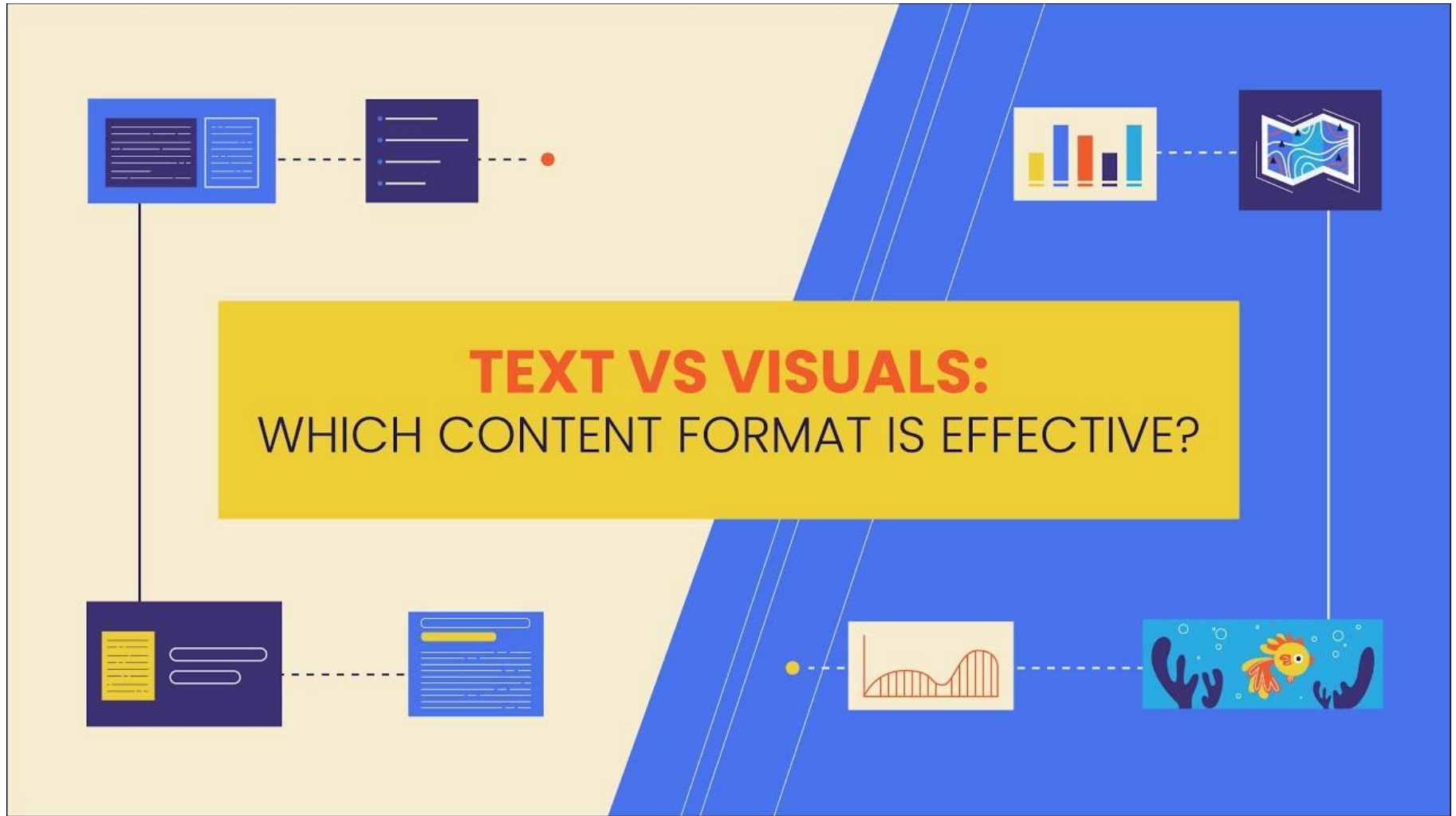


# CSCI 491: Data Visualization

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## 2- Intro to Data Viz



**The human brain  
can process entire  
images that the eye  
sees for as little as**

**13 milliseconds.**



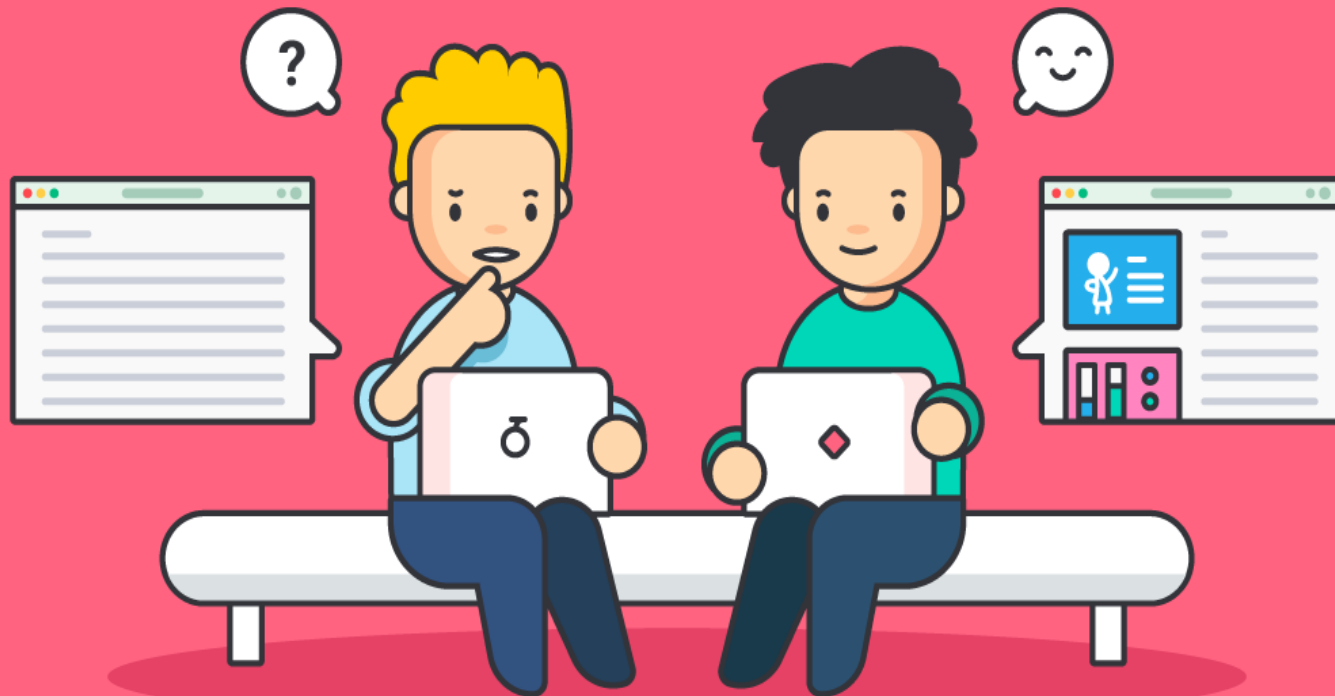
Source: Trafton, Anne. "In the Blink of an Eye." MIT News, 16 Jan. 2014, [news.mit.edu/2014/in-the-blink-of-an-eye-0116](https://news.mit.edu/2014/in-the-blink-of-an-eye-0116).

When an image is seen for only **13 milliseconds** before the next image appears, a part of the brain continues to process the images longer than the amount of time it was seen.



Source: Trafton, Anne. "In the Blink of an Eye." MIT News, 16 Jan. 2014, [news.mit.edu/2014/in-the-blink-of-an-eye-0116](https://news.mit.edu/2014/in-the-blink-of-an-eye-0116).

People following directions with text and illustrations do **323%** better than those following directions without illustrations.



