CMPSC 301 Data Analytics Fall 2020

Lab 3 Assignment: Introduction to R

Submit deliverables through your assignment GitHub repository.

Place report document writing/ directory

Objectives

To enhance the understanding of the basic R functionality, including the use of R Studio and producing data visualizations. To practice writing basic R code to improve programming skill.

Reading Assignment

Please read Chapters assigned for this week's lessons which you will find in the class slides, in addition to reviewing your notes. Please take some time to gain experience with using Markdown to write your work. See *Mastering Markdown* https://guides.github.com/features/mastering-markdown/ for more details about Markdown.

GitHub Starter Link

https://classroom.github.com/a/m_Nv8D1S

To use this link, please follow the steps below.

- Click on the link and accept the assignment.
- Once the importing task has completed, click on the created assignment link which will take you to your newly created GitHub repository for this lab.
- Clone this repository (bearing your name) and work on the lab locally.
- As you are working on your lab, you are to commit and push regularly. You can use the following commands to add a single file, you must be in the directory where the file is located (or add the path to the file in the command):

```
- git commit <nameOfFile> -m ''Your notes about commit here''
- git push
```

Alternatively, you can use the following commands to add multiple files from your repository:

```
- git add -A
- git commit -m ''Your notes about commit here''
- git push
```



Figure 1: IEEE's list of 2018's most popular languages.

Part1: Exploring R Programming

As shown in Figure 1 (IEEE's listing of 2018's top programming languages, https://spectrum.ieee.org/at-work/innovation/the-2018-top-programming-languages), R has become increasingly popular as an extensive language for industrial and academic applications. Thanks to its community of developers who write its open source libraries, R continues to grow. Besides its popularity, R is the most recommended language to learn when getting started with data analytics as it is created with statistics and data in mind. In this lab you are invited to complete some questions out of the book where you are to implement code in your responses.

Lab Assignment

In this lab you are asked to read the assigned sections of the book and complete all exercises from Chapters 3, 4 and 6 of the "R for Data Science" textbook (online version). As you remember, the chapter numbering in the printed version of the book is not the same as the numbering in the online version of the book. This lab's assigned exercises correspond to the following exercises in the online version of the book, found in http://r4ds.had.co.nz/.

Part 1, Questions In Blue

Below is a list of exercises from our course textbook, available at, https://r4ds.had.co.nz/. For each question, please be sure to complete all its parts.

- 3.2.4 Exercises $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$.
- 3.3.1 Exercises {1,2,3,4,5,6}
- 3.5.1 Exercises {1,2,3,4,5,6}
- 3.6.1 Exercises {1,2,3,4,5,6}
- 3.7.1 Exercises {1,2,3,4,5}

Part 2: Plotting Using GGplot()

Please follow the below steps to prepare some data to apply to a ggplot() plotting function. You will use these same steps to plot your own data during the course of this class.

1. Load your *tidyverse* library by entering,

library(tidyverse)

or using,

install.packages("tidyverse")

if the library has not already been installed on your machine. Note: You do not need to reinstall again, however, the library must be loaded to use its functions or keywords. Enter, "? tidyverse" for more help for keywords (or functions).

- 2. Use data() to obtain a list of data sets which are included in R.
- 3. Each dataset has a name and a short description. Choose any set and assign it to a variable to make your coding work easier. data <- name-of-your-dataset. For example, to load the BOD dataset, use the following R code, myData <- BOD.
- 4. Inspect at the dataset *BOD* by entering View(myData) or, View(BOD). This command allows you to determine what types of information are in its columns. Your output should match that of Figure 2.

