The withargs package*

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Development of this package is organized at github.com/mhelvens/latex-with args. I am happy to receive feedback there!

1 Introduction

An example is worth a thousand words:

```
\withargs [!] [Hello] [world] { #2 #3#1 }
Hello world!
```

A quick explanation: we're passing three pieces of LATEX code in the form of optional arguments to the final argument, which forms the output. We're defining a new anonymous macro and invoking it right away. Up to seven optional arguments are supported.

1.1 Why is this useful?

One of the main use-cases for this package is to insert the expanded result of a computation into the middle of a big blob of code that *shouldn't* be expanded. This is possible because argument substitution bypasses the expansion process:

```
\def \expectedResult {\bas}
\def \actualResult {\bas}
\withargs (oo) [\actualResult] [\expectedResult] {
    \texttt{\detokenize{
        The \foo variable resulted in `#1' instead of `#2'!
    }}
}
The \foo variable resulted in '\bas ' instead of '\bar '!
```

'(oo)' indicates that both arguments should be expanded 'once'. Any optional LATEX3 style argument specification between parentheses may be specified to control expansion.

^{*}This document corresponds to withargs v0.2.0, dated 2016/12/19.

You can define your own commands accepting 'templates' with TEX-style parameters:

```
\newcommand{\NewPost}[4]{
    % #1: author % #2: title
    % #3: content
                     % #4: template
    \withargs (xnn) [#1] [#2] [#3] {#4}
\def\MyPost{ \NewPost{Author}{Title}
    {Boy, do I have some important stuff to say!} }
\begin{tabular}{p{3.5cm}p{3.5cm}p{3.5cm}}
    \MyPost{\textbf{#2\hfill#1}\vskip1mm\hrule\vskip1mm\textit{#3}} &
    \MyPost{\fbox{#1: ''#2''}\par#3\vskip1mm\hrule}
    \MyPost{#2: #3\hfill\textit{(#1)}}
\end{tabular}
 Title
             Author
                       Author: "Title"
                                            Title: Boy, do I have
                      Boy, do I have some
                                            some important stuff
 Boy, do I have some
                      important stuff to say!
                                            to say!
                                                        (Author)
 important stuff to say!
```

Generally, if speed is not a concern, \withargs can be used to make IATEX code more readable in a variety of situations.

2 Document Level Commands

```
\withargs (\langle argument specification \rangle) [\langle 1 \rangle 1 \rangle 1 \rangle 2 \rangle 2 \rangle 1 \rangle 2 \ra
```

Leaves $\langle body \rangle$ in the output with #1...#7 replaced by optional arguments $\langle 1 \rangle$... $\langle 7 \rangle$.

An optional LATEX3 style $\langle argument\ specification \rangle$ between parentheses can be provided, in which case the arguments undergo expansion as specified before being placed in the $\langle body \rangle$. Here is an example demonstrating the possible expansion types:

```
\def\foo{\bar}
            \def\s{s}
                      \def\bar{ba\s}
                                   \def\bas{FOO-BAR-BAS}
                 f
       [\foo][\foo][\foo][\foo][\foo] {
   \begin{tabular}{llll}
      n: & \texttt{\detokenize{#1}} & % no expansion
      f: & \textt{\detokenize{#3}} & % expand until unexpandable
      x: & \textt{\detokenize{#4}} \\ % exhaustive expansion
      v: & \texttt{\detokenize{#6}}
                               % 'c', then 'o'
   \end{tabular}
n: \foo
        o: \bar
f:
   ba\s
        x: bas
        v: FOO-BAR-BAS
   \bas
```

Note that all spaces in the $\langle argument\ specification \rangle$ are ignored. For details about LATEX3 argument specifications, have a look at the following documentation:

```
http://www.ctan.org/pkg/expl3
```

\uniquecsname

Perhaps a bit misleading, \uniquecsname is not actually defined as a command, but \uniquecsname recognizes it as a special marker. If an optional \uniquecsname argument consists entirely of \uniquecsname, it is replaced by a command sequence name which is guaranteed to be unique...unless you look at the source code (Section 4) and intentionally replicate the naming scheme.

```
\withargs (ccc) [\uniquecsname][\uniquecsname] [\uniquecsname] {
    \def#1{A} \let\A#1
    \def#2{B}
    \def#3{C}
    #3#2#1%
}%
(\A)
CBA(A)
```

