

Sample paper 2008: two hour exam, do three questions.

1. (a) (9 marks) For discrete random variables X and Y define
 - The entropy $H(X)$.
 - The mutual information $I(X; Y)$.
 - The conditional entropy $H(X|Y)$.
- (b) (11 marks) Given the conditional distribution

	a	b	c
1	1/3	1/12	1/12
2	1/12	0	1/24
3	1/24	1/3	0

for $X \in \mathcal{X} = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $Y \in \mathcal{Y} = \{a, b, c\}$, find $H(X)$, $H(Y)$, $H(X|Y)$, $H(Y|X)$ and $I(X; Y)$.

2. For discrete random variables X , Y and Z

- (a) (5 marks) prove

$$H(X, Y) = H(X) + H(Y|X)$$

- (b) (5 marks) prove

$$I(X; Y) = H(Y) - H(Y|X)$$

- (c) (5 marks) prove

$$H(X, Y|Z) \geq H(X|Z)$$

- (d) (5 marks) prove

$$I(X; Z|Y) = I(Z; Y|X) - I(Z; Y) + I(X; Z)$$

3. (a) (4 marks) What is meant by a Markov chain $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z$ and
- (b) (3 marks) Show that $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z$ implies $Z \rightarrow Y \rightarrow X$.
- (c) (8 marks) State and prove the data processing inequality.

- (d) (5 marks) Suppose that a Markov chain starts in one of n states, necks down to $k < n$ states and then fans back out to $m > k$ states. Show that the dependence of the first and last variables, X and Z is limited by the bottleneck by showing $I(X, Z) \leq \log k$.
- 4. (a) (4 marks) Define a source code and an instantaneous code.
- (b) (5 marks) State the Kraft inequality.
- (c) (4 marks) Define the expected length $L(C)$ of a source code $C(x)$.
- (d) (8 marks) Prove that the expected length L of any instantaneous D -ary code for a random variable X is greater than or equal to the entropy $H_D(X)$.