Source: Levie, W. Howard, and Richard Lentz. "Effects of Text Illustrations: A Review of Research." SpringerLink, Springer US, [link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02765184](https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02765184).

When people hear information,  
they're likely to remember only  
**10%** of that information three  
days later.



On the other hand, if a relevant  
image is paired with that same  
information, people retained **65%**  
of the information three days later.

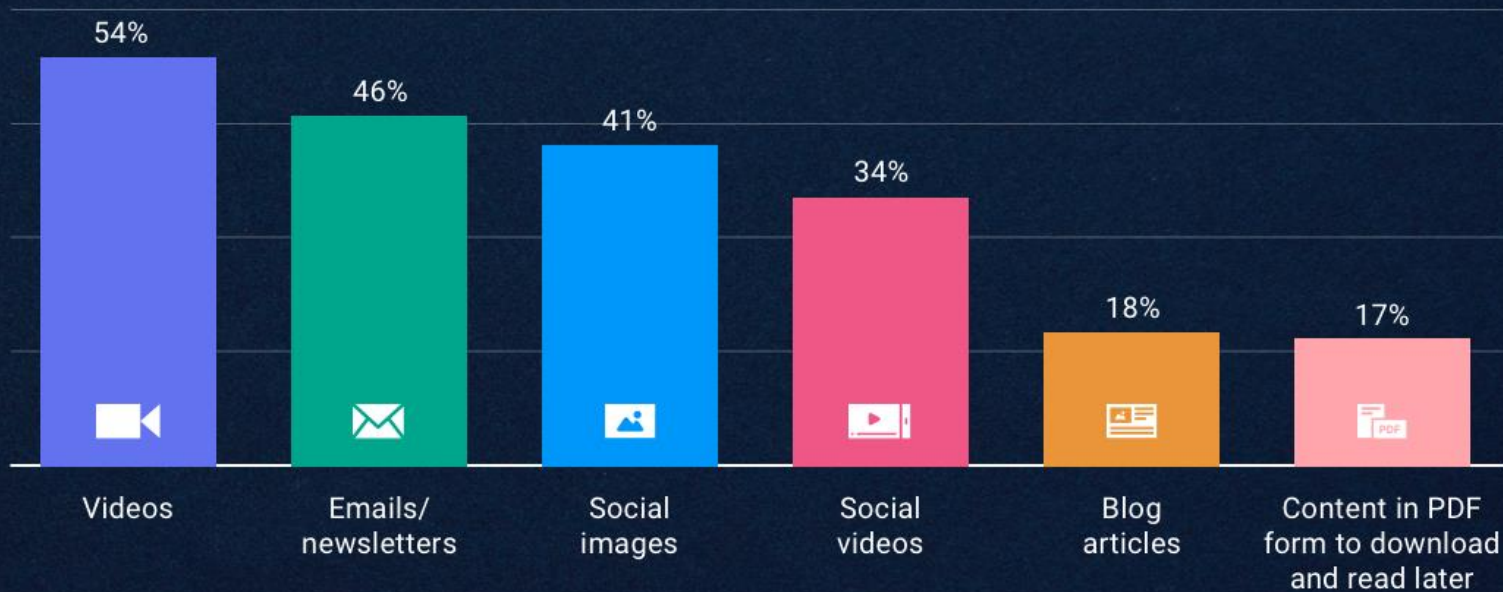


# For brands, video content is preferred

What kind of content do you want to see from a brand or business you support?

Base: 3,010 consumers in the US, Germany, Colombia, and Mexico

Source: HubSpot Content Trends Survey, Q3 2017




HubSpot Research. "For Brands, Video Content Is Preferred." HubSpot, 6 Nov. 2017, 4:00 PM, [research.hubspot.com/charts/branded-video-is-preferred?\\_ga=2.92104156.738761.1558674225-1354508679.1558674225](https://research.hubspot.com/charts/branded-video-is-preferred?_ga=2.92104156.738761.1558674225-1354508679.1558674225).

easelly



# Example

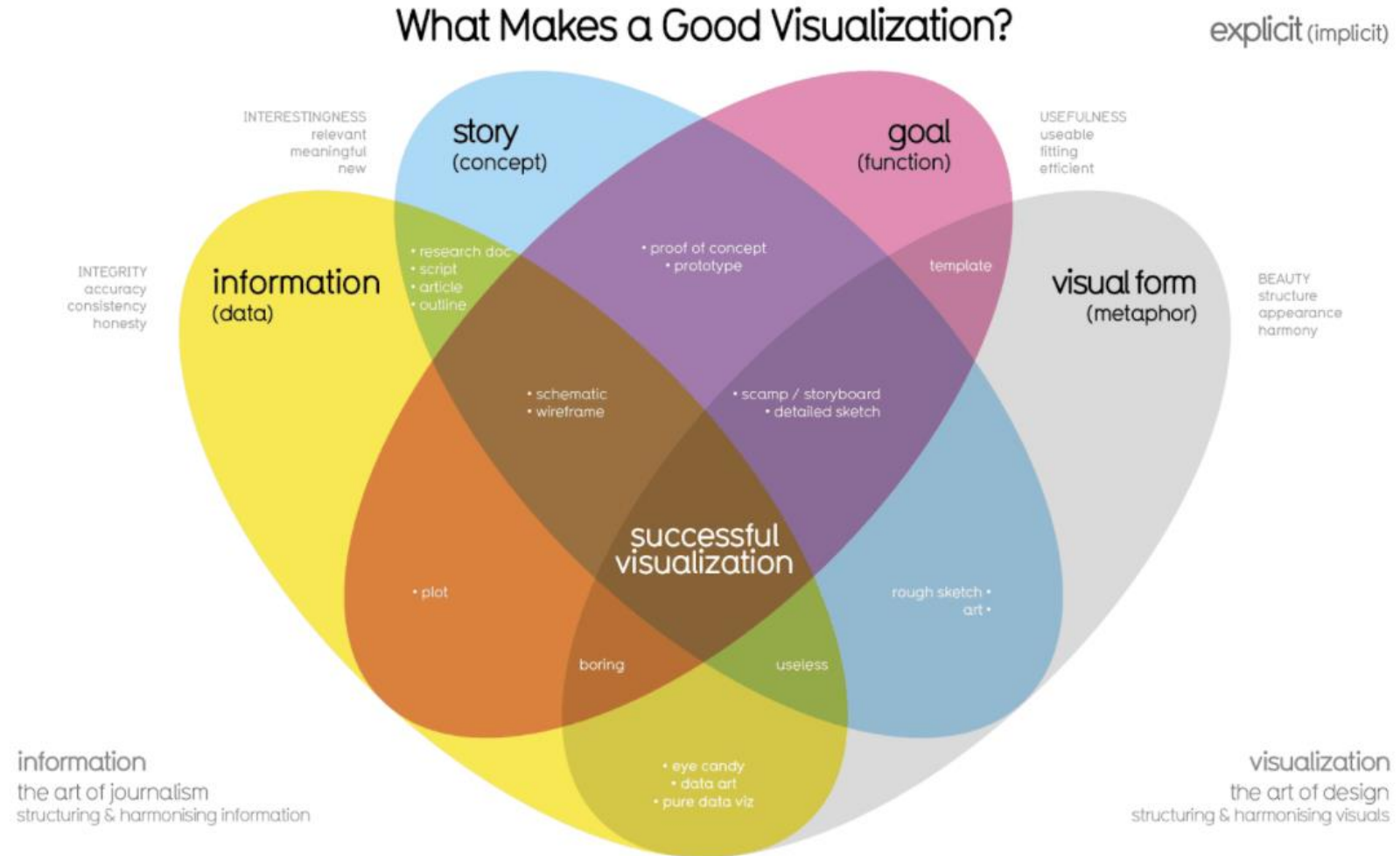
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- [Hans Rosling's 200 Countries, 200 Years, 4 Minutes](#)
- What was the central message of the presentation?
- What makes it effective?
- [Gapminder](#)  
 iClicker
- Have you read [Factfulness](#)?
- A: Yes
- B: No

