFLT@w}{0pt}\%
382 \setlength{\KFLT@h}{Opt}%
383 \renewcommand{\KFLT@s}{1}%
384 \renewcommand{\KFLT@r}{0}%
385 \setboolean{KFLT@f}{false}%
386 \setboolean{KFLT@ft}{false}%
387 \renewcommand{\KFLT@stretch}{1}%
388 \setlength{\KFLT@mo}{-1.2ex}%
389 \renewcommand{\KFLT@wp}{0}%
390 \renewcommand{\KFLT@va}{c}%
391 }
```

# 3.12 Row Start/End Processing

\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow Counts rows

After ending a preexisting row, move to the next row. The use of \defcounter makes this counter change local.

```
392 \newcommand*{\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow}{% 393 \KFLT@maybeendfloatrow% 394 \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{\value{KFLT@thiscol}+1}% 395 }
```

\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow Counts rows

Adds vertical space then resets to allow the start of a new row. The use of \defcounter makes this counter change local.

```
396 \newcommand*{\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow}{%
397 \ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{>=}{\value{KFLT@numcols}}}%
398 {%
399
400 \addvspace{.75\floatsep}%
401
402 \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
403 }{}%
```

# 3.13 Key Environment Helper Macros

```
\KFLT@trackrows Tracks and spaces rows and columns.
```

```
405 \newcommand{\KFLT@trackrows}
406 {%
If are nested inside a keyfloats or a subfloat:
407 \ifthenelse{%
408 \texttt{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}} > \{0\}\%
409 \OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
410 }%
411 {% nested
Tracks row start and end:
412 \KFLT@maybestartfloatrow%
Possibly fill space between columns:
414 {\hfill}{}%
415 }% nested
416 {}% not nested
417 }
```

\KFLT@addtext  $\{\langle f\} \ or \ subgrp \rangle\}$ 

Adds optional additional text.

The argument is  $\{\}$  if a regular float, or subgrp if  $\ensuremath{\texttt{keysubfigs}}$  or  $\ensubfigs$  or  $\ensuremath{\texttt{keysubfigs}}$  or  $\ensuremath{\texttt{keysubfi$ 

```
418 \mbox{ } \mbox{\command{\KFLT@addtext}[1]}
                                                                         419 {%
                                                                            Is there text to add?
                                                                         420 \ifcsempty{KFLT@#1t}%
                                                                         421 {}% no text
                                                                         422 {% text to add
                                                                         423 {% local
                                                                            Add some space, then create a full-width minipage to contain the text:
                                                                         424 \unskip%
                                                                         425 \texttt{\addvspace{2ex}\%}
                                                                         426 \verb|\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}| \%
                                                                            Set the alignment and some text parameters:
                                                                         427 \csname KFLT@#1textalign\endcsname%
                                                                         428 \footnotesize%
                                                                         429 \setlength{\parskip}{1.5ex}%
                                                                         430 \setlength{\parindent}{0em}%
                                                                            Typeset the actual text:
                                                                         431 \csname KFLT@#1t\endcsname%
                                                                            Close it all out with a little more space:
                                                                         432 \end{minipage}%
                                                                         433 \par\addvspace{2ex}%
                                                                         434 }% local
                                                                         435 }% text to add
                                                                         436 }
  \KFLT@optionalname \{\langle name \rangle\}
                                                                            Adds optional artist's name and the following space.
                                                                         437 \newcommand{\KFLT@optionalname}[1]
                                                                         438 {%
                                                                         439 \left\{ \frac{439}{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}^{1}_{1}
                                                                         440 {}%
                                                                         441 {#1~}%
                                                                         442 }
\KFLT@addartisttext \{\langle \textit{f}\}\ or\ \textit{subgrp}\ \rangle\}
```

Adds optional artist's name and add'l text.

The argument is {} if a regular float, or subgrp if \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs.

One of two versions is used, depending on whether the tocdata package is available.

If tocdata is loaded, this float is a figure, and artist information is given, then the float's artist's information and optional text will be printed elsewhere by \KFLT@caption. Otherwise, it is printed here along with the text.

Two versions, depending on whether tocdata is loaded:

```
443 \@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
444 {% tocdata loaded
If tocdata is loaded:
445 \newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
446 {%
 Only use the artist name if this is a figure:
447 \ifthenelse{\equal{\csname KFLTQ#1type\endcsname}{figure}}%
448 {% figure
 Only use the artist name if a last name is given:
449 \ifcsempty{KFLT@#1al}%
 A figure but no artist:
450 {\KFLT@addtext{#1}}%
A figure with an artist: will be handled by tocdata when the caption is created.
451 {}% fig w/ artist: text will be added by \captionartist in \KFLT@caption
452 }% figure
If not a figure, ignore artist information:
453 {\KFLT@addtext{#1}}%
454 }% KFLT@addartisttext
455 }% tocdata loaded
If tocdata is not loaded:
456 {% tocdata not loaded
457 \newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
```

```
458 {%
                     Only use the artist information if a last name is given:
                    459 \ifcsempty{KFLT0#1al}%
                    460 {}% last name not given
                    461 {% last name given
                     Add space and create the name inside a full-width minipage:
                    462 \addvspace{2ex}%
                    463 \begin{minipage}{\linewidth}\%
                     If tocdata is not used, the artist's name is always centered:
                    464 \centering\footnotesize\textsc{%
                    465 \KFLT@optionalname{\csname KFLT@#1ap\endcsname}%
                    466 \KFLT@optionalname{\csname KFLT@#1af\endcsname}%
                    467 \csname KFLT@#1al\endcsname\csname KFLT@#1as\endcsname%
                    468 }%
                    469 \neq \{minipage\}\%
                    470 \par\addvspace{2ex}%
                    471 }% last name given
                     Any additional text follows the artist's name:
                    472 \KFLT@addtext{#1}%
                    473 }% KFLT@addartisttext
                    474 }% tocdata not loaded
\KFLTimageboxwidth
                    The computed width of the object.
                     This may be used as the width parameter of a minipage to encase the object.
                    475 \neq 475 \pmod{KFLTimageboxwidth}
    KFLT@boxinner
                    Typeset the contents in a width which depends on the keys.
                    476 \newsavebox{\KFLT@envbox}
                    478 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxinner}{}
                    479 {% keyboxinner
                     (Possibly) frame the contents of an lrbox:
                    480 \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

```
481 \turn{\KFLT@r}%
                      Box the contents in the width computed by \KFLT@findwidths:
                     482 \neq KFLT@imagewidth}%
                      Spacing inside the box. Also default to regular justified text alignment.
                     483 \setlength{\parskip}{2ex}%
                     484 \ensuremath{\texttt{KFLT@stretch}}\%
                     485 }% keyboxinner
                      End of the environment:
                     486 {% endkeyboxinner
                     487 \endminipage%
                      End the rotated box:
                      488 \endturn%
                      Possibly frame:
                     489 \end{lrbox}%
                     490 \KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
                     491 \par\addvspace{2ex}%
                     492 }% endkeyboxinner
     \label{eq:keys} $$ \{\langle keys \rangle\} $$ {\langle figure/table \rangle} $$ {\langle lof/lot \rangle}$
                      Default the options, adjust for a table, then parse the keys:
                     493 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@boxkeys}{+m m m}
                     494 {%
                     495 \KFLT@defaults%
                     496 \renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{#2}%
                     497 \renewcommand{\KFLT@listtype}{#3}%
                     498 \st {KFLT@keys} {\#1}\%
                     499 }
_{
m Env} KFLT@boxouter \{\langle star? \rangle\} \{\langle loc \rangle\}
                      Boxes the contents of figures and floats.
                      Not used by subfigures.
```

