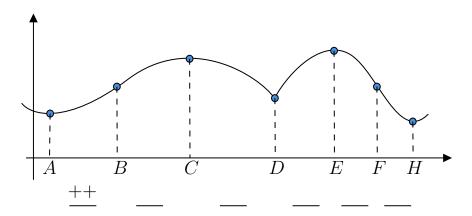
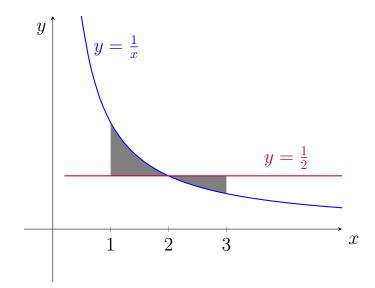
1. (10 points) Label each section on the following graph of f(x) with the sign combination of f'(x) and f''(x), in that order. (For example, between A and B you would write ++ because f'(x) > 0 and f''(x) > 0)

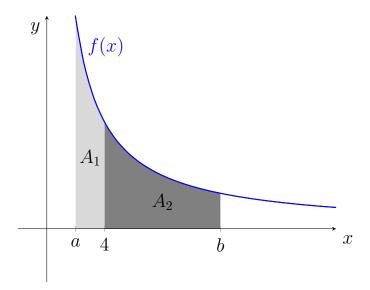


2. (10 points) Write an expression for the gray area below between  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  and  $y = \frac{1}{2}$  from x = 1 to x = 3. An expression using integral(s) is okay here, you **do not** need to calculate the answer.



Area = \_\_\_\_\_

3. (10 points) Given that the area  $A_1 = 5$  and  $\int_a^b f(x)dx = 11$ , what is  $A_2$  in the graph below?



$$A_2 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

4. (10 points) Solve the integral.

(a) 
$$\int \cos(x) dx =$$

(b) 
$$\int (4x^2 - 2e^x) dx =$$

- 5. (10 points) Suppose that f'(3) = 0. If f''(3) < 0, what does the graph of f(x) have at x = 3? (circle one answer)
  - (a) Maximum
  - (b) Minimum
  - (c) Point of inflection

6. (20 points) Find the critical points for the function  $f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x + 1$ . Then, find the transition points and draw a sign chart for f'(x) and f''(x) showing the intervals where each function is positive or negative. Then, use this information to sketch the graph f(x) below (label any minimums, maximums, and points of inflection).