3 LATEX3 Functions

The LATEX3 functions underlying the functionality of \withargs are also available as is.

```
\withargs:nnnnnnnn
```

```
\overbrace{\{\langle 1 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 2 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 3 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 4 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 5 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 6 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 7 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 8 \rangle\} \ \{\langle body \rangle\}}
```

These functions do pretty much the same thing as the main \withargs macro, except that the argument specification is embedded in the function name as per LATEX3 coding convention, so a parameter slot is freed up for custom use. They are slightly faster than \withargs, as there is no need to gather optional arguments or do any error checking. The downside is that the \uniquecsname marker doesn't work for these.

To use a specific expansion scheme, you have to define a variant:

```
\ExplSyntaxOn
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \withargs:nn {cn}
   \withargs:cn {LaTeX} {#1}
\ExplSyntaxOff

LATeX
```

Read the LATEX3 documentation for details.

4 Implementation

We now show and explain the entire implementation from withargs.sty.

4.1 Package Info

```
\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
\text{2 \RequirePackage{expl3}}
\text{3 \ProvidesExplPackage{withargs}{2016/12/19}{0.2.0}}
\text{4 \quad an inline construct for passing token lists as TeX parameters}
```

4.2 Required Packages

We just need some expl3-ish packages.

```
5 \RequirePackage{xparse}
6 \RequirePackage{13regex}
```

4.3 LaTeX3 Functions

```
\overbrace{\{\langle 1 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 2 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 3 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 4 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 5 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 6 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 7 \rangle\} \ \{\langle 8 \rangle\} } \ \{\langle body \rangle\}
```

These are the expl3 API versions of the \withargs command. The implementation is quite straight-forward. This technique has to be used by any library command that accepts TEX-style parameters.

```
\withargs:nn
\withargs:nnnn
\withargs:nnnnn
\withargs:nnnnnn
\withargs:nnnnnnn
\withargs:nnnnnnnn
\withargs:nnnnnnnn
```

```
7 \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:n ##1 {#2}
                \__withargs:n
                                  {#1} }
10 \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nnn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:nn ##1##2 {#3}
                \__withargs:nn
                                  {#1}{#2} }
13 \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nnnn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:nnn ##1##2##3 {#4}
                \__withargs:nnn {#1}{#2}{#3} }
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nnnnn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:nnnn ##1##2##3##4 {#5}
                \__withargs:nnnn {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4} }
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nnnnnn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:nnnnn ##1##2##3##4##5 {#6}
                \__withargs:nnnnn {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5} }
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nnnnnnn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:nnnnnn ##1##2##3##4##5##6 {#7}
                \_withargs:nnnnnn {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6} }
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nnnnnnnn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:nnnnnnn ##1##2##3##4##5##6##7
                \__withargs:nnnnnn {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}{#7} }
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \withargs:nnnnnnnn {
    \cs_set:Npn \__withargs:nnnnnnn ##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8
                \__withargs:nnnnnnn {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}{#7}{#8} }
```

4.4 Document Level Command

LATEX3 argument specification not longer than #1 — a prefix.

This is a convenience command for generating and using a \withargs: variant in one go. I only use it for the document-level command, since those users can't roll their own.

#1 should be the number of optional \withargs arguments and #2 should be a

```
31 \cs_new:Nn \__withargs_var:nn {
    \cs_generate_variant:cx
      { withargs : \prg_replicate:nn{#1}{n} n }
34
      { #2 n }
    \use:c {
35
      withargs :
37
      \prg_replicate:nn{#1-\tl_count:n{#2}}{n}
38
39
    }
40
41 }
42 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__withargs_var:nn {nx}
43 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \cs_generate_variant:Nn {cx}
```

\ withargs process uniquecsname:n $\{\langle argument \rangle\}$

An xparse processor function to pass a unique control sequence name if the argument given was '\uniquecsname'.