Rotate the contents:

```
500 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxouter}{m m}
501 {% boxouter
 The keyfigure and keytable environments handle the contents in one of three pos-
 sible ways, depending on whether it is called alone, inside a keyfloats environment,
 or inside a keysubfigs or keysubtabs environment.
 Start the new subfigure or subtable, of the given width:
502 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}}%
503 {\csname sub\KFLT@type\endcsname{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}% subfloat
If keyfloats, place the contents inside a minipage:
504 {% not subfloat:
505 \left[ \text{KFLT@keyfloatdepth} \right] > \{0\} \%
506 {% keyfloats
507 \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}
508 {\minipage[t]{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}%
509 {\minipage[\KFLT@va]{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}%
510 \captionsetup*{type=\KFLT@type}%
511 }% keyfloats
512 {% not keyfloats
 Not a subfloat or keyfloats, so create a single float.
 See if inside a keywrap. If so, force [H] and vertical align top.
513 \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}%
514 {%
515 \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
516 \noindent\minipage[t]{\linewidth}%
517 \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
518 }%
519 {% not a keywrap
See if the float should [W]rap:
520 \verb|\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{W}}|%
 Place [W], so create a wrapfloat from the wrapfig package:
521 {% [W]
 Temporarily figure out \KFLT@imagewidth, and make the wrapped figure environ-
 ment as wide as the desired image size plus frame:
```

522 \KFLT@findwidths%

```
523 \csname wrap\KFLT@type\endcsname{\KFLT@wp}%
524 {\KFLT@imagewidth+2\KFLTlooseframewidth}%
 Change the interior image to the discovered fixed width.
525 \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
526 \renewcommand{\KFLT@w}{\KFLT@imagewidth}%
527 }% [W]
528 {% not [W]
530 \% See if the float should be positioned in the [M]argin:
531 %
        \begin{macrocode}
532 \left\{ \frac{42}{M} \right\}
Place [M], so create a marginfloat:
534 \csname margin\KFLT@type\endcsname[\KFLT@mo]%
535 \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
536 }% [M]
537 {% not [M}
538 %
539 % See if the float should be positioned [H]ere:
        \begin{macrocode}
541 \left\{ \frac{\#2}{H} \right\}%
Place [H], so create an inline minipage:
542 {% [H]
543 \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
544 \noindent\minipage [\KFLT@va] {\linewidth}%
545 \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
546 }% [H]
 Not [H], so create a float: For a starred float, make a two-column table in a two-col
 format.
547 {% not [H]
548 \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
549 {\csname \KFLT@type*\endcsname[#2]}{\csname \KFLT@type\endcsname[#2]}}
550 }% not [H]
551 }% not [M]
552 }% not [W]
553 }% not keywrap
554 }% not keyfloats
555 }% not subfloat
```

Handle a continued float. Ignored if in a subfloat.

```
556 \ \texttt{KFLT@cont} \} \{\texttt{ContinuedFloat} \} \} \%
Figure out image and parbox widths for the contents:
557 \KFLT@findwidths%
If a table, place the caption above the contents:
558 \KFLT@captioniftype{table}{}%
 Typeset the contents:
559 \center\unskip%
560 }% boxouter
End of the KFLT@boxouter environment:
561 {% endboxouter
562 \endcenter\unskip%
 Optionally print artist's name and additional text:
563 \KFLT@addartisttext{}%
If a figure, typeset the caption below the contents:
564 \KFLT@captioniftype{figure}{}%
If are inside keysubtabs, end the subtable:
565 \verb|\fifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}}|%
567 \csname endsub\KFLT@type\endcsname
568 }% subfloat
569 {% not subfloat
570 \left( \text{KFLT@keyfloatdepth} \right)  keyfloats?
571 {\endminipage}% keyfloats
572 {% not keyfloats
 Not subfloat or keyfloats, so is an individual float.
 Close the minipage or float:
 See if in a keywrap:
573 \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}{%
574 \endminipage%
575 \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
```

```
576 }
                577 {% not keywrap
                 See if the float should [W]rap:
                578 \ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{W}}%
                 Place [W], so close the wrap float:
                579 {% [W]
                580 \csname endwrap\KFLT@type\endcsname%
                581 }% [W]
                582 {% not [W]
                583 %
                584 \% See if the float should be positioned in the [M]argin:
                         \begin{macrocode}
                585 %
                586 \left\{ \frac{42}{M} \right\}
                 Place [M], so close the marginfloat:
                587 {% [M]
                588 \verb|\csname| endmargin\KFLT@type\endcsname%|
                589 }% [M]
                590 {% not [M]
                591 \left\{ \frac{\#2}{H} \right\}
                593 \endminipage% [H]
                594 \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
                595 }%
                596 {% not [H]
                597 \IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred float?
                598 {\csname end\KFLT@type*\endcsname}{\csname end\KFLT@type\endcsname}%
                599 }% not [H]
                600 }% not [M]
                601 }% not [W]
                602 }% not keywrap
                603 }% not keyfloats
                604 }% not subfloat
                605 }% endkeyboxouter
                          The keyfigure Environment
                 3.14
Env keyfigure * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle keys/values \rangle}
                606 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfigure}{s O{tbp} +m}
                607 {%
```

