Polytopes, Amoeba, and Tropical Curves Connections in Tropical Geometry

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GT Directed Reading Program, Fall 2024

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Definition

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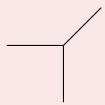
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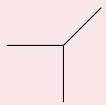
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This constitutes one construction of a tropical curve.

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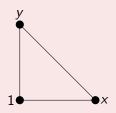
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Here $x^{\mathbf{u}} = x_1^{u_1} x_2^{u_2} \dots x_n^{u_n}$.

Example

The Newton Polytope newt(f) of $f = x_1 + x_2 + 1$ is the convex hull of

$$\{(1,0),(0,1),(0,0)\}$$
:

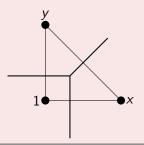


Definition

The *inner normal fan* of a polytope Σ is the polyhedral fan containing the normal cones to each face of Σ .

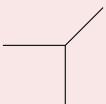
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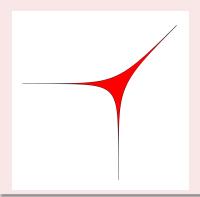
The amoeba of a polynomial $f \in \mathbb{C}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ is the image of $\mathbb{V}(f)$ under the local logarithmic map

$$\mathsf{Log}: (\mathbb{C}^*)^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$$
,

$$Log(v_1,\ldots,v_n) = (\log |v_1|,\ldots,\log |v_n|).$$

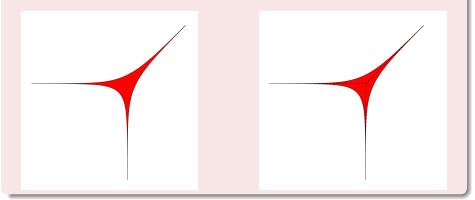
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The amoeba of $f = x_1 + x_2 + 1$ is the image of V(f) under Log:



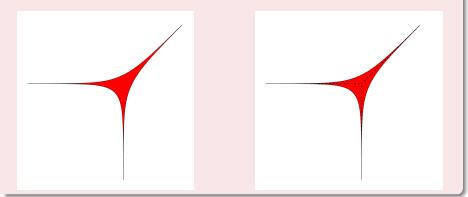
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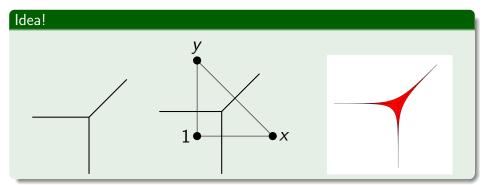
The *spine* of this amoeba is another construction of a *tropical curve*.

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Maybe you've noticed a pattern?

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Question: Why do these objects coincide?

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Keywords: Tropical Geometry, Maslov Dequantization, Log Semiring, Logarithmic Limit Set, Newton Polytope

Book: Introduction to Tropical Geometry - Diane Maclagan and Bernd Sturmfels