 $_$ withargs_remove_spaces:n $\{\langle argument \rangle\}$

An xparse processor function to remove all spaces from the argument.

```
54 \cs_new_protected:Nn\__withargs_remove_spaces:n{
55 \tl_set:Nn \ProcessedArgument {#1}
56 \tl_remove_all:Nn\ProcessedArgument {~}
57 }
```

\withargs (\langle argument specification \rangle) [\langle 1 \rangle] [\langle 2 \rangle] [\langle 3 \rangle] [\langle 5 \rangle] [\langle 6 \rangle] [\langle 7 \rangle] \{\langle body \rangle \rangle }

This is the document version of the \withargs command.

```
58 \NewDocumentCommand {\withargs}
      { >{\__withargs_remove_spaces:n}
                                                D(){} % argument spec
        >{\__withargs_process_uniquecsname:n} +o
                                                      % up to 7 optional args
60
        >{\__withargs_process_uniquecsname:n} +o
61
        >{\__withargs_process_uniquecsname:n} +o
62
        >{\__withargs_process_uniquecsname:n} +o
63
        >{\__withargs_process_uniquecsname:n} +o
64
        >{\__withargs_process_uniquecsname:n} +o
65
        >{\__withargs_process_uniquecsname:n} +o
66
                                               +m } { % the body to execute
```

We first check if the argument specification is valid. It has to be between 0 and 7 characters long and each symbol has to be one of 'noxfcv'. Otherwise: error! The variants 'N' and 'V' are not supported (yet) because they collect arguments differently than the others, and frankly, I didn't want to bother.

```
\regex_match:nnF {^[nofxcv]{0,7}$} {#1}
\[ \msg_critical:nnn{withargs}{invalid-parameter-specs}{#1} \]
```

The next bit counts the number of optional arguments provided using binary search. If #1 specifies *more* arguments than were provided: error!

```
\int_set:Nn \l__with_arg_int {
      \IfNoValueTF {#5}
       { \IfNoValueTF {#3} { \IfNoValueTF{#2} 0 1 }
                            { \IfNoValueTF{#4} 2 3 } }
       { \IfNoValueTF {#7} { \IfNoValueTF{#6} 4 5 }
                            { \IfNoValueTF{#8} 6 7 } }
75
    }
77
    \int_compare:nNnT {\tl_count:n{#1}} > {\l_with_arg_int} {
78
      \msg_error:nnxxx{withargs}{invalid-parameter-number}
79
        { \tl_count:n{#1} }
80
        { \int_use:N \l__with_arg_int }
81
        { #1 }
82
83
    }
```

We can then call the right variant of \withargs:.

```
\int_case:nnF {\l__with_arg_int} {
      {1} { \__withargs_var:nx1{#1} {#2}
                                                                  {#9} }
85
      {2} { \__withargs_var:nx2{#1} {#2}{#3}
                                                                  {#9} }
86
      {3} { \__withargs_var:nx3{#1} {#2}{#3}{#4}
                                                                  {#9} }
87
      {4} { \__withargs_var:nx4{#1} {#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}
                                                                  {#9} }
88
      {5} { \__withargs_var:nx5{#1} {#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}
                                                                  {#9} }
89
      {6} { \__withargs_var:nx6{#1} {#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}{#7}
                                                                  {#9} }
      {7} { \_withargs\_var:nx7{#1} {#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}{#7}{#8}{#9} }
    }{}
```

```
93 }
94 \int_new:N \l__with_arg_int
```

The following is the error message displayed if the argument specification is ill-formed:

```
95 \msg_new:nnnn{withargs}{invalid-parameter-specs}{
96    The~argument~specification~'#1'~is~not~valid.
97  }{
98    The~argument~specification~should~consist~of~between~one~
99    and~seven~of~the~letters~'n',~'o',~'f',~'x',~'c',~'v'.
100 }
```

This is the error message displayed if the number of provided optional arguments is inconsistent with the provided argument specification.

```
101 \msg_new:nnnn{withargs}{invalid-parameter-number}{
102    You~specified~#1~arguments~but~provided~#2.
103  }{
104    Your~argument~specification~is~'#3',~which~means~you~should~
105    provide~#1~optional~arguments.~However,~you~provided~#2.~
106    You~should~fix~that.
107 }
```

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