608 \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%

```
609 \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
610 \KFLT@boxinner%
611 }%
612 {%
613 \endKFLT@boxinner%
614 \endKFLT@boxouter%
615 }
```

Before keyfigure

Extra code to track rows outside of the keyfigure environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
616 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfigure}{%
617 \KFLT@trackrows%
618 }
```

### 3.15 The \keyfig Macro

```
\keyfig * [\langle 2: loc \rangle] {\langle 3: keys/values \rangle} {\langle 4: image\ filename \rangle}
```

A user-level macro to generate a figure with an image. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubfigs environment.

```
619 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyfig}{s O{tbp} +m m}
620 {%
621 \KFLT@trackrows%
622 \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%
```

After setting default values, override with the filename:

```
623 \renewcommand{\KFLT@i}{#4}%
624 \begingroup%
625 \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
626 \KFLT@onefigureimage%
627 \endKFLT@boxouter%
628 \endgroup%
629 }
```

#### 3.16 The \keyfigbox Macro

```
\verb|\keyfigbox| * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle keys/values \rangle} {\langle box\ contents \rangle}|
```

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubtabs environment.

```
630 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyfigbox}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
631 {%
632 \KFLT@trackrows%
633 \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%
634 \begingroup%
635 \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
636 \KFLT@boxinner%
637 #4%
638 \endKFLT@boxinner%
640 \endgroup%
641 }
```

# 3.17 The \keyparbox Macro

 $\verb|\keyparbox| * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle keys/values \rangle} {\langle box\ contents \rangle}|$ 

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a \keyfigbox with cstar={}. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubtabs environment.

```
642 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyparbox}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
643 {%
644 \KFLT@trackrows%
645 \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%
Force cstar={}:
646 \mbox{ } \mbox{KFLT@c}{}%
Continue like \figbox:
648 \begingroup%
649 \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
650 \KFLT@boxinner%
651 #4%
652 \endKFLT@boxinner%
653 \endKFLT@boxouter%
654 \endgroup\%
655 }
```

# 3.18 The \keytab Macro

 $\verb|\keytab| * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle keys/values \rangle} {\langle tabular\ contents \rangle}|$ 

A user-level macro to generate a table with tabular contents. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubtabs environment.

