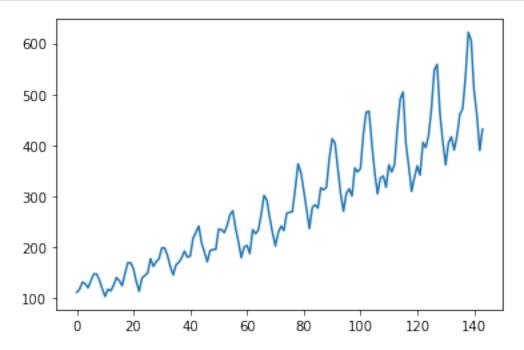
time_series_prediction

April 8, 2022

1 LSTM for time series prediction

using this dataset and this guide using an LSTM to learn time series sequences for airline passengers

1.1 intial plot the data



importing packages

```
[3]: import numpy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas
import math
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.layers import LSTM
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error

# fix random seed for reproducibility
numpy.random.seed(7)
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

1.2 loading the data

```
[4]: # load the dataset

dataframe = pandas.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/

→Datasets/master/airline-passengers.csv', usecols=[1], engine='python')

dataset = dataframe.values

dataset = dataset.astype('float32')
```

1.3 scaling the data

sclaing the data to use a range of 0-1 (using MinMaxScaler)

```
[5]: # normalize the dataset
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 1))
dataset = scaler.fit_transform(dataset)
```

1.4 train test split

2/3 train, 1/3 test

```
[6]: # split into train and test sets
    train_size = int(len(dataset) * 0.67)
    test_size = len(dataset) - train_size
    train, test = dataset[0:train_size,:], dataset[train_size:len(dataset),:]
    # spreading operator and some complex indexing,
    # selecting 0: train size and then selecting all columns
    print(len(train), len(test))
```

96 48

1.5 creating lag variables

creating a function to create lag varaibles in the data

this converts the data into a tabular form which has lag variables to predict off of

```
[7]: # convert an array of values into a dataset matrix
      def create_dataset(dataset, look_back=1):
              dataX, dataY = [], []
              for i in range(len(dataset)-look_back-1):
                      a = dataset[i:(i+look_back), 0]
                      dataX.append(a)
                      dataY.append(dataset[i + look_back, 0])
              return numpy.array(dataX), numpy.array(dataY)
 [8]: \# reshape into X=t and Y=t+1
      look_back = 1
      trainX, trainY = create_dataset(train, look_back)
      testX, testY = create_dataset(test, look_back)
 [9]: # reshape input to be [samples, time steps, features]
      trainX = numpy.reshape(trainX, (trainX.shape[0], 1, trainX.shape[1]))
      testX = numpy.reshape(testX, (testX.shape[0], 1, testX.shape[1]))
     1.6 creating the LSTM model
[10]: # create and fit the LSTM network
     model = Sequential()
      model.add(LSTM(4, input_shape=(1, look_back)))
      model.add(Dense(1))
      model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
     model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=100, batch_size=1, verbose=2)
     2022-04-08 13:54:26.507469: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:145]
     This TensorFlow binary is optimized with Intel(R) MKL-DNN to use the following
     CPU instructions in performance critical operations: SSE4.1 SSE4.2
     To enable them in non-MKL-DNN operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the
     appropriate compiler flags.
     2022-04-08 13:54:26.508840: I
     tensorflow/core/common_runtime/process_util.cc:115] Creating new thread pool
     with default inter op setting: 8. Tune using inter_op_parallelism_threads for
     best performance.
     Epoch 1/100
      - 1s - loss: 0.0409
     Epoch 2/100
      - 0s - loss: 0.0197
     Epoch 3/100
      - 0s - loss: 0.0142
     Epoch 4/100
      - 0s - loss: 0.0127
     Epoch 5/100
```

- 0s - loss: 0.0117

Epoch 6/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0106

Epoch 7/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0097

Epoch 8/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0087

Epoch 9/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0076

Epoch 10/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0065

Epoch 11/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0057

Epoch 12/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0048

Epoch 13/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0041

Epoch 14/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0035

Epoch 15/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0030

Epoch 16/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0027

Epoch 17/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0025

Epoch 18/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0023

Epoch 19/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0022

Epoch 20/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 21/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 22/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 23/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 24/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 25/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 26/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 27/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 28/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 29/100

- 0s - loss: 0.0020

- Epoch 30/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 31/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 32/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 33/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
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- 0s loss: 0.0021
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- Epoch 53/100
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- Epoch 68/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
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- Epoch 74/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 75/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 76/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 77/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021

- Epoch 78/100
- 0s loss: 0.0019
- Epoch 79/100
- 0s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 80/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 81/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 82/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 83/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 84/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 85/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 86/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 87/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 88/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 89/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 90/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 91/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 92/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 93/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 94/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 95/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 96/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 97/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 98/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 99/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 100/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020

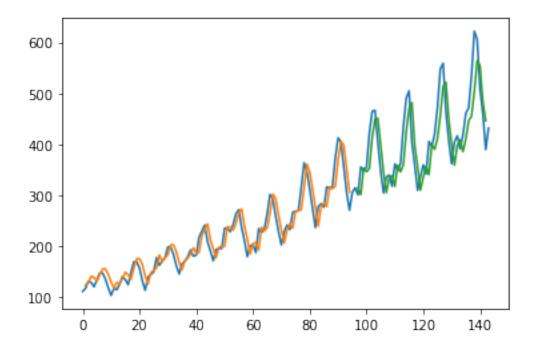
[10]: <keras.callbacks.dallbacks.History at 0x7f93532d4bd0>

1.7 predicting

