Calculus Problems (20 points each)

Problem (1). A function f is called even if f(-x) = f(x) for all x. For example $f(x) = x^2$ or cos are even functions. A function is called odd if f(-x) = -f(x) for all x. For example sin, tan, or $f(x) = x^3$ are odd functions. Suppose f and g are two functions. Classify if the functions h(x) = f(x)g(x) and i(x) = f(g(x)) are even or odd based on when f and g are even or odd. A table is given below for your answer.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} f & g & h & i \\ \text{even} & \text{even} & \\ \text{even} & \text{odd} & \\ \text{odd} & \text{even} & \\ \text{odd} & \text{odd} & \\ \end{array}$$

Problem (2). Here's an argument for why $(x^4+1)'=4x^3$ using the limit definition of the derivative. There are three mistakes in the argument. Identify them and suggest corrections.

$$(x^4 + 1)' = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^4 + 1 - x^4 + 1}{h}$$

$$(x+h)(x+h)(x+h)(x+h) - x^4 + 2$$
(1)

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)(x+h)(x+h)(x+h) - x^4 + 2}{h} \tag{2}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)(x+h)(x+h)(x+h) - x^4 + 2}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x^2 + 2xh + h^2)(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) - x^4 + 2}{h}$$
(2)

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{x^4 + 2x^3h + x^2h^2 + 2x^3h + 2x^2h^2 + 2xh^3 + (x^2 + 2xh + h^2)(h^2) - x^4 + 2}{h} \tag{4}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{4x^3h + h^2(x^2 + 2x^2 + 2xh + x^2 + 2xh + h^2) + 2}{h} \tag{5}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} 4x^3 + h(4x^2 + 4xh + h^2) + \frac{2}{h}$$
 (6)

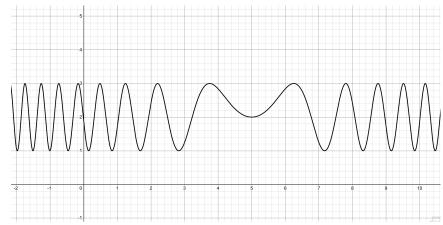
$$=4x^3 + \lim_{h \to 0} h(4x^2 + 4xh + h^2) + \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2}{h}$$
 (7)

$$=4x^3 + 0 + 0 \tag{8}$$

$$=4x^3\tag{9}$$

- 3. Let n be a positive integer and $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$. Find the general form of $f^{(n)}(x)$. Here $f^{(n)}$ denotes the nth derivative of f. You answer will involve the factorial symbol, $n! = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdots n$.
- 4. Find $(x^x)'$. Here are two wrong answers: $x \cdot x^{x-1}$ and $\ln(x)x^x$.

Problem (5). Below is the graph of a function f(x). Identify the function (I recommend trying some things with Desmos for this).



Problem Solving Problems (20 points each)

6. When the roots of the polynomial

$$P(x) = (x-1)^{1}(x-2)^{2}(x-3)^{3} \cdot \cdot \cdot (x-10)^{10}$$

are removed from the number line, what remains is the union of 11 disjoint open intervals. On how many of these intervals is P(x) positive?

7. What is the area of the region in the coordinate plane defined by $||x|-1|+||y|-1|\leq 1$?

8. For complex numbers u=a+bi and v=c+di, define the binary operation \otimes by

$$u \otimes v = ac + bdi$$
.

Suppose z is a complex number such that $z \otimes z = z^2 + 40$. What is |z|?

- 9. Cyrus the frog jumps 2 units in a direction, then 2 more in another direction. What is the probability that he lands less than 1 unit away from his starting position?
- 10. A real-valued function f has the property that for all real numbers a and b,

$$f(a+b) + f(a-b) = 2f(a)f(b).$$

Which one of the following cannot be the value of f(1)?

- **(A)** 0
- **(B)** 1
- (C) -1
- **(D)** 2
- **(E)** -2