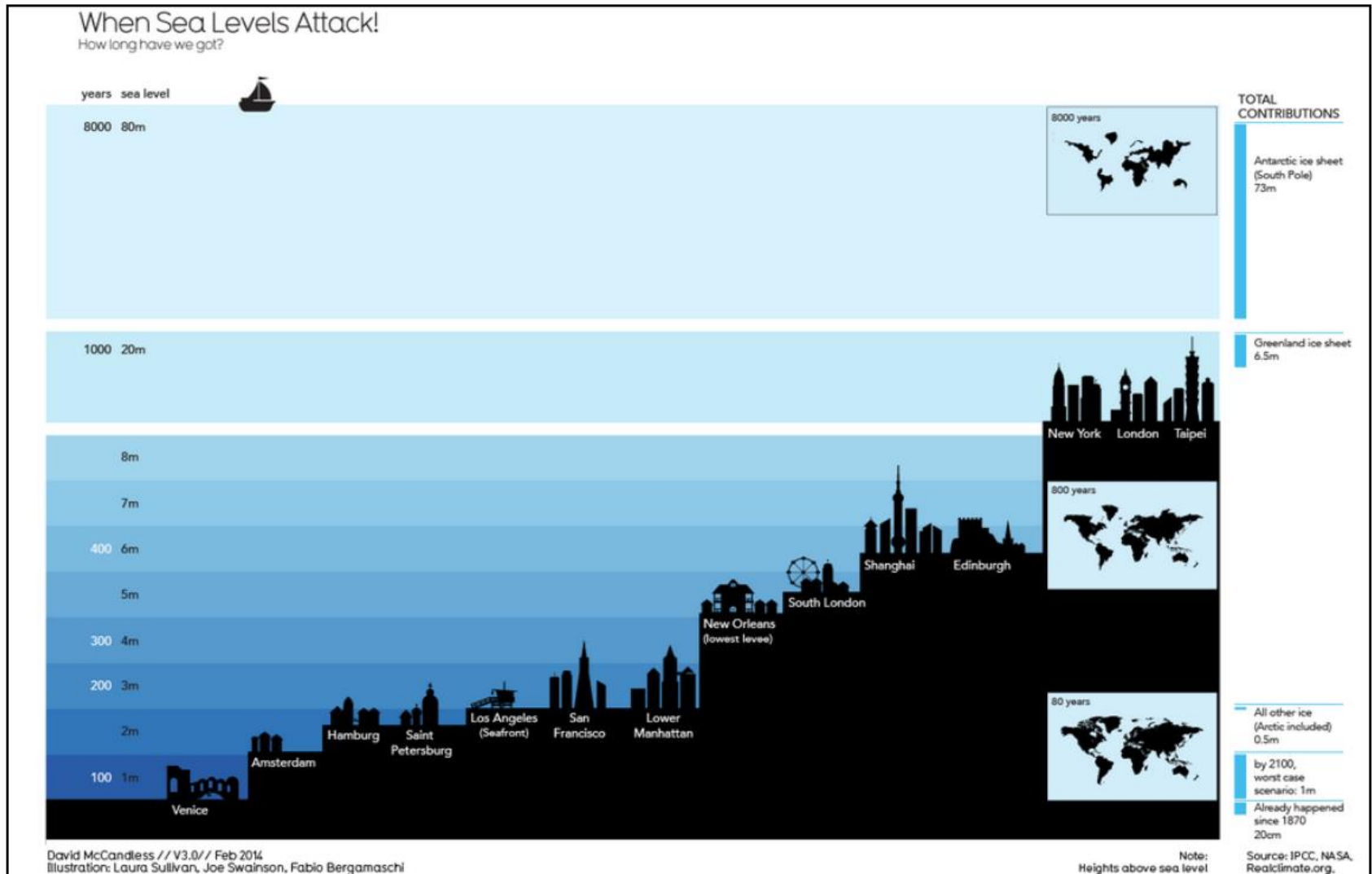


# What makes a Good Visualization

David McCandless, [Information is Beautiful](#) (2009) and [Knowledge is Beautiful](#) (2014).

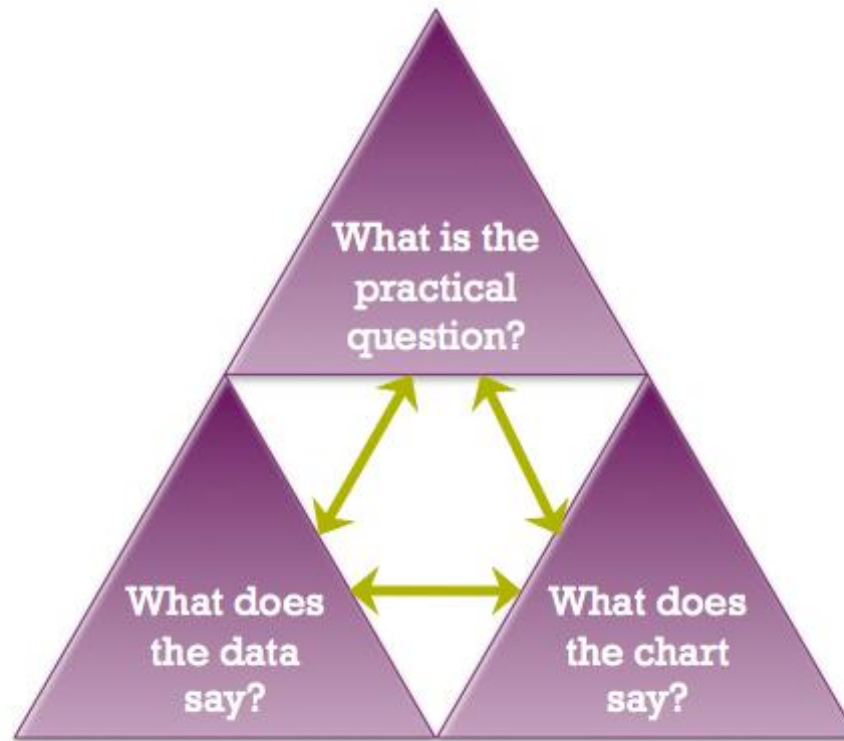


# Is it a good visual?

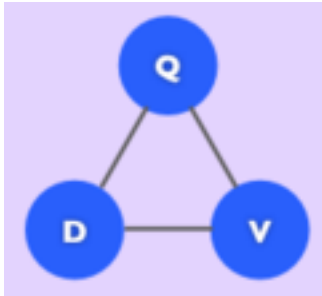


# How to Identify a Bad Visualization?

## Junk Charts Trifecta Checkup



# The trifecta



**Question:**

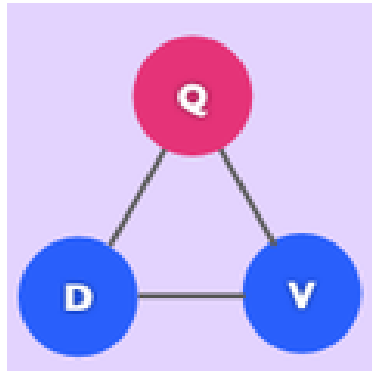
What is your generic term for a sweetened carbonated beverage?