```
[11]: # make predictions
    trainPredict = model.predict(trainX)
    testPredict = model.predict(testX)
    # invert predictions
    trainPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(trainPredict)
    trainY = scaler.inverse_transform([trainY])
    testPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(testPredict)
    testY = scaler.inverse_transform([testY])
    # calculate root mean squared error
    trainScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(trainY[0], trainPredict[:,0]))
    print('Train Score: %.2f RMSE' % (trainScore))
    testScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(testY[0], testPredict[:,0]))
    print('Test Score: %.2f RMSE' % (testScore))
```

Train Score: 22.93 RMSE Test Score: 47.60 RMSE

plotting predictions red is past information, green is predicted, blue is truth



1.8 LSTM for Regression Using the Window Method

using more lag variables rather than just one time step step back went from 1 -> 3

```
[13]: # LSTM for international airline passengers problem with window regression
      \hookrightarrow framing
      import numpy
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas import read_csv
      import math
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense
      from keras.layers import LSTM
      from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
      # convert an array of values into a dataset matrix
      def create_dataset(dataset, look_back=1):
              dataX, dataY = [], []
              for i in range(len(dataset)-look_back-1):
                      a = dataset[i:(i+look_back), 0]
                      dataX.append(a)
                      dataY.append(dataset[i + look_back, 0])
              return numpy.array(dataX), numpy.array(dataY)
      # fix random seed for reproducibility
      numpy.random.seed(7)
      # load the dataset
```

