

# A Biologically Inspired Model of Chromatic Assimilation & Contrast in the Primary Visual Cortex

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## Abstract

We present a computational model of the primary visual cortex (V1) inspired by current neurobiological understanding. This understanding treats color and shape information as intrinsically connected and, as a consequence, predicts perceptual phenomena such as color induction and assimilation to arise very early in visual processing. Our model confirms such predictions on a number of psychophysical experiments, offering credence to the biological theories.

## Index Terms

Primary Visual Cortex, V1, Receptive Field, Single Opponent, Double Opponent, Color Assimilation, Color Induction

## I. INTRODUCTION

**C**OLOR induction and contrast are two related, opposing, perceptual phenomena. The former is a change in color perceived "toward" a nearby color, while the latter is a change of one color "away" from the nearby color. Neurophysiological research suggests that these phenomena may arise as early in primate vision processing as the primary visual cortex (V1). It is proposed that the boundaries between two colored regions drive these effects. Specifically, research in the field describes neurons which fire selectively to boundaries between specific colors, so called double opponent cells, and identifies them as being critically related to the color perceived.

Within, we propose a computational model inspired by the current understanding of this biology. We present two implementations, one more biologically accurate, and another more computationally elegant. We explore the behavior of these models with respect to what they can teach about the biological theories, as well as their application to the field of computer vision.

## II. STATE OF THE ART

### A. Notes:

Purpose:

- BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW ABOUT THE TOPIC OF THE PROBLEM

Overview:

- 1) History: separation of color & shape
- 2) Current: integration of color & shape
- 3) Color opponency
- 4) Receptive fields
- 5) Spatial opponency
- 6) DO & SO roles
- 7) Interactions (hypercolumns)

## III. METHOD

Computational approach used to solve the problem

## IV. EXPERIMENTS

All the details about the experiments design and process

## V. RESULTS

Explanation about the performance evaluation procedure and results analysis.

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## VI. CONCLUSIONS

Summary about the degree of achievement according to the given problem and the adopted hypothesis; and outline about open research lines...

## APPENDIX A APPENDIX TITLE

Appendix one text goes here.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The authors would like to thank...

## REFERENCES

- [1] H. Kopka and P. W. Daly, *A Guide to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X*, 3rd ed. Harlow, England: Addison-Wesley, 1999.