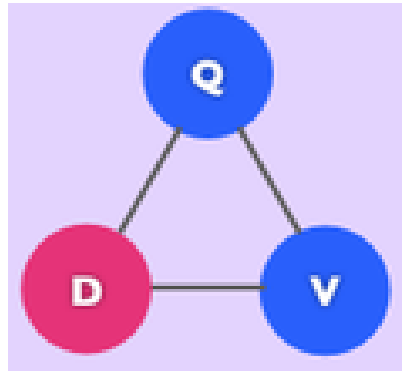
■ Soda  
■ Pop  
■ Coke

# The singles

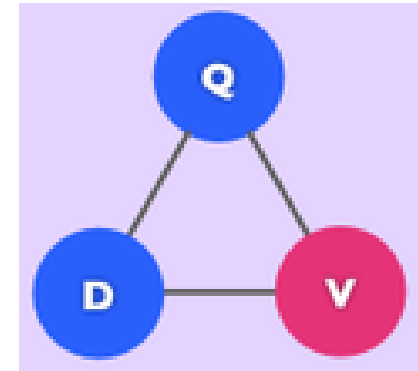
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Some charts use a good source of data effectively presented in a visual display. However, the effort fails because of a poorly defined objective, or an unengaging premise.

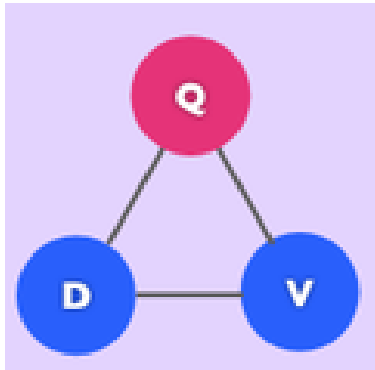


Some designs emerge from well posed and interesting questions, and the graph is well executed. The problem here is the data, which fail to illuminate the question.



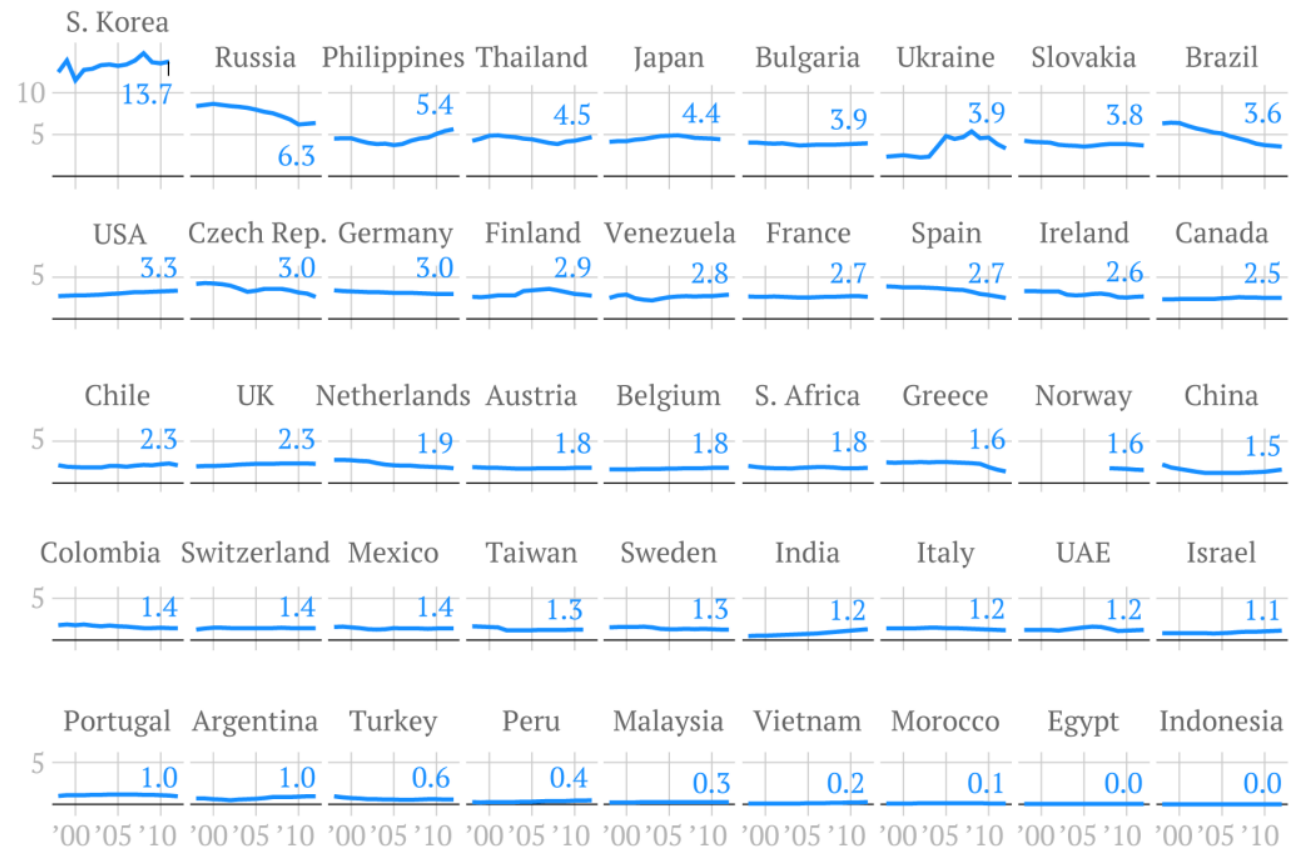
Despite having a good data source and an interesting, well-posed problem, the visual design hides or confuses the message. These charts have long provided fodder for Tufte, Wainer and the like.