```
dataframe = read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/Datasets/
 →master/airline-passengers.csv', usecols=[1], engine='python')
dataset = dataframe.values
dataset = dataset.astype('float32')
# normalize the dataset
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0, 1))
dataset = scaler.fit transform(dataset)
# split into train and test sets
train_size = int(len(dataset) * 0.67)
test_size = len(dataset) - train_size
train, test = dataset[0:train_size,:], dataset[train_size:len(dataset),:]
# reshape into X=t and Y=t+1
look back = 3
trainX, trainY = create_dataset(train, look_back)
testX, testY = create_dataset(test, look_back)
# reshape input to be [samples, time steps, features]
trainX = numpy.reshape(trainX, (trainX.shape[0], 1, trainX.shape[1]))
testX = numpy.reshape(testX, (testX.shape[0], 1, testX.shape[1]))
# create and fit the LSTM network
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(4, input_shape=(1, look_back)))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=100, batch_size=1, verbose=2)
# make predictions
trainPredict = model.predict(trainX)
testPredict = model.predict(testX)
# invert predictions
trainPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(trainPredict)
trainY = scaler.inverse_transform([trainY])
testPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(testPredict)
testY = scaler.inverse transform([testY])
# calculate root mean squared error
trainScore = math.sqrt(mean squared error(trainY[0], trainPredict[:,0]))
print('Train Score: %.2f RMSE' % (trainScore))
testScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(testY[0], testPredict[:,0]))
print('Test Score: %.2f RMSE' % (testScore))
# shift train predictions for plotting
trainPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
trainPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
trainPredictPlot[look_back:len(trainPredict)+look_back, :] = trainPredict
# shift test predictions for plotting
testPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
testPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
testPredictPlot[len(trainPredict)+(look_back*2)+1:len(dataset)-1, :] = __
 →testPredict
# plot baseline and predictions
```

```
plt.plot(scaler.inverse_transform(dataset))
plt.plot(trainPredictPlot)
plt.plot(testPredictPlot)
plt.show()
Epoch 1/100
 - 1s - loss: 0.0703
Epoch 2/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0295
Epoch 3/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0174
Epoch 4/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0144
Epoch 5/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0125
Epoch 6/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0110
Epoch 7/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0096
Epoch 8/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0085
Epoch 9/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0072
Epoch 10/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0064
Epoch 11/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0056
Epoch 12/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0051
Epoch 13/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0046
Epoch 14/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0043
Epoch 15/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0040
Epoch 16/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0039
Epoch 17/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0037
Epoch 18/100
 - 0s - loss: 0.0037
Epoch 19/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0036
Epoch 20/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0035
Epoch 21/100
- 0s - loss: 0.0035
```

Epoch 22/100

- 0s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 23/100
- 0s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 24/100
- 0s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 25/100
- 0s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 26/100
- 0s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 27/100
- 0s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 28/100
- 0s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 29/100
- 0s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 30/100
- 0s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 31/100
- 0s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 32/100
- 0s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 33/100
- 0s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 34/100
- 0s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 35/100
- 0s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 36/100
- 0s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 37/100
- 0s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 38/100
- 0s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 39/100
- 0s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 40/100
- 0s loss: 0.0030
- Epoch 41/100
- 0s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 42/100
- 0s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 43/100
- 0s loss: 0.0030
- Epoch 44/100
- 0s loss: 0.0030
- Epoch 45/100
- 0s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 46/100

- 0s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 47/100
- 0s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 48/100
- 0s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 49/100
- 0s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 50/100
- 0s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 51/100
- 0s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 52/100
- 0s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 53/100
- 0s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 54/100
- 0s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 55/100
- 0s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 56/100
- 0s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 57/100
- Os loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 58/100
- 0s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 59/100
- 0s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 60/100
- 0s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 61/100
- 0s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 62/100
- 0s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 63/100
- 0s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 64/100
- 0s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 65/100
- 0s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 66/100
- 0s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 67/100
- 0s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 68/100
- 0s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 69/100
- 0s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 70/100

- 0s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 71/100
- 0s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 72/100
- 0s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 73/100
- 0s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 74/100
- 0s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 75/100
- 0s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 76/100
- 0s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 77/100
- 0s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 78/100
- 0s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 79/100
- 0s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 80/100
- 0s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 81/100
- 0s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 82/100
- 0s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 83/100
- 0s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 84/100
- 0s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 85/100
- 0s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 86/100
- 0s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 87/100
- 0s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 88/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 89/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 90/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 91/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 92/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 93/100
- 0s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 94/100

```
- Os - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 95/100
- Os - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 96/100
- Os - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 97/100
- Os - loss: 0.0020

