# multidef: quick definition of multiple similar LATEX macros

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#### Abstract

multidef provides a succinct way of defining series of macros having similar definitions. While this can be achieved quite easily with a little of TeX programming, I found no package offering a command similar to the \multidef command defined in the present package.

## 1 Usage

The command \multidef can be used to quickly define several similar macros. For instance:

\multidef{\textit{#1}}{apple,banana,strb->strawberry}

After this single line, you can use commands \apple, \banana and \strb to write their names in italics: apple, banana, and strawberry.

The package has several features, such as

- adding prefix/suffix to all command names;
- raising errors and/or warnings if some commands are already defined;
- allowing commands with arguments.

For example, after writing

## 2 Examples

I very often use the \mathcal command to get calligraphic-font letters in math mode. With multidef I now simply write

 $\label{lem:likelihood} $$ \mathbf{prefix=cal} {\operatorname{\mathbf{mathcal}}} {A-Z} $$$ 

and write  $\c alg$  to write G. Here A-Z is a shorthand for the 26 letters of the basic Latin alphabet.

In the same way, I can define

As a last example, we can use multidef to redefine all \...name (e.g. \refname, \partname, ...) commands succinctly. For this, we would deactivate the error and warning mechanisms, as we know we are redefining those macros:

```
\multidef[noerr,nowarn,suffix=name]{#1}{ref->R\'ef\'erences,
    part->Partie, appendix->Annexe,...}
```

Then \refname contains 'Références'.

## 3 The code

```
1 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1994/12/01]
2 \ProvidesPackage{multidef}[2016/04/20 v1.10 definition of multiple commands]
```

We begin with importing package trimspaces, or to define its command \trim@spaces, in order to trim unwanted spaces in arguments:

### \trim@spaces

```
3 \IfFileExists{trimspaces.sty}
    {\RequirePackage{trimspaces}}
   {}
6 %% borrowing code from trimspaces, if package was not found.
7 \catcode'\Q=3
8 \@ifundefined{trim@spaces}
     {\PackageWarning{multidef}
9
       {Package trimspaces.sty not found.^^JDefining \noexpand\trim@spaces myself}
10
      \newcommand\trim@spaces[1]{%
11
12
       \romannumeral-'\q\trim@trim@\noexpand#1Q Q%
13
      \long\def\trim@trim@#1 Q{\trim@trim@@#1Q}
14
      \long\def\trim@trim@0#1Q#2{#1}}
     {}
17 \catcode '\Q=11
18 %%
```

We use xkeyval to handle package and command options. The package has two options, noerr and nowarn. The former tells multidef not to raise an error when redefining a command (default to true). The latter tells not to raise a warning (defaults to false). Thus the default behaviour is to only raise a warning when redefining a command. Notice that the keys noerr and nowarn are also available as arguments of the \multidef command, to change the selected behaviour locally.

```
noerr
nowarn
       19 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
        20 \define@boolkeys{mdef}{noerr,nowarn}[true]
        22 \DeclareOptionX{nowarn}[true]{\setkeys{mdef}{nowarn=#1}}
        23 \ExecuteOptionsX{noerr=false,nowarn=false}
        24 \ProcessOptionsX
        25 \ifKV@mdef@noerr
        26 \presetkeys{mdef}{noerr=true}{}
        27 \ensuremath{\setminus} \text{else}
        28 \presetkeys{mdef}{noerr=false}{}
        29 \fi
        30 \ifKV@mdef@nowarn
        31 \presetkeys{mdef}{nowarn=true}{}
        32 \else
        33 \presetkeys{mdef}{nowarn=false}{}
        34 \fi
```

We have five main other keys to be used by the \multidef command:

- prefix and suffix define the prefix and suffix to be used in the name of the command. These keys have equivalent shorthands p and s.
- arg (and the equivalent args) can be used to define the number of arguments of the series of commands to be defined.
- long and global can be used to define \long and \global macros,
- robust can be used to define robust commands.

We define shorthands for defining series of commands indexed by letters of the alphabet. Can be useful sometimes...

We now define \multidef: it will first deal with option keys, store the definition of the commands being defined, and then call its friend \@mdef, whose role is to deal with each entry in the comma-separated list.

#### \multidef

```
49 \newcommand\multidef[3][]{%
50 \setkeys{mdef}{#1}%
51 \def\@mdef@com##1{#2}%
52 \@mdef#3,\@end}
```

Command \@mdef takes the first item in the comma-separated list, and first checks if it is a shorthand a-z or A-Z. If not, it calls \@@mdef on the first item, and \@mdef on the remainder of the list.