```
656 +
657 \NewDocumentCommand{\keytab}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
658 {%
659 \KFLT@trackrows%
660 \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{table}{lot}%
661 \begingroup%
662 \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
663 \KFLT@boxinner%
664 \centering%
665 #4%
666 \endKFLT@boxinner%
667 \endKFLT@boxouter%
668 \endgroup%
669 }
```

# 3.19 The keytable Environment

```
Env keytable * [\langle location | \langle keys/values \rangle \}

670 \NewDocumentEnvironment \{\text{keytable} \} \square 0 \{\text{tbp} \} +m\}

671 \{\langle \}

672 \KFLT@boxkeys \{\text{#3} \} \{\text{table} \} \{\text{10t} \} \\

673 \KFLT@boxouter \{\text{#1} \} \{\text{#2} \} \\

674 \KFLT@boxinner \(\lambda \)

675 \centering \(\lambda \)

676 \{\lambda \}

677 \{\lambda \}

678 \endKFLT@boxinner \(\lambda \)

679 \endKFLT@boxouter \(\lambda \)

680 \}
```

Before keytable Extra code to track rows outside of the keytable environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
681 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keytable}{% 682 \KFLT@trackrows% 683 }
```

#### 3.20 A Row of Floats

\KFLT@nonest Error message if tried to nest subfloats.

```
684 \newcommand*{\KFLT@nonest}{%
685 \ifthenelse{%
686 \cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}%
687 \OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
688 }%
689 {%
690 \PackageError{keyfloat}{Cannot nest keysubfigs or keysubtabs.%
691 (Not in outer par mode.)}%
692 {The subcaption package do not support nested environments, so%
693 the keyfloat package cannot place a keysubfigs or keysubtabs%
694 environment inside another, or inside a keyfloats.}%
695 }%
696 {}%
697 }
```

 ${\operatorname{Env}}$  keyfloats

\*  $[\langle loc \rangle]$  { $\langle num\ columns \rangle$ }

User-level macro to create rows of figures/tables. Wrapping occurs after the number of specified columns. keyfloats environments may be nested to create a vertical set of figures next to a single larger figure, for example.

Place \keyfig, \keyfigbox, and \keytab commands inside the keyfloats environment.

Note that lw linewidth keys may need to be adjusted inside a keyfloats, \keysubfigs, or \keysubtabs, since \linewidth changes depending on the number of columns. Likewise, manually-selected w width and h tags may need to be adjusted to prevent overflow.

```
698 \mbox{\em NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfloats}{s 0{tbp} m}} 699 {%}
```

Nest the environment:

700 \addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{1}%

If [H], nested, subfloats, or keywrap, use a minipage instead of a float:

```
701 \ifthenelse{%
702 \equal{#2}{H}%
703 \OR\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
704 \OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
705 \OR\boolean{KFLT@keywrap}%
706 }%
```

```
Create an inline minipage:
707 {% [H] or nested
If nested, use different spacing as was computed in the outer nesting level:
708 \ifthenelse{%
709 \cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
710 \OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
711 }%
712 {\noindent%
713 \begin{minipage}{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}%
715 {\bigbreak%
716 \noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}}%
If inside subfloats, generate subfigures by default:
717 \ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}}%
718 {}{\captionsetup*{type=figure}}%
719 }% [H] or nested
Isn't [H] or nested, so create a figure:
720 {% figure
721 \Tip Boolean TF \#1 \%  starred figure, two-col figure in a two-col format
722 {\begin{figure*}[#2]}{\begin{figure}[#2]}%
723 }% figure
Compute the width of each entry:
724 \ifthenelse{%
725 \cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
726 \OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
727 }%
Nested or subfloats:
728 {\tt \kflT@rowboxwidth} \{.9 \texttt{\kflT@rowboxwidth/\real} \} \} \%
 Keyfloats:
729 {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
 Center the contents:
730 \centering%
```

```
Count columns using \defcounter for a local effect:
731 \defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
732 \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
733 }% starting keyfloats environment
 When ending a keyfloats environment:
734 {% ending keyfloats environment
 [H] or rows/subfigs? Close a minipage:
735 \ifthenelse{%
736 \equal{#2}{H}%
737 \OR\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
738 \OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
739 \OR\boolean{KFLT@keywrap}%
740 }%
741 {\end{minipage}%
Spacing if nested:
742 \ifthenelse{%
743 \cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>\{0\}%
744 \OR\boolean{KFLT@keywrap}%
746 {}{\bigbreak}%
747 }% was [H]
Was not [H], so close a figure:
748 {% not [H]
749 \IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred figure?
750 {\end{figure*}}{\end{figure}}%
751 }% not [H]
 Unnest the environment:
752 \addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{-1}%
753 }
Extra code to track rows outside of the keyfloats environment, before it starts.
 This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.
754 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfloats}{%
 Track rows:
```