# Type Q



## The average amount of liquor consumed by a person of drinking age

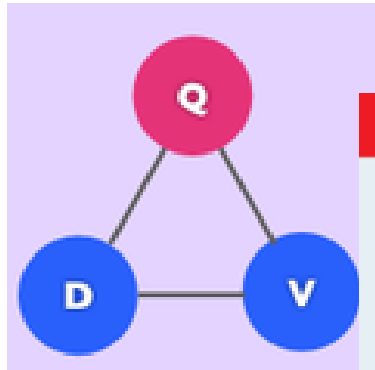
*Shots per week of any spirit*



Quartz | Ritchie King

Data: Euromonitor

# Type Q



## The average amount of liquor consumed by a person of drinking age

### Alcohol consumption

People aged 15+

2003-05 average,  
litres per person

Less than 2.5

2.5-4.99

5-7.49

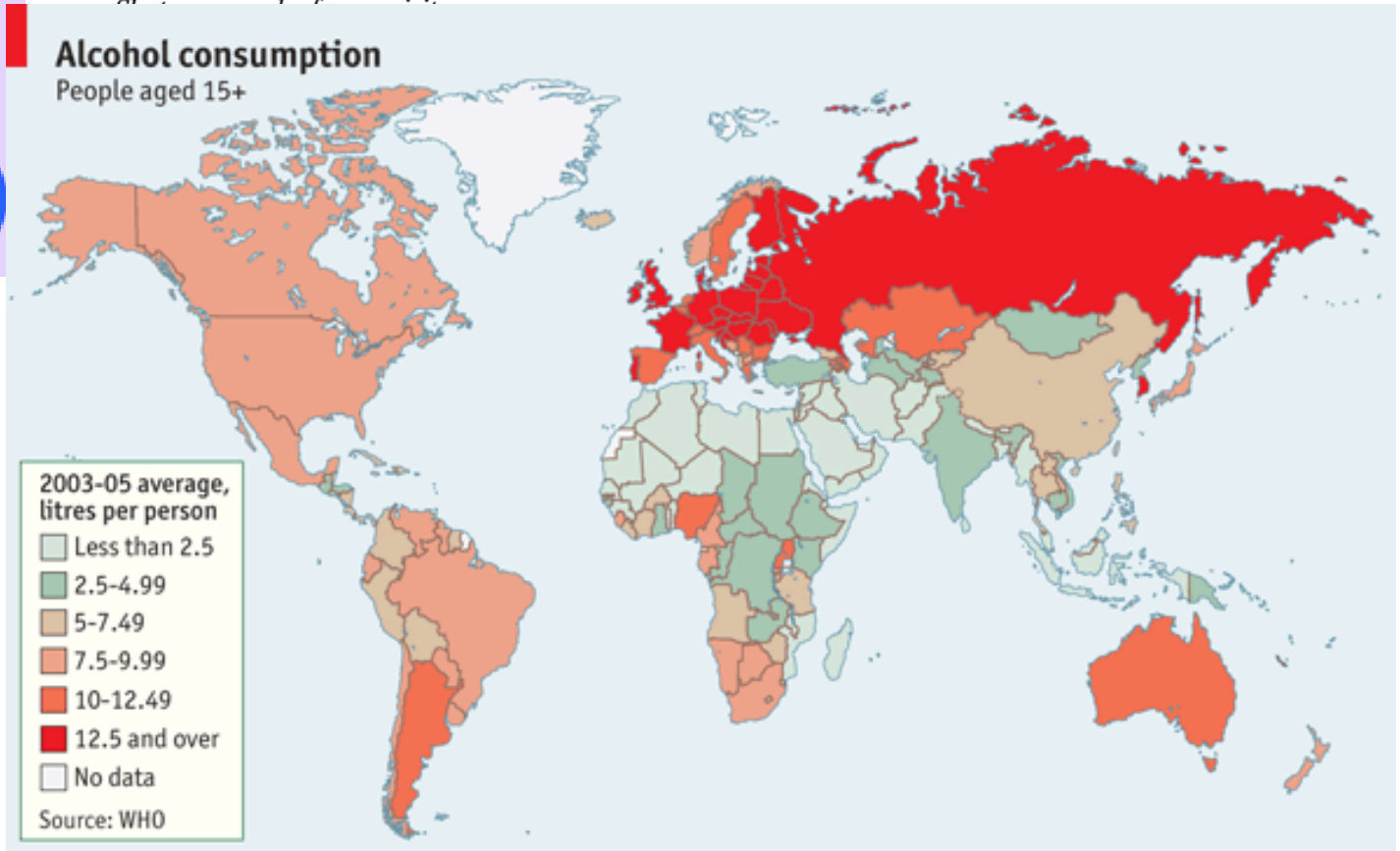
7.5-9.99

10-12.49

12.5 and over

No data

Source: WHO

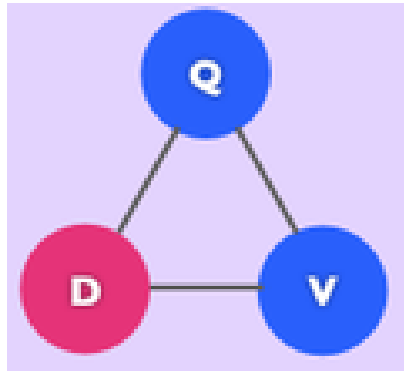


Quartz | Ritchie King

Data: Euromonitor



# Type D



## Costs for Americans ...

... have soared for education, child care and health care ...

+40 pct. pts.

Change in prices relative to a 23% increase in prices for all items, 2005-2014

+20

College tuition and fees

Child care/nursery school  
Health care

Vehicle maintenance/repair  
Food and beverages

Housing  
Personal care

Clothing  
New and used vehicles

Cellphone service

Toys  
Phones and accessories  
Reflect prices unsubsidized by service providers

Personal computers and equipment

Televisions

... and have plummeted for televisions, toys and phones, relative to other prices.

-20

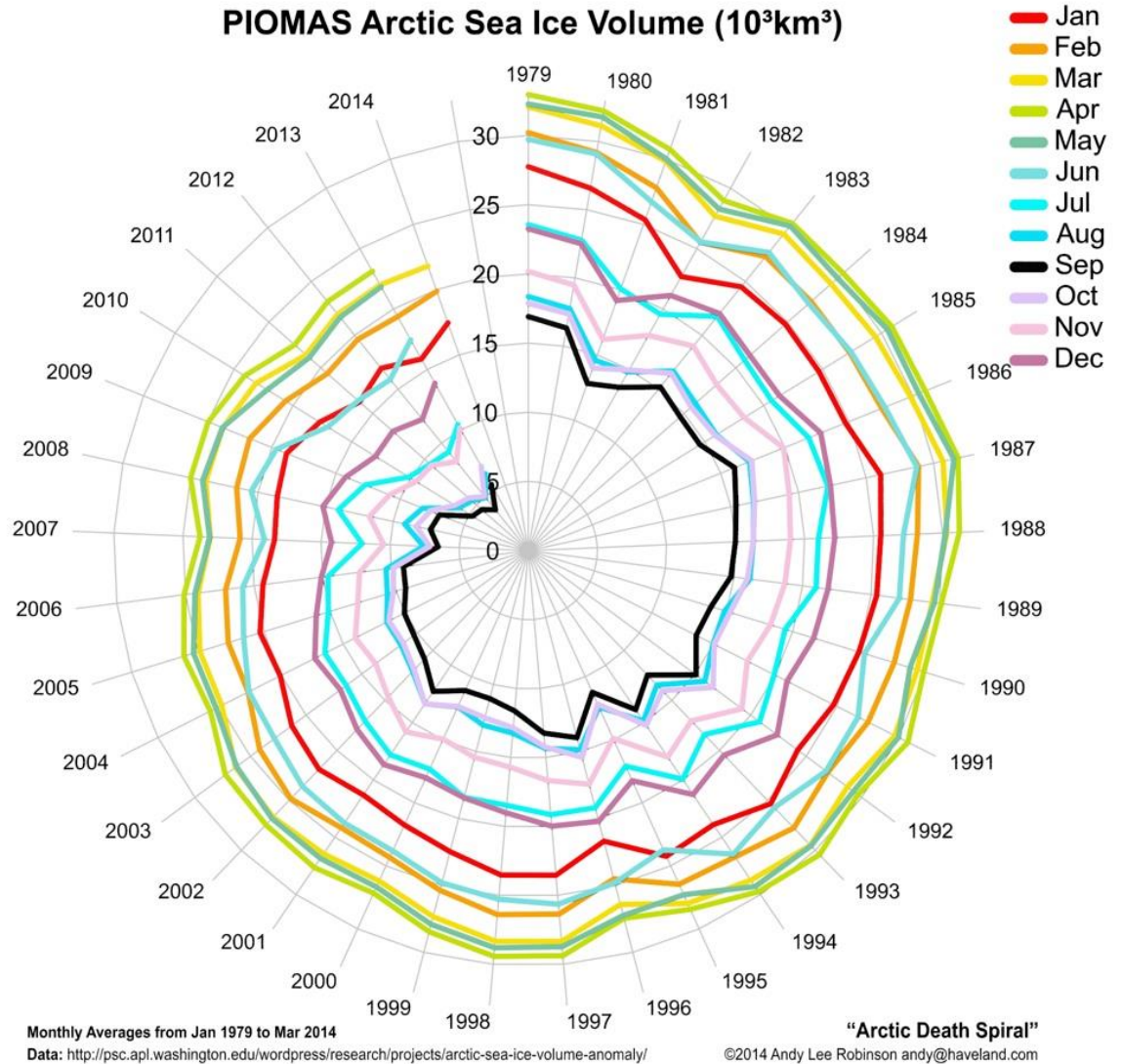
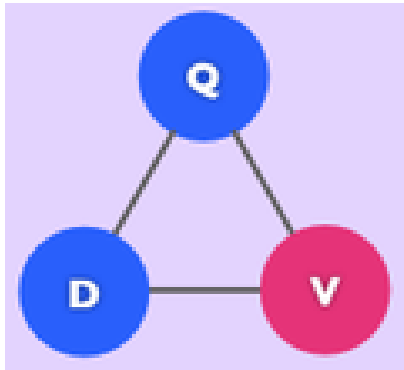
-40