•	Time ‡	demand 🗦
1	1	8.3
2	2	10.3
3	3	19.0
4	4	16.0
5	5	15.6
6	7	19.8

Figure 2: The output of View(myData) or, View(BOD). Please note the capital 'V' in 'View()' command

5. Make a ggplot to study the *Time* by *Demand* relationship in the BOD dataset. Enter the following code.

```
ggplot(data = myData) + geom_point(mapping = aes(x = myData$Time, y = myData$demand))
```

Your (scatter) plot will appear like the one in Figure 3. Equally, you could try other types of plots such as,

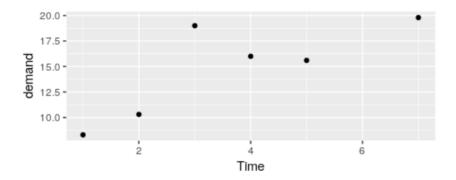


Figure 3: The output of the plot using ggplot().

```
ggplot(data = myData) + geom_area(mapping = aes(x = myData$Time, y = myData$demand))
```

and your (area) plot will appear like the one in Figure 4. Note, in rStudio, if use a dollar-sign after the name of the dataset, (i.e., BOD\$) and push TAB then you will see the column names in a pop-up panel. This coding will be helpful when assigning your x and y variables in ggplot(). A similar trick to show you what types of plots you can make is to enter geom and enter TAB.

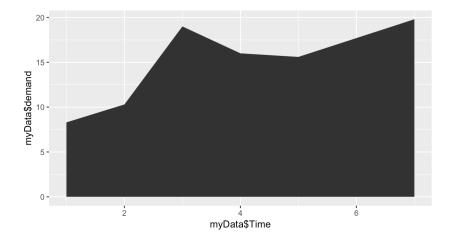
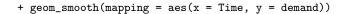


Figure 4: The output of an area plot using ggplot().

After applying the above code into rStudio and checking for typographical errors, your plot should now resemble that of Figure 3.

6. Now you want to add a *smooth-line* to get an idea about the general trend in the data in terms of time. Your code is the following and must fit on one line.

```
ggplot(data = BOD)
+ geom_point(mapping = aes(x = Time, y = demand))
```



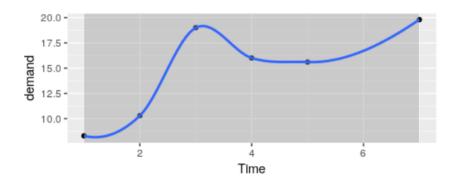


Figure 5: The second plot using ggplot(). Here we note that a smooth-line allows us to readily get an idea about the data without adding extra work in analysis.

After applying the above code into rStudio and checking for typographical errors, your plot should now resemble that of Figure 5.

Part 2, Questions In Blue

Choose a new data set and make three plots that describe some type of pattern. For this task, if you are interested, you may elect to use an interactive plot from the plotly library (discussed online at https://plotly.com/r/ and demonstrated in the classDocs slides and the Coronavirus Analysis code from class).

To select your data, use the data() command to list the available datasets from which you are to create your plots. Note, it should be mentioned that not all the datasets will be equally convenient for applying to ggplot(). This because some of the datasets are there to give you practice in rearranging the values before a meaningful plot can be made. Other datasets contain data that must may not lend to plotting.

Below are the same questions that you will find in your reflection file in your working repository.

1. Please provide:

- (a) Full code for loading your chosen dataset.
- (b) Full code to plotting variables (i.e., points) from the data.
- 2. What trend did you see? Why do you think it was a trend in the data?
- 3. How did you decide to plot the x and y axes points that you chose?
- 4. If you enhanced the view by adding size and color aggregates to your plotting code, how did these additions help you to see something that was previously "invisible?"

Due: 2^{nd} Oct, by 3:00pm 6

Required Deliverables

1. Your **labelled** answers to the assigned exercises from Section "Part 1, Questions In Blue" and "Part 2, Questions In Blue" are to be placed in writing/report.md.

When you have finished, please ensure that the GitHub web site has your pushed work by visiting your repository at the site. Please see the instructor if you have any questions about assignment submission.

Submission Information

Your submitted work is to be placed in Markdown formatting. Please be sure to correctly organize your responses to the exercises according to problem number. If you require a refresher on how to use Markdown (for formatting your text formatting and adding graphics), please watch the Markdown Tidbits video available on the department's YouTube channel at the link below.

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLsYZRXov75ZHSwWiCkO-jd1RcTuu_-zmD