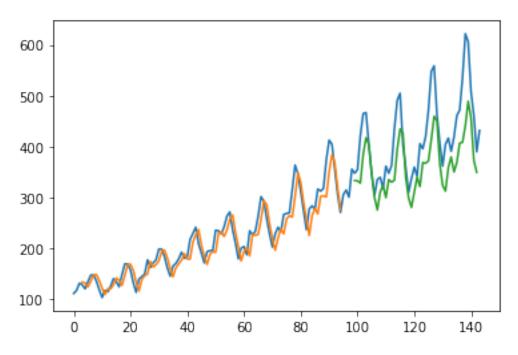
Epoch 98/100
- Os - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 99/100
- Os - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 100/100
- Os - loss: 0.0019

Train Score: 23.63 RMSE

Test Score: 69.74 RMSE
```



1.9 LSTM for Regression with Time Steps

models use time steps instead of observations. the time steps are not always equal we do this by setting time steps as columns instead of observations

```
[14]: # code that is changed from other examples
    # reshape input to be [samples, time steps, features]
    # trainX = numpy.reshape(trainX, (trainX.shape[0], trainX.shape[1], 1))
# testX = numpy.reshape(testX, (testX.shape[0], testX.shape[1], 1))
```

```
[16]: # LSTM for international airline passengers problem with time step regression
      \hookrightarrow framing
      import numpy
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas import read_csv
      import math
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense
      from keras.layers import LSTM
      from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
      # convert an array of values into a dataset matrix
      def create_dataset(dataset, look_back=1):
              dataX, dataY = [], []
              for i in range(len(dataset)-look_back-1):
                      a = dataset[i:(i+look_back), 0]
                      dataX.append(a)
                      dataY.append(dataset[i + look_back, 0])
              return numpy.array(dataX), numpy.array(dataY)
      # fix random seed for reproducibility
      numpy.random.seed(7)
      # load the dataset
      dataframe = read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/Datasets/
      →master/airline-passengers.csv', usecols=[1], engine='python')
      dataset = dataframe.values
      dataset = dataset.astype('float32')
      # normalize the dataset
      scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0, 1))
      dataset = scaler.fit_transform(dataset)
      # split into train and test sets
      train_size = int(len(dataset) * 0.67)
      test size = len(dataset) - train size
      train, test = dataset[0:train_size,:], dataset[train_size:len(dataset),:]
      # reshape into X=t and Y=t+1
      look back = 3
      trainX, trainY = create_dataset(train, look_back)
      testX, testY = create_dataset(test, look_back)
      # reshape input to be [samples, time steps, features]
      trainX = numpy.reshape(trainX, (trainX.shape[0], trainX.shape[1], 1))
      testX = numpy.reshape(testX, (testX.shape[0], testX.shape[1], 1))
      # create and fit the LSTM network
      model = Sequential()
      model.add(LSTM(4, input_shape=(look_back, 1)))
      model.add(Dense(1))
      model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
      model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=100, batch_size=1, verbose=2)
      # make predictions
```

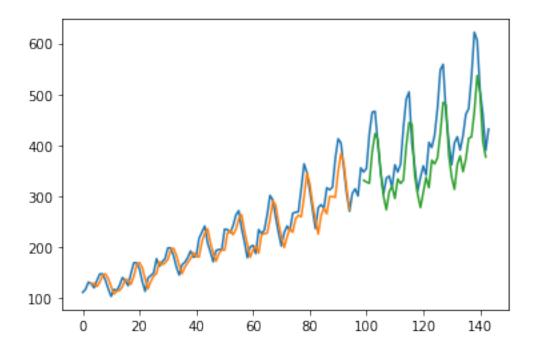
```
trainPredict = model.predict(trainX)
testPredict = model.predict(testX)
# invert predictions
trainPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(trainPredict)
trainY = scaler.inverse_transform([trainY])
testPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(testPredict)
testY = scaler.inverse_transform([testY])
# calculate root mean squared error
trainScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(trainY[0], trainPredict[:,0]))
print('Train Score: %.2f RMSE' % (trainScore))
testScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(testY[0], testPredict[:,0]))
print('Test Score: %.2f RMSE' % (testScore))
# shift train predictions for plotting
trainPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
trainPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
trainPredictPlot[look_back:len(trainPredict)+look_back, :] = trainPredict
# shift test predictions for plotting
testPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
testPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
testPredictPlot[len(trainPredict)+(look_back*2)+1:len(dataset)-1, :] =__
 →testPredict
# plot baseline and predictions
plt.plot(scaler.inverse_transform(dataset))
plt.plot(trainPredictPlot)
plt.plot(testPredictPlot)
plt.show()
Epoch 1/100
- 3s - loss: 0.0313
Epoch 2/100
- 4s - loss: 0.0131
Epoch 3/100
- 3s - loss: 0.0110
Epoch 4/100
- 1s - loss: 0.0097
Epoch 5/100
- 1s - loss: 0.0084
Epoch 6/100
- 1s - loss: 0.0073
Epoch 7/100
- 1s - loss: 0.0065
Epoch 8/100
- 1s - loss: 0.0058
Epoch 9/100
- 1s - loss: 0.0049
Epoch 10/100
 - 1s - loss: 0.0047
Epoch 11/100
```

- 1s loss: 0.0044
- Epoch 12/100
- 2s loss: 0.0044
- Epoch 13/100
- 3s loss: 0.0042
- Epoch 14/100
- 3s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 15/100
- 3s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 16/100
- 2s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 17/100
- 2s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 18/100
- 3s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 19/100
- 3s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 20/100
- 5s loss: 0.0040