-60

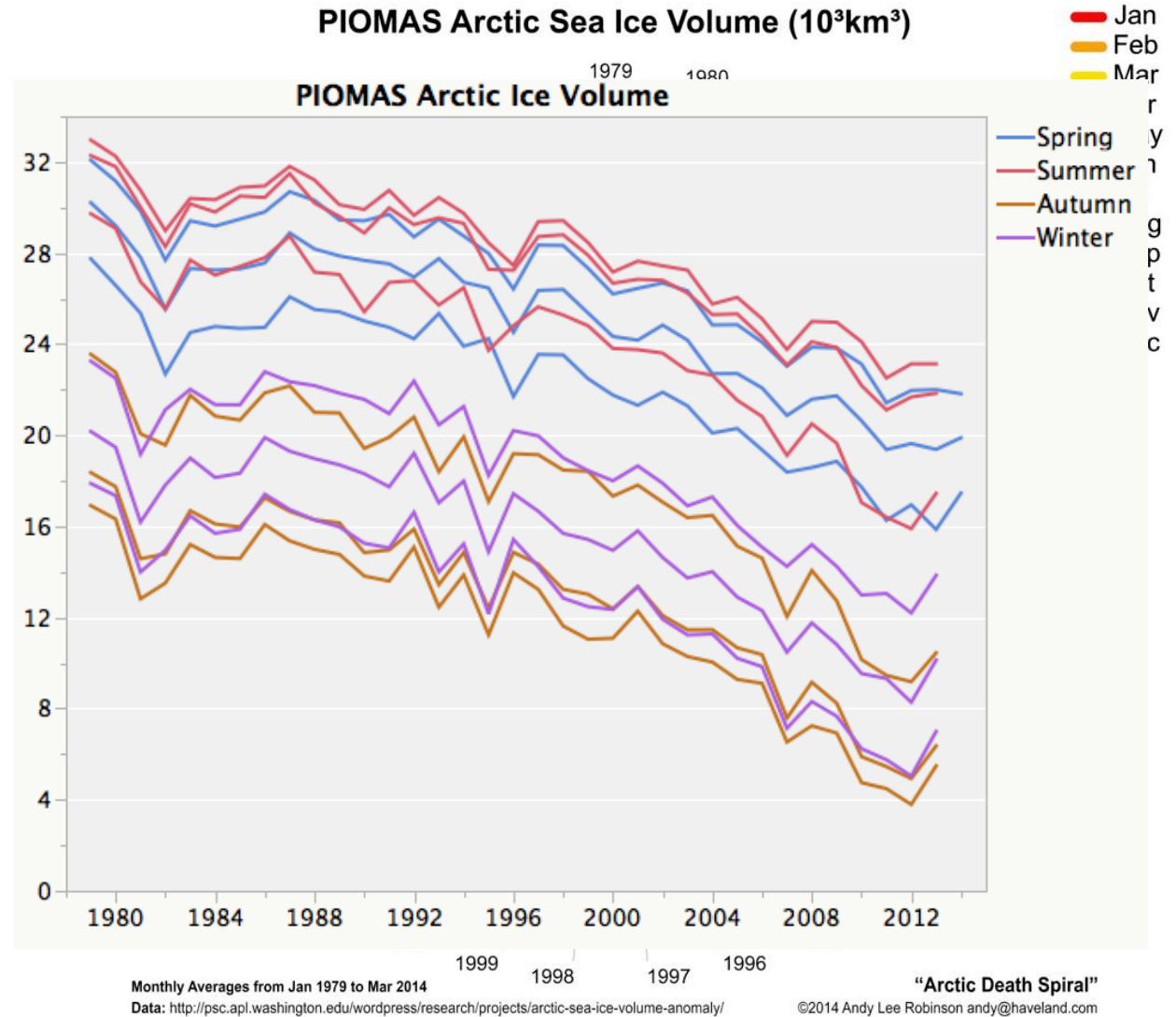
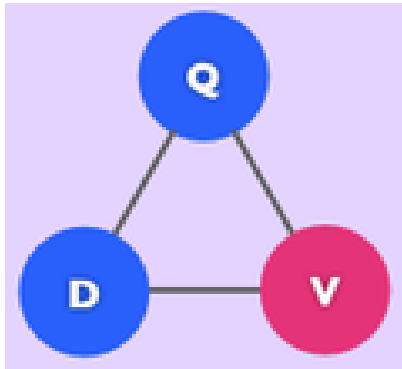
-80

-100

# Type V

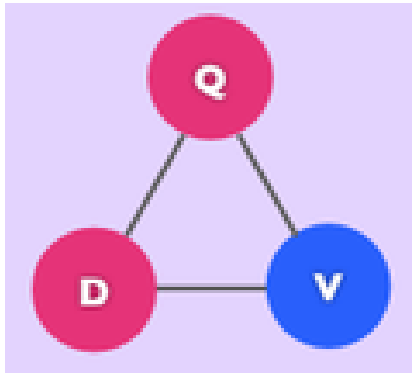


# Type V

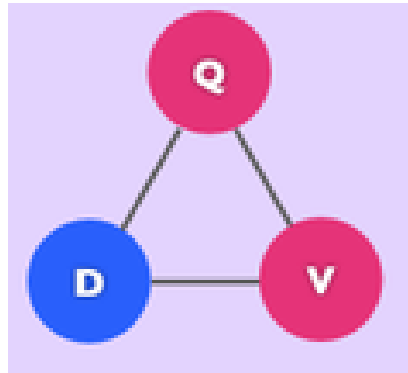


# The Doubles

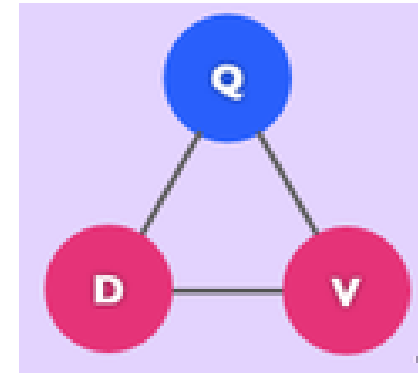
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The graphical elements follow best practices, and present the data well. This effort is in vain, because of poor data quality, and an unclear objective.