Before keyfloats

```
755 \ifthenelse{%
                       756 \cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}%
                       757 \OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
                       759 {\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow}{}%
                        Possibly fill space between columns:
                       760 \ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{>}{1}}%
                       761 {\hfill}{}%
                       762 }
                                Subfloats
                        3.21
\KFLT@subgrpdefaults Sets defaults before reading the keys.
                       763 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpdefaults}{%
                       764 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{false}%
                       765 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{}%
                       766 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}%
                       767 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{}%
                       768 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{false}%
                       769 \KFLT@setsubgrpfigure%
                       770 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpl}{}%
                       771 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap}{}%
                       772 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{}%
                       773 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpal}{}%
                       774 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpas}{}%
                       775 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{}%
                       776 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}
                       777 \tdtextjustify
                       778 }
     \KFLT@subfloats \{\langle starred? \rangle\} \{\langle loc \rangle\} \{\langle cols \rangle\} \{\langle keys/values \rangle\}
                        Start a subfloat environment
                       779 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@subfloats}{m m m +m}
                       780 {%
                        Parse the key-value combinations:
                       781 \setkeys{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{#4}%
                        Nest the environment:
                       782 \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{true}%
```

Figure out the width of each subfloat. If starred, use the full-page \textwidth, else use \linewidth. .9 is used to leave a little room between columns.

```
783 \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
784 {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\textwidth/\real{#3}}}%
785 {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
If [H], or in a keywrap, create an inline minipage:
786 \ifthenelse{%
787 \equal{#2}{H}%
788 \OR\boolean{KFLT@keywrap}%
789 }%
791 \bigbreak\noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
792 }%
Isn't [H], so create a float, possibly starred:
793 {%
794 \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
795 {\begin{\KFLT@subgrptype*}[#2]}{\begin{\KFLT@subgrptype}[#2]}%
796 }%
Set the caption type:
797 \captionsetup*{type=\KFLT@subgrptype}%
Process continued floats:
Center the contents:
799 \center\unskip%
If this is a table, place the caption above the contents:
800 \KFLT@captioniftype{table}{subgrp}%
Not yet started a row of subfloats. The use of \defcounter makes these changes
local.
801 \defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
802 \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
```

Creat a group for the subfloats. Necessary in case they change \tdtextcenter, etc.

```
803 \begingroup%
                      804 }
\KFLT@endsubfloats \{\langle starred? \rangle\}\ \{\langle loc \rangle\}
                       Ends a subfloat environment.
                      805 \newcommand*{\KFLT@endsubfloats}[2]{%
                       End the group containing the subfloats:
                      806 \endgroup%
                      807 \unskip\endcenter%
                       A little extra space at the bottom:
                      808 \par\addvspace{\bigskipamount}%
                       Optionally print artist's name and additional text:
                      809 \KFLT@addartisttext{subgrp}%
                      If this was a figure, place the caption below the contents:
                      810 \KFLT@captioniftype{figure}{subgrp}%
                       End the float or minipage:
                      811 \ifthenelse{%
                      812 \equal{#2}{H}%
                      813 \OR\boolean\{KFLT@keywrap\}\%
                      814 }%
                      815 {\ensuremath{\mbox{minipage}}\bigbreak}\% \ was \ [H]
                      816 {% not [H]:
                      817 \IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred?
                      818 {\c {\c KFLT@subgrptype*}}_{\c MFLT@subgrptype}}%
                      819 }% not [H]
                       Unnest the environment:
                      820 \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}%
                      821 }
   Env keysubfigs * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle numcols \rangle} {\langle keys/values \rangle}
                       A group of subfigures typeset in rows.
```

```
822 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubfigs}{s O{tbp} m +m}
              Error if trying to nest environments:
              824 \KFLT@nonest%
              Default the options:
              825 \ KFLT@subgrpdefaults\%
              Start of the environment:
              826 \KFLT@subfloats{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
              827 }% the start of the environment
              end of the environment:
              829 \KFLT@endsubfloats{#1}{#2}%
              830 }
              * [\langle loc \rangle] \{\langle numcols \rangle\} \{\langle keys/values \rangle\}
keysubtabs
              A group of subtables typeset in rows.
              831 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubtabs}{s O{tbp} m +m}
              832 {%
              Error if trying to nest environments:
              833 \KFLT@nonest%
              Default the options:
              834 \KFLT@subgrpdefaults\%
              Default to table float type:
              835 \KFLT@setsubgrptable%
              Start of the environment:
              836 \KFLT@subfloats{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
              837 }% the start of the environment
              End of the environment:
```

```
838 {%
839 \KFLT@endsubfloats{#1}{#2}%
840 }
```