- Epoch 21/100
- 6s loss: 0.0040
- Epoch 22/100
- 4s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 23/100
- 1s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 24/100
- 4s loss: 0.0040
- Epoch 25/100
- 4s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 26/100
- 4s loss: 0.0040
- Epoch 27/100
- 5s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 28/100
- 5s loss: 0.0040
- Epoch 29/100
- 4s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 30/100
- 5s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 31/100
- 4s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 32/100
- 5s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 33/100
- 4s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 34/100
- 5s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 35/100

- 4s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 36/100
- 4s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 37/100
- 4s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 38/100
- 3s loss: 0.0036
- Epoch 39/100
- 1s loss: 0.0036
- Epoch 40/100
- 2s loss: 0.0036
- Epoch 41/100
- 8s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 42/100
- 7s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 43/100
- 8s loss: 0.0036
- Epoch 44/100
- 8s loss: 0.0036
- Epoch 45/100
- 4s loss: 0.0036
- Epoch 46/100
- 6s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 47/100
- 7s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 48/100
- 6s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 49/100
- 3s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 50/100
- 4s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 51/100
- 4s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 52/100
- 3s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 53/100
- 2s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 54/100
- 3s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 55/100
- 4s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 56/100
- 3s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 57/100
- 3s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 58/100
- 3s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 59/100

- 3s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 60/100
- 3s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 61/100
- 3s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 62/100
- 3s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 63/100
- 2s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 64/100
- 1s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 65/100
- 1s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 66/100
- 1s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 67/100
- 1s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 68/100
- 1s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 69/100
- 2s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 70/100
- 3s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 71/100
- 3s loss: 0.0030
- Epoch 72/100
- 1s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 73/100
- 1s loss: 0.0030
- Epoch 74/100
- 1s loss: 0.0030
- Epoch 75/100
- 3s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 76/100
- 3s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 77/100
- 4s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 78/100
- 3s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 79/100
- 1s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 80/100
- 1s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 81/100
- 3s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 82/100
- 3s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 83/100

- 3s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 84/100
- 1s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 85/100
- 1s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 86/100
- 1s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 87/100
- 3s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 88/100
- 4s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 89/100
- 3s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 90/100
- 1s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 91/100
- 1s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 92/100
- 1s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 93/100
- 2s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 94/100
- 2s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 95/100
- 2s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 96/100
- 2s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 97/100
- 2s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 98/100
- 2s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 99/100
- 1s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 100/100
- 1s loss: 0.0020
- Train Score: 23.95 RMSE Test Score: 63.33 RMSE



1.10 LSTM with Memory Between Batches

we should take advantage of the fact that LSTMs can remember info and train their own internal weights. instead of resetting the LSTM's between batches, we should keep those weights