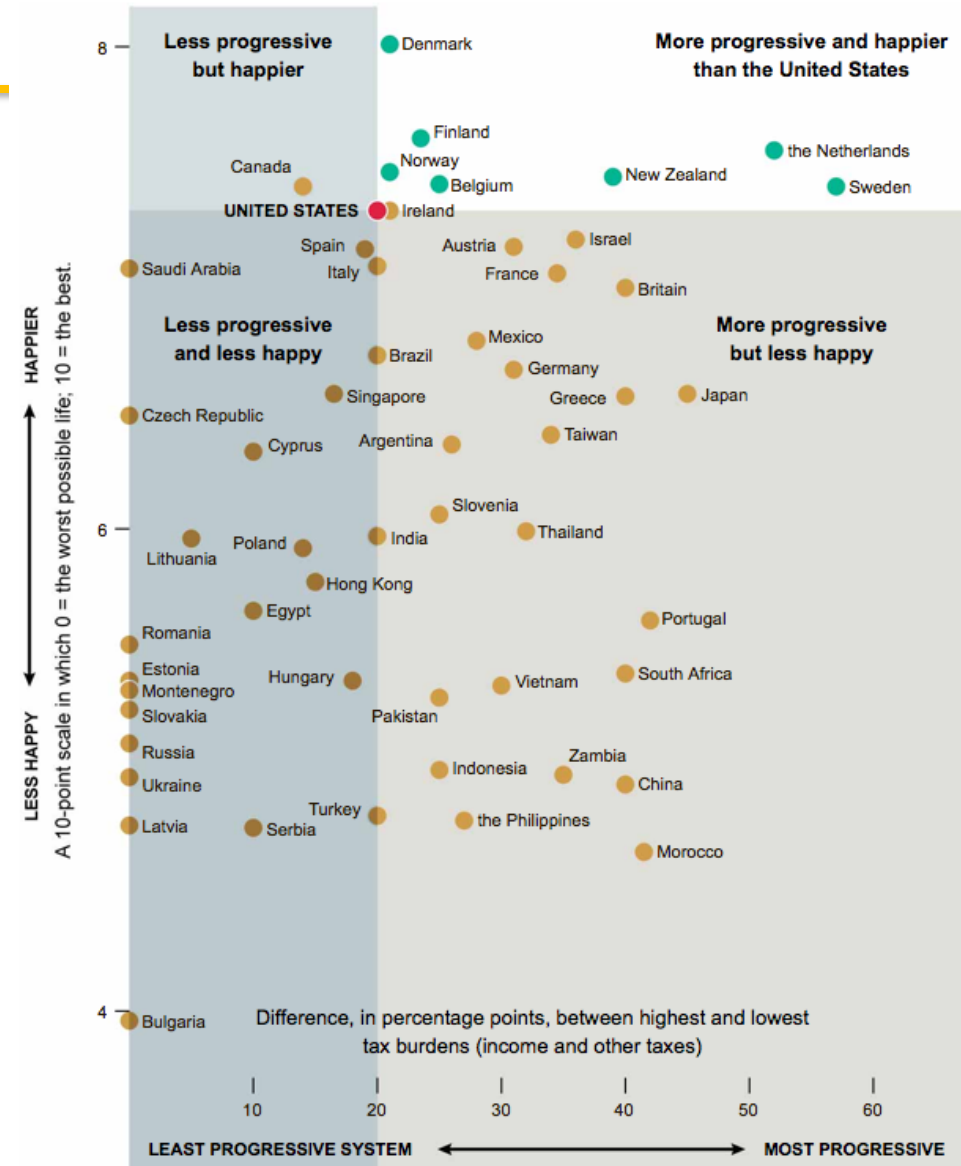


The data has been properly collected and processed. However, the question being addressed has not been clearly defined, and the graphical design fails to bring out the key features of the data.



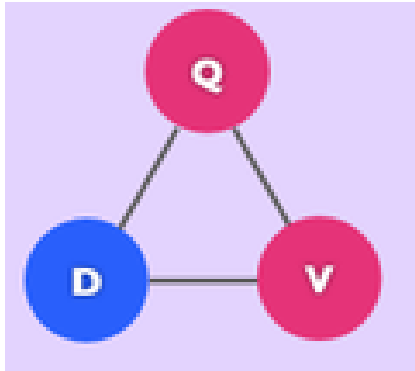
An interesting question has been posed. The data fail to convince, and the cause is not helped by poor execution of the graphical elements.

A study of 54 nations — ranked below — found that those with more progressive tax rates had happier citizens, on average.

