# CA1 – Lab 2

## Introduction:

This lab is aimed at exploring test frameworks and supporting software as part of a DevOps pipeline. It will explore options to incorporate testing frameworks into the DevOps pipeline using industry standard tooling and principles focused on delivering quicker feedback in the software development lifecycle with the end goal of producing better quality software more efficiently than older software development lifecycle models. It will illustrate the use of the tools and also a high level conclusion on the system as a whole and the value it delivers under DevOps as well as a personal reflection on the learnings and discoveries made in completing the lab.

## Aims/Objectives:

* Research and explore available solutions for testing in the DevOps pipeline
* Choose a suitable tool
* Illustrate the use of this tool in a project
* Demonstrate the value produced by the selected tool based on reports generated from the system with the tool incorporated.
* Explore the concept of testing in the DevOps and Software Development Lifecycle.
* Gain a better understanding of the different types of testing tools and where they fit in at the various stages of software development and the DevOps pipeline and the value they bring to each stage.
* Draw up a conclusion on why it is important to incorporate these ideas into the pipeline and the benefit they have over not having it as well a comparison to using older testing methodologies.
* Explore the concept of “shifting left” in regards to testing and illustrate this understanding in the conclusion

## Method:

* Researched testing frameworks in DevOps and categorised different tools for different areas and stages of the pipeline
* Decided on a language and framework that would be used as a pre-requisite to choosing a testing framework.
* Chose two tools that could be used at various stages of the pipeline, where one would be integrated into the pipeline and another would be used as a comparison to explore the differences in available frameworks and where each one would fit into a pipeline.
* Created a repository to host the solution that would be used to integrate the chosen testing framework.
* Created a C# ASP.Net Web App using the default Visual Studio 2022 template targeting .Net 7
* Followed Microsoft Learn tutorial cited in conclusion to build up a working minimal API to be used for testing.
* Downloaded Postman desktop app to use for testing API.
* Created a collection in Postman to store tests using different HTTP methods on the developed API
* Ran Postman integration tests on the API as the solution was being developed further
* Created a xUnit Test project in API solution to include unit testing
* Created a unit test to use with the Test Explorer in Visual Studio

## Results:

* There is a wide variety of tools available for testing in different areas and different languages all providing different features at different price points.
* There is a lot of freely available options for testing in .Net mostly categorised into unit testing, integration testing and load testing
* This lab covers automated testing instead of manual testing
* Automated testing does not necessarily mean the test runs automatically in a pipeline but it can mean that a suite of test scripts can be created once so they can be ran again and again by a tester without having to recreate the entire test each time testing takes place.
* Good planning is required to determine where to include test automation and what should be automated in testing.
* There are many factors that can influence this not limited to the frequency of tests, number of configurations a specific test can have and the duration of tests which should all be considered when deciding what tests to automate.
* The chosen tools, Visual Studio 2022 and Postman, were very easy to set up and configure a project to be tested and the tests respectively.
* There is help available online for most frameworks and testing integrations and it some of it is provided out the box with IDEs once tests are made available to a project, in this example Test Explorer in Visual Studio.
* Postman can be downloaded locally which allows local API testing during development which provides quicker feedback to the developer than if the code had to be deployed to a remote endpoint.
* The Postman tests generated in the app can be exported as JSON and used in the command line tool Newman (Postman’s CLI tool) and stored in version control systems to track changes in tests over time.
* Postman can also do unit testing on the API, as well as Integration Testing.
* xUnit felt easier to maintain in source control and integrates better with Visual Studio Test Explorer for unit testing.

## Conclusion:

This lab was focused on researching testing frameworks available that would allow automated testing on an application of piece of code and implementing it into a solution where the results could be observed and verified. It was interesting to note the differences in testing methodologies such as functional and non-functional testing, as described in Software Testing Methodologies (Smartbear, 2022), where they described functional testing as testing on the business requirements of the application with unit testing, integration tests etc. versus non-functional testing as testing on the operational aspect of the application in terms of security, performance etc. This lab incorporated functional testing methodologies as it used both unit testing and integration testing with xUnit and Postman respectively. The brief asked to choose one tool to incorporate automated testing so research was conducted on a suitable tool as well as a suitable framework for the application that could incorporate this tool and also what type of testing would be done with the tool. There are many different tools for different frameworks but at a high level when you follow the listed functional testing areas you can see it is split between unit, integration, system and acceptance testing. A C# solution written in .Net 7 was the chosen solution for the application and Postman was chosen as the testing framework. A comparison of automated testing tools, (Katalon, 2022), provided a comprehensive list of the most popular tools and some questions suited to choosing the tool. Postman was a good choice as it had the required features, it can be used by developers or QA, it could be integrated into a pipeline in future, it is easy to maintain the testing scripts, it did satisfy the budget constraint as it is free for limited use and there is support for it freely available online through various online communities. It is also something I had previous exposure to but with a basic understanding of its use and this appealed to me as I wanted to gain a better working knowledge of the suite and how it can be developed further to provide a more comprehensive testing solution.

I enjoyed the lab as it gave me an opportunity to tackle a problem I have struggled with for years in my career, as a qualified developer who was hired into an operations role at the start of my career I

## References:

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[Software Testing Methodologies | SmartBear](https://smartbear.com/learn/automated-testing/software-testing-methodologies/)

[Tutorial: Create a minimal web API with ASP.NET Core | Microsoft Learn](https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/tutorials/min-web-api?view=aspnetcore-7.0&tabs=visual-studio)

[How to unit test Minimal APIs in .NET 6 (and why it's hard) - YouTube](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VuFQtyRmS0E)

[Microsoft fixed my biggest complaint with Minimal APIs in .NET 7 - YouTube](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-i4rP0LGY5U)

[Test Minimal API apps | Microsoft Learn](https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/fundamentals/minimal-apis/test-min-api?view=aspnetcore-7.0)

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[Debug unit tests with Test Explorer - Visual Studio (Windows) | Microsoft Learn](https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/visualstudio/test/debug-unit-tests-with-test-explorer?view=vs-2022)

[Automated API Testing | Postman](https://www.postman.com/automated-testing/#:~:text=Postman%20can%20be%20used%20to,human%20error%20and%20streamlines%20testing.)

[automated-testing-whitepaper-postman.pdf](https://voyager.postman.com/doc/automated-testing-whitepaper-postman.pdf)

[Minimal APIs in .NET 6 but where are the Unit Tests? - Scott Hanselman's Blog](https://www.hanselman.com/blog/minimal-apis-in-net-6-but-where-are-the-unit-tests)