```
[17]: # LSTM for international airline passengers problem with memory
      import numpy
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas import read_csv
      import math
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense
      from keras.layers import LSTM
      from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
      # convert an array of values into a dataset matrix
      def create_dataset(dataset, look_back=1):
              dataX, dataY = [], []
              for i in range(len(dataset)-look_back-1):
                      a = dataset[i:(i+look_back), 0]
                      dataX.append(a)
                      dataY.append(dataset[i + look_back, 0])
              return numpy.array(dataX), numpy.array(dataY)
      # fix random seed for reproducibility
      numpy.random.seed(7)
      # load the dataset
```

```
dataframe = read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/Datasets/
→master/airline-passengers.csv', usecols=[1], engine='python')
dataset = dataframe.values
dataset = dataset.astype('float32')
# normalize the dataset
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0, 1))
dataset = scaler.fit transform(dataset)
# split into train and test sets
train_size = int(len(dataset) * 0.67)
test_size = len(dataset) - train_size
train, test = dataset[0:train_size,:], dataset[train_size:len(dataset),:]
# reshape into X=t and Y=t+1
look back = 3
trainX, trainY = create_dataset(train, look_back)
testX, testY = create_dataset(test, look_back)
# reshape input to be [samples, time steps, features]
trainX = numpy.reshape(trainX, (trainX.shape[0], trainX.shape[1], 1))
testX = numpy.reshape(testX, (testX.shape[0], testX.shape[1], 1))
# create and fit the LSTM network
batch_size = 1
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(4, batch_input_shape=(batch_size, look_back, 1), stateful=True))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
for i in range(100):
       model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=1, batch_size=batch_size, verbose=2,__
⇔shuffle=False)
       model.reset_states()
# make predictions
trainPredict = model.predict(trainX, batch_size=batch_size)
model.reset_states()
testPredict = model.predict(testX, batch_size=batch_size)
# invert predictions
trainPredict = scaler.inverse transform(trainPredict)
trainY = scaler.inverse_transform([trainY])
testPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(testPredict)
testY = scaler.inverse_transform([testY])
# calculate root mean squared error
trainScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(trainY[0], trainPredict[:,0]))
print('Train Score: %.2f RMSE' % (trainScore))
testScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(testY[0], testPredict[:,0]))
print('Test Score: %.2f RMSE' % (testScore))
# shift train predictions for plotting
trainPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
trainPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
trainPredictPlot[look_back:len(trainPredict)+look_back, :] = trainPredict
# shift test predictions for plotting
```

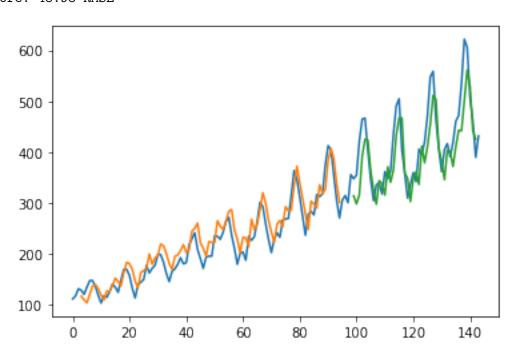
```
testPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
testPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
testPredictPlot[len(trainPredict)+(look_back*2)+1:len(dataset)-1, :] = __
 →testPredict
# plot baseline and predictions
plt.plot(scaler.inverse_transform(dataset))
plt.plot(trainPredictPlot)
plt.plot(testPredictPlot)
plt.show()
Epoch 1/1
- 2s - loss: 0.0065
Epoch 1/1
 - 1s - loss: 0.0187
Epoch 1/1
- 1s - loss: 0.0105
Epoch 1/1
- 1s - loss: 0.0070
Epoch 1/1
- 1s - loss: 0.0056
Epoch 1/1
- 1s - loss: 0.0052
Epoch 1/1
- 2s - loss: 0.0052
Epoch 1/1
 - 2s - loss: 0.0052
Epoch 1/1
- 1s - loss: 0.0051
Epoch 1/1
- 7s - loss: 0.0051
Epoch 1/1
 - 5s - loss: 0.0051
Epoch 1/1
- 6s - loss: 0.0050
Epoch 1/1
- 5s - loss: 0.0050
Epoch 1/1
- 7s - loss: 0.0049
Epoch 1/1
 - 2s - loss: 0.0049
Epoch 1/1
- 3s - loss: 0.0049
Epoch 1/1
- 3s - loss: 0.0048
Epoch 1/1
- 3s - loss: 0.0048
Epoch 1/1
- 5s - loss: 0.0048
```

- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0047
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0047
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0047
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0047
- Epoch 1/1
- 8s loss: 0.0046
- Epoch 1/1
- 8s loss: 0.0046
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0046
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0045
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0045
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0045
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0044
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0044
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0044
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0043
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0043
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0043
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0043
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0042
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0042
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0040
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0040

- Epoch 1/1
 - 5s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0039
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0036
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0033
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0030
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 1/1
- 8s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 1/1
- 0s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 1/1
- 8s loss: 0.0023

- Epoch 1/1
 - 9s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0021
- Epoch 1/1
- 8s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0020
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0019
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0019
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0019
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0019
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0019
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0019
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0018
- Epoch 1/1
- 8s loss: 0.0018

Epoch 1/1 - 6s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 6s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 6s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 7s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 7s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 6s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 5s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 5s - loss: 0.0018 Epoch 1/1 - 5s - loss: 0.0018 Train Score: 25.60 RMSE Test Score: 48.98 RMSE



1.11 Stacked LSTMs with Memory Between Batches

now lets stack those stateful LSTM layers