### 3.22 Margin Floats

```
KFLT@marginfloat [\langle offset \rangle] \{\langle type \rangle\}
                     841 \newsavebox{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}
                     842
                     843 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@marginfloat}{O{-1.2ex} m}
                     844 {% start
                     845 \FloatBarrier% keep floats in order
                     846 \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}%
                     847 \begin{minipage}{\marginparwidth}%
                     848 \captionsetup{type=#2}%
                     849 \hbox{}\vspace*{#1}%
                     850 \noindent%
                     851 }% start
                     852 {\end{minipage}%
                     853 \end{lrbox}%
                     854 \marginpar{\usebox{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}}%
                     855 }
      marginfigure [\langle offset \rangle]
                     856 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{marginfigure}{0{-1.2ex}}
                          {\begin{KFLT@marginfloat}[#1]{figure}}
                          {\end{KFLT@marginfloat}}
       margintable [\langle \textit{offset} \rangle]
                     859 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{margintable}{O{-1.2ex}}
                          {\begin{KFLT@marginfloat}[#1]{table}}
                           {\end{KFLT@marginfloat}}
                     861
                      Tells the next keyfloat to wrap around some text.
       KFL@keywrap
                     862 \newboolean{KFLT@keywrap}
                     863 \boolfalse{KFLT@keywrap}
\KFLT@keywrapwidth
                      The width of the object to be wrapped beside the text.
                     864 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}
```

```
The \parskip outside of the keywrap.
 \KFLT@keywrapparskip
                         865 \verb|\newlength{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}|
                          The \parindent outside of the keywrap.
                    Len
\KFLT@keywrapparindent
                         866 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}
           Env keywrap \{\langle width \rangle\}\ \{\langle keyfloat \rangle\}
                         867 \DeclareDocumentEnvironment{keywrap}{m +m}
                         869 \par%
                         870 \setlength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{\linewidth}%
                         871 \addtolength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{-#1}%
                         872 \addtolength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{-2em}%
                         873 \minipage[t]{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}%
                         875 \setlength{\parskip}{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}%
                         876 \setlength{\parindent}{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}%
                         877 \booltrue{KFLT@keywrap}%
                         878 }
                         879 {%
                         880 \par
                         881 \endminipage%
                         882 \hfill%
                         883 \begin{minipage}[t]{#1}%
                         884 \booltrue{KFLT@keywrap}%
                         885 #2%
                         886 \par
                         887 \unskip\vspace{\smallskipamount}
                         888 \end{minipage}%
                         889 \par
                         890 }
                         891
                         892 \BeforeBeginEnvironment\{keywrap\}\{
                         893 \setlength{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}{\parskip}
                         894 \setlength{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}{\parindent}
                         895 }
```

# Change History and Index

# Change History

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\KFLT@addtext: Improved	General: $2017/01/18 \dots 1$
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