#### \@mdef

```
53 \def\@mdef #1,#2\@end{%
    \edef\@mdef@arg{\trim@spaces{#1}}%
    \ifx\@mdef@arg\@mdef@az
55
      \expandafter\@mdef \@mdef@alphabet,\@end
56
57
      \ifx\@mdef@arg\@mdef@AZ
58
        \expandafter\@mdef \@mdef@Alphabet,\@end
59
60
        \expandafter\@@mdef\@mdef@arg->->-\@end
61
      \fi
62
    \fi
63
    \def\@mdef@arg{#2}%
64
    \ifx\@mdef@arg\@empty\else\@mdef #2\@end\fi}
```

Now, command \@@mdef checks if the command name already exists, and issues errors and warning if needed. It also calls \@@@mdef with two arguments: the first one is the string to be used in the name of the command, the second one is the string to be used in the definition. The latter might be the empty string in case both strings are supposed to be the same.

```
\@@mdef
\@mdef@redeftok
                  66 \newtoks\@mdef@redeftok
   \@mdef@comma
                  67 \def\@mdef@comma{}
\@mdef@finalwarn
                  68 \def\@@mdef#1->#2->#3\@end{%
                      \@ifundefined{\@mdprefix#1\@mdsuffix}
                  69
                         {\@@@mdef{#1}{#2}}
                  70
                         {\ifKV@mdef@nowarn\else
                  71
                            \edef\@mdef@redef{\the\@mdef@redeftok\@mdef@comma
                  72
                  73
                              \@backslashchar\@mdprefix#1\@mdsuffix}
```

```
\def\@mdef@comma{, }
74
         \global\@mdef@redeftok=\expandafter{\@mdef@redef}
75
76
       \fi
77
       \ifKV@mdef@noerr
         \000mdef{#1}{#2}%
78
         \ifKV@mdef@nowarn\else
79
           \PackageWarning{multidef}
80
              {command \expandafter\noexpand\csname\@mdprefix#1\@mdsuffix\endcsname
81
                redefined}
82
         \fi
83
       \else
84
         \PackageError{multidef}
85
           {command \expandafter\noexpand\csname\@mdprefix#1\@mdsuffix\endcsname
              already defined}\@ehc
87
88
       \ifKV@mdef@nowarn\else
89
         \@ifundefined{@mdwarnonce}
90
            {\def\@mdwarnonce{}%
91
             \@mdef@finalwarn}
92
93
           {}
       \fi}
94
95 }
96 \def\@mdef@finalwarn{%
    \AtEndDocument{\PackageWarningNoLine{multidef}{There were
       redefined commands (\the\@mdef@redeftok)}}}
```

Finally, \@@@mdef calls \@mdef@def or \@mdef@robdef (if option robust was passed) with the appropriate arguments. This is where the commands are really defined. The definitions of \@mdef@def and \@mdef@robdef use \@yargd@f, following the definition of \newcommand and \DeclareRobustCommand in IATEX.

```
\@@@mdef
   \@mdef@def
               99 \def\@@@mdef#1#2{\def\@arg@{#2}%
\@mdef@robdef
              100
                    \ifx\@arg@\@empty
                      \ifKV@mdef@robust
              102
                        \expandafter\def\expandafter\@mdef@cmdname
                          \expandafter{\csname\@mdprefix#1\@mdsuffix\endcsname}%
              103
                        \expandafter\@mdef@robdef\@mdef@cmdname{#1}%
              104
                      \else
              105
                        \@mdef@def{#1}{#1}%
              106
                      \fi
              107
                    \else
              108
                      \ifKV@mdef@robust
              109
                        \expandafter\def\expandafter\@mdef@cmdname
              110
                          \expandafter{\csname\@mdprefix#1\@mdsuffix\endcsname}
              111
              112
                        \expandafter\@mdef@robdef\@mdef@cmdname{#2}%
              113
                      \else
              114
                        \@mdef@def{#1}{#2}%
              115
                      \fi
                    \fi}
              116
```

```
117 \def\@mdef@def#1#2{%
                                \let\reserved@b\@gobble
118
                                 \ifKV@mdef@global\let\@mdglobal\global\else\let\@mdglobal\relax\fi
119
 120
                                 \ifKV@mdef@long\let\@mdlong\long\else\let\@mdlong\relax\fi
121
                                 \def\l@ngrel@x{\@mdlong\@mdglobal}
                                 \verb|\expandafter| @ yargd @ f = pandafter & csname | left = left 
 122
                                 \verb|\downdown=| expandafter| omdsuffix expandafter| endcsname| expandafter| omdef| omd
 123
124 }
125 \def\@mdef@robdef#1#2{%
                                 \edef\reserved@a{\string#1}%
 126
                                  \def\reserved@b{#1}%
127
                                  \edef\reserved@b{\expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\reserved@b}%
 128
 129
                                  \global\edef#1{%
 130
                                                       \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b
  131
                                                                          \noexpand\x@protect
132
                                                                          \noexpand#1%
                                                    \fi
133
                                                      \noexpand\protect
134
                                                       \expandafter\noexpand\csname
135
 136
                                                                         \expandafter\@gobble\string#1 \endcsname
 137
                                 \let\reserved@b\@gobble
 138
                                 \ifKV@mdef@global\let\@mdglobal\global\else\let\@mdglobal\relax\fi
 139
                                 \ifKV@mdef@long\let\@mdlong\long\else\let\@mdlong\relax\fi
 140
  141
                                  \def\l@ngrel@x{\@mdlong\@mdglobal}
                                  \verb|\expandafter| @ yargd @ f = pandafter & csname | csna
 142
                                              \expandafter\@gobble\string#1 \expandafter\endcsname
143
                                              \expandafter{\@mdef@com{#2}}
144
145 }
```