```
[18]: # model.add(LSTM(4, batch_input_shape=(batch_size, look_back, 1),__
       ⇒stateful=True, return_sequences=True))
      # model.add(LSTM(4, batch_input_shape=(batch_size, look_back, 1),u
       \hookrightarrow stateful=True))
[19]: # Stacked LSTM for international airline passengers problem with memory
      import numpy
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas import read_csv
      import math
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense
      from keras.layers import LSTM
      from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
      # convert an array of values into a dataset matrix
      def create_dataset(dataset, look_back=1):
              dataX, dataY = [], []
              for i in range(len(dataset)-look_back-1):
                      a = dataset[i:(i+look back), 0]
                      dataX.append(a)
                      dataY.append(dataset[i + look back, 0])
              return numpy.array(dataX), numpy.array(dataY)
      # fix random seed for reproducibility
      numpy.random.seed(7)
      # load the dataset
      dataframe = read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/Datasets/
      →master/airline-passengers.csv', usecols=[1], engine='python')
      dataset = dataframe.values
      dataset = dataset.astype('float32')
      # normalize the dataset
      scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0, 1))
      dataset = scaler.fit_transform(dataset)
      # split into train and test sets
      train_size = int(len(dataset) * 0.67)
      test_size = len(dataset) - train_size
      train, test = dataset[0:train_size,:], dataset[train_size:len(dataset),:]
      # reshape into X=t and Y=t+1
      look back = 3
      trainX, trainY = create_dataset(train, look_back)
      testX, testY = create_dataset(test, look_back)
      # reshape input to be [samples, time steps, features]
      trainX = numpy.reshape(trainX, (trainX.shape[0], trainX.shape[1], 1))
      testX = numpy.reshape(testX, (testX.shape[0], testX.shape[1], 1))
      # create and fit the LSTM network
      batch size = 1
      model = Sequential()
```

