Predicting Autism Spectrum Disorder in Toddlers Using A Neural Network

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Introduction

- Autism is complex and varied.
- Symptoms may not be recognized right away
- Getting a diagnosis takes time
- The earlier the diagnosis, the better the outcome



Objective

Train an artificial neural network to be able to classify Autism Spectrum
 Disorder with an emphasis on information from the Quantitative Checklist for Autism in Toddlers (Q-CHAT).

Data: Q-Chat Scores

- For questions 1 10:
 - If yes is answered for each question,
 add 1 to the total Q-Score.
 - Scores range from 0 10

Variable in Dataset	Corresponding Q-chat-10-Toddler Features					
A1	Does your child look at you when you call his/her name?					
A2	How easy is it for you to get eye contact with your child?					
A3	Does your child point to indicate that s/he wants something? (e.g. a toy that is out of reach)					
A4	Does your child point to share interest with you? (e.g. poin9ng at an interes9ng sight)					
A5	Does your child pretend? (e.g. care for dolls, talk on a toy phone)					
A6	Does your child follow where you're looking?					
A7	If you or someone else in the family is visibly upset, does your child show signs of wan9ng to comfort them? (e.g. stroking hair, hugging them)					
A8	Would you describe your child's first words as:					
A9	Does your child use simple gestures? (e.g. wave goodbye)					
A10	Does your child stare at nothing with no apparent purpose?					

Data

- Database contains 1,054 instances.
- 18 Attributes including class variable.
- Questions A1 A10
 - Binary [0, 1]
- Age:
 - Number of months old
- Sex:
 - String ['Male' or 'Female']
- Ethnicity:
 - String ['White European']
- Born with Jaundice:
 - Boolean ['Yes' or 'No']

- Family Member with ASD History
 - Boolean ['Yes' or 'No']
- Who is completing the test
- Class Variable:
 - String ['Yes' or 'No']

Approach

- 2 Class approach [Yes, No] based on whether the person is in the spectrum or not.
- A FeedForward Backpropagation neural network was developed using Python and Keras.
 - 27 Input Nodes, 15 Hidden Nodes, and 1 Output Node
 - 75% Training Data, 25% Test Data
- A Multilayer Perceptron neural network was developed using Python and sklearn.
 - 17 Input Nodes, 50 Hidden Nodes, 2 Output Nodes
 - 75% Training Data, 25% Test Data
- Classifiers (KNN, Naive Bayes, Gradient Boosting, Random Forest) used to compare against model.

Results (feedforward network)

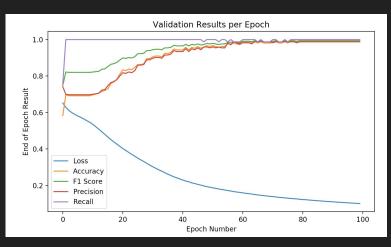
LOSS: 0.052644977

Accuracy: 99.53%

F1 Score: 99.63%

Precision: 99.29%

Recall: 100.00%



Relevance of Data to Autism Classification:

1: QchatScore

2: A6

3: EthnicityIsNativeIndian

4: FamilyASD

5: EthnicityIsOthers

6: EthnicityIsLatino

7: Jaundice

8: A9 9: A8

10: A1

11: A10

12: A3 13: Age

is. Age

14: A7

15: EthnicityIsPacifica

16: A5

17: SexIsM

18: EthnicityIsMixed

19: EthnicityIsAsian

20: EthnicityIsSouthAsian

21: EthnicityIsHispanic

22: EthnicityIsMiddleEastern

23: EthnicityIsBlack

24: SexIsF

25: EthnicityIsWhiteEuropean

26: A2 27: A4

Results (MLP)

Loss: 0.163690883

Accuracy: 99.52%

F1 Score: 99.68%

Precision: 99.84%

Recall: 99.36%

Confusion	n Mat	rix:			
[[53 (0]				
[1 15	7]]				
Classifi	catio	n Report:			
		precision	recall	fl-score	support
	0	0.98	1.00	0.99	53
	1	1.00	0.99	1.00	158
accuracy				1.00	211
macro	avg	0.99	1.00	0.99	211
weighted	avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	211

Results (Classifiers)

KNN and NB

- Consistently have a few misclassified.
- Accuracy of high 90s

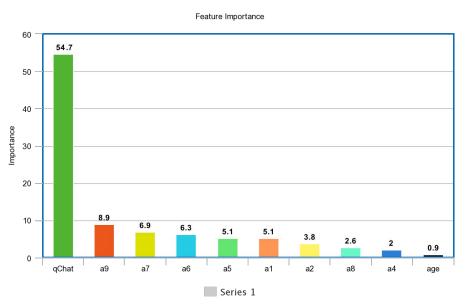
KNN				
Confusion Mat	rix:			
[[66 5]				
[6 134]]				
Classificatio	n Report:			
	precision	recall	fl-score	support
No	0.92	0.93	0.92	71
Yes	0.96	0.96	0.96	140
accuracy			0.95	211
macro avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	211
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	211
Naive Bayes				
Confusion Mat	rix:			
[[67 4]				
[1 139]]				
Classificatio	n Report:			
	precision	recall	fl-score	support
No	0.99	0.94	0.96	71
Yes	0.97	0.99	0.98	140
accuracy			0.98	211
macro avg	0.98	0.97	0.97	211
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	211

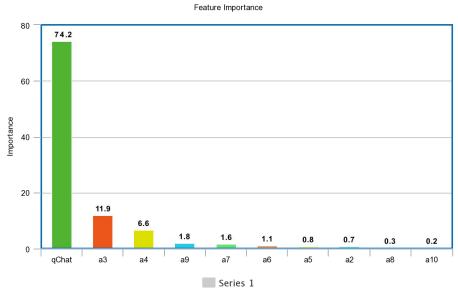
Results (Classifiers and Feature Importance)

Random Forest-					- Gradient Boos	ting			
Confusion Matrix:				Confusion Mat					
[[71 0]				[[71 0]					
[0 140]]				[0 140]]					
Classification Report:				Classificatio	n Report:				
	precision	recall	fl-score	support		precision	recall	fl-score	support
No	1.00	1.00	1.00	71	No	1.00	1.00	1.00	71
Yes	1.00	1.00	1.00	140	Yes	1.00	1.00	1.00	140
accuracy			1.00	211	accuracy			1.00	211
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	211	macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	211
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	211	weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	211
Feature Importance:				Feature Importance:					
qChat	0.547084				qChat	0.742287			
a9	0.089952				a3	0.119315			
a7	0.069426				a4	0.066467			
a6	0.063549				a9	0.018462			
a5	0.051991				a7	0.016596			
al	0.051740				a6	0.011690			
a2	0.038596				a5	0.008831			
a8	0.026314				a2	0.007156			
a4	0.020944				a8	0.003050			
age	0.009911				a10	0.002236			
a3	0.008650				al	0.001793			
ethnicity	0.007611				ethnicity	0.001398			
a10	0.006050				age	0.000576			
jaundice	0.002869				jaundice	0.000103			
sex	0.002816				sex	0.000020			
familyASD	0.001916				whoCompleted	0.000018			
whoCompleted	0.000581				familyASD	0.000000			
dtype: float64					dtype: float6	4			

Feature Importance

- Q-Chat Scores are consistently at the top for feature importance.





meta-chart.com

meta-chart.com

Discussion

- Preliminary diagnosis of ASD can reduce the the amount of work a medical professional does and save time.
- The network can be used not just on toddlers but for adults as well.

Future Works

- Different severity levels for questions A1 A10.
- Different severity levels for ASD
- More Questions