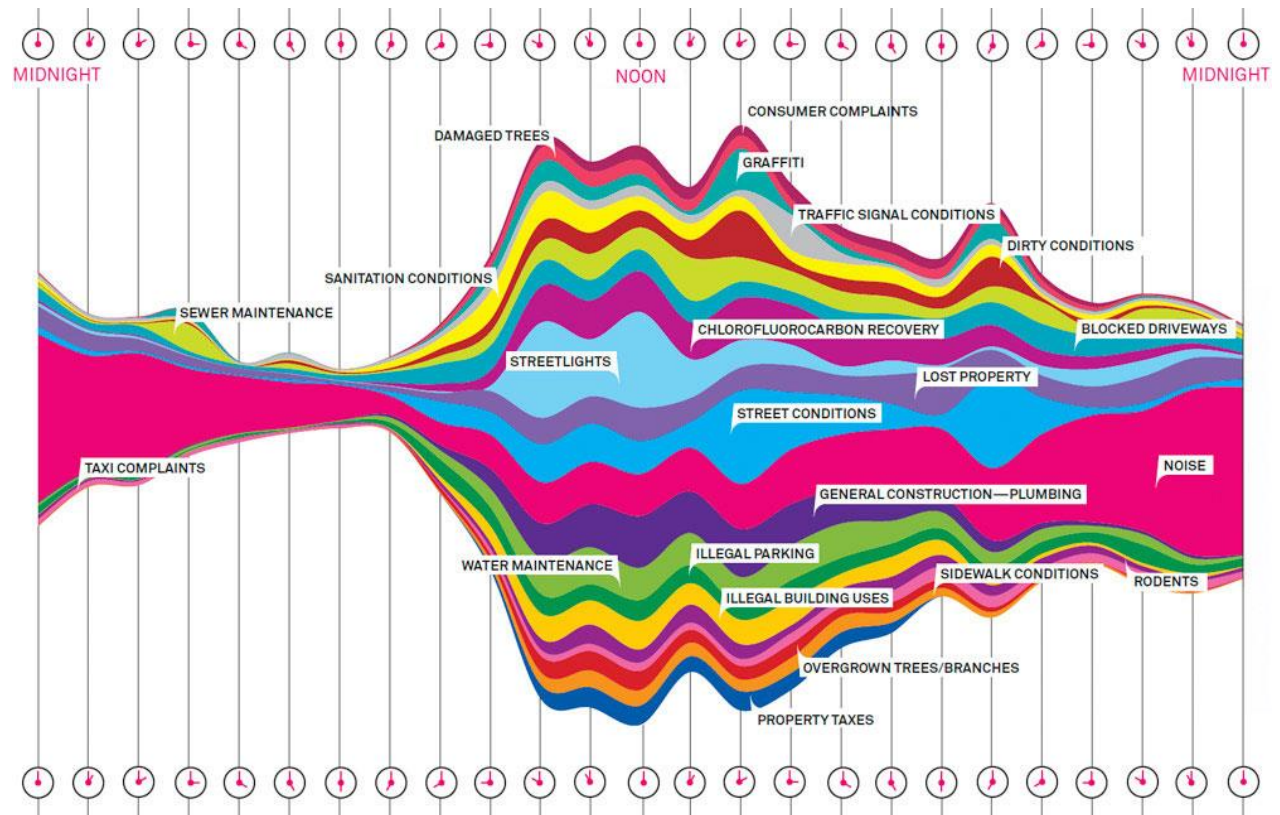




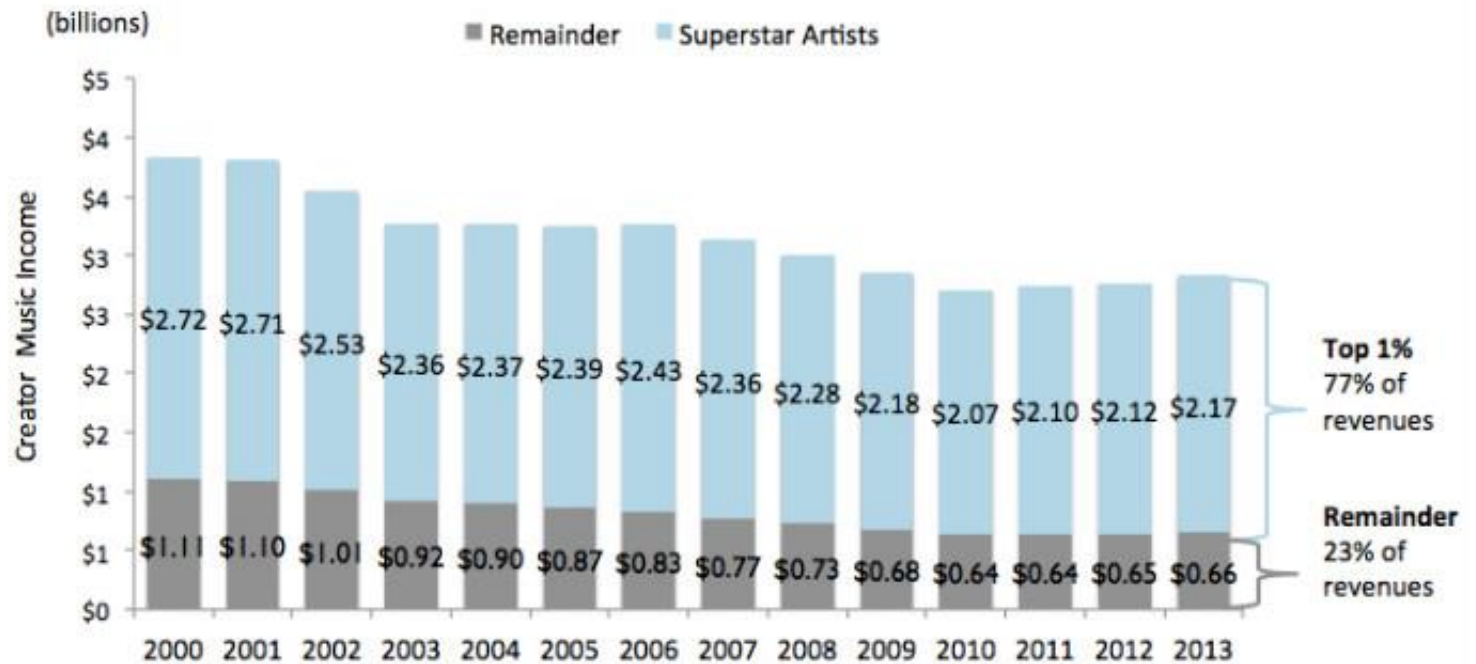
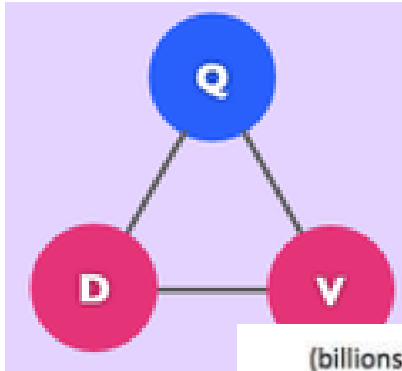
# Type QV



*New York City 311 Calls by the hour*



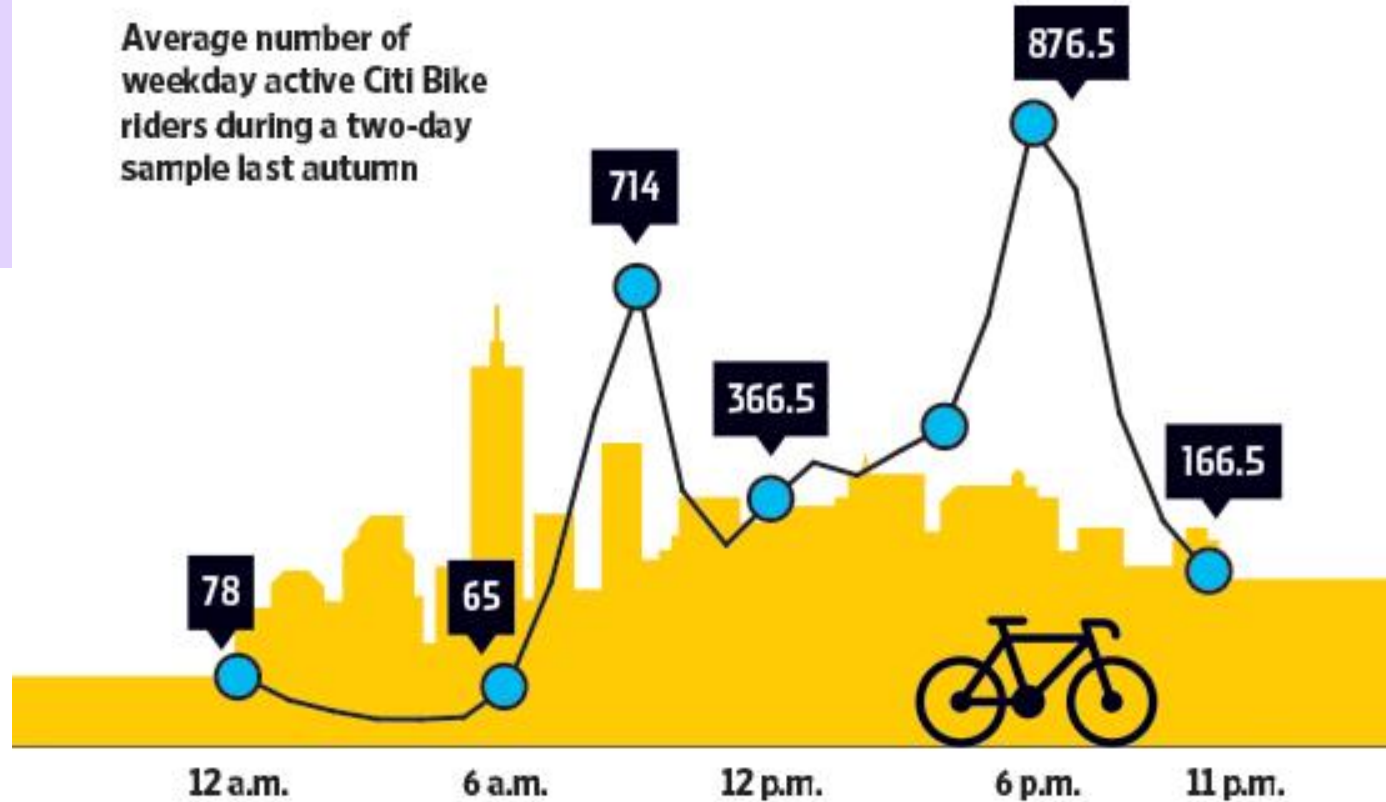
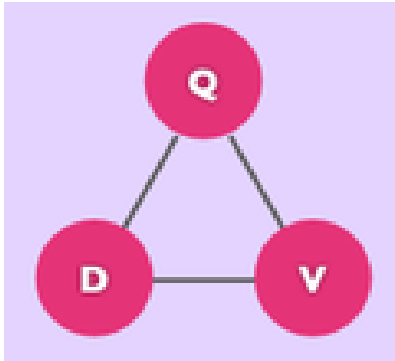
# Type DV





# Triple

What is wrong with this one?



Source: Jeff Ferzoco, Sarah Kaufman and Juan Francisco Saldarriaga, Linepointpath.com

# Summary

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- Data Visualization is about the right combination of **art** and **science**
- Good visual presentations tend to enhance the message of the visualization.
- Data storytelling helps to communicate **complex data** and findings in a way that is easy for others to understand and remember.
- It allows decision-makers to gain **insights** from data and make **informed decisions** based on evidence.
- Overall, data storytelling is a powerful tool for turning raw data into **meaningful** and **actionable information**.

# Assignment 1- The good, the Bad, and the Ugly

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- Due is extended to next Friday
- Submit on both D2L and Gradescope

# Assignment 1- The good, the Bad, and the Ugly

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- Research recent news articles, blog posts or preferred sources. Identify four charts that, in your subjective judgment, represent each of the following categories from the *Junk Chart Trifecta Checkup*:
  - A trifecta
  - A single issue
  - A double issue
  - A triple issue

# Some News Outlets and Media

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## General News:

- [The New York Times \(especially the "Upshot" section\)](#)
- The Guardian (Data Visualization section)
- BBC News (Features and Data Stories)
- Washington Post (Graphics team)
- Reuters Graphics

## Specialized in Visual Journalism:

- FiveThirtyEight
- Axios (Charts section)
- Bloomberg Graphics
- Al Jazeera (Data Journalism)

[MSU Newspaper collection](#)

<https://www.lib.montana.edu/services/information-access/collections/newspapers/>

# Some other sources

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- World Bank Open Data
- UN Data and Reports
- U.S. Census Bureau
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
- NASA Earth Science
- European Union Open Data Portal