```
model.add(LSTM(4, batch_input_shape=(batch_size, look_back, 1), stateful=True,__
 →return_sequences=True))
model.add(LSTM(4, batch_input_shape=(batch_size, look_back, 1), stateful=True))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
for i in range(100):
        model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=1, batch_size=batch_size, verbose=2,__
 ⇒shuffle=False)
        model.reset_states()
# make predictions
trainPredict = model.predict(trainX, batch_size=batch_size)
model.reset states()
testPredict = model.predict(testX, batch_size=batch_size)
# invert predictions
trainPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(trainPredict)
trainY = scaler.inverse_transform([trainY])
testPredict = scaler.inverse_transform(testPredict)
testY = scaler.inverse_transform([testY])
# calculate root mean squared error
trainScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(trainY[0], trainPredict[:,0]))
print('Train Score: %.2f RMSE' % (trainScore))
testScore = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(testY[0], testPredict[:,0]))
print('Test Score: %.2f RMSE' % (testScore))
# shift train predictions for plotting
trainPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
trainPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
trainPredictPlot[look back:len(trainPredict)+look back, :] = trainPredict
# shift test predictions for plotting
testPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(dataset)
testPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
testPredictPlot[len(trainPredict)+(look_back*2)+1:len(dataset)-1, :] = __
 →testPredict
# plot baseline and predictions
plt.plot(scaler.inverse_transform(dataset))
plt.plot(trainPredictPlot)
plt.plot(testPredictPlot)
plt.show()
Epoch 1/1
- 5s - loss: 0.0059
Epoch 1/1
- 3s - loss: 0.0133
Epoch 1/1
- 3s - loss: 0.0077
Epoch 1/1
- 4s - loss: 0.0060
Epoch 1/1
```

- 5s loss: 0.0058
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0059
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0059
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0059
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0059
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0059
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0059
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0059
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0058
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0058
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0058
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0057
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0057
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0057
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0057
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0057
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0057
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0056
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0056
- Epoch 1/1

- 3s loss: 0.0056
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0056
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0056
- Epoch 1/1
- 1s loss: 0.0055
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0055
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0055
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0055
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0054
- Epoch 1/1
- 7s loss: 0.0054
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0054
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0054
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0053
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0053
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0052
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0052
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0052
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0051
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0050
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0050
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0049
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0049
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0048
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0047
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0046
- Epoch 1/1

- 3s loss: 0.0045
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0044
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0043
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0041
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0040
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0038
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0037
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0035
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0034
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0032
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0031
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0029
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0028
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0027
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0026
- Epoch 1/1
- 5s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0025
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 1/1
- 6s loss: 0.0024
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 1/1
- 4s loss: 0.0023
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 1/1
- 2s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 1/1
- 3s loss: 0.0022
- Epoch 1/1

```
- 5s - loss: 0.0021
```

Epoch 1/1

- 2s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 1/1

- 6s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 1/1

- 4s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 1/1

- 2s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0019

Epoch 1/1

- 4s - loss: 0.0019

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0019

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0024

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0030

Epoch 1/1

- 3s - loss: 0.0024

Epoch 1/1

- 4s - loss: 0.0021

Epoch 1/1

- 4s - loss: 0.0023

Epoch 1/1

- 2s - loss: 0.0026

Epoch 1/1

- 4s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 1/1

- 4s - loss: 0.0019

Epoch 1/1

- 4s - loss: 0.0019

Epoch 1/1

- 7s - loss: 0.0019

Epoch 1/1

- 7s - loss: 0.0020

Epoch 1/1

- 7s - loss: 0.0019

Epoch 1/1

- 9s - loss: 0.0017

Train Score: 21.52 RMSE

Test Score